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FRANCISCI

BOVSSVETI SVR

REGIANI DOCTORIS MEDICI, DE

NATVRA AQVATILIVM

CARMEN,

In Alteram partem vniuersæ GVLIELMI RONDELETII doctoris Medici, & Medicinæ in schola Monspelienſi professoris Regij celeberrimi historiæ, quam de Aquatilibus scripsit: Cum veris & natiuis eorum iconibus: Opusculum nunquàm hactenus typis excussum.

LVGDVNI,
APVD MATTHIAM BONHOME,
SVB CLAVA AVREA.

M. D. LVIII.
Cum Priuilegio Regis ad duodecim annos.

Extrait du Priuilege du Roy.

IL eſt permis à Maiſtre GVILLAVME RONDELET docteur Regẽt en la faculté de Medecine à Mõtpelier, & à l'Imprimeur ayãt charge de luy, d'Imprimer l'hiſtoire des Poiſſons, tant de mer, lacs, eſtangs, fleuues, que riuieres, recuillie par ledit, & à grãds diligences labeurs & frais auroyẽt fait grauer les figures, & ſus icelles faits & deſcrits la nature proprieté & vſage deſditz poiſſons, en pluſieurs manieres & langages, pour eſtres plus agreables aux lecteurs & vtiles à la Republique, & augre deſditz auroit eſté fait & approuue vn Epitome en ſuccints Epigrãmes ſus leſdites figures, cõposées par maiſtre Frãçois Bouſſuet docteur en Medecine, lequel Epitome ilz ont fait de nouueau mettre en lumiere. Parquoy ledit Seigneur, defend à tous libraires, Imprimeurs, tailleurs de figures, dominotiers, & à tous autres: qu'ilz n'ayent à Imprimer ledit Epitome, pourtraire, tailler, poucher, ni contrefaire leſdictes figures, ſoit en plus grande ou plus petite forme, enſemble ni ſepareément, ni faire en quelque langue que ce ſoit aucune traduction dudit liure, ni le rediger en autre Epitome en quelque langage que ce ſoit, ſans le gré & conſentement deſdits. Et ce durant le temps & terme de douze ans, à compter du iour de la premiere impreſsion. Et ſi aucuns s'ingeroyẽt, ou fuſſent ingerez, les faire ou faire cõtrefaire en q̃lque maniere que ce ſoit, leur eſt defendu de la part dudit Seigneur en vendre, ni diſtribuer en ſes pays, terres, & Seigneuries ſur peine de confiſcation de tous & chaſcuns leſditz Liures, Figures, & Pourtraitz & d'autres grands peines & amendes: & des dommages, deſpens, & intereſtz des ſuſditz: car ne veut ledit Seigneur en ſorte que ce ſoit aucune choſe eſtre faicte ni cõtrefaite ſus leſdits Liures, Figures, & matieres, par eux dreſsées & premieremẽt miſes en lumiere, qui leur ſoit preiudiciable, & que ce qui s'en fera cy aprés, veut que ce ſoit de leur gré & conſentement. Et ſi aucun deſtourbier ou dommage leur en eſtoit fait, veut incontinent & ſans delay leur eſtre reparé: comme plus à plein eſt contenu au Priuilege ſur ce donné à Marchais le xxviij. iour de Iuin, lan mil cinq cens cinquante quatre. Et de noſtre regne le huitiéme.

Par le Roy en ſon conſeil. De Lomenie.

Eſtant inſeré le Priuilege, ou extrait d'iceluy en chaſcun deſditz liures, eſt tenu pour ſuffiſamment ſignifié à tous.

Et fut acheué d'Imprimer le preſent Epitome le 22. Iuin 1558.

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ILLVSTRISSIMO

Principi Carolo Cardinali à Lotharingia.
Franciscus Boussuetus
Surregianus
S.

Cùm pictura oculos aliquando pascat inanis,
Interdumq; animos picta Poësis alat,
Effigies rerum verè (clarissime Præsul)
Multò plus præ se ponderis vsque ferent.
Nam præter quàm quòd sæpè oblectare valebunt,
His etiam vtilitas iuncta frequenter erit.
Est nihil hic ficti, quales lata æquora gignunt,
Tales hîc vultus (si lubet) esse puta.
Hos hominis causa tantos Natura creauit,
Nil nobis aliqua ex parte deesse volens.
Proinde si imaginibus, numeris si denique gaudes,
Hoc tibi de nostro carmine munus erit.

FRANCISCVS

Bouſſuetus Surregianus candido
& beneuolo Lectori.

VT cartha exili totus deſcribitur Orbis,
Pictoris finxit quam tibi docta manus,
Sic opere hoc piſces omnes mõſtrantur in vno,
Quos Mare, quos fluctus, Stagna, Lacuſq; ferunt.
Nanq; erit hîc ſpecies varias ſpectare animantûm,
Quæ in liquidis Tethys magna coërcet aquis,
Orcas, immanes ingentia corpora, Cetos,
Delphinos, Xiphias, carniuorosq; Canes,
Phocænas, vaſtos Priſtes, diróſq; Dracones,
Murenas, Angues, prædæ auidóſq; Lupos,
Trachuros, Triglas, Raias, Scombros, Melanuros,
Hyppuros, Fabros, Polypodeſq; feros,
Iulidas, & Lamias, Squillas, Mullóſq;, Aſinóſq;.
Vrſos, Muſtellas, Pelamydeſq; leues.
Congros, & Merulas, Miluos, pariterq; Locuſtas,
Et nigros Coracas pinna, Amiasq; ſimul.

Quicquid & Euphrates fuluis ſpectatus arenis,
Quicquid & effuſis continet Iſter aquis,
Vltima quod Thyle, & celeres videre Britanni,
Quicquid & innumeris Africa gurgitibus.
Quicquid Arabs tota dubius ſpectatus Erithra,
Et mirata ſuo eſt Caſpia porta ſinu.
Deniq; peruaſtum quodcunq; amplectitur æquor,
Hoc totum vna libri continet ora mei.
Nam fusè Antiquis ſuper his quæ ſcripta fuere,
Multíſq; inter ſe diſſociata locis.
Plurima concilians doctus Rondletius, ingens
Et verè eximium tranſtulit illa in opus.
Multa quoq; ille oculis vidit, quæ poſteà ſcripſit,
Quæq; videbantur poſſe carere fide.
Ergò virum inſignem, doctós alióſq; ſecuti,
Nos nantûm paucis pandimus hiſtoriam.
Quippe ab eo (vt lubuit) quæcunq; accepta fatemur,
Illa citò numeris prenſa fuere meis.
Vtq; nihil veteres merito fraudantur honore,
Sic ingens tanto eſt gloria parta viro.
Hinc ille æternos non interiturus in annos
Viuit, & eſt patriæ fama, decúſq; ſuæ.
Nec tamen ille etiam proprio cariturus honore eſt,
Qui ſtudia in tantas contulit acer opes.
Qui nuper lepidis expreſsit multa figuris,
Et plura è veterum tranſtulit hiſtoriis.

Si bona

Si bona promeruit, Laus per me illum vſq; ſequetur,
Præmiaq; ampla ipſi, & digna laboris erunt.
Nulla vnquàm ignauis, laus eſt tribuenda merenti,
Quiq; artes aliqua ex parte iuuare ſtudent.
Quòd ſi propoſuit quod quis ſibi, non ſit adeptus:
Et vis ſcribentem deficit ingenij:
In præcepsq; agitur, quadam ſub imagine recti:
Nec voti compos cernitur vſq; ſui:
Virtuti tamen, & ſtudiis incumbere honeſtum eſt,
Si tantùm in magnis ſat voluiſſe fuit.
Proin ne Muſa ageret nil tanta per otia, in vna
Hac viſum neruos parte mouere meos.
Antraq; marmorei percurrere cærula ponti,
Et ſpectare tuum (Prothee magne) gregem.
Glauco, & Panopææ, & Inoo Melycerthæ,
In ſalſis facies qualis habetur aquis.
Vtile vt æquoreis eſſet quodcunq; ſub vndis,
Inq; hominum gratam cedere poſſet opem:
Omne citò humanos illud traheretur in vſus,
Eq; mari morbis præſtò medela foret.
Nam poſtquã omnigenas numeris cõprẽdimus herbas,
Quaq; homines poſſent parte iuuare ſui,
Reſtabat magnæ vt quæ homini ex animãtibus adsũt
Verſibus alternis exprimerentur opes.
Obtulit at quoniam nobis occaſio ſeſe,
Quadrupedum tanti non mihi cura fuit.

At ſpero

At ſpero antè dies paucos (modò vita ſuperſit)
Quòd cedent numeris hæc quoq; cuncta meis.
Nec ſolùm hæc, ſed & incuruo quæ ventre mouentur
Per terram, inq; ſinus membra reducta trahunt.
Quæq; etiam leuibus pennis per inane feruntur,
Sit licet hic ingens difficilíſq; labor.
Forſitan hæc nobis deerit nec gloria prima,
Cùm nondum à quouis talia ſcripta ſciam.
Quam mihi præripiens ſi quiſquam inuiderit vnam,
Haud dubiè magna molè ſolutus ero.
Viuentûm verò ſub aquis, pariterq; natantûm,
Hic pedenos veram incluſimus hiſtoriam:
Vixq; deeſt quod cuiquam hominũ notum eſſe putemus,
Rem viuis pictam cernis imaginibus.
Quæq; alij haud facili, ingentiq; volumine tractant,
Certas ſub leges eſſe redacta vides.
Addidimus vires, & ad id quod quidq; valeret,
Doctior vt viſo carmine Lector eat.
Quò miſcere ſciat certis medicamina morbis,
Præſentemq; omnis ſentiat æger opem.
Scilicet iſta viris canimus, iuueniq;, ſeniq;,
Fiat vt in quouis prompta medela loco.
Hæc quoq; fœmineis poterunt prodeſſe cateruis,
Hæc ſi fortè legens fœmina noſſe queat.
Scribimus iſta etenim paruis, minimeq; ſeueris,
Non tetricis illis, indomitíſq; ſophis.

Siue illi

Siue illi morbis forſan iactentur acutis,
Oblæſumq́ genu, crúſue, pedémue trahant
Aut lippos habeant oculos, ceraq́ fluentes,
Aut fortè hulceribus membra prehenſa malis.
Siue ijdem haud fuerint animo ſed corpore ſani,
Cunctáue funguntur munere membra ſuo.
Nulla quibus ſatis eſſe queunt, accepta videri
Nec poſſunt, Thimon qualis habendus erat:
Thimon Palladiis olim lapidatus Athenis,
Tales à numeris ſint procul (oro) meis.
Commendant alia hîc faciem tantummodo, quædam
Et caput, & vultus, corpus & omne iuuant.
Sunt oculis alia hîc gratiſſima, maxima ventri,
Pars ori, & ſtomacho congruit, atq́ gulæ.
Diuerſis diuerſa placent: mihi pabula proſunt
E fluuiis, riuis, eq́ petita mari.
Auratæ, Scombri, Percæ. Rhombi, Soleæq́,
Bugloſſi, Thriſſæ, Iulides, atq́ Scari.
Phycides, & Channæ, Coliæ, Merulæq́, Amiæq́,
Ac Turdi, piſces innumeriq́ alij.
Omnia nam plures cedunt animantia in vſus,
Vti illis ſi quis cum ratione queat.
Proſunt nanq́ homini multùm ſi vtatur: abuti
Non licet: hoc poſſent cuncta nocere modo.
Ecquid enim pane ad vitã, aut præſtantius vua eſt?
Ille tamen ſtomachum deprimit, hæcq́ animum.

Sed ſi menſura his, & ſi modus omnibus adſit:
Nil magis ex omni parte iuuare putem.
Omnia quippe hominis cauſa Natura creauit,
Nec voluit nobis eſſe nouerca parens.
Quòd ſi quædam etiam multis nocitura videntur,
Hæc tantùm ex noſtra parte venire puta.
Humanum ſiquidem ingenium ſocordia fecit
Infirmum, ad tantas quæ tribuuntur opes.
Sic quò quiſq; magè ingenij virtute iuuatur,
Hòc plus ille ſibi profore cuncta videt.
Prudentes etenim longa experientia rerum
Reddit, firmatur cum ratione magis.
Sunt nanq; inſtrumenta duo, quibus inueniuntur
Omnia, quæ nobis vtilia eſſe queunt.
Quòd ſi quiſquam hominum fuerit priuatus vtroq;,
Impinget lapidi, vt cæcus, vbiq; pedem.
Nam veluti pueri caperent pro piſcibus angues,
Pro granis ſtipulas, pro violis tribulos,
Scorpius haudq; illis fragili diſtaret ab ouo,
Haudq; à purpureis dira cicuta roſis,
Sic ſic, rerum expers, excors, it ad omnia præceps,
Ad rem ni ingenium accommodet ipſe ſuum.
Hinc multi exhauſto in terram cecidere Lyæo,
Vt pecudes, habita non ratione meri.
Vidi qui quodam fructu aut radice vorata,
Non ſibi conſtaret, ſed raperetur homo.

Totúſq;

Totúsq; in furias, vel tetra in somnia abiret,
Nam quasi res præsens, qua moreretur, erat.
Lædere si quædam possunt, si offendere quædam:
Sunt animi frenis illa regenda tui.
Quem rerum ratio, & longa experientia firmat,
Omnibus ex rebus præsidia ampla petet.
Omniaq; humanos poterit conuertere in vsus,
Qualiacunque sient, hæc vbicunque sient.
Nec tam dira in aquis, terríue moratur imago,
Ex re quam Medicus non putet esse sua.
Cuncta ergò veniunt iugi inquirenda labore,
Sic magnas studium suppeditabit opes..
Vt verò in genere, ac paucis pernosse natantûm
Virtutes, certa cum ratione queas.
Quæ referam memori sub pectore figito dicta,
Veraq; cunctorum norma sit ista tibi.
Omneis temperie Pisces sunt frigidiore,
Vis & iis liquidis prouenit vda ab aquis.
Præcellunt alios habitant qui saxa, coquuntur
Nam citò, sunt succi participésque boni.
Et modicè humectant quasuis in corpore partes,
Carne nisi fuerint aridiore tamen.
Qui cœno viuunt, vel vbi in mare flumina currunt,
Perpetuò succi deterioris erunt.
Laude minùs digni, qui stagna, lacúsque frequẽtant,
Quantò pascuntur deteriore cibo.

Ergò si reliquos ſpectes, minimè eſſe ſalubres
Hoſce feres, prauos ſic fateare licet.
Priuatim Capito, fuerit quando ille marinus
Suauis erit, coctu difficiliſq; minùs.
Haudq; mali idem etiam ſucci, ſed ſanguis ab illo
Infirmus, tenuis, ſatq; ſolutus erit.
Eiuſdem claſsis Lupus eſt, Mullus quoq; in alto
Nutritus pelago, durus at eſſe ſolet.
Hicq; friabilior reliquis, pinguedinis expers,
Suauis, adhæc totum ſat benè corpus alit.
Cruſtata humorem ſalſum, crudumq; propagant,
Quò fit ventriculum non ſatis ipſa iuuent.
E' quibus vt valdè molli ſunt Oſtrea carne,
Sic quoq; per ventrem promptiùs eſa meant.
Purpura, Spondylus, Chama, Cochlea, Buccina, & Vngues,
Omnia materiæ ſunt validæ iſta ſatis,
Sed ventrem cohibent, ægrèq; coquuntur: eo ſit
Nomine, laudentur non ſatis illa mihi.
Dura alia id genus, & quæ ſunt μαλακόστρατα dicta,
Accedunt dictis viribus antè ſuis.
Gãmarus vtpotè, Cancer, Squilla, Locuſta, Pagurus
Quippe aluum vt ſiſtunt, ſic malè cocta manent.
Cunctorum quos teſta tegit cremore mouemur,
Terrea ſic ventrem Cochlea iure mouet.
Sed cùm dura ſient, & vix ægreq; coquantur,
Aptantur menſis, praua ſed vſq; iacent.

Frigoris

Frigoris immunes non ſunt, nec habentur Echini
Inter eos piſces, qui benè corpus alunt.
Si tamen igne coquas, fuerintq; frequentiùs eſi,
Hoſce tibi vrinas ſæpè mouere ſcies.
Sepia, Polypus, & Loligo, & tergore molles:
Duri vt ſunt, coctu ſic quoq; difficiles.
Polypus in primis, ſed ſi ſemel hoſce domârit
Ventriculus, noſtrum non malè corpus alent.
Plani, Paſtinaca, & Torpedo, mollis habentur
Et ſuauis carnis, ſat ſubeuntq; citò.
Quin ſat alunt, menſisq; quadrãt, prõpteq; domãtur:
Dura quibus Raia eſt, ſed cute glabra magis:
Squatinaq; iſtiuſq; modi complura, coquuntur
Aegriùs hæc ſiquidem, ſed magè corpus alunt.
Magni, Balænæ, Thunni, Phocæ, atq; Libellæ,
Sunt duri, coctu difficileſq; nimis.
Iidem participes craſſæ ſunt materiei,
Sed ſalibus ſenſim deperit illa tamen.
Tumq; caro melior, ſtomachoq; optatior, ac ſi
Tota in temperiem fortè reducta ſiet.
In ſumma, duræ quæ ſunt animalia carnis,
Duricie obſiſtunt ventriculo illa quidem:
Sed ſi victa ſemel fuerint, ſi deniq; cocta,
Firmum præſtabunt, & ſolidum eſa cibum.
Hæc ſi animaduertas, hæc ſi ſub corde reponas,
Nec fuerint oculis penè reiecta tuis.

Pauli, & Oribasij, vel qui hos fuit antè, Galeni
Scriptis, inuenies consona nostra bonis.
Cunctorúmque ideò sub aquis, pelagóque natantûm,
Notio (ne dubita) suppetet ampla tibi.
Idq; magis si perpendas quæ deinde sequentur,
Quanquàm sunt breuibus cuncta prehensa modis
Nósq; noua hîc minimè excutimus, vetera omnia sunt: hæc
Debentur priscis dogmata temporibus.
Sunt antiquorum scripta hæc quæcunque virorum,
Nílque ausim numeros præter habere meos.
Nostri hi sunt, nemóque sibi illos arroget vnquàm
Dúmque etiam viuam, cúmque sepultus ero.
Audio quid? noua scribimus, efficimus noua: fingis?
An noua quæ antiquis complacuere viris?
Quæ ratio, & veterum consensus firmat auorum,
Doctorum celebres quæ docuere chori?
Quænam tam stolidam diuellit opinio mentem?
Anne nouas Leges condimus, & Canonas?
Absit: nos etenim veteres pleróque secuti,
Ac quos posteritas ingeniosa tulit:
Doctis hæremus placitis, miramur & ipsa:
Vtq; lubet nostro his vtimur arbitrio.
Ecquid enim (quæso) nunc est quod non fuit antè?
Quódque alij ex aliis non didicere prius?
Quid non perdocuit vir gnarus vbique Galenus?
Quídue olim Cous nesciit Hippocrates?

Paulus,

Paulus, Oribasius, multíque è gente Pelasga
Doctores celebres, innumeríque sophi?
Nanque sigillatim si nomina dicere vellem
Cunctorum, mihi lux non satis vna foret.
Plurima Aristoteles docuit, magnúmque Platona
Audiit, Hppiocratem hic sæpè: citátque senem.
Illum Discipulus Diuinæ gratia linguæ,
Cui doctrina comes, mens, studium, ársque fuit.
In multis sequitur, scribítque docente magistro,
Rerúmque abstrusas sæpè requirit opes.
Ex his multa licet transcribere, quærere multa,
Vnde homini vtilitas magna, frequénsq; venit.
Diuitiæ, laus, longæuæ solatia vitæ,
Corporis atque animi prompta medela tui.
Quòd si qua extiterint veteres quæ præterierunt,
Aut parua, aut saltem rara fuisse reor.
Tu mea si temnis, quæ non mea penè legentur,
Auius à recto tramite factus eris.
Quantùm spectat enim ad Pisces animantia muta,
Hîc poteris totam perlegere historiam.
Nam sic (ni fallor) librum coguntur in vnum,
Vt nihil ex aliqua parte deesse putem.
Saltem deesse velim, quãquã mihi plurima desunt,
Ecquid enim Musa exilius (oro) mea est?
Nam quamuis facilis fuerítque abiecta quibusdam,
Et rodat numeros gens inimica meos.

Non

Non tamen abſiſtam (donec mihi vita manebit)
De literis aliquid promeruiſſe bonis.
Schyrra placet, pectúſq; iuuant Heliconidos vndæ,
Et iuuat hiſce meum ſæpè rigare caput.
Quòd mihi ſi fœlix minimeq; ſiniſter Apollo
Extiterit, votíſq; adſiet ille meis,
Non ſperata viris, raroq; audita canemus,
Forſitan & cœptis annuet vſq; bonis.
Et niſi ſim infauſto, nec claro ſidere natus,
Vim Muſa ad tantas ſuppeditabit opes.
Ac ſpero huius ope, innumeris quæ abſtruſa fuere,
Splendidiora breui cuncta futura die.
Omnis enim illectus rerum nouitate (niſi errem)
Lector, emet noſtra hæc ſcripta, legetq; lubens.
Nanq; ſibi exiguum librum modico ære parabit.
In tenero hunc igitur ſemper habeto ſinu.

GABRIEL POMPONIVS CRESCENS
Auenion. in Franc. Bouſſueti Doct. Medici
Carmen.

Bouſſueti voluent hæc & monumenta nepotes,
Talia permittent nulláque ſæcla mori.
Nobis Auſoniis venit cœleſtis ab oris,
Pallados interpres, nuntius atque Dei.
Inter conſpicuos radians, velut heſperus alter,
Doctrina, eloquio, iuſtitia, atque fide.

IO. TVRNELII CARMEN.

Qui volet idque breui genus omne videre animantûm,
Quæ maria & fontes ſtagna lacúſque colunt.
Et magni tandem mentem nouiſſe Galeni,
Scripta Dioſcoridis, ſcripta et Ariſtotelis:
Quæ Paulus, docto docuit, quod Plinius ore,
Et verſus Graios noſſe, Opiane, tuos:
Quánam Naſonis fuerit ſententia, quæq;
Auſonij, æquoreis cùm innat vterque vadis:
Quæq; etiam doctus libro comprendit vtroque
Rondletus, carthis Belon & ipſe ſuis:
Innumeras et opes breuiter comprendere Nerei:
Hæc legat, et lecto carmine, doctus erit.

SVPER OPERE FRATERNO
CLAVDII BOVSSVETI
Epigramma.

Per celebres homines perſcripſere ἁλιευτικὰ multi,
Et pulchram de ipſis piſcibus hiſtoriam.
Verùm obſcurè aliis res eſt tractata: aliis non,
Sed fusè: immenſis nempe voluminibus.
At ſic Franciſcus noſter, rem detegit omnem,
Innumeris vt ſit nota futura citò.
Rem pictura refert, numeris natura patens fit,
Vſus, vis virtus, et Medicina tibi:
Hîc monſtrantur enim quæcunque animantia latè
Innumeri fluctus, ſtagna, lacúſque tegunt.
Quidquid in æquoreis viuitque, aliitúrque ſub vndis
Quid breuius pingi commodiúſve poteſt?

IN COMMENDATIONEM LVCVBRA TIONVM EXCVLTI POETAE NECNON Medici perquàm celebris D N. Franciſci Bouſſueti Iacobi Sæcuriuagi Belgæ Decaſtichon.

Franciſci nomen Bouſſeti fulget in orbe,
Cui Vatum luſus, cui Medicina placet.
Is ſiquidem numeris piſces exornat amœnis:
Quos pangit verſus plebs ſtudioſa probat.
Quam miram piſces morbis dent commoditatem,
Quia ſit opus ſerie detegit iſte liber.
Franciſco dicas dulceis fauiſſe Camœnas
Bouſſeto, cuius fama perennis erit.
Hunc igitur gratum clara breuitate futurum,
Hunc etiam doctum Lector habeto librum.

EIVSDEM IACOBI IN GRATIAM D N. Bouſſueti Decaſtichon.

Ars Franciſce tibi Bouſſete Poëtica nomen,
Quod nunquàm pereat, culte Poëta, dabit.
Te ſtudiis operam Muſarum ſæpè dediſſe,
Quod nunc ſcripſiſti teſtificatur opus.
Prædulci piſces hamo piſcaris, & ipſos
Sic ornas, nihil vt cultius eſſe queat.
Piſcibus è multis medicamina congrua doctè
Seligis: hæc morbos pellere ſæpè ſolent.
Es vates: Medicum quoq; te fateamur oportet
Eſſe: tibi duplex eſt quoq; dandus honos

Eiusdem octodistichon.

Nemo neget clara dignum te laude Poëtam,
Cui lepidos versus texere Musa dedit.
Ornasti vario Pisces Franciſce lepore,
Ergò tuum cingat Laurea pulchra caput.
Esto, sint muti Pisces, nec dent tibi munus,
Munus erit scriptis laus tribuenda tuis.
Scilicet hæc vastum diffusa feretur in orbem,
Bousseto partum sic erit vsq; decus.

Eiusdem ad lectorem distichon.

Hoc piscator opus, cetarius hoc emat ipsum,
Hic vendit pisces, ceperat ille prius.

In detractorem.

Hîc sibi Bousſetus multum queſiuit honoris,
Dum Maris, & medicæ detegit Artis opes.
Fama viri siquidem totum extendetur in orbem,
Postq; etiam vitæ fata superstes erit.
Inuidiæ stimulus gens hinc perculsa malorum,
Languet: & immenso victa dolore iacet.
Inuide quid prodest alienæ obsistere famæ?
Vindex ecce sui prodit & extat opus.

IN FRAN. BOVSSVETI SVRREGIANI EFFIGIEM CLAVDII fratris Hexastichon.

Non tam verna citò rosa marcescit ve, cadit ve,
Quàm bona Fortunæ, quàm citò forma perit.
Nam velut vmbra abeunt. ast, ô Francisce, loquetur
De te met, tua post funera posteritas.
Cumque brevi externæ decedat gratia formæ,
Tu meliore tui parte perennis eris.

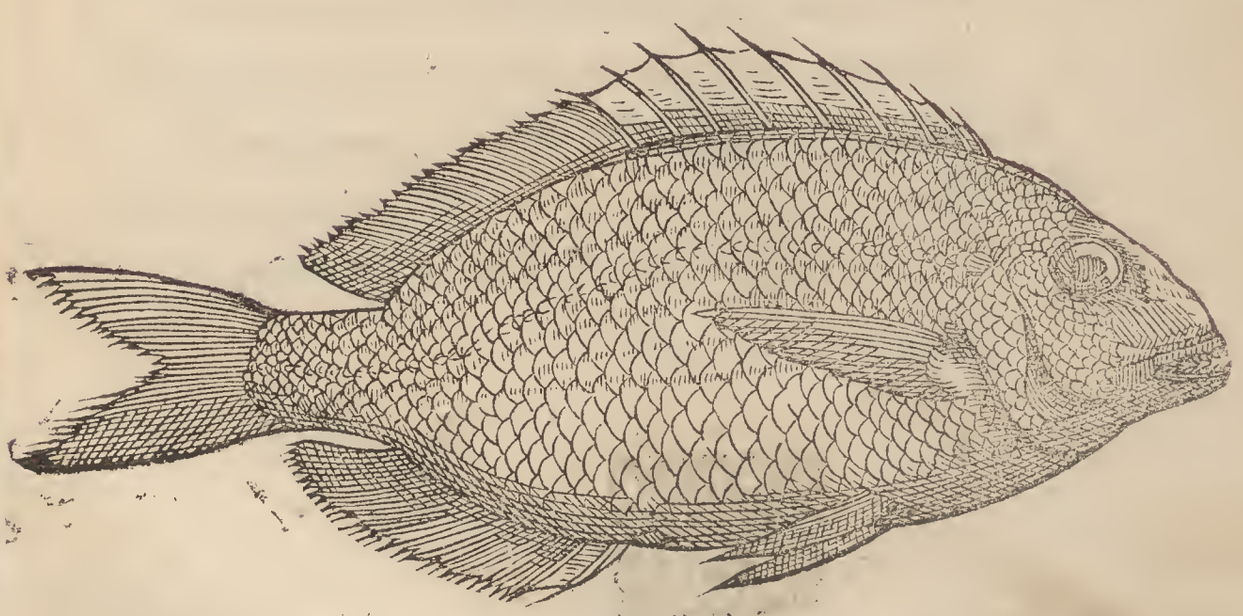
ET ERVNT PRAVA IN DIRECTA,
ET ASPERA IN VIAS PLANAS.
LVCAE. III.

FRANCISCI

BOVSSVETI SVRREGIANI IN LIBROS GVLIELMI RONDELETII, DE HISTORIA AQVATILIVM EPIGRAMMATA:

Quibus eorum natura paucis declaratur.

De Aurata.



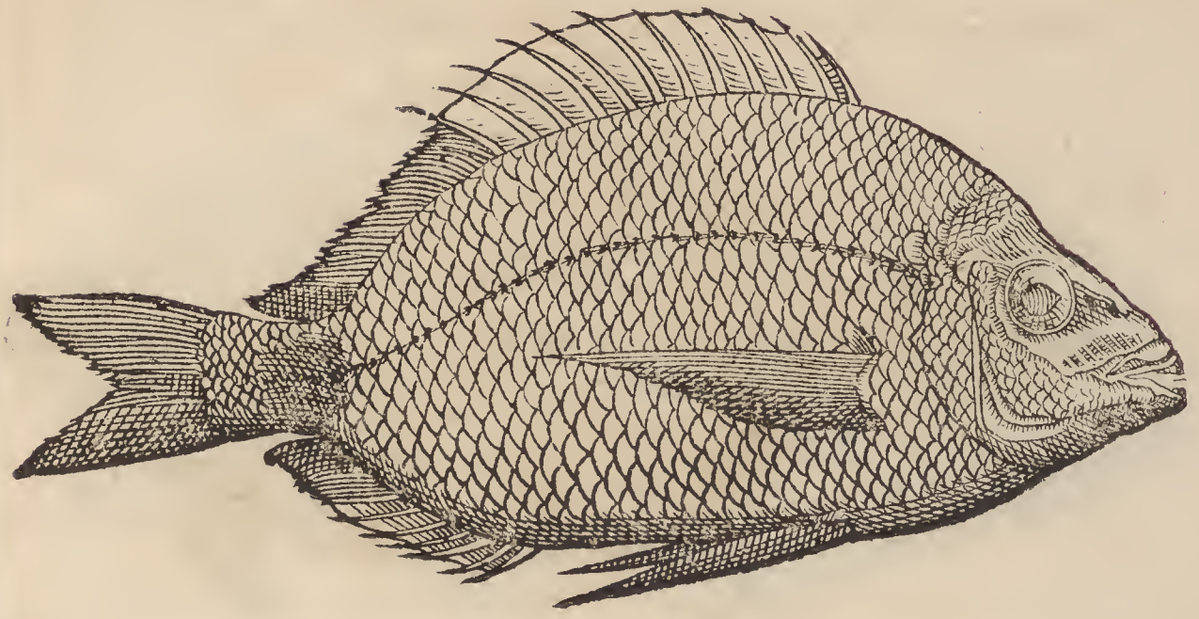
Pisciculis sese & Conchis Aurata saginat,
Maxillaq; illos asperiore domat.

Viuit enim ex rapto, & duro prædam atterit ore,
Quando scari piscis ruminat illa modo.
Carne autem media est, oriq; accommoda valdè,
Haudq; exors succi dicitur esse boni.
Verùm non omnis precium, laudémq; meretur,
Sed cui solus erit Concha Lucrina cibus.
Si cui mel noxæ est (nam mel non omne probatur)
Χρύσοφρυς carne est vera medela sua.

De eadem.

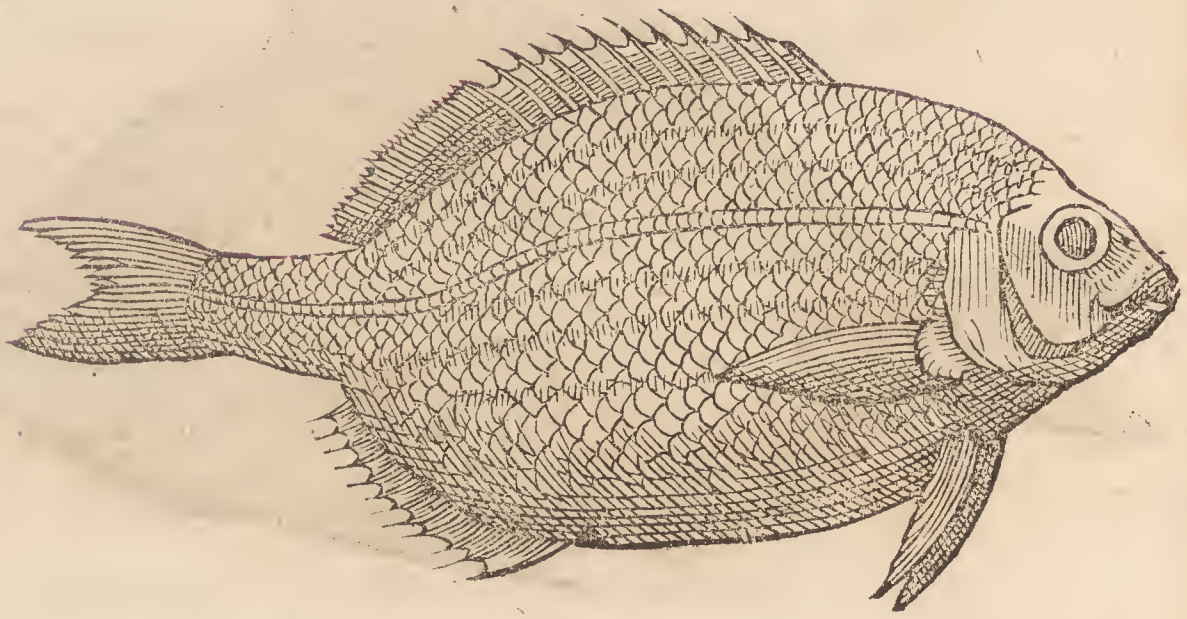
Iudicium sit cuiq; suum de piscibus, horum
Si quando adfuerit copia magna tibi.
χρύσοφρυν ἐξ ἐφέλξ τ' ὠίονα μὴ παράλφης
Iudicio piscis nam valet iste meo.

De Sparo.



Carne quidem Spargus tener hincq; accommodus ori eſt
Elixus ſiquidem perfacilè excoquitur.
Conficitur nimirum ægrè in ſartagine frixus,
Nam ſuccum abſumit flamma aliena bonum.
Sumito, non reſipit virus, non noxius vnquàm eſt,
Carnibus vrinas ſed mouet ille ſuis.

De Cantharo.

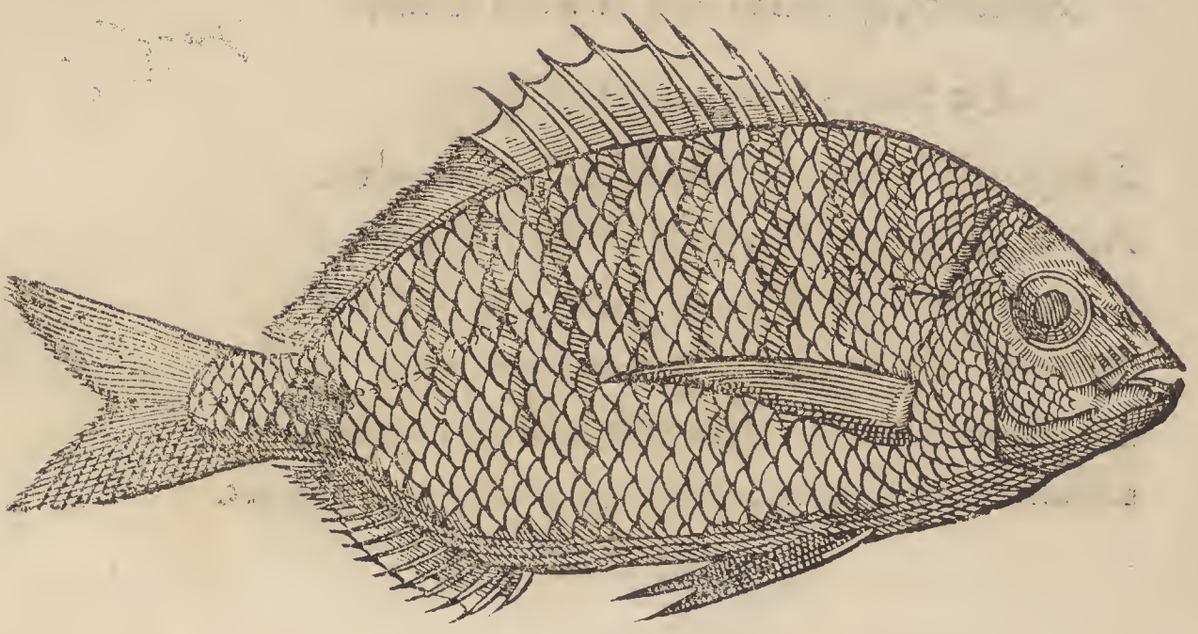


Cantharus (vt perhibent) sola pro coniuge certat,
Hánc᷑ per æquoreas vs᷑ tuetur aquas.
Nec plures sequitur, vel amat, tantum appetit illam,
Iure sodalitij quæ modò iuncta fuit.
At plures videas hac tempestate maritos,
Qui iungunt thalamis scorta aliena suis.

De eodem.

Cantharus æquoreis plerumque in portubus, inter
Versatur sordes insicitúrque luto.
Viuit aquis etenim, cænó᷑, & stercore, quò fit
Carne quidem piscis deteriore siet.
Vilis enim succi᷑ mali est. præ q᷑ vda, sed aluum
Si quis ea vtatur sæpius exonerat.

De Sargo.



Non vna Sargus contentus coniuge plures
Ducit, & æquoreis sæpè vagatur aquis.
Ardet & infando Caprarum illectus amore
Sæpius, at misero causa fuêre necis.

De eodem.

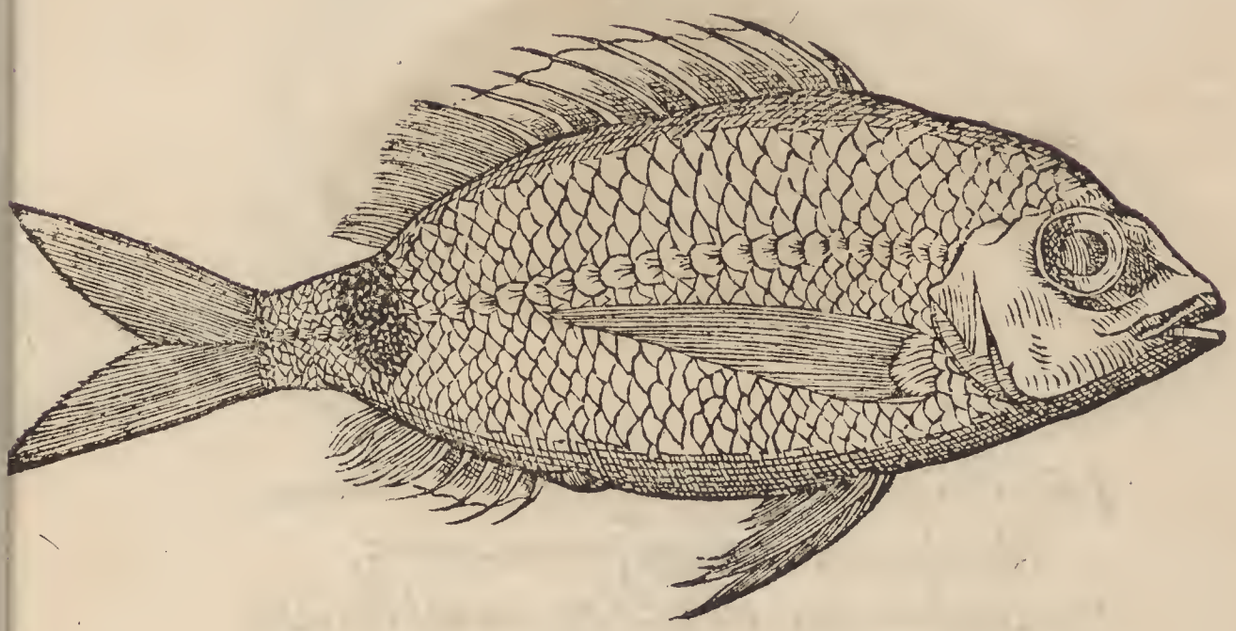
Sargus in æquoreo qui cœno littore viuit
Peior eo in liquidis qui ferè degit aquis.
Pro diuersa etenim ratione locíq; cibíq;,
Inter se pisces euariare solent.
Abrupta idcirco Sargus qui saxa frequentat,
Succi alijs in se plus melioris habet.
Ergò ferè Auratæ accedit bonitate, magísq;
Astringit, pluríq; est alimenti etiam

Carne etiam media cenſetur ad aridi tatem
Tendente, aſſandus non ideò ille venit.

De Sargorum Inſania Oppia.

Σαργοὶ δ' αἰγείοισι πόθοις ἐπὶ θύμον ἔχουσιν.
Αἰγῶν δ' ἱμείρουσιν ὀφλαύλοις δὲ βοτοῖσιν
Ἐκ πάγλως χαίρουσι, καὶ εἰνάλιοι περ ἐόντες.
Inuadit Sargos Caprarum mira cupido,
Qui madidi ſimas cupiunt tractare capellas,
Montanis gregibus, quamuis ſint agmina ponti.

De Melanuro.

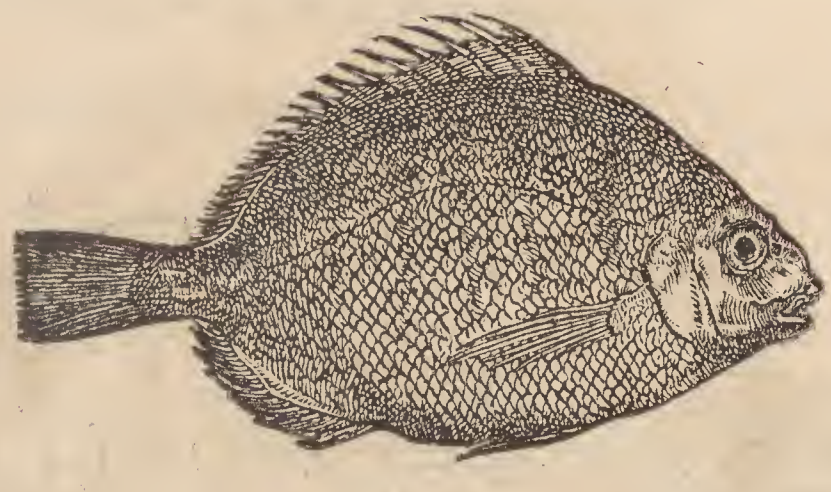


Carne quidem eſt molli Melanurus, & vtitur alga
Quò vivat, cæno piſciculiſq; ſimul.
H potior, quantóq; cibus præſtantior, illi
Tanto ſit melior carne quoque ille ſua.
Vincitur à Sargo ſucci bonitate, minúſq;
Nutrit eo, nec tam ventriculo iſte placet.

De eodem.

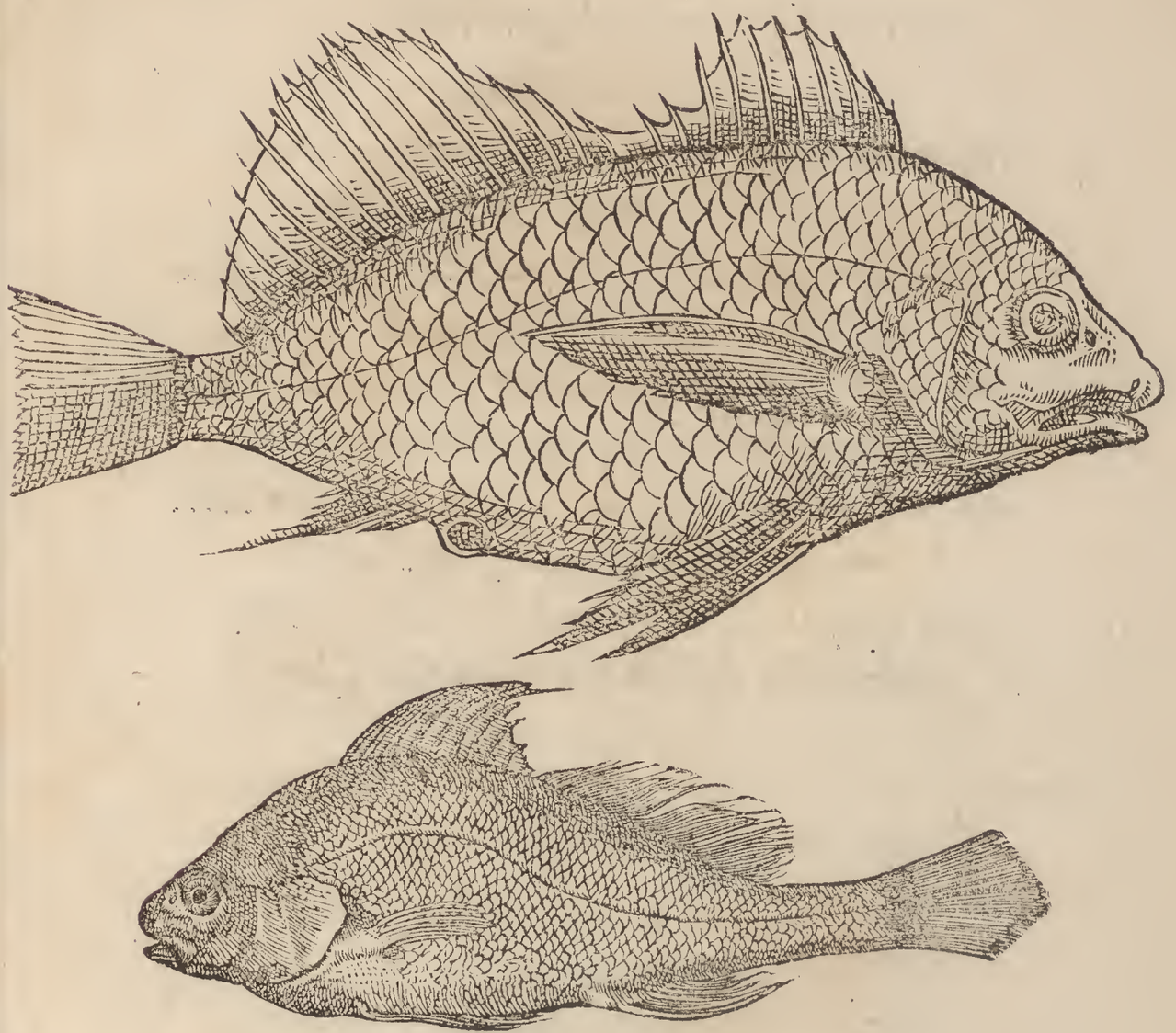
Οὐ μὰν δὴ μελάνουρον ἁπτοίσε), ὅτ' ἐνὶ κύρτῳ
Ῥηιδίως ἁπέλσῃ, ὅτ' ἐν λινοέργεϊ χάλπῃ.
Haud facilè parvus melanurus fallitur arte,
Nec curva capitur naſſa, nec retibus amplis.

De Melanderino.



Fortè Melanderini si quis te munere donet,
Ille tibi Aurata more parandus erit.
Nanq; boni satis est succi, & laudabilis, atq;
Carne ferè est media, non ita molli etiam.
Ast auido cerebrum ipsius non ore vorato,
Nam duros lapides in capite ille gerit.

De Coracino ſubnigro & Coracino albo.



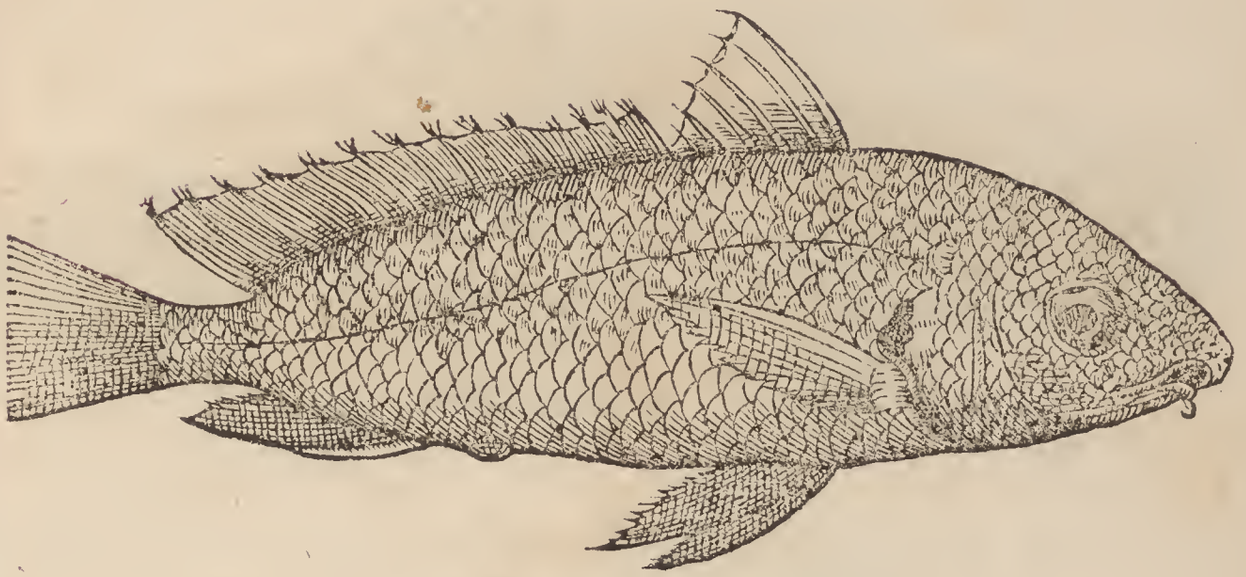
Fluminibus captos piſces præſtare marinis
Credendum, ſucci vel bonitate ſui.
Reddit enim pingues aqua dulcis, & eluit illud
Neſcio quod virus quod maris vnda creat.
In Coracino aptè id videas, nam gratior ori eſt
Et ſtomacho is, liquit qui vada ſalſa maris.

Fluctibus innatátq; & dulcibus vtitur vndis,
Pro certo fiet iudice lingua tibi.

De iisdem.

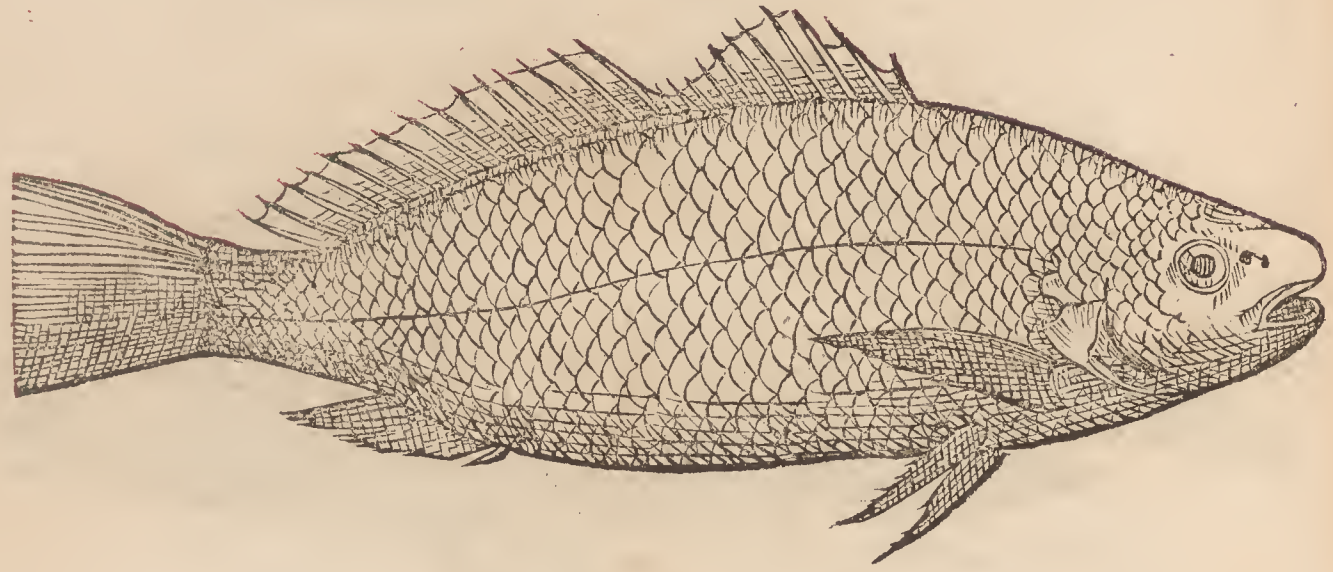
Humanos ne quæ desint medicamina in vsus
Natura æquoreas hisce beauit aquas.
Nam Coracinorum caro partibus addita dirus
Quas nuper læsit Scorpius, auxilio est.
Salsura amborum excutitur carbunculus ardens,
In quocunq; loco corporis ille siet.
Fel visum exacuit, lapidésq; ex vertice tracti,
Vt colicis prosunt sic quoq; nephriticis.
Sunt & qui ictericos credant curarier illis,
Si ferat in collo hos fœmina virq; suo.

De Vmbra



In precio Vmbra etiam nunc est velut extitit olim,
Diuitibus siquidem competit iste cibus.
Eius enim caro suauis & est, & candida, qua fit
Album ius fieri qua & gélatina solet.
In capite inuenti lapides conferre feruntur
Arquato morbo, nephriticísq; simul.
Quin etiam panos sæpè intestina Sciænæ,
Squammæq; exustæ gnauiter excutiunt.

De Lato

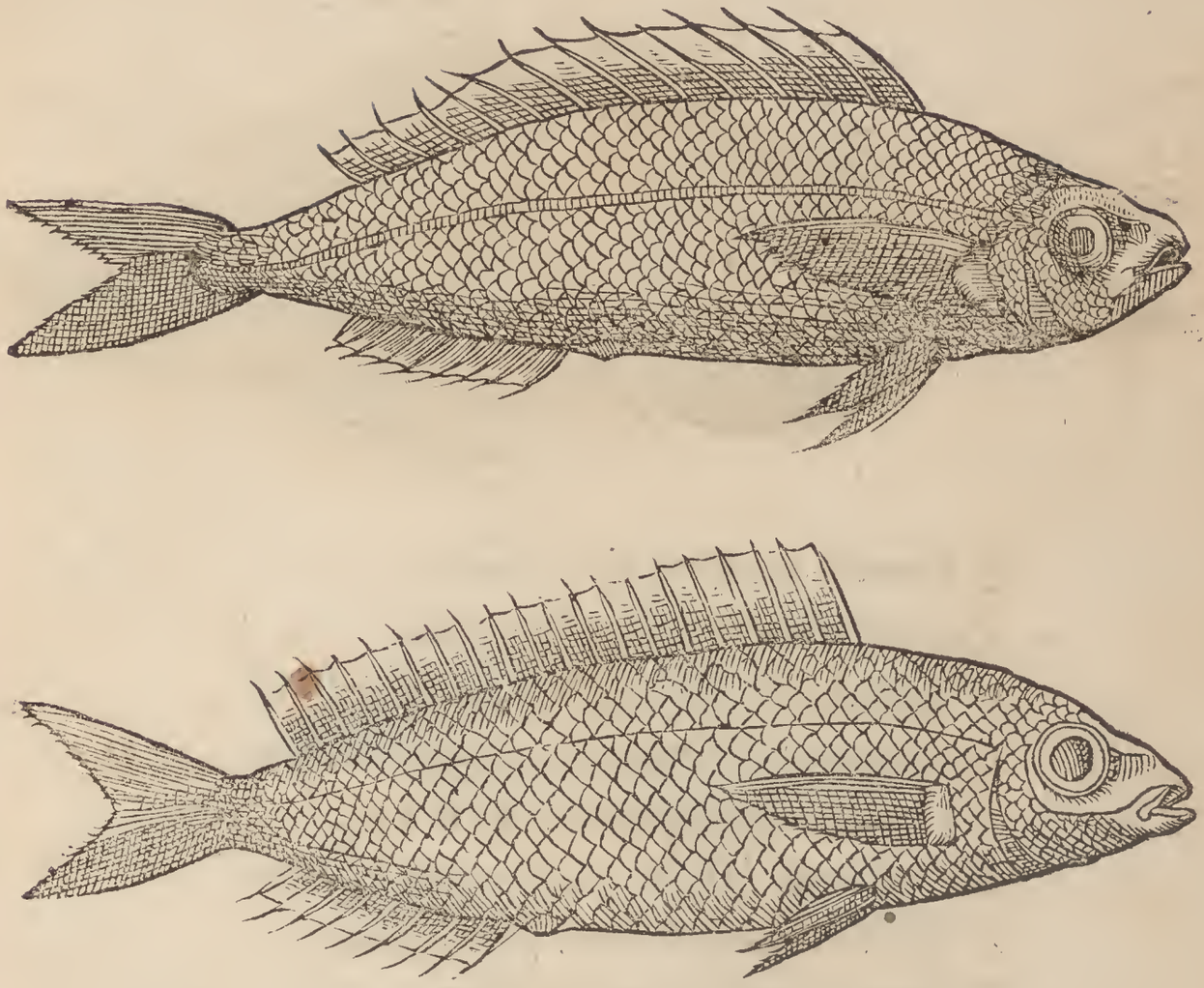


Non Coracinis, non Vmbris bonitate alimenti
Nec cedit succi, crede, sapore Latos.
Suauis enim est carnis, quocunq; modo ille paretur,
Nobilium mensis dignus adesse virum.

De eodem.

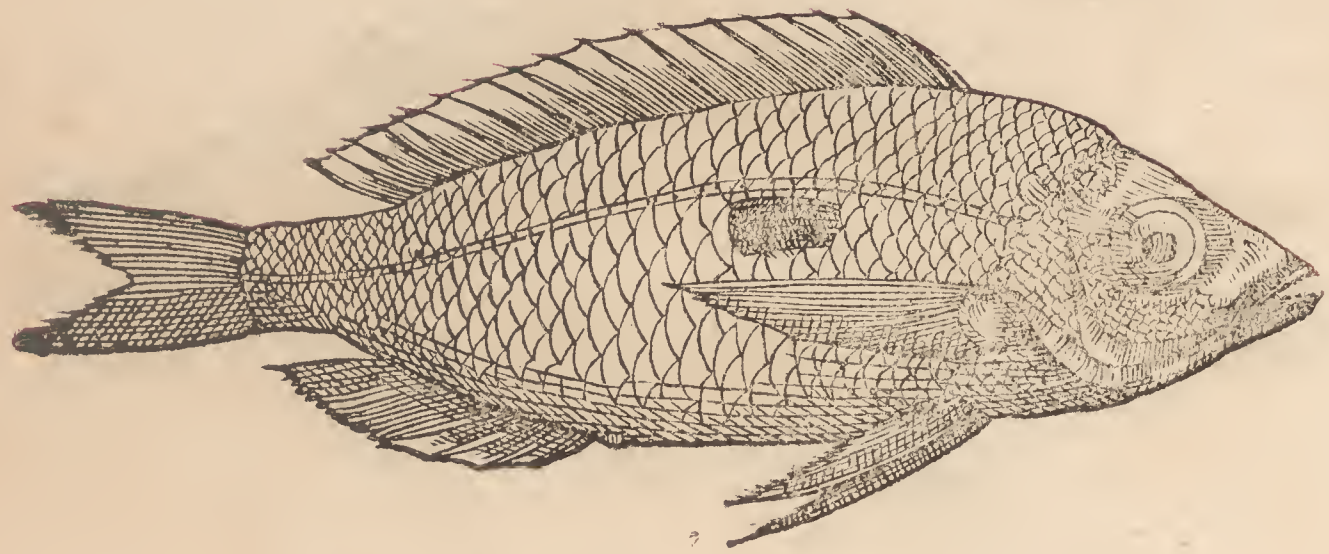
Τὸν ὃ λάτον τ' κλφνὸν, ἐν Ἰ'ζαλίη πολυδένδρω.
Ὁ' ζκυλλαῖος ἔχδ πόρθμος, θάυμαστον ἔδεσμα.
Arboribus fœcunda Latum celebrem Itala gignit,
Terra sinu Scyllæo gratum & suaue alimentum.

De Boope vtroque.



Concoquitur facilè elixus Box, digeritúrq́,
Nam quiddam quo fit ſiccior aſſus habet.
Hinc aliquando etiam ægrotis conceditur, ille
Antiquis quamuis in precio haud fuerit.
At verò inter ſe his collatis vndiq́, diſces
Alteruter quantùm diſtet ab alterutro.

De Mæna



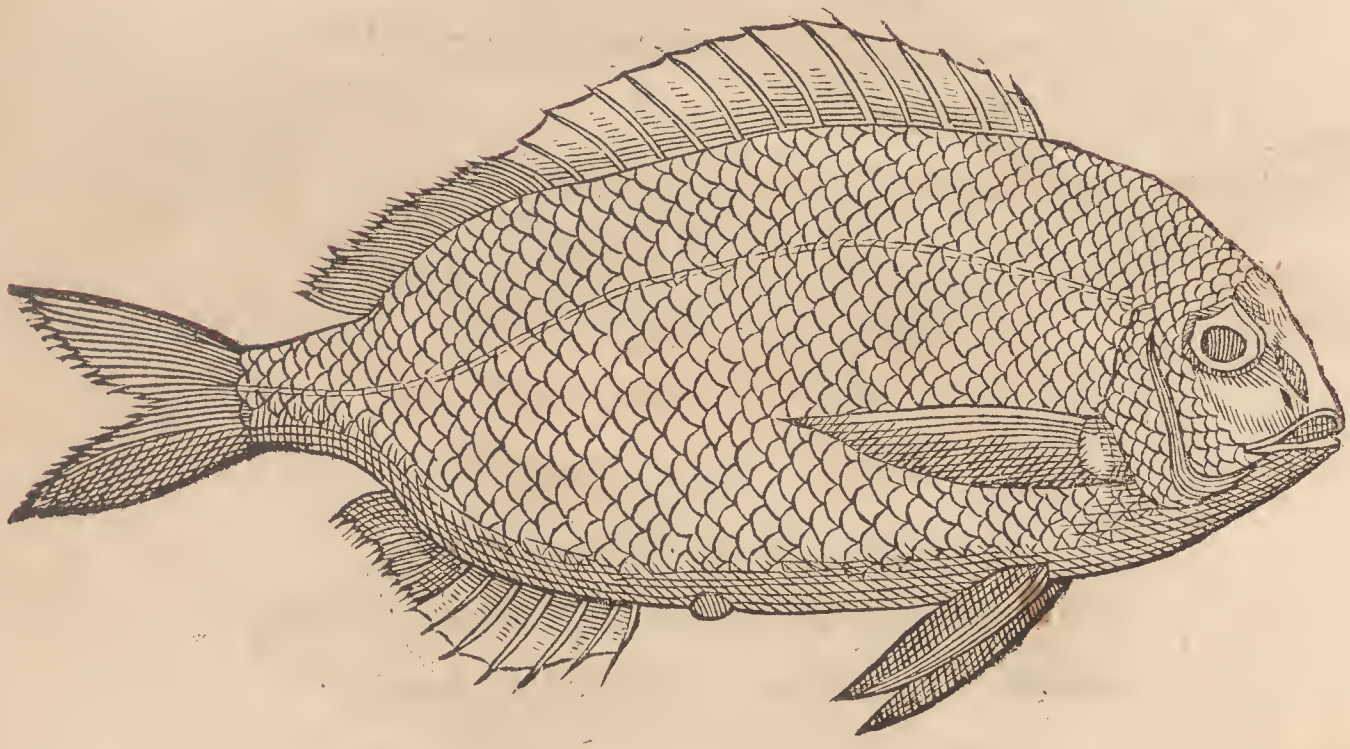
Quamuis in precio fuere nullo
Priſcis temporibus, minúſq; gratæ
Mænæ, eſſent quaſi prauæ, inutiléſq;,
At nunc haſce tamen boni eſſe ſucci,
Et carnis mediæ, putant & aiunt,
Quidam, & ſat facilè abiici per aluum:
Conferre haudq; timent iiſce Cothos,
Κώθωνας quóq;, gobióſq; dictos.
Mænarum in cineres caput redactum,
Calloſas abolet, fugatq; rimas
Sedis ſi fuerit malo illitum aptè.
Mænas ſi vmbilico illinas ſalitas,
Et tauri excipias eaſce felle,
Ventrem (ne dubites) ſtatim mouebis,

Aut constrictus erit nimis necesse est.
Mænas quisnam igitur neget salubres?
Ni sit mentis inops? suo cuiq;
Es & si fuerint loco, vel hora?
An Natura homini parens nouerca est?
Vltróq; illa suis amat nocere?
Concessis modice vtitor, iuuabunt.

De Smaride.

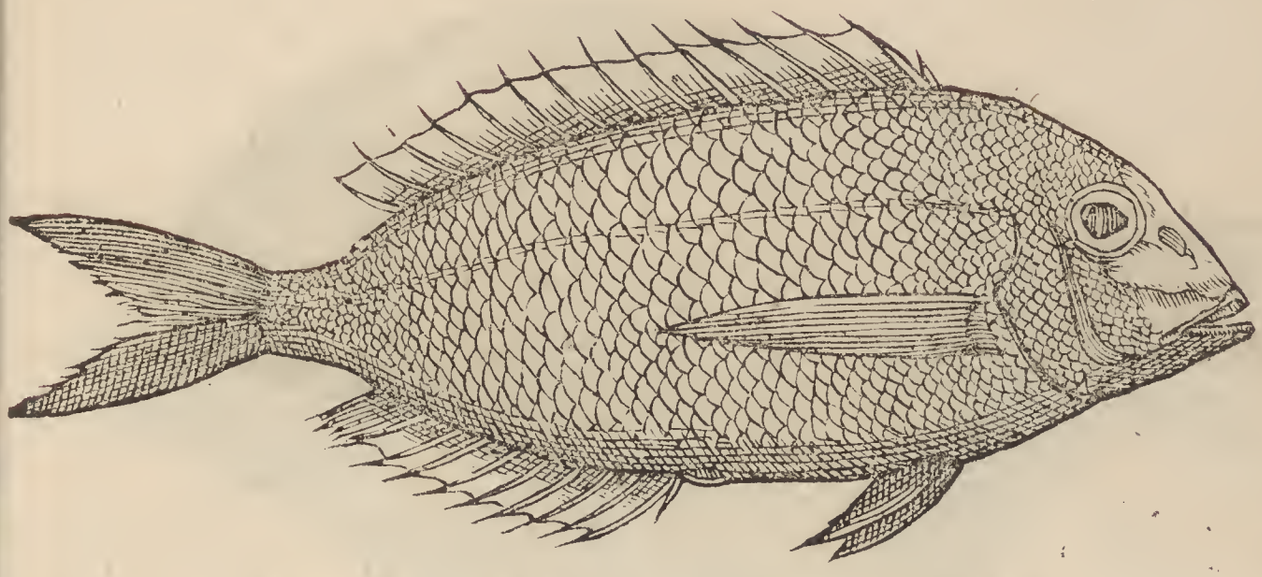
Carne quidem succóq; Smaris succedere Mænæ
Dicunt, adq; eadem vtrumq; valere putant.
Sed caput exustum ex adipe vrsinóq; coactum,
Admotúmq; malo, sanat alopecias.

De Pagro.



Carne quidem vili, cænoq; & vescitur alga
Pagrus, sepiolis pisciculisq; alius.
Sat nutrit, stomachóq; satis, gratúsq; palato est,
Per ventrem verò segnius eiicitur.
Præcellit caput, & febres quæ sæpè recurrunt
Emendat, quæ non pharmaca pontus habet?

De Erythrino.



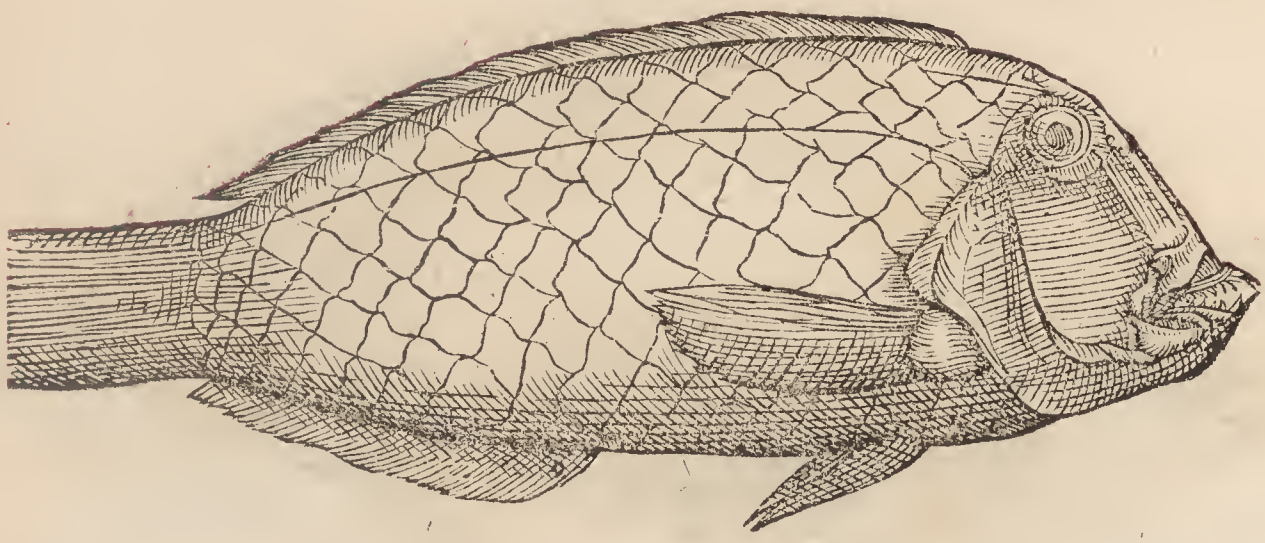
Non craſſam, non viſcoſam, laxam atq; fluentem,
Et duram carnem non Erythrinus habet.
Carnibus Auratæ accedit, laudabile ſanguen
Procreat, an nondum ſunt ſatis iſta tibi?

Ex Oppiano.

Οἱ μὲν γὰρ χθαμαλοῖσι παρ' αἰγιαλοῖς (ἰνέμον)
Ψάμμον ἐρεπτόμενοι, ὅσ' ἐν ψαμαθοῖσι φύον)
Ἵπποι κόκκυγές τε θοοὶ ξανθοίτε ἐρύθεμνοι.
Nonnulli flauam piſces in littore arenam
Mandunt, & terra quicquid nutritur in alta.
Hippi, Coccyges celeres, flauiq; Erythrini.

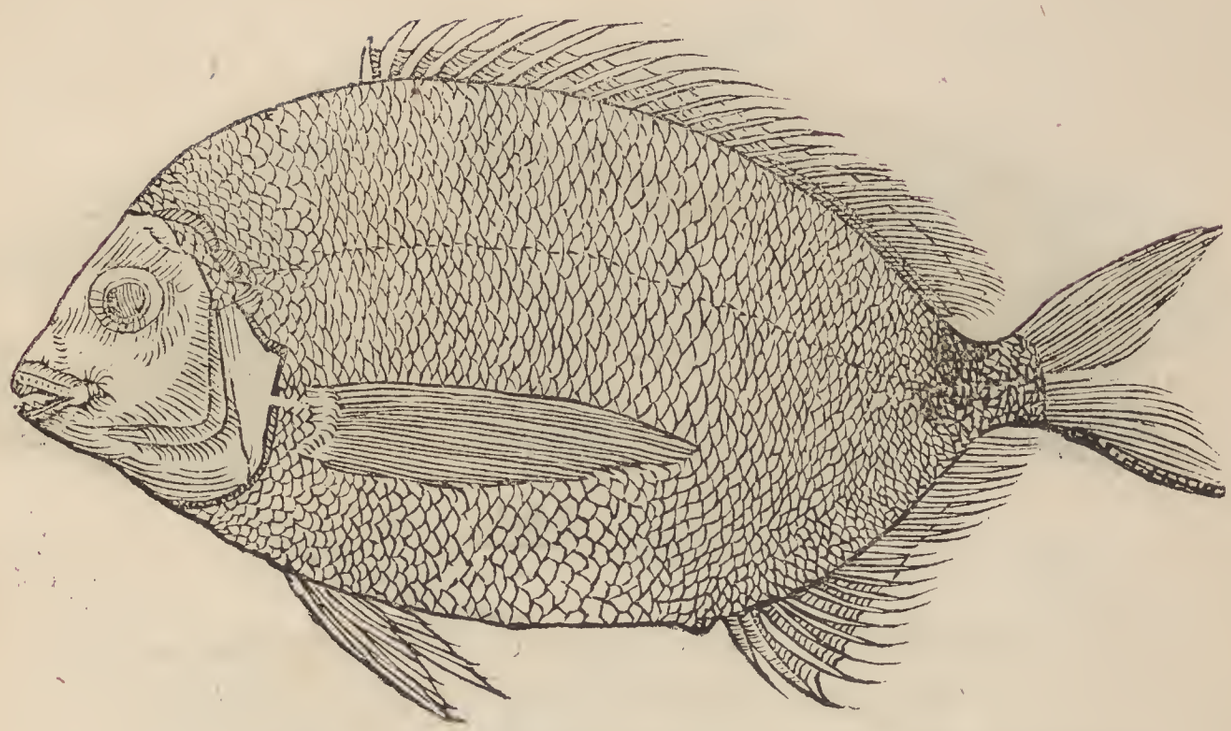
De Nouacula Pisce.

rasoir



Carne quidem tenera est suauiq; Nouacula piscis,
A dorsiq; habet id nominis effigie.
In precia illa Rhodi est, illicq; frequenter habetur,
Nam nostro vix in littore conspicitur.
At pisce hoc vno ferrum perhibentur olere
Attacta, id fieri qua ratione potest?

De Hepato.

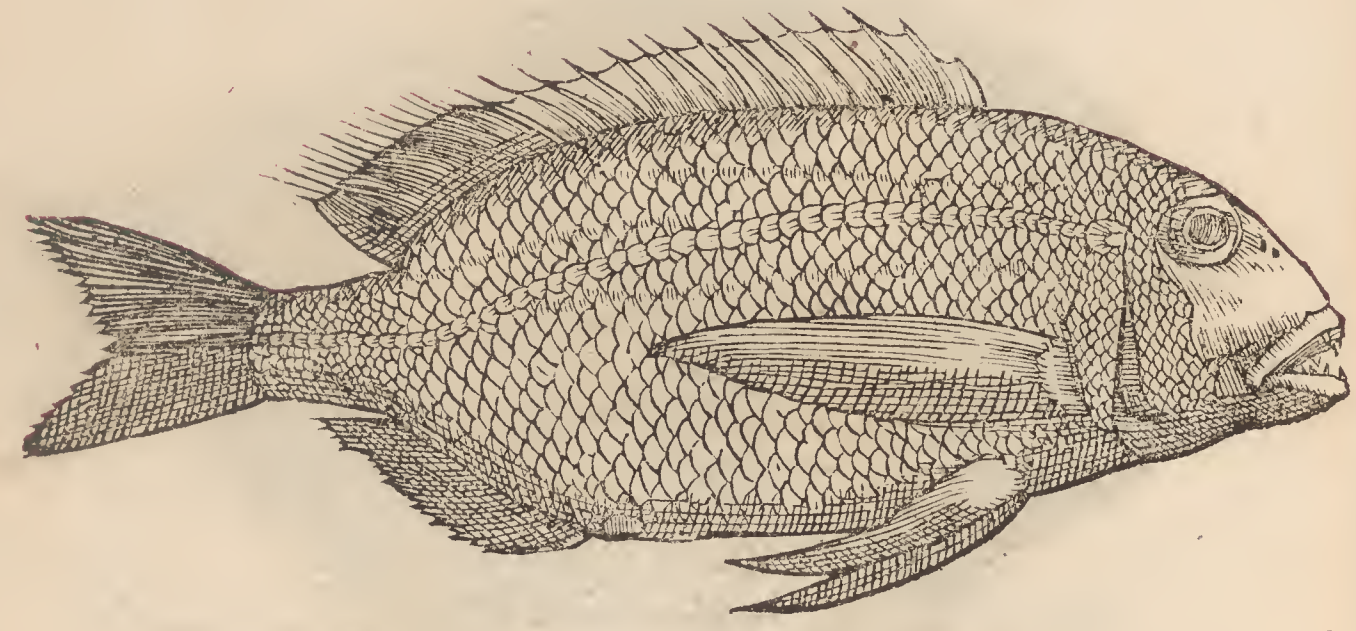


Carne quidem media Hepatus eſt ceu Pagrus, & Vmbra,
Illeq; χρύσοφρυς more parandus erit.
Felle caret, bilémq; in ſe non gignit amaram,
Sed lapis in ſummo vertice durus ineſt.

De eodem.

Serratos habeat cùm dentes hepatus, illum
Inter carniuoros annumerare decet.
Viuit enim ex rapto, & teneris ſe piſcibus exp'e:,
Sic magni paruos ſæpè vorare ſolent.

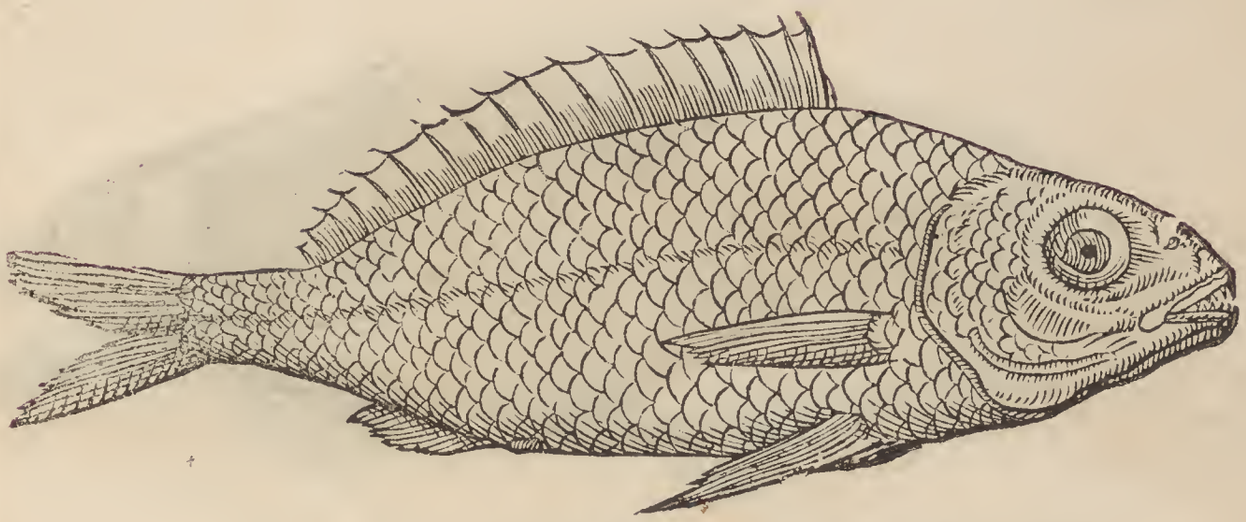
De Synagride & Synodonte.



Si quando piſcem mandis Cωνόδοντα caueto,
Nimirum lapides in capite ille gerit.
Nam mihi cum ſola diſtent ætate Synagris
Et Synodon. ſiet hic maior, at ille minor.
Synagridos gemmis gemmas Synodontidas ergò
Anteferes, aliqua ſi bonitate valent.

De Aca-

De Acarnane.

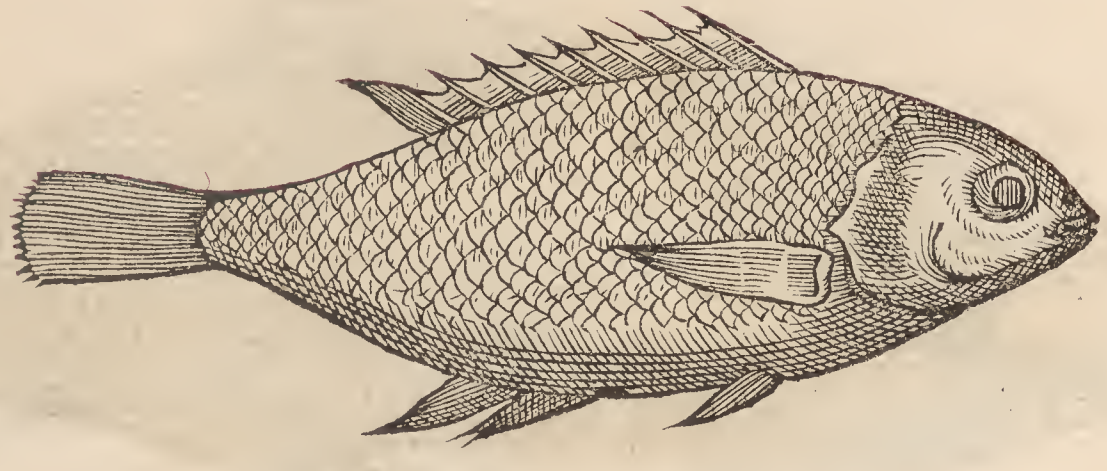


Carne quidem media, dulciq; & candida habetur
Atq; boni ſucci eſt, & benè Acarnus alit.
Nam facilè in ſtomacho coquitur, ſanguenq; probatum
Producit, tales hos mihi ſemper amem.

De eodem.

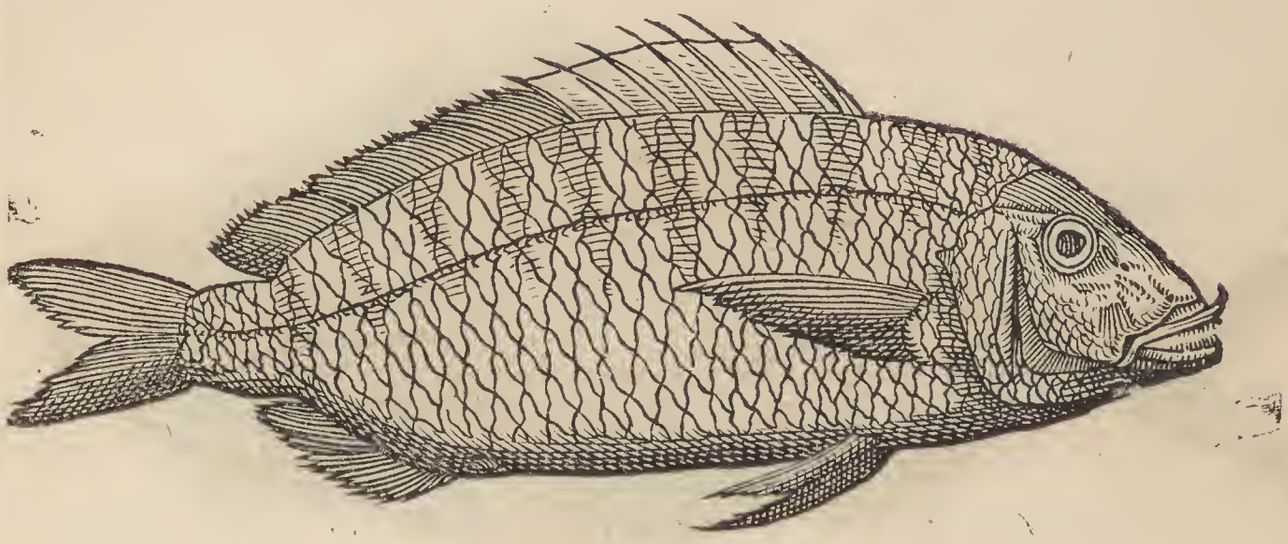
Scribit Ariſtoteles piſcem macreſcere Acharnam
Nonnunquàm, æſtiuis vtpote temporibus.
Num cauſa eſt ingens tantæ macredinis æſtus?
Num verò is quo & nos extenuamur amor?
Soluitur omnis enim noſtra hæc ſubſtantia vtroq;.
Sed veneris maius pendet ab igne malum.

De Chromi.



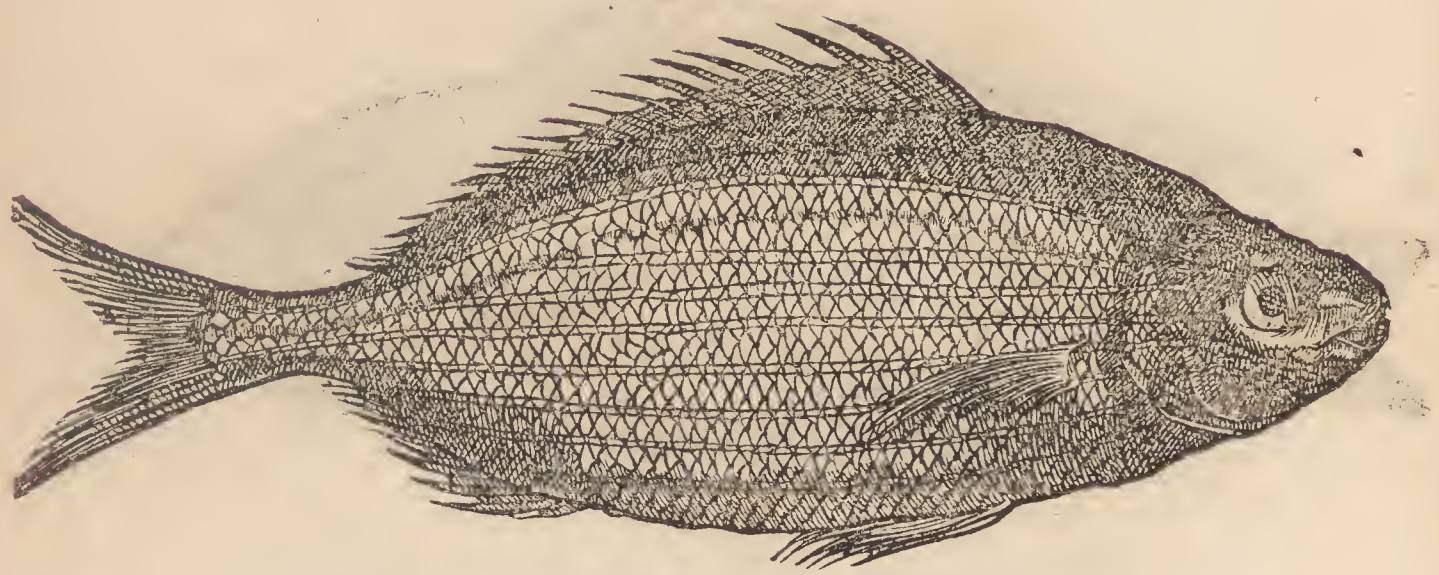
Humidior χρόμις eſt, fitq́ hinc optatior aſſus
Ac melior, vili ſit licet in precio.
Aeſtate excellit, doleat cum tempore brumæ,
Nam duros lapides in capite ille gerit.
Maiorem ergò χρόμιν ſumes, ſed tempore meſſis,
Nanq χρόμις tum fit pinguior & melior.
Archeſtratus enim talem vult eſſe, tametſi
Immundam, & rectè, Naſo poëta putet.

De Mormyro.



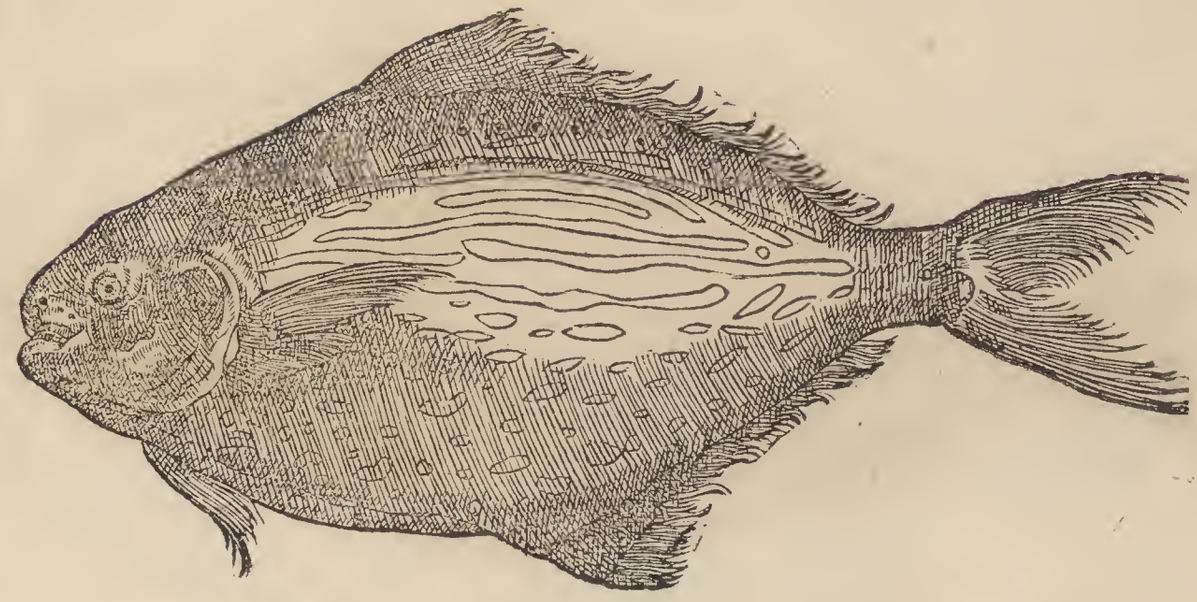
Μόρμυλος in precio non eſt, haudq́ extitit vnquam,
Nam cœno terræ viuit, oletq́ lutum.
Humidiore etenim carne eſt, minimeq́ ſaporis
Laudati, famulis eſca ſit iſta meis.

De Salpa.



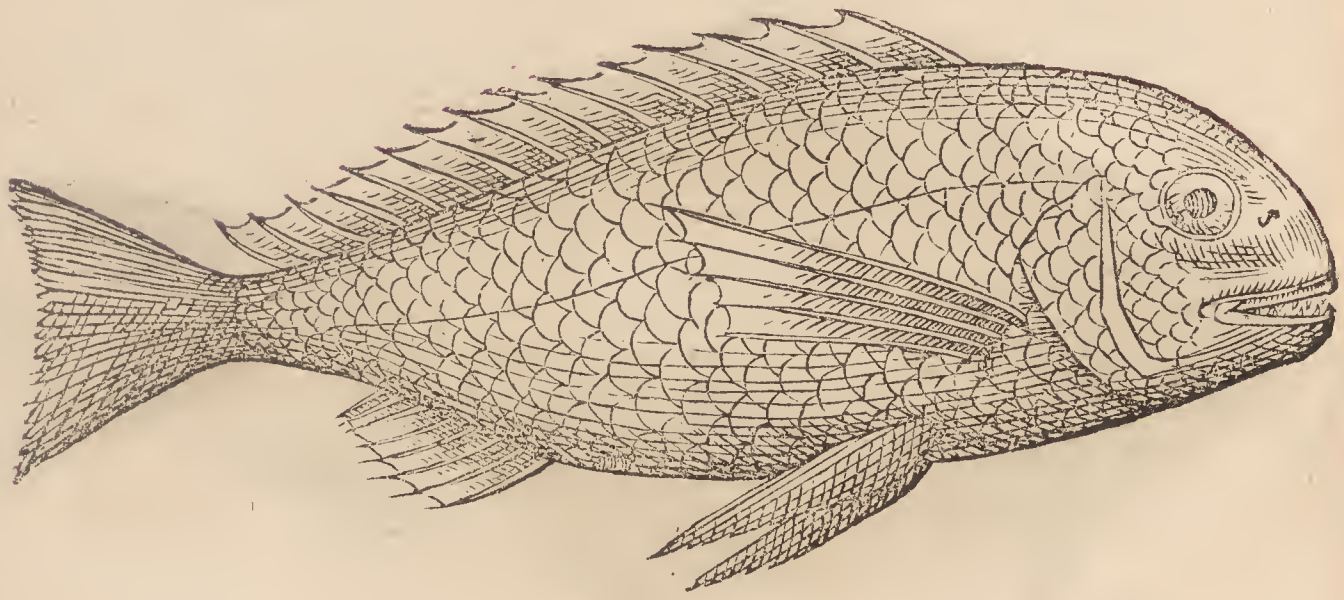
Salpa mali ſucci eſt piſcis, minimeq; palato
Reſpondet, confert ventriculo inde minus.
Delectetur enim cum ſtercore, viuat & alga,
Plenus erit ſucci qua ratione boni?
Nam ſi nos ex his ſimus conſtemus & illis
Vnde alimur, ſucco predita Salpa malo eſt.

De Stromateo.



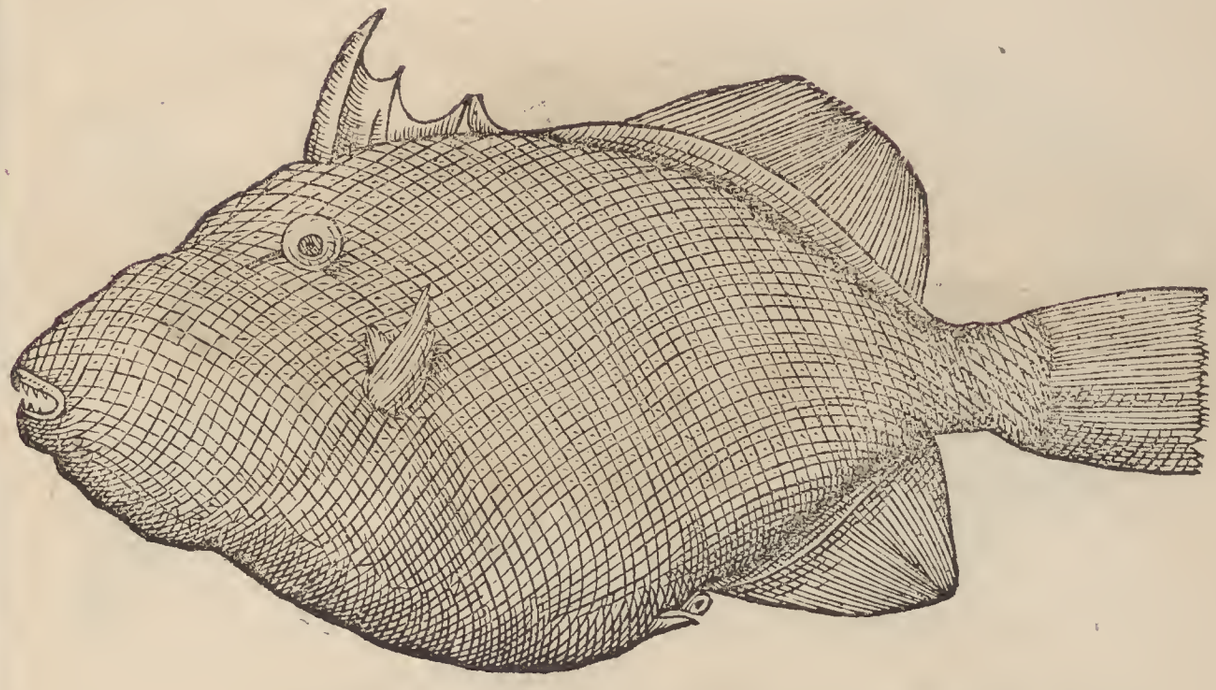
Stromateus Salpæ quodam modo piſcis habetur,
(Vt multi dicunt) effigie aßimilis.
Nos vtrunq; damus, niſi quid me fallit imago,
Iſte peregrinus ſed mihi piſcis erit.

De Orpho.



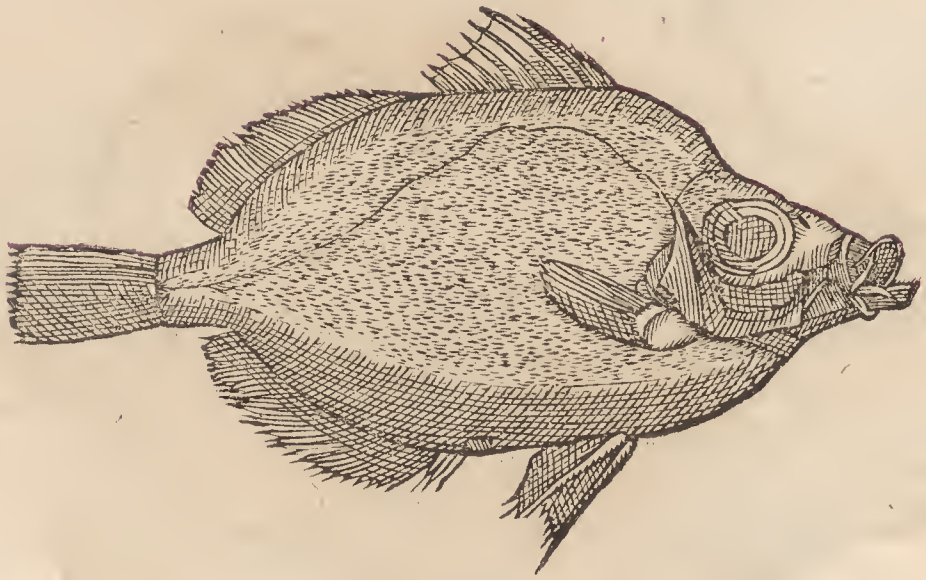
Si conuiua tibi fortaſse adponitur Orphus,
Ne ſtomachum exſacies, difficilè excoquitur.
Nam craſſum gignit, lentúmq; in corpore ſuccum,
Sic pituitoſos aggrauat iſte cibus.

De Capriſco.



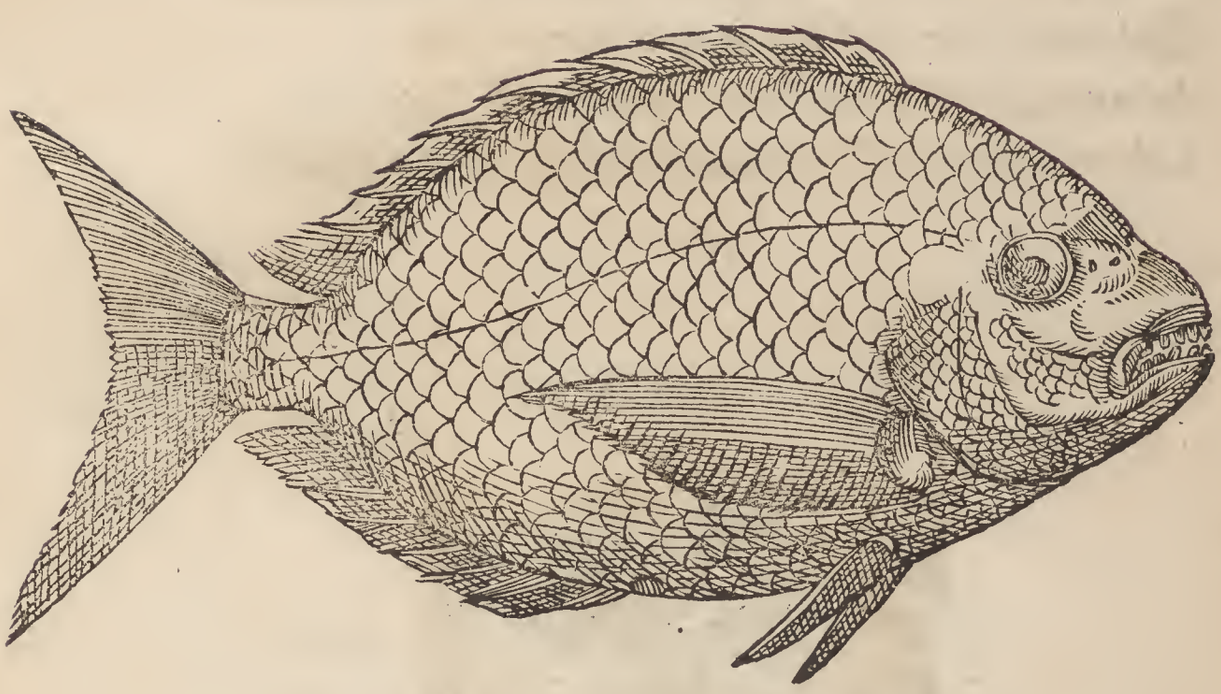
Firmo Capriſcum vſque adeo Natura beauit
Tergore, vt id ferri reſpuat omnem aciem.
Præterea hunc firmis armauit dentibus, illi
Sunt ea in hoſtilles arma tributa feras.
Dura autem carne eſt, reſipit quæ virus odore,
Et ſub tam duro cortice molle quid eſt.

De Apro.



Horrificos tantum Tellus ne gigneret Apros,
Nonnullos tales vnda marina creat.
Rarus enim inuentu est. Archestratóq; probatur,
Ergò sua hic quoq; erit laude ferendus Aper.

De Scaro.



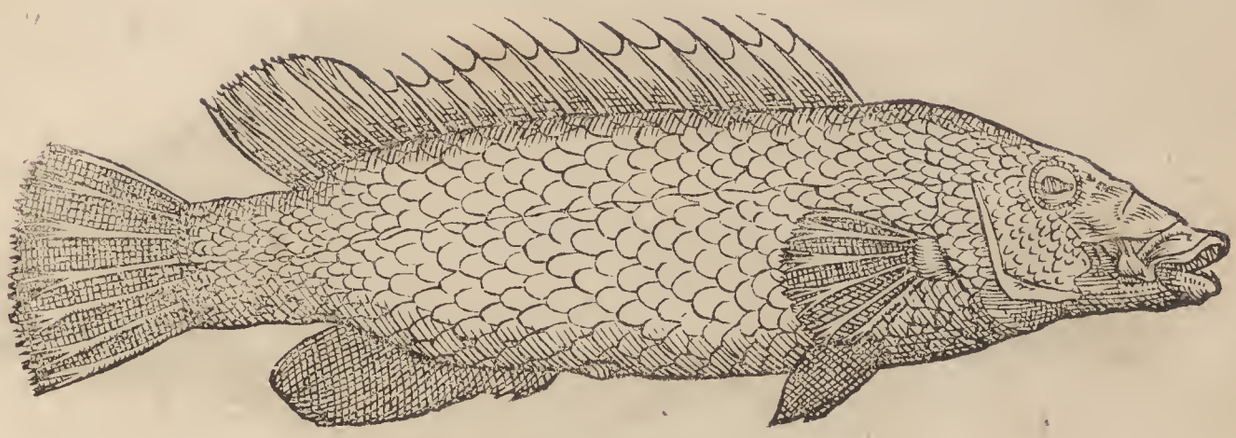
Carne quidem mollis Scarus, estq́ friabilis idem,
Propterea in stomacho perfacilè excoquitur.
Eius olent ipsam violam intestina, bonumq́
Censere eiusdem secula prisca iecur.
Euchimi est piscis succi, & facilem efficit aluum.
Inter præcipuos proin munerandus erit.

De eodem Oppian.

Καὶ σκαρόν, ὃς δὴ μῦνος ἐν ἰχθύσι πᾶσιν ἀνάυδοις
Φθέγγεται ἰκμαλέῳ λελαγὼς, ἐς μῦνος ἐδωδὴ
Ἄψορρον προίησιν ἀπὸ στόμα, δεύτερον ἄυθις

Δαφύμφος μύλοισιν ὑδατοφύων ἐν φορβῇ.
Incuruos Scarus hic ſcopulos, & ſaxa frequentat,
Qui mites inter piſces clamore tremendo
Intonat, & ſolus pallentes ruminat herbas.
Ac veluti pecudes reuocat ſub guttura paſtum.

De Scaro vario.

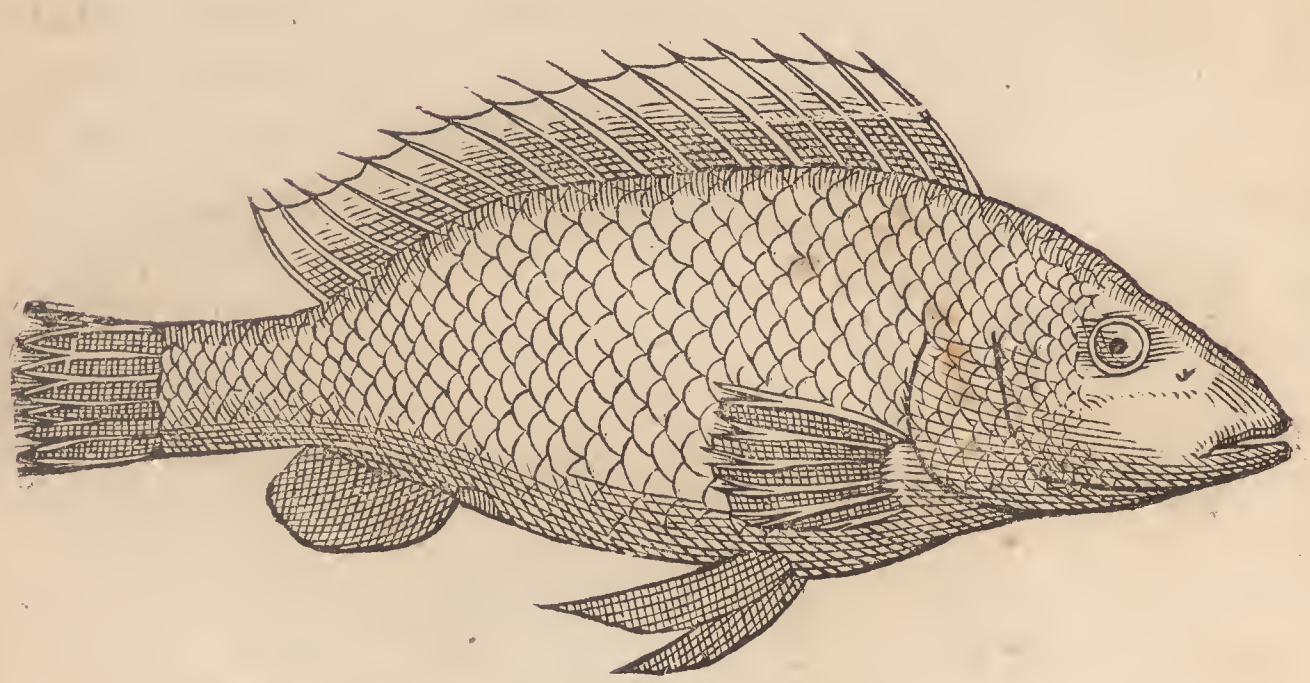


Hic Scarus à primo effigie ceu diſtat, itemq́
Nomine, ſic differt nil bonitate ſua.
Carnis enim teneræ eſt, & ſuauis, & vtilis ori,
Temnendos igitur quis putet eſſe Scaros?

De eodem. Mar.

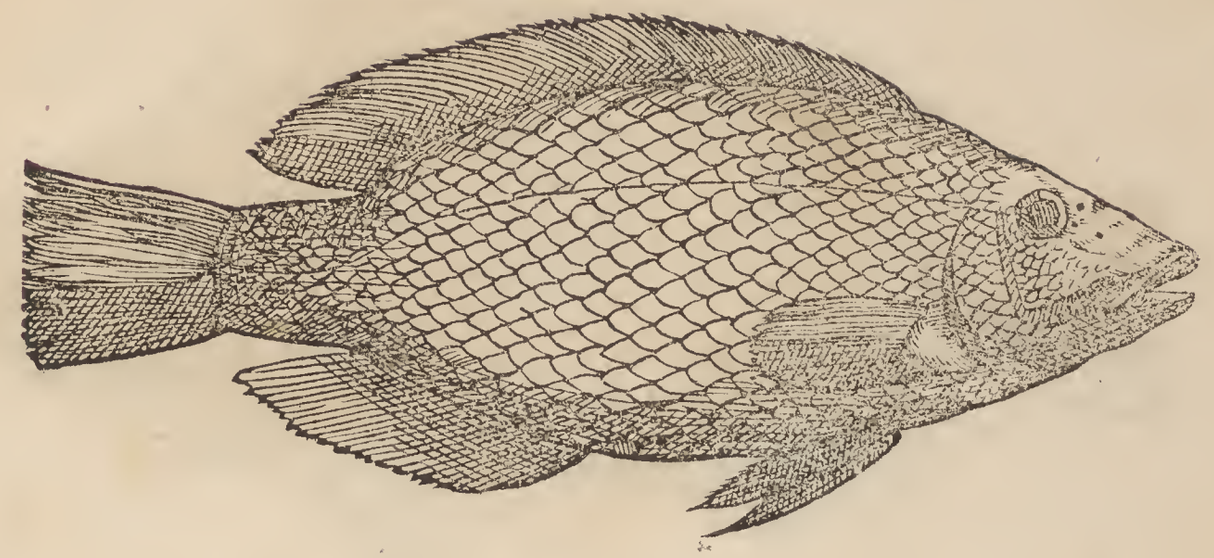
Hic Scarus æquoreis qui venit obeſus ab vndis,
Viſceribus bonus eſt, cætera vile ſapit.

De Cynædo.



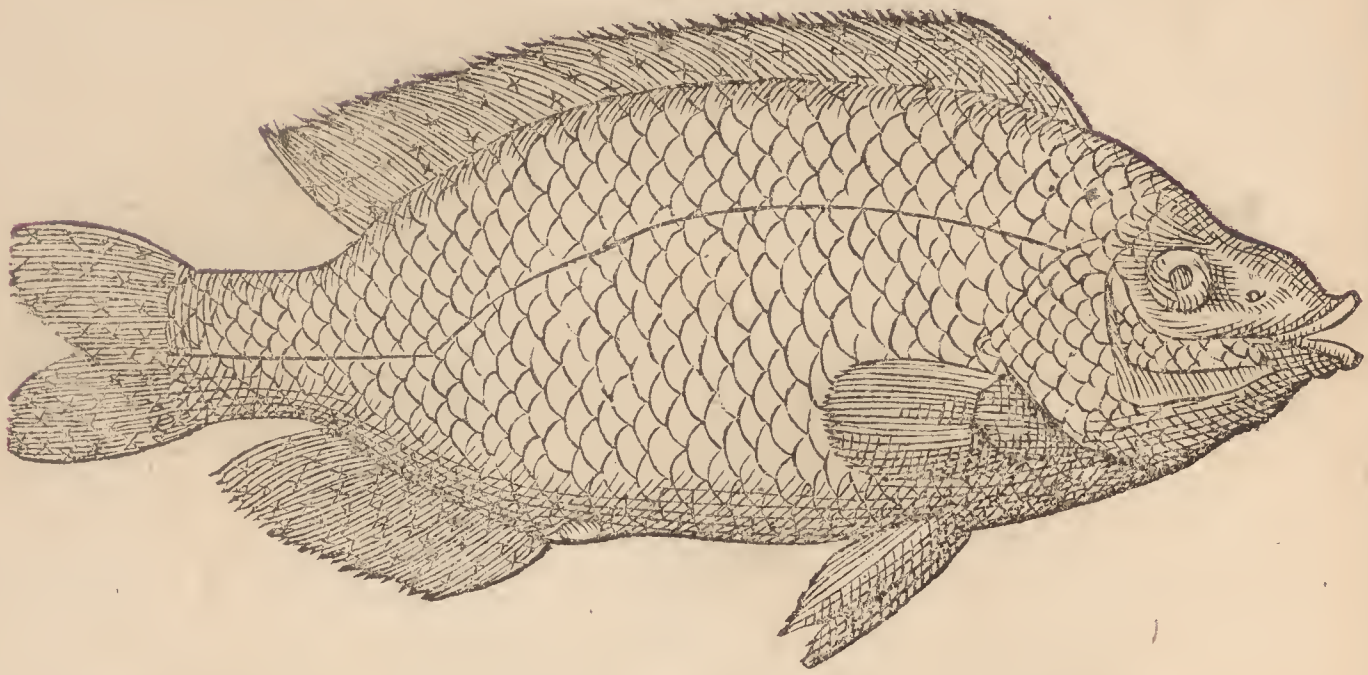
Cenſetur mollis, tener, atq; friabilis eſſe
Αλφήστης. ſucco præq; valere ſuo.
Lenit enim ventrem, ſuccum gignitq; probatum,
Hæc itaq; ægrotis eſca ſalubris erit.

De Merula.



Inter eos numera Merulam qui ſaxa frequentant,
Aegris conueniet carnibus ergò ſuis.
Aera ſiue igitur Merulæ ſiue æquora tranent,
Landandæ venient iudicio vſq; meo.

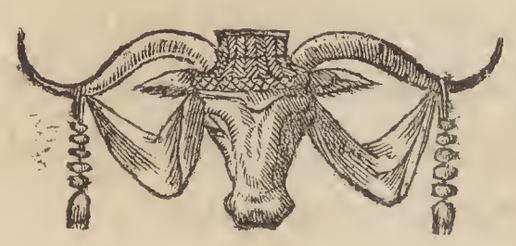
De Turdorum generibus.



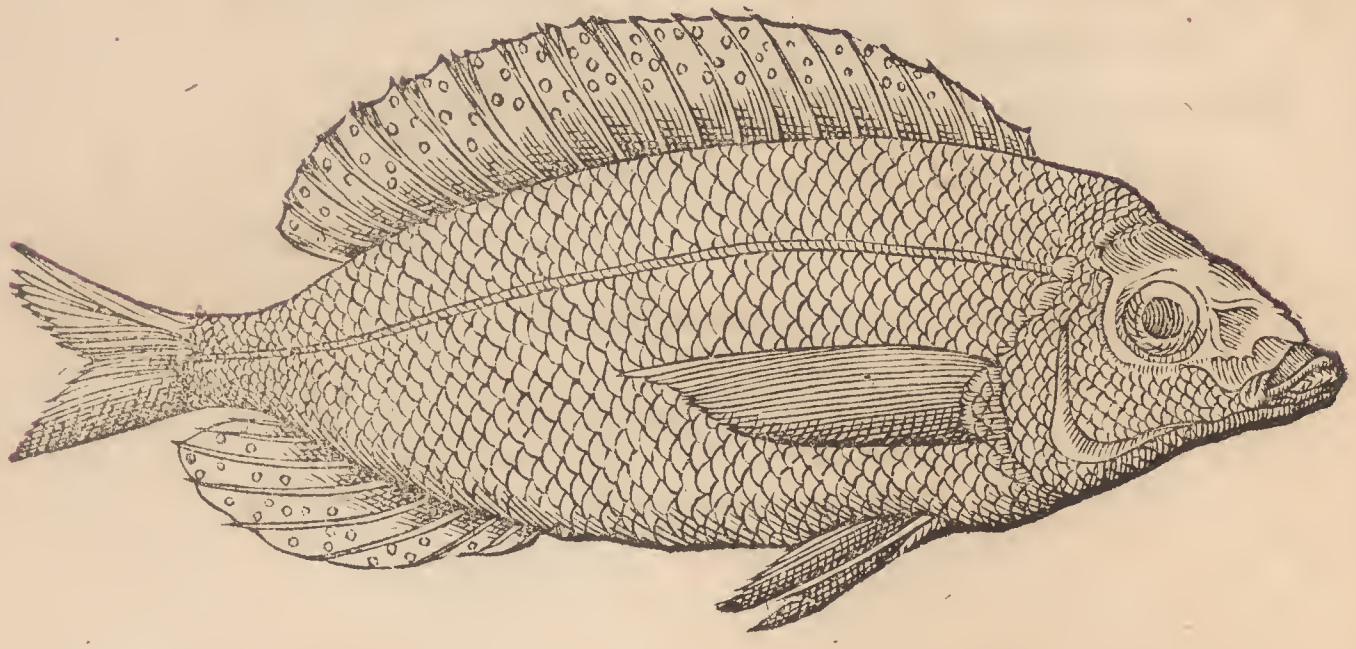
Ne tantùm in vacuo volitarent æthere Turdi,
Natura æquoreas hisce refarcit aquas.
Qui viuunt meliore cibo, saxa aspra frequentant,
Non illi redolent vile proinde lutum.
Nam quò versantur pisces melioribus vndis,
Hoc certè succi plus bonitate valent.

De ſuperiori Turdo.

Carne quidem hic Turdus tener atq; friabilis eſt, ſed
Elixo aſſus ſit (crede mihi) melior.
Humiditas etenim exuperans abſumitur igni,
Quam nimia haud dubiè conciliaret aqua.
Ergò etiam hunc aliqui laudant ſartagine coctum,
Sæpè tibi talis Turdus edendus erit.

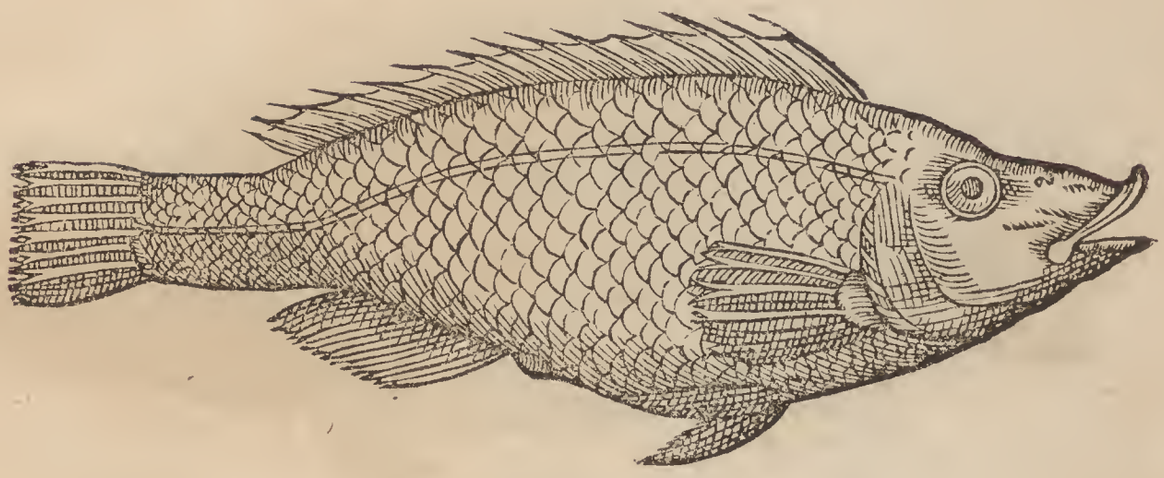


De ſecunda Turdi ſpecie.



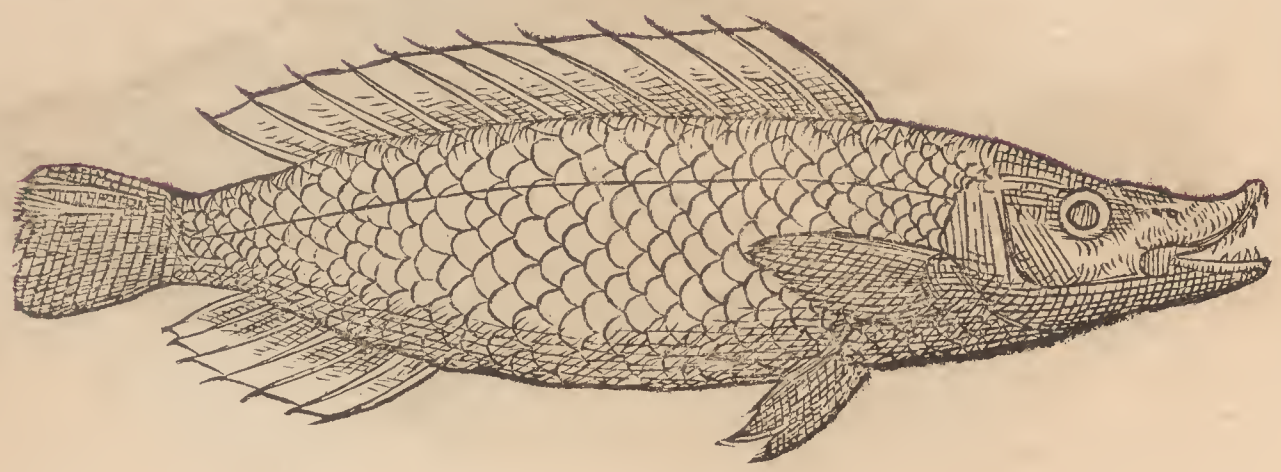
Cærulco ex Viridi perfuſus terga colore eſt,
Qualem Pauonum colla ſuperba ferunt.
Ergò tibi hic, Pauo dicetur nomine, Turdus,
Aptius huic aliud quod magis eſſe poteſt?
Carne quidem molli, tener atq; friabilis eſt. ſed
In ſe lentoris nonnihil Vnus habet.

De tertia Turdi ſpecie.



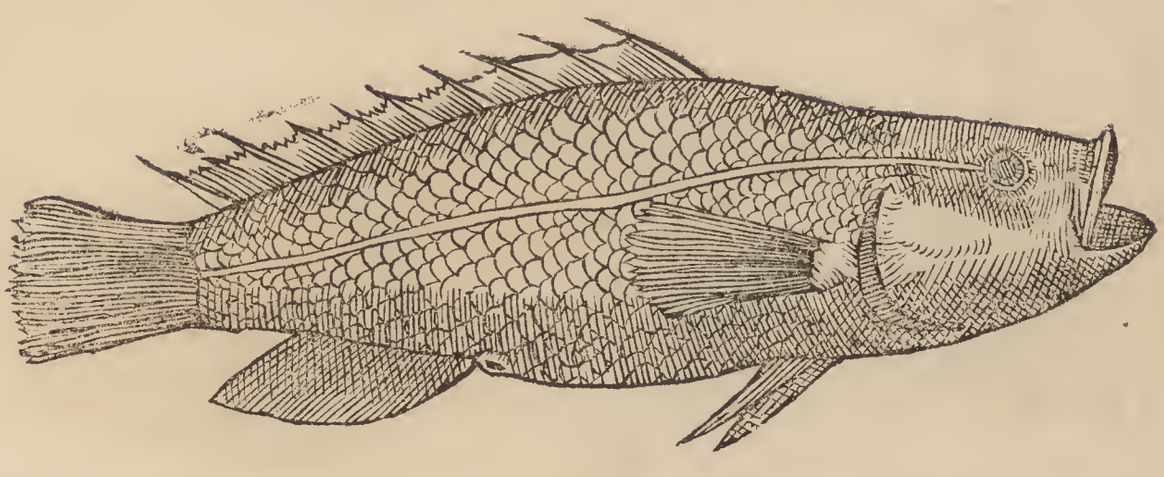
Quid magè diuerſum hoc piſce eſt? varioq; colore
Depictum? quid nam pulchrius eſſe poteſt?
Nanq; in eo varias ſparſit Natura figuras,
Vt dicas, illi in piſce, fuiſſe iocum.

De quarta Turdi ſpecie.



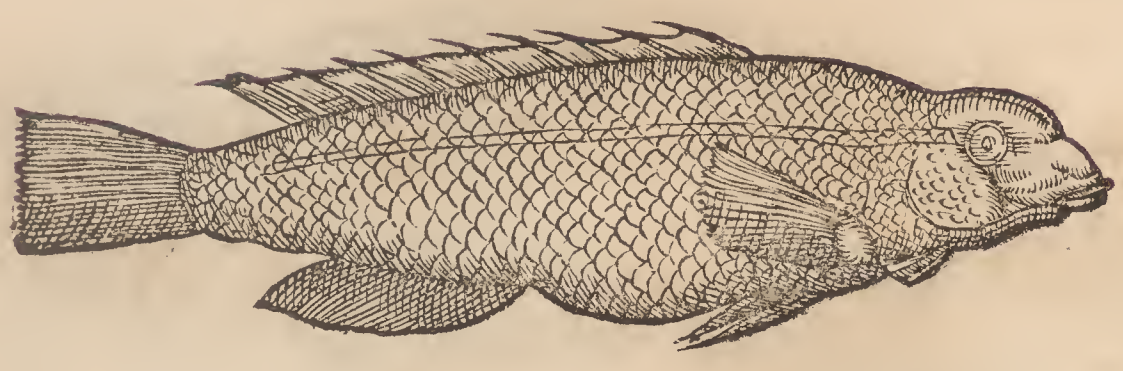
Hic bonus eſt veluti & piſces qui ſaxa frequentant,
Quandoquidem facilè in ventriculo coquitur.
Eius enim tenera eſt carnis ſubſtantia, quò ſit
Eſus lentoris gignat vt iſte nihil.
Per ſquamas varia eſt ſpecies diffuſa colorum,
Pinna viret, fuerit Pſittacus ergò mihi.

De quinta Turdi ſpecie.



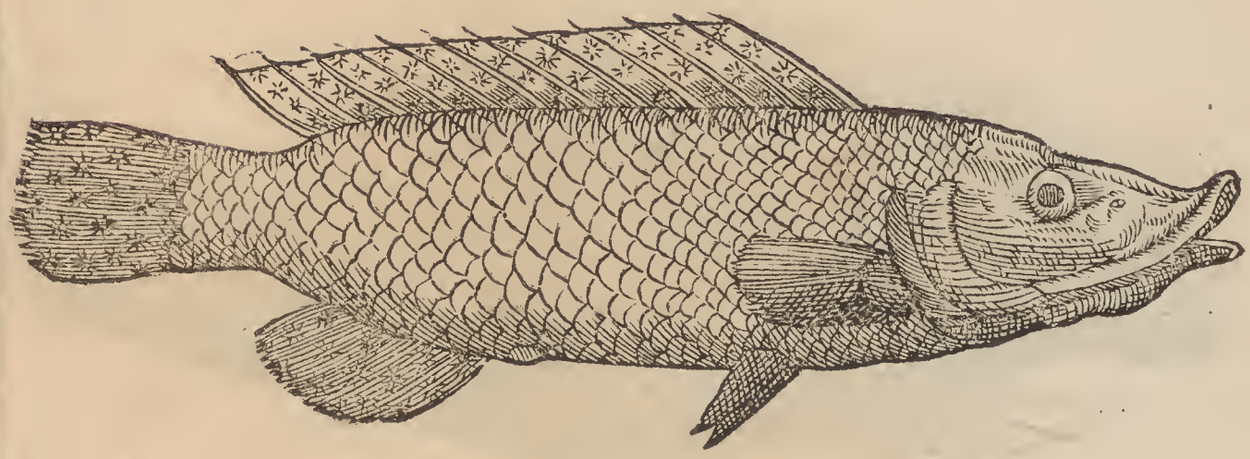
Aureus huic Turdo color eſt, argentea ad ipſam
Ex oculis caudam linea ducta iacet.
Indiuiſa ſubeſt vtero pinna, in reliqnis, par
Gobius eſt Turdo flauus, at hic melior.

De ſexta Turdi ſpecie.



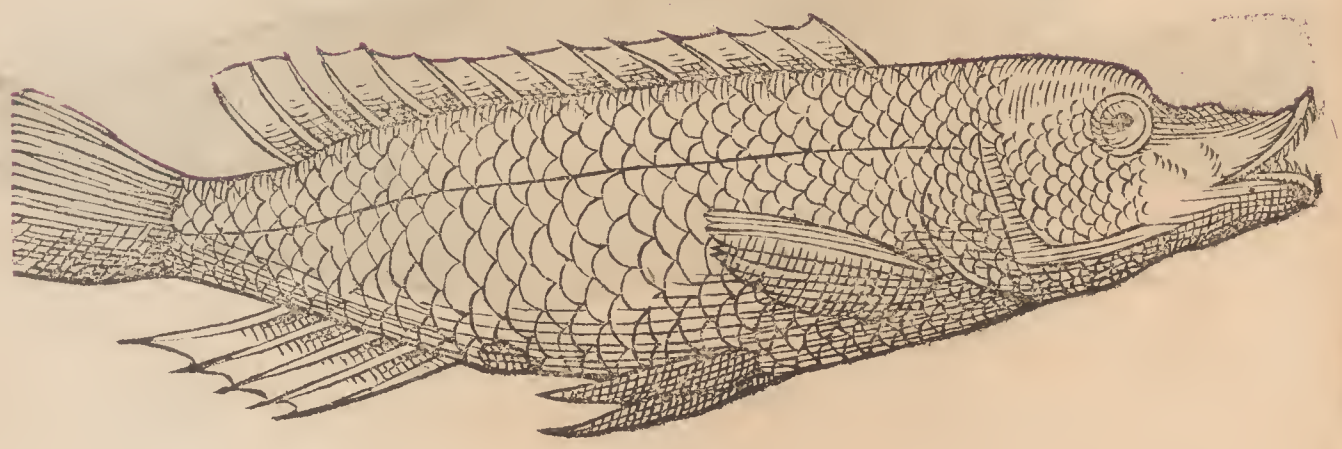
Turdos Terra ſibi parit frequentes,
Pingues, & teneros, bonique ſucci
Illos, quóſque mihi deeſſe nolim:
Quos nec candidulis meis amicis,
Illis cum pituita ſit moleſta.
Si Turdos aliquot tamen marinos
(Quorum eſſe hîc varias vides figuras)
E' vaſtis veniens viator antris,
Huc (Neptune) tuis, modò afferat: vel
Dono det mihi, ſpreuerim haud ego illos:
Sed partem ipſe bonam mihi relinquam,
Partemque ipſe etiam meis amicis.
Quod mandunt homines olet grauè omne,
Sed quod dant homines olet ſuauè.

De ſeptima Turdi ſpecie.

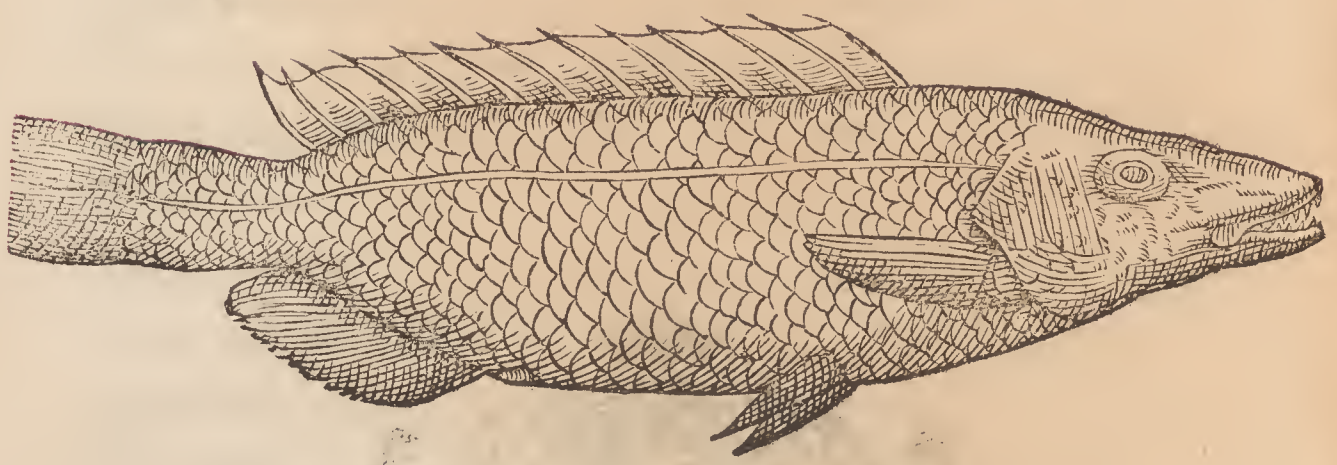


Eſt aluo Ceris facilis, ſtomacho optima, quippe
Cum carnis teneræ ſit, facilè excoquitur.
Eius at incraſſat liquor, atq; abſtergit (vt aiunt)
Qua tergit gratus ſit mihi parte magis.

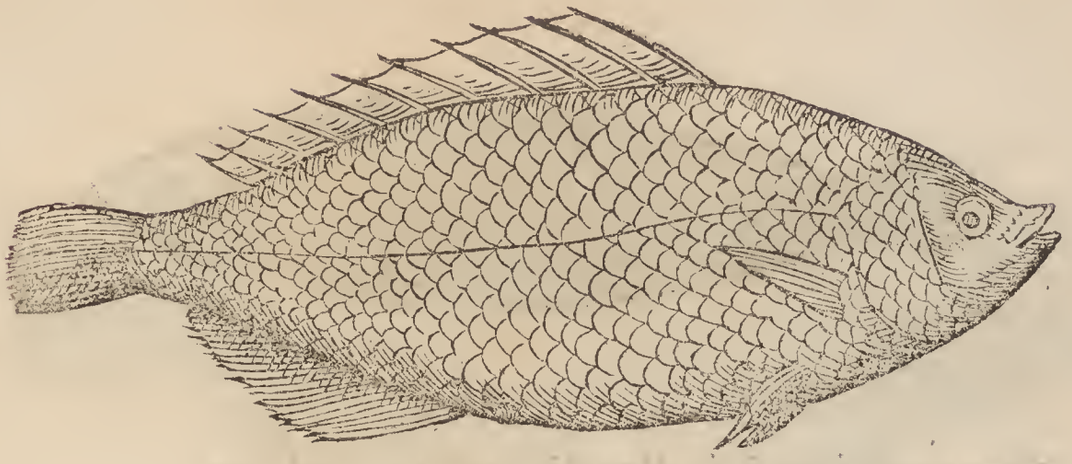
Octauum Turdi genus.



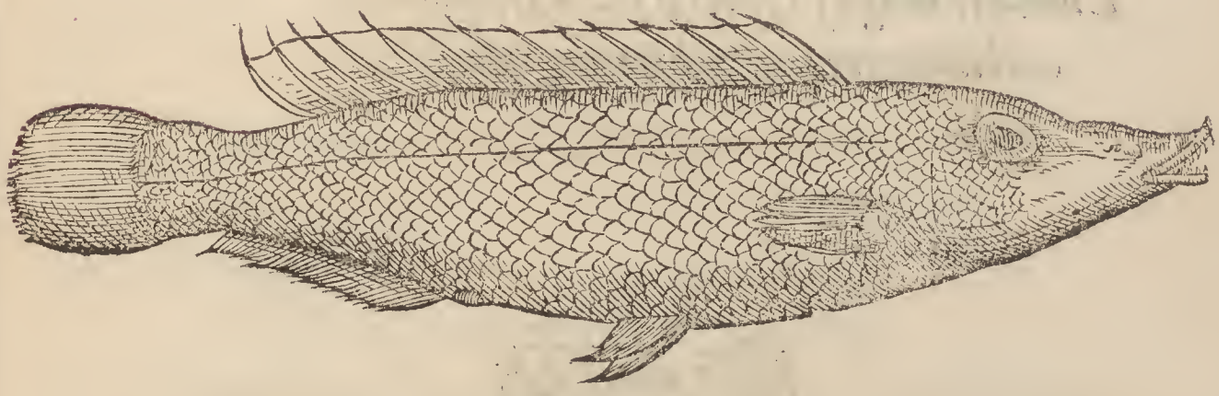
Nonum Turdi genus.



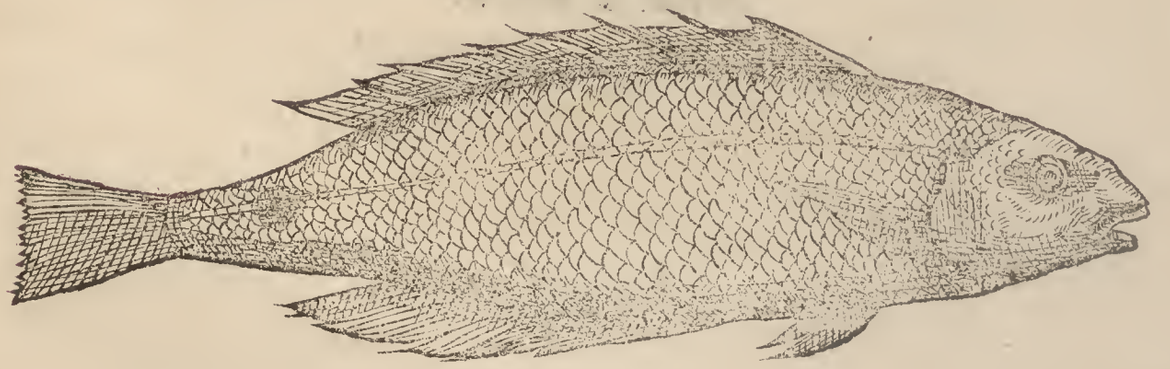
Decimum Turdi genus.



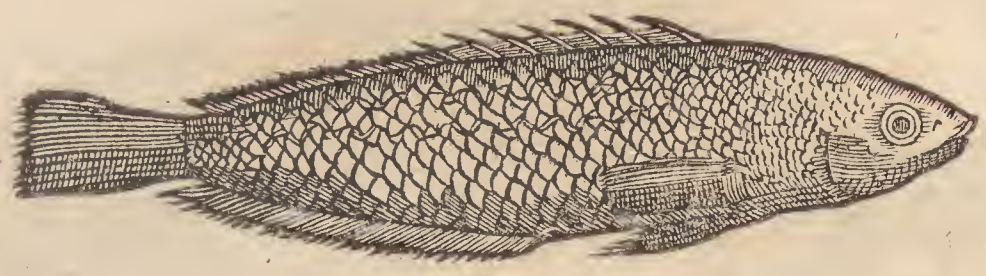
Vndecimum Turdi genus.



Duodecimum Turdi genus.

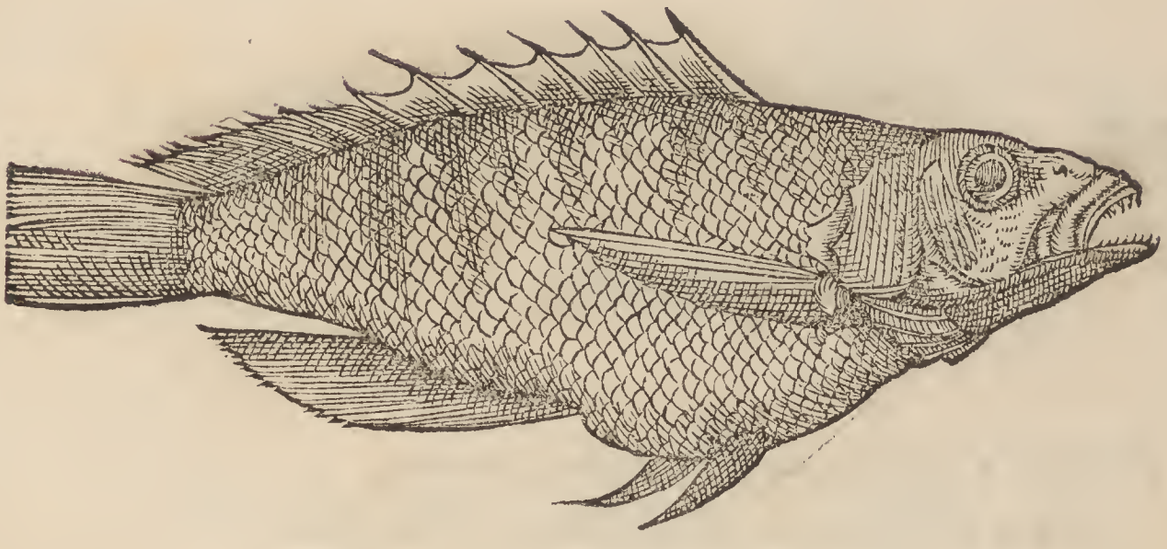


De Iulide.



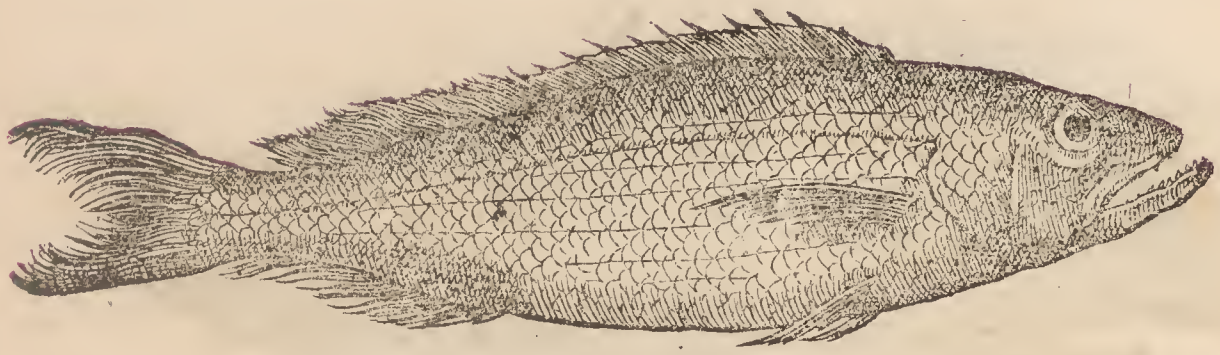
Carne quidem Iulis fragili, teneráq; videtur,
Iure autem ventrem lubricat esa suo.
Laudati magè fit succi si saxa frequentat
Abdita: nec portus, littoráq; ipsa subit.

De Perca.



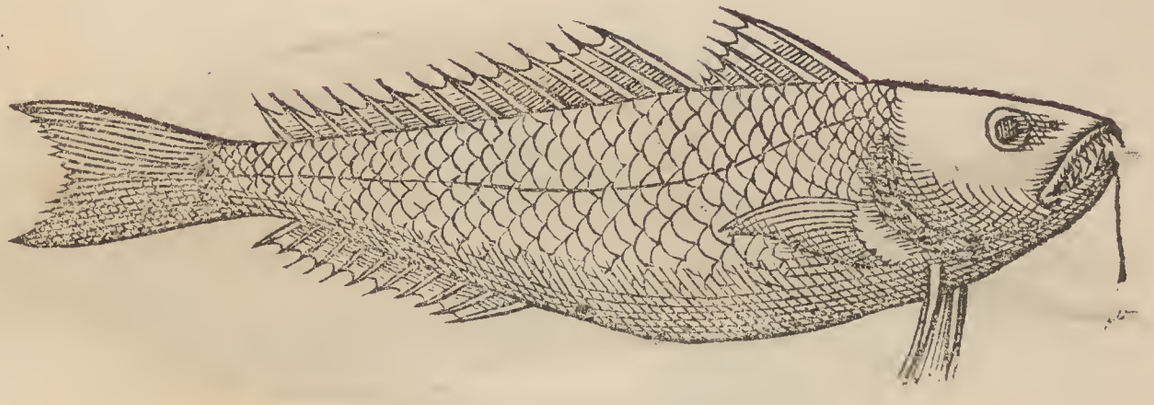
Carne quidem molli, & fragili, succíq; probati
Perca est, succo aluum ducit & ipsa suo.
Illius ergò caro ægrotis conceditur aptè,
Nisiet à nimia frigiditate malum.
Quòd verò sequitur Melanurum Perca frequenter,
Causa sodalitij quæ istius esse potest?

De Channa.



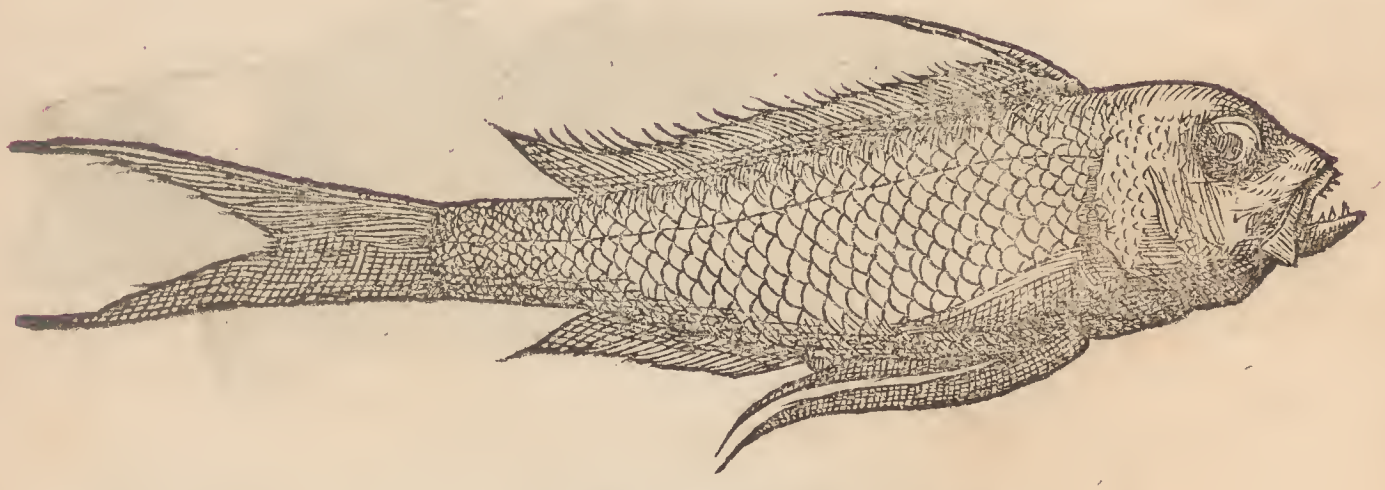
Concipit ex ſeſe gemino fraudata parente,
Carne ſatiſq; bona, eſt Channa marina ſua.
Aſſa igitur ſi quando tibi apponatur, edáſque,
Diſces quòd ſtomacho tota ſit apta tuo.

De Phycide.



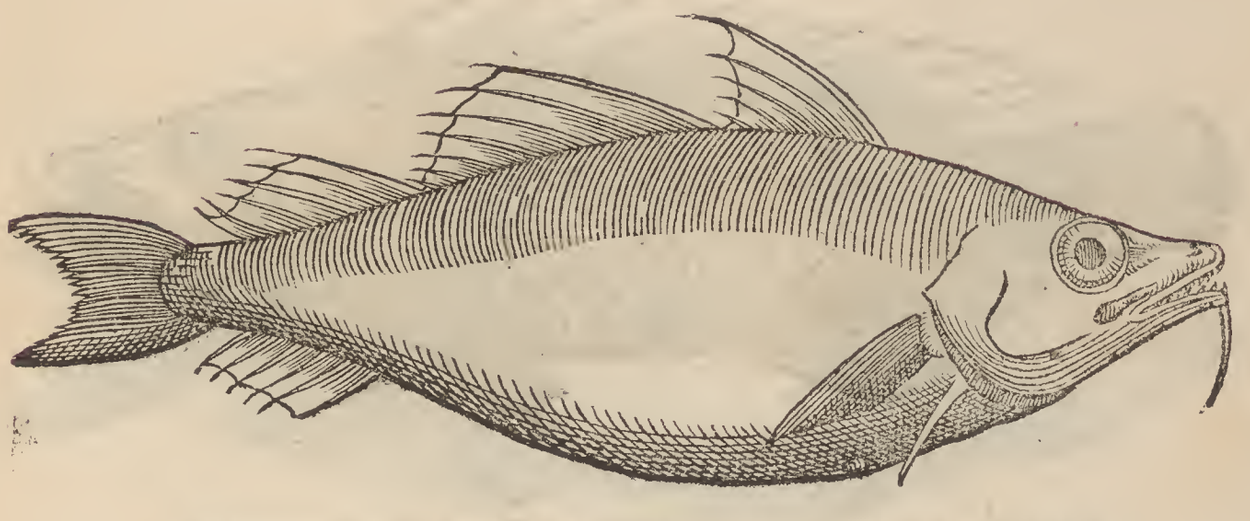
Inter saxa solet Phycis versarier aspra,
Depascens muscum, pisciculósq; leues.
Proin tibi si coctum apponant, rectéq; paratum,
Præstantem inuenies vel bonitate sua.

De Anthiæ prima ſpecie.



Anthias excretu eſt facilis, ſtomachóq; ſuauis,
Nimirum ſucci dicitur eſſe boni.
Irretitus iis quæ non videt vtitur armis,
Exerit & vires qua valet arte ſuas.
Nam filum abrumpit præduræ robore pinnæ,
Sic tandem euadit calliditate ſua.

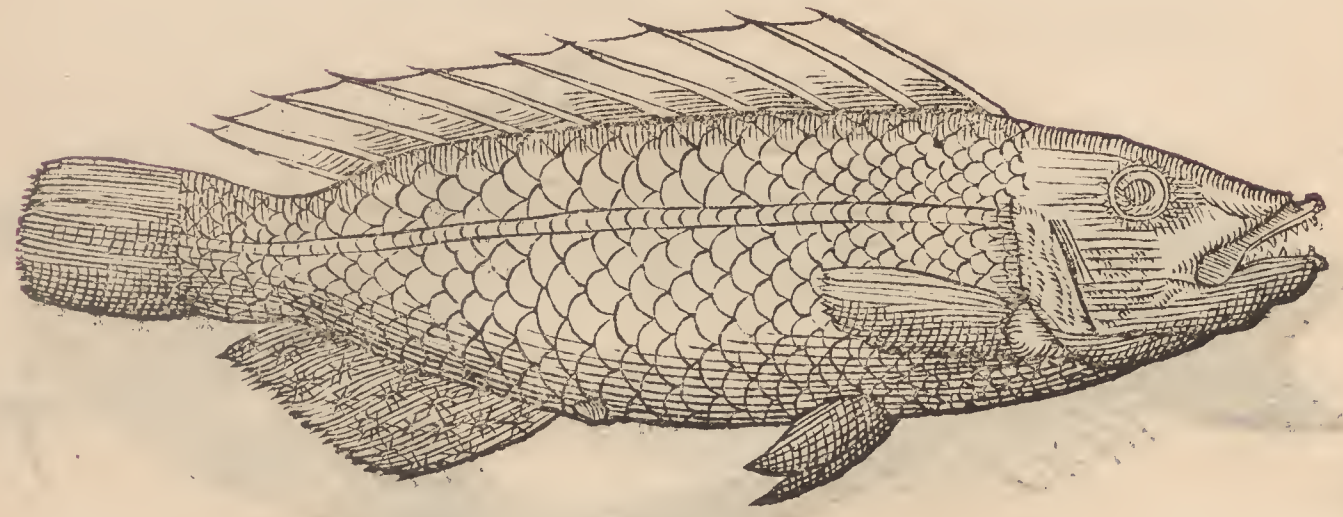
De Anthiæ secunda specie.



Ἀνθιὰς ἀργεννὸς *carnis teneræq́, bonią́,*
Est succi: hinc aptus ventriculo, atque gulæ.
At mare si lustres, visą́q vada aspera Nerei,
Inuenies nullum candidiore cute.

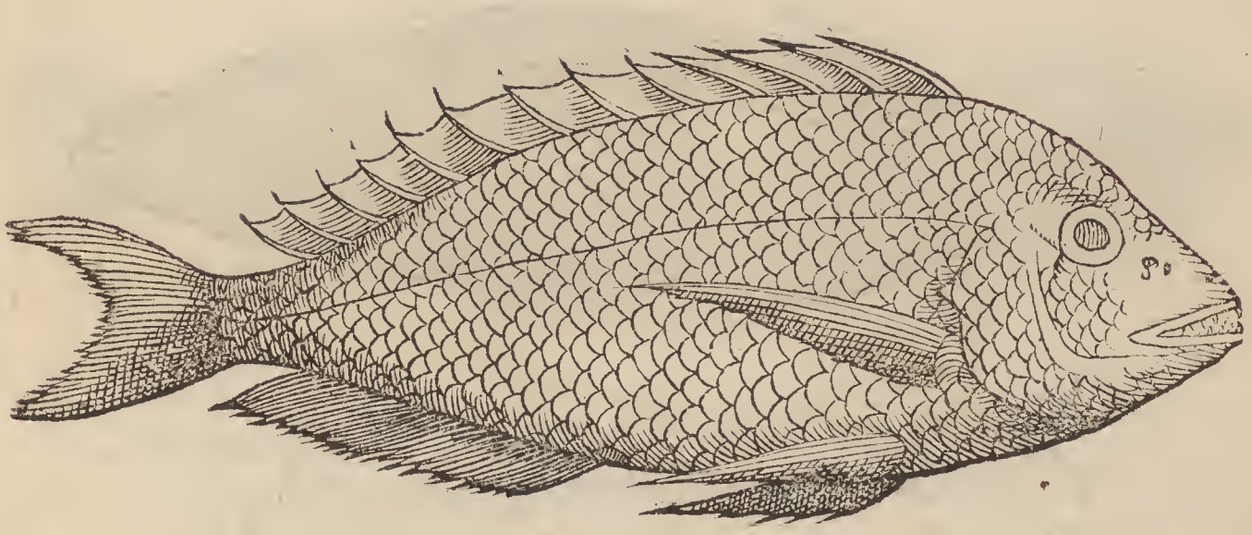
G

De Anthiæ tertia ſpecie.



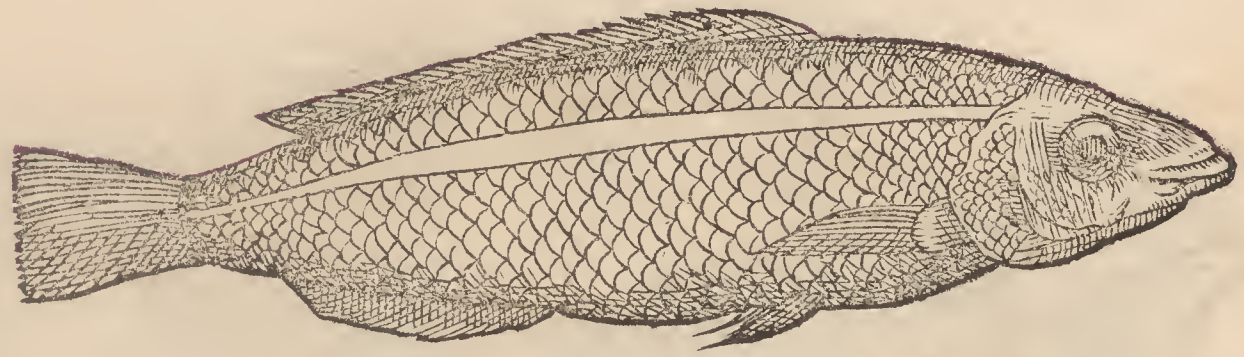
Partibus internis reliquis qui ſaxa frequentant
Hic par eſt, vario perſimiliſq; Scaro.
Carne autem tenera, & fragili, ſiccáq; videtur,
Guſtus enim hunc ſucci indicat eſſe boni.

De quarta Anthiæ ſpecie.



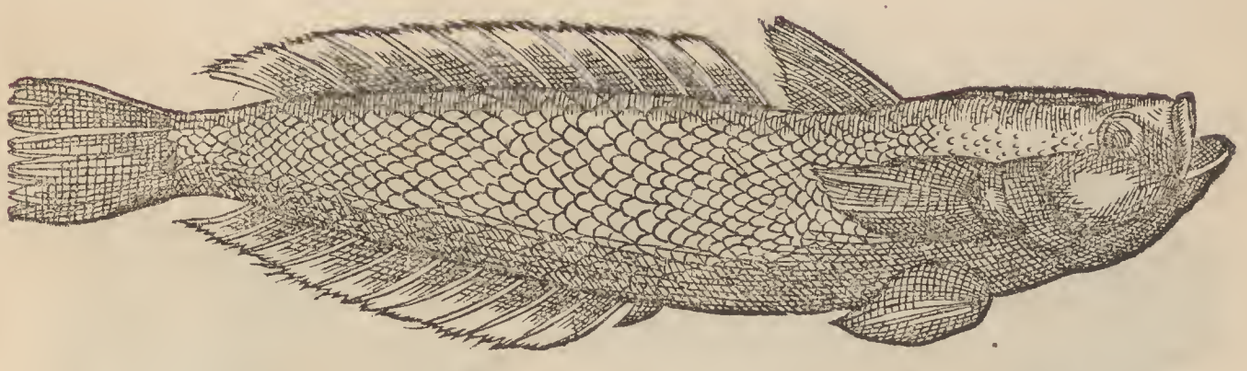
Εὐωπὸν *Graij hunc piſcem*, Αὐλωπόυλε *vocârunt*,
Quódque cauis oculis ſit, videátque procul.
Intendit cauitas radios nimirum oculorum,
Contrà fit ſi cui lumina promineant.

De Exocœto.



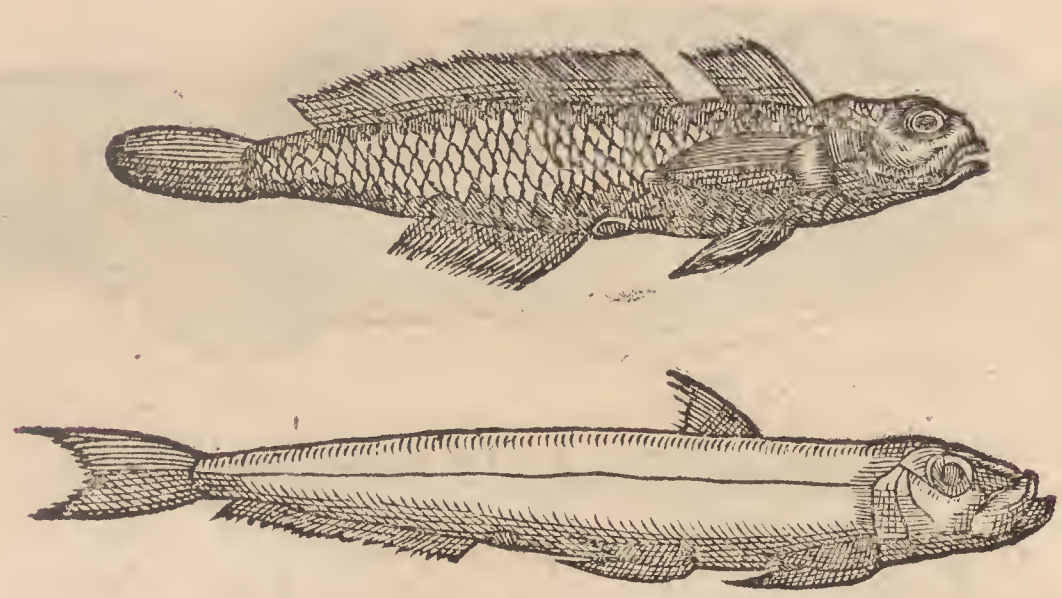
Ἄλλοιδ᾽ ἐξώκοιλον ἐφημίλιαν, ὕνεκα κοίτας
Ἑλὸς ἀλὸς τίθεῖ, μῦνος δ᾽ ἐπὶ χέρσον ἀμείβει.
Multi Exocœtum dicunt, quòd prosilit undis
In littus, sicca ponens Tellure cubile.

De Gobione.



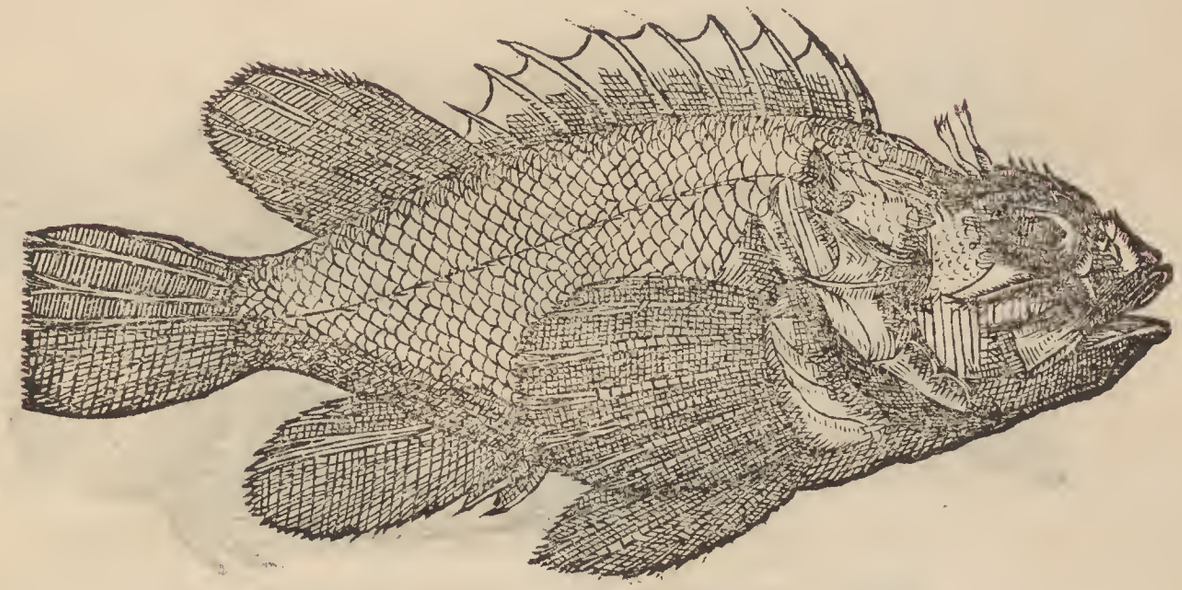
Gobius & muſcum, ſimul & depaſcitur algam,
In qua ſæpè etiam nidificare ſolet.
Eſt autem carnis macræ, atq; friabilis idem,
Ergò illi eſt ſucci copia pauca boni.
Inter ſaxa tamen verſantem, carne Diocles
Iudicio mollem rettulit eſſe ſuo.

De Gobione nigro & albo.



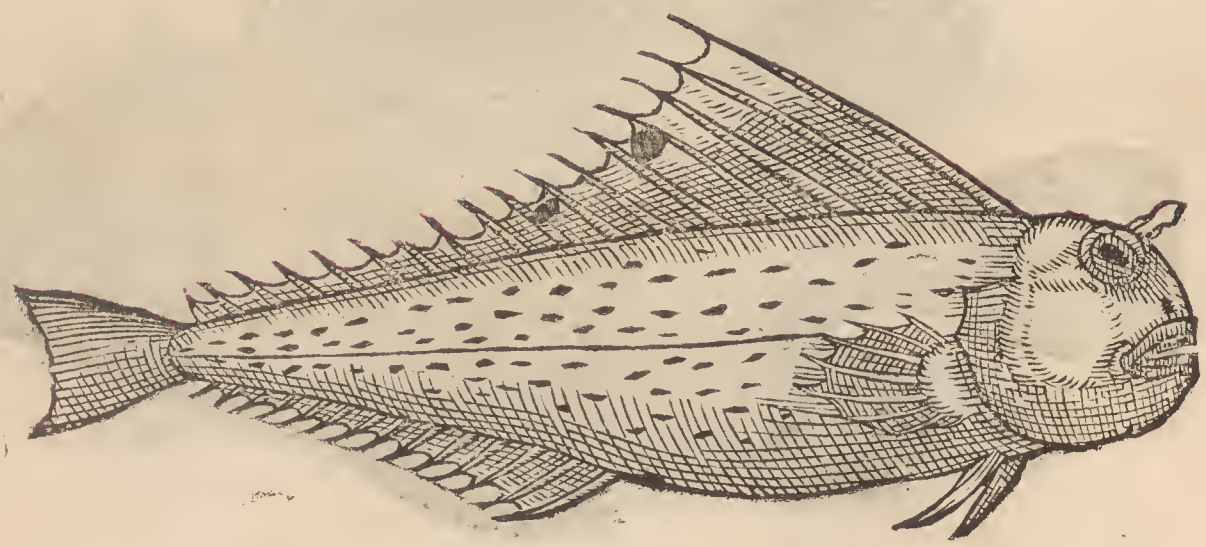
Gobius obſcuro perfuſus membra colore
In ſaxis viuit, littoribúſq; maris.
Hunc fere ſordicie capitur cœnóq; refertus,
Nam ſubigit ſordes, inficiturq; luto.
Albus enim eſt alius, qui quamuis corpore paruus,
At reliquis cedit non bonitate tamen.
Accedunt Percis, ex his paruiq; coquuntur
Perfacile, & nullo tempore virus olent.

De Scorpio & ſcorpænna.



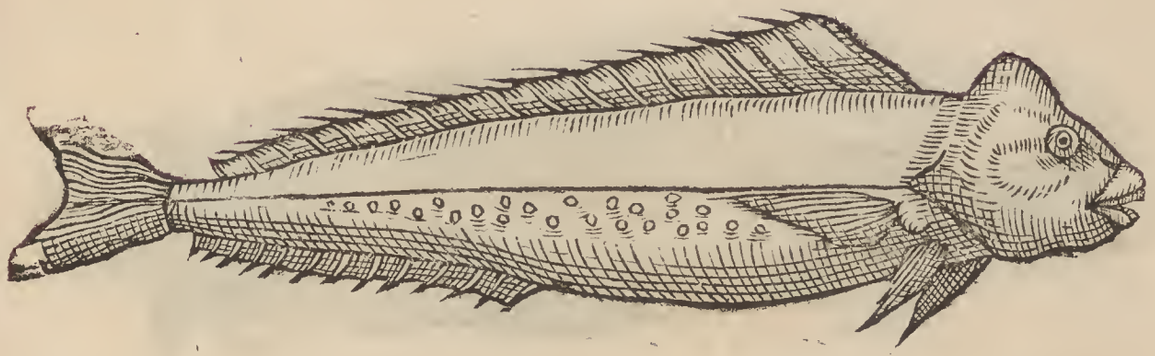
Scorpius ex tenui elixus ſumatur aceto,
Aſſus enim ſemper durior eſſe ſolet.
Iure aluum ſoluit, vino coctúſq; meraco
Contrà fit panos vtilis impoſitus.
At Scorpæna quidem effigie non diſtat ab illo,
Nam ſolo diſpar vna colore ſuo eſt.

De Scorpioide.



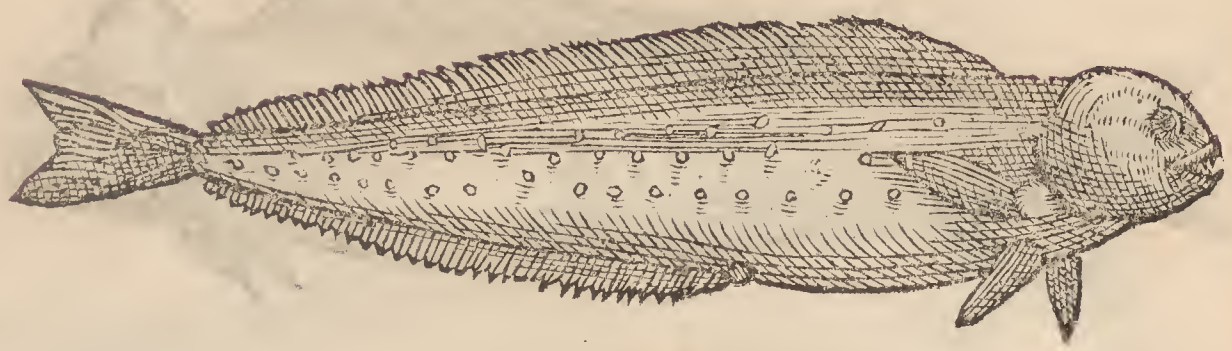
Haud longè à dicta nobis hic distat Alauda,
Et læuore cutis, carnibus & proprijs.
Nanq; eadem dicas quòd sit substantia carnis,
Et mucco, & salsa in littore, viuit aqua.

De Galerita.



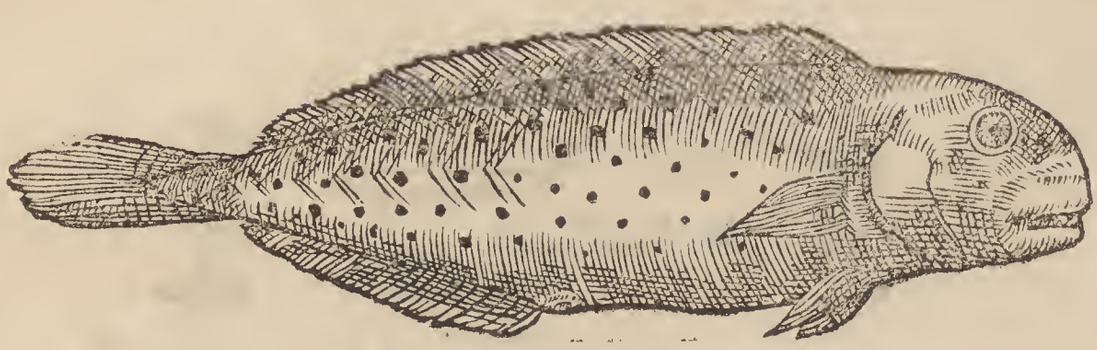
Hîc tibi cristatam quam nos monstramus Alaudam
Carne quidem molli sed minimi precij est.
Nam cum mole sua digitum non amplius unum
Excedat, vel eo nomine spreta iacet.

De Alauda non criſtata.



Et mucco hæc Aphyis, & ſalſis veſcitur vndis,
Eſt quoq; nullius, vel precij exigui.
Empetron ad pella, ſaxis nam ſe abdit, acuto
Vt petiit nantum mordicus ore pedes.
Sic quos ſæpè timet, ſæpè hos inimica fatigat,
His ea in inſidias vtitur inſidiis.

De Pholide.



Totus perpetuò hic piſcis mucco ſcatet vdo,
Hinc valde mollis temperie eſt propria.
Rarò ergò veniet noſtræ hic in fercula menſæ,
Si ſpituita mihi fortè moleſta ſiet.

De Aphya vera.

Ex ſpumis Aphya, & limo plerunque creatur,
Hæc ideóq; Ἀφρὸς fertur Ariſtoteli.
Vt citò nata fuit, citò ſic quoque nata fatiſcit,
Piſcibus eſtque etiam præda frequénsq; feris.
Mollis et tenuiſq; caro, paruæ indiga flammæ,
Hinc illud graiis dictum, ἰδὲ πῦρ ἀφύη.
In vili præcio eſt, flatus & gignit inanes,
Et ſucco humectat corpora noſtra ſuo.

De Aphya Cobite.

Ex Gobionum procreatur ſemine
Hic paruulus piſcis vocatus Cobites,
Exilibus nimirum iiſce ex Gobijs,
Qui paruuli, vileſq; ſunt: proin paruulis
Ex piſcibus ceù procreatus conſtitit,
Sic Gobiones procreare ex ſe quoque,
(Ni procreandi fortè vim illis eximas)
Pares ſibi, eiuſdémq; naturæ poteſt.
Cum cæteris ſuccum grauem dat corpori.

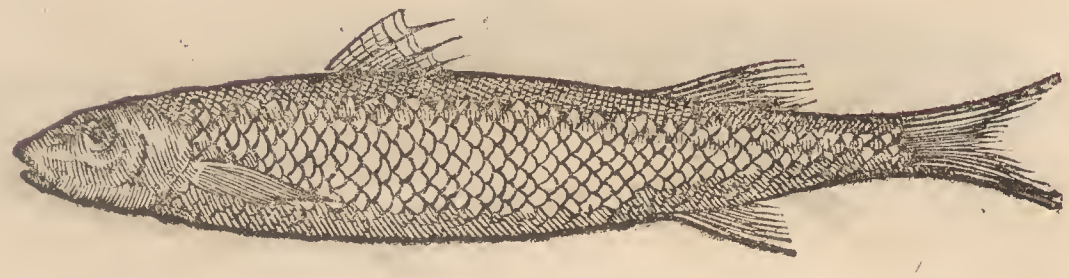
De Enchraſicolis.

Heus Enchraſicolos ſi quis tibi mittat, amarum
Tolle caput, multum fellis enim illud habet.
Conſuêrunt ſale condîri, inq; garum reſolutos
Aſſeruant, veterum mos fuit iſte frequens.
Nonnulli crudos etiam cum oleo, atq; ſelino
Mandunt, ô quantùm eſt ingenioſa gula.

De Aphya phalerica.

Sardinis forma accedit pinguedine mira,
Supplet nanq; vicem in Lampade sæpè olei.
Mollis enim est, digitis crebróq; liquescit in ipsis,
Larga etiam hunc vilem copia sæpè facit.

De Aphya Mugilum.



Credit Aristoteles fœturam hunc Mugilis esse,
Fit quoque is è limo terræ, & arena etiam.
Exiguus verò est, si nescis, piscis: habetur
Proptereà à multis exiguo in precio.

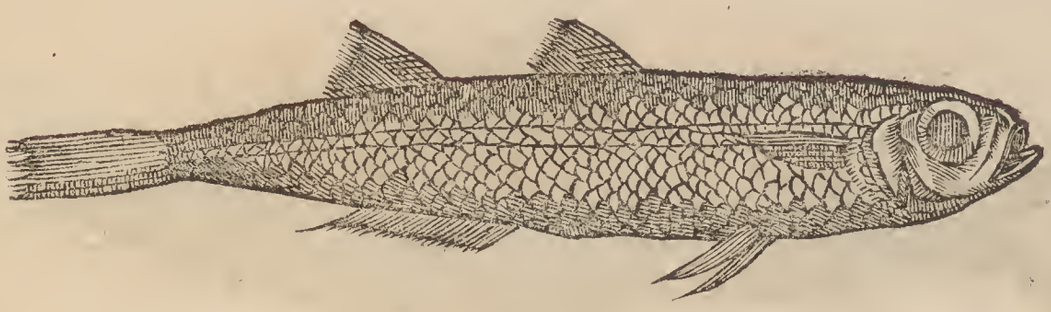
De Belenno.

Quod capiti adiicitur, toto de corpore demptum eſt,
Nanq; caput piſcis grande Belennus habet.
Inſipidæ vdæq; eſt carnis fatuiq; ſaporis,
Nec poterit ventri, hinc nec placuiſſe gulæ.
Eiuſdem cinerem renum medicarier aiunt,
Veſicæq; malis, atterere & lapidem.

De iis qui Ἔψηφοι vocantur.

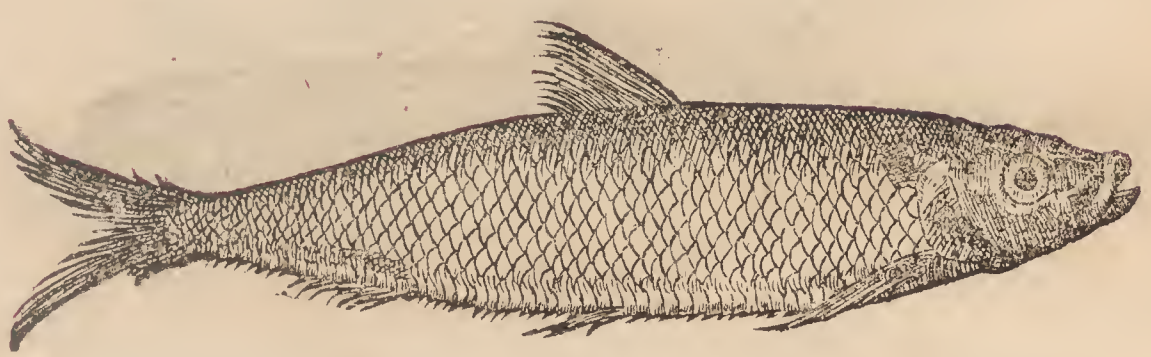
Pisciculo Hepseto sunt lumina magna tributa,
Piscibus anne alijs plus videt? anne minus?
Nimirum peiora solent maiora videri,
Si verum, Hepsetus non satis ipse videt.

De Atherina.



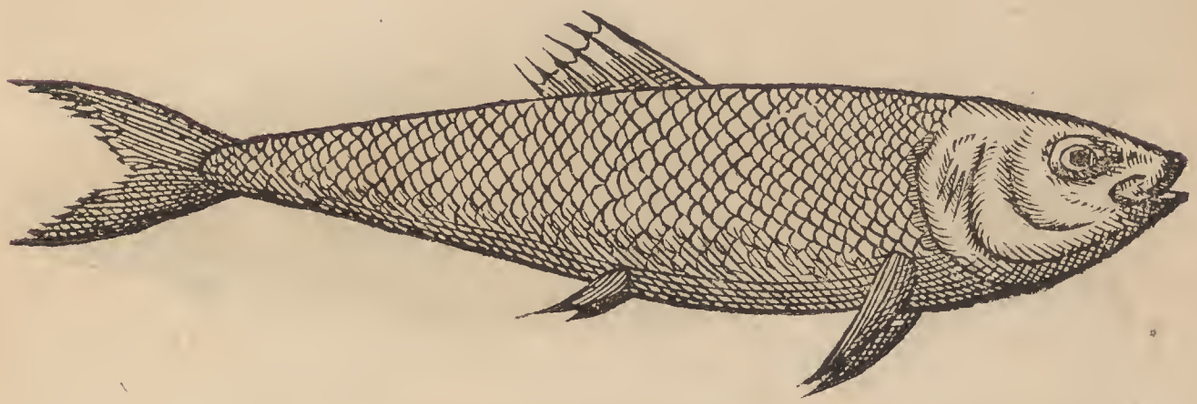
Carne ſatis ſicca vt media eſt Atherina, nocentes
Nec gignit flatus, nam facilè excoquitur.
Hinc ſuerunt medicorum aliqui præſcribere coctam
Hanc cum oleo ægrotis, ſic nocet eſa nihil.

De Sardinis.



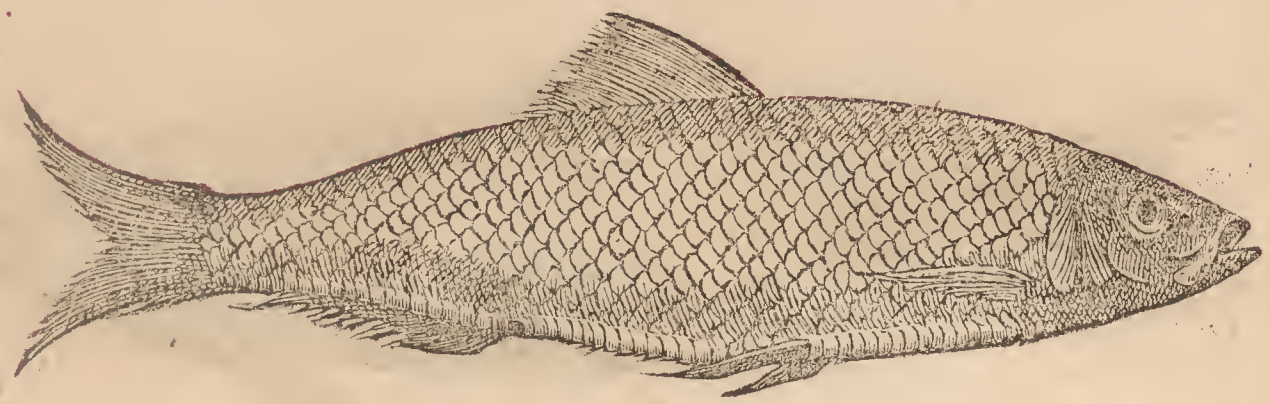
Cum muria Sardina duos ſeruatur in annos,
Fitq; garum hinc, toto corpore felle caret.
Quare aliqui cum oleo & ſale, purgata integram in olla,
Craticula vel eam ſi voluêre coquunt.

De Membrade.



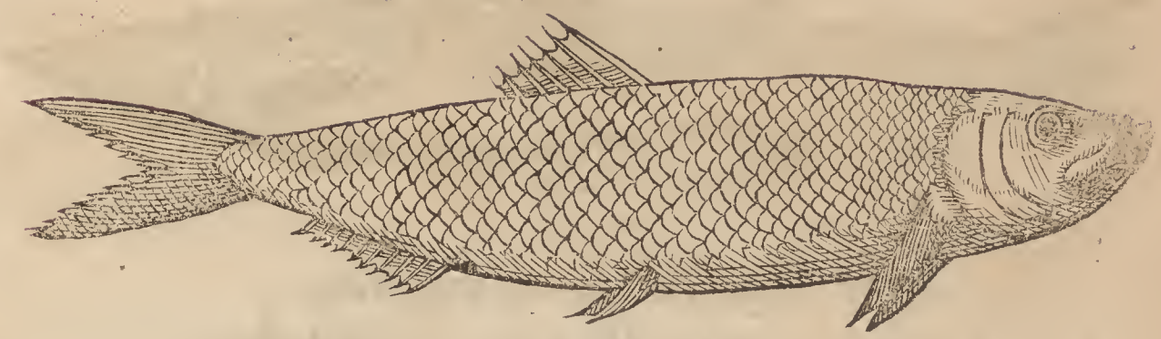
Membrades exiguis ſimiles cenſentur Aloſis,
Sunt & Sardinis effigie ſimiles.
Gallis eſſe putat dictos vulgò Celerinos
Rondletus princeps in maris hiſtoria.
Hanc quoq; formam illis ſolers adpinxit, eo fit
Lectorem vt firmet res adaperta magis.

De Thriſſa.



Thriſſa boni ſatis eſt ſucci, cum pinguit: ori
Nec ſtomacho ingratum, nec nociturum epulum.
Scilicet vt patrias ſedes, pontumq́ reliquit,
Dulcíq́ innat aqua, nam ſatis illa placet.

De Harengo.

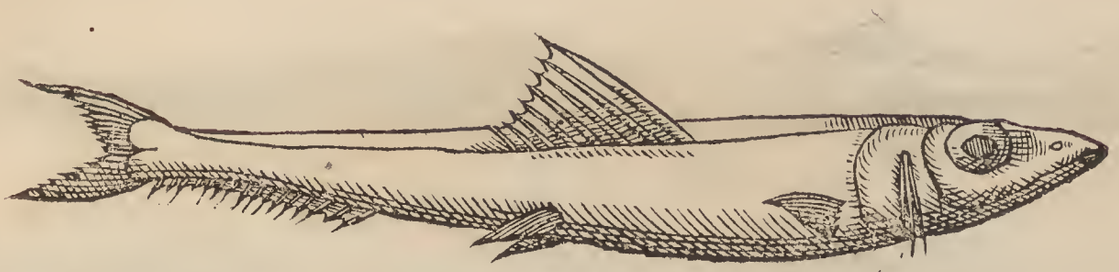


Condîti muria totum ſeruantur in annum.
Indurant fumo ſæpè etiam hos aliqui.
Tum leuiter paßi prunas manduntur, orexim
Nanq; mouent, fumo quis prius hoſce dedit?

De Sphyrænæ prima ſpecie.

Σφύραιναι δολιχαὶ ſunt ſiccæ ſuntq; ſuaues,
Perſimiles carnes his vel Aſellus habet.
Ceſtras atq; Sudes dicunt, de nomine nuſquàm,
Sed potius de ipſis lis mihi rebus erit.

De Sphyræna parua.



Altera ſuccedit forma Sphyrena priori,
Mollior at multò eſt carnibus ipſa ſuis.
His qui ſaxa colunt maiori ex parte propinquat,
Grata magis ſit eo nomine crede mihi.

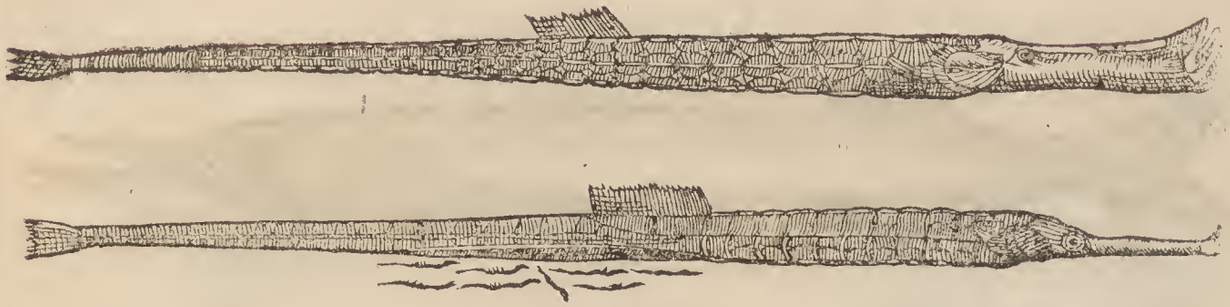
De Acus prima ſpecie.

Carne Raphis dura & ſicca eſt, tamen eſa benignum
Producit ſuccum, at non facilè excoquitur.
Ergò ventriculum fuerit ſi nacta potentem,
Quis dubitet quin det tum ſolidum illa cibum?

De eadem.

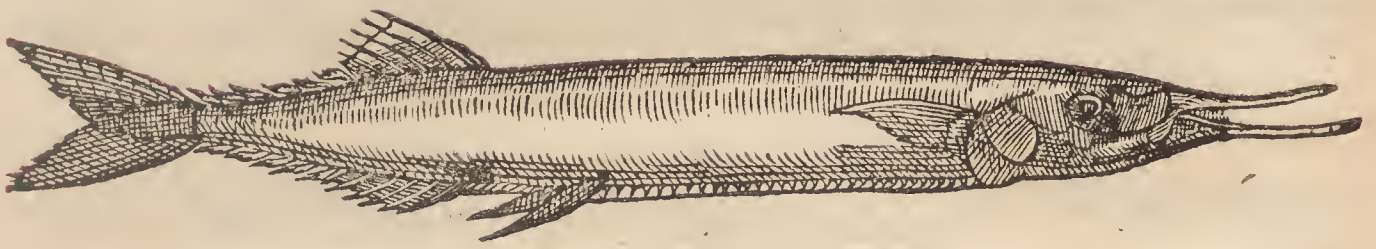
Carne Raphis ſolida & dura eſt, ægréq; domatur
Coctura, ſucci ſed tamen vſq; boni eſt.
Si ſiet ergò ſemel ſtomachum virtute valentem,
Et calidum ventrem nacta potenter alet.

De Acus ſecunda ſpecie.



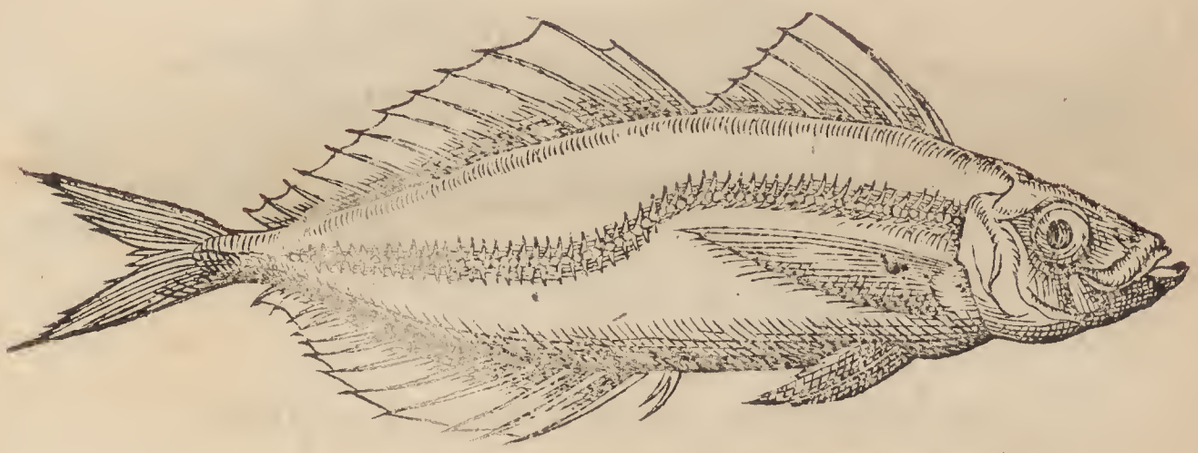
Cortice vellatur duro, miniméq; probatur,
Quòd toto minimum in corpore carnis habet.
Tam verò firmũ eſt tergus, validúmq; bipennis.
Vix vt in id cæſim pulſa frequenter eat.

De Sauro.



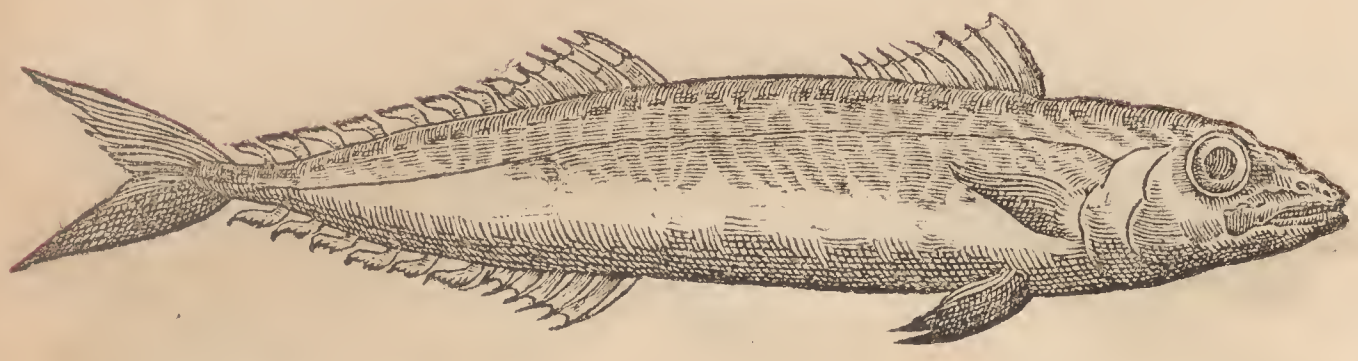
Carne ſua Saurus Scombris accedit, & omni
Parte illa, haud dubiè, poſteriore ſua.
Aſt Acubus roſtri effigie formáue propinquat,
Piſcem ergò his ſimilem, diſſimilémq; vides.

De Trachuro.



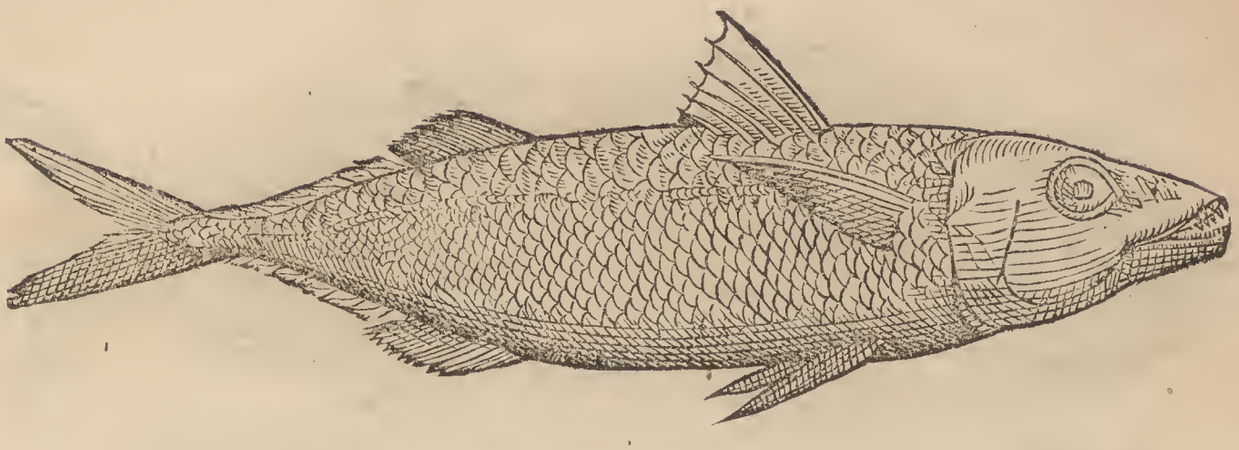
Scombri carne velut magis est caro sicca Trachuro,
Sic sanè haud æquè in ventriculo excoquitur.
Proin quoties tenerí fuerit mihi copia Scombri,
Non aliqua tanti parte Trachurus erit.

De Scombro.



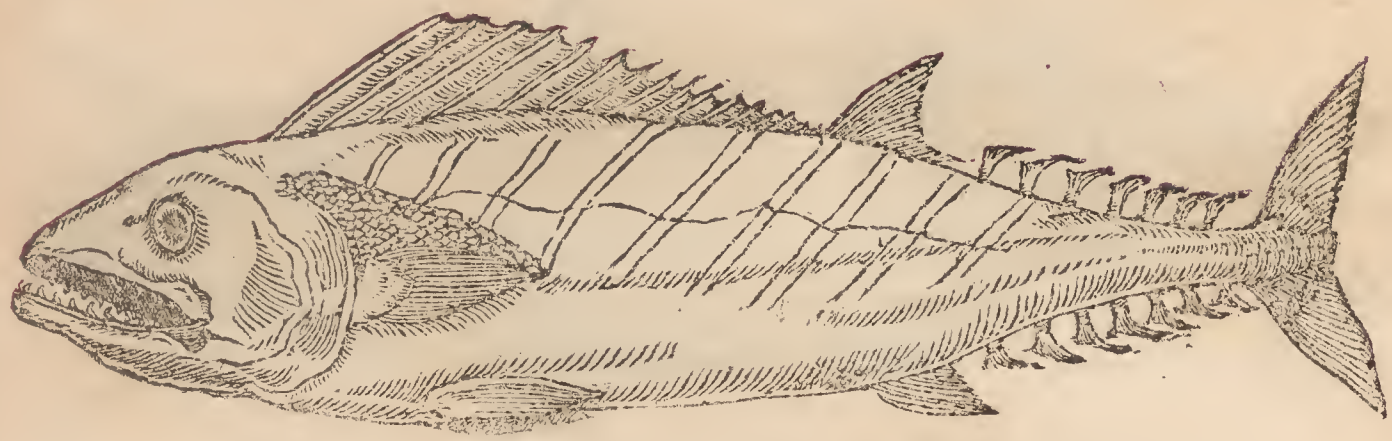
Vere quòd incipiant Scombri pingueſcere primo,
Vere apti fient illi ineunte gulæ.
Os nec enim lædunt, nec acutis guttur ariſtis
Offendunt, ſpinis hæc caret eſca malis.
Suauis adhæc, gratíq; aprili menſe ſaporis
Cenſentur, ſpretos nec niſi ſtultus habet.
Hos coquus ergò mihi ſi tum mediocriter aſſos
Cum butyro adponat, prætulerim reliquis.
Iudicium ſit cuiq; ſuum, ſua quiſq; ſequatur,
Vere mihi Scomber ſemper amicus erit.

De Colia.



Deterior Scombro Colias, quia durior illo eſt
Carne ſua Scomber pinguior & melior.
Proin Colian piſcem nemo vnquàm apponat edendum,
Quando mihi Scombri copia mollis erit.

De Amia.

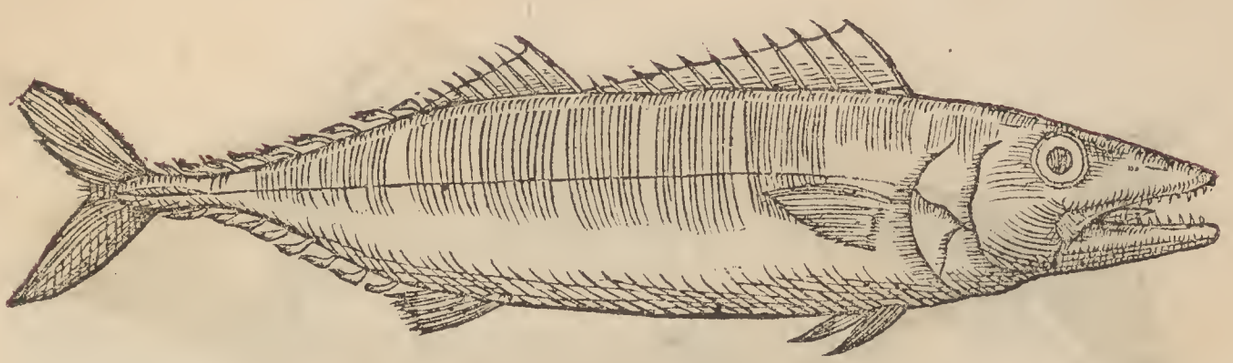


Inter eos pisces Amiam numerare memento,
Molles & qui sunt carne sua, & teneri.
Semper amabo Am am proin, mi ceu semper amicam,
Autumniq; magis tempore, quando valet.
Ecquis enim teneros pisces, succiq; probati,
Despiciat? nisi sit consilij omnis inops?

Opp. 3. ἁλιευτικων.

Λαψπραὶ δ' ἀμίαι, καὶ ἀλώπεκες, οὔτ' ἂν ἔχων δ',
Εὖθὺς ἀπ' ὦ στωλύδεσσιν ὑποφθαδόν, αἶψα ὃ μέσσῳ
Ὁρμιὴ ὑπ' ὀδοῦσι διέτμαγον, ἢ ὃ καὶ ἄκρας
Χαίτας, τ' ὄνεκα τῇσιν ἐχαλκεύσαντ' ἁλιῆες
Καλὸν ἐπ' ἀγκίστρῳ δολιχώτερον, ἄλγος ὀδόντων.
Sæpè Amiæ celeres, & Vulpes fraude reuincta
Præueniunt summas morsu confringere setas.
At piscatores longam, ex qua pendeat hamus,
Conficiunt virgam, dentes quæ arrosa retundat.

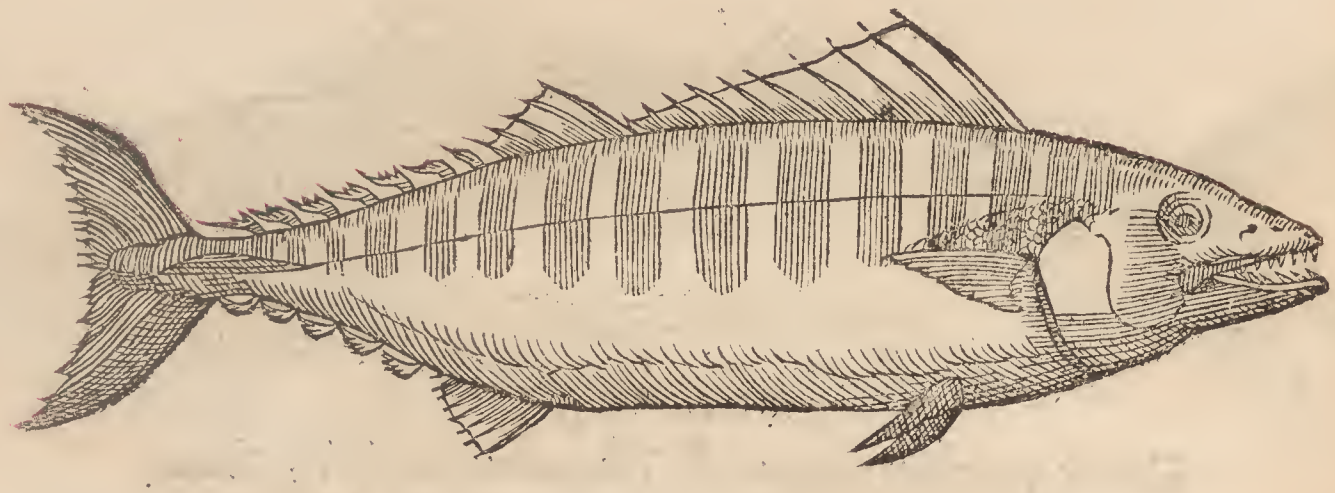
De Pelamyde vera ſiue Thunno Ariſt.



Carne quidem pingui eſt Thunnus paritérq; ſuaui,
Ergò quis ſucci hunc iudicet eſſe mali?
Poſt Autunnum fit melior, nam tempore ab illo
Deſiit oſtro omni membra grauante premi.

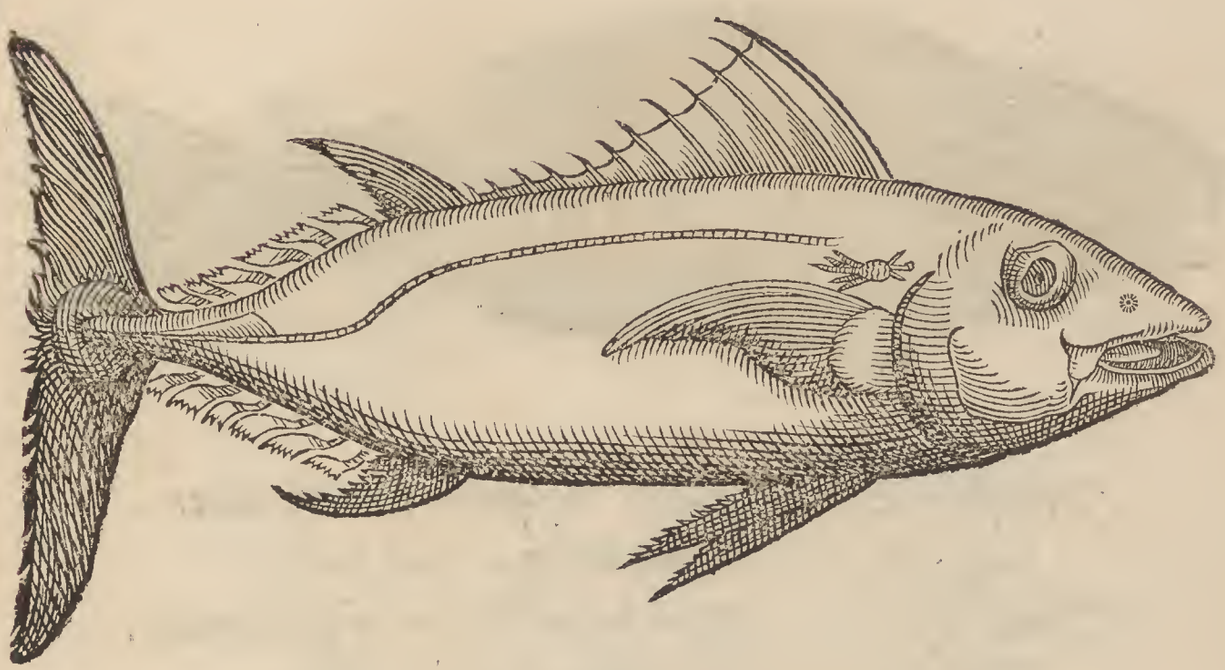
L

De Pelamyde Sarda.



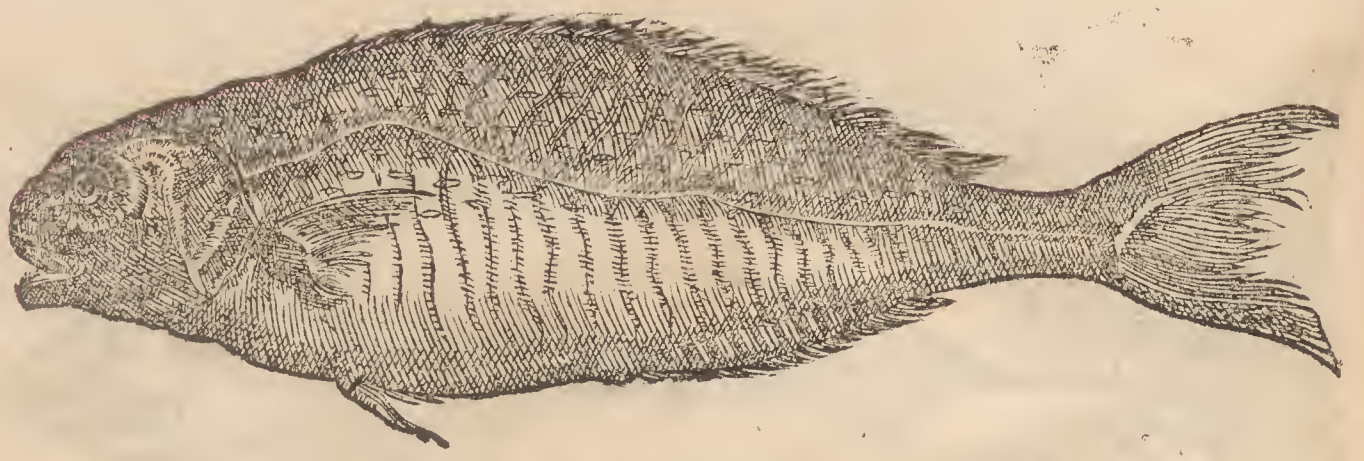
Pelamydi vera effigie, signisq; quibusdam
Accedit, verum est hæc bonitate minor.
At non pisciculum esse puta hunc, qui nomine Sarda est,
Esse mihi veterum Sarda negatur idem.

De Orcyno.



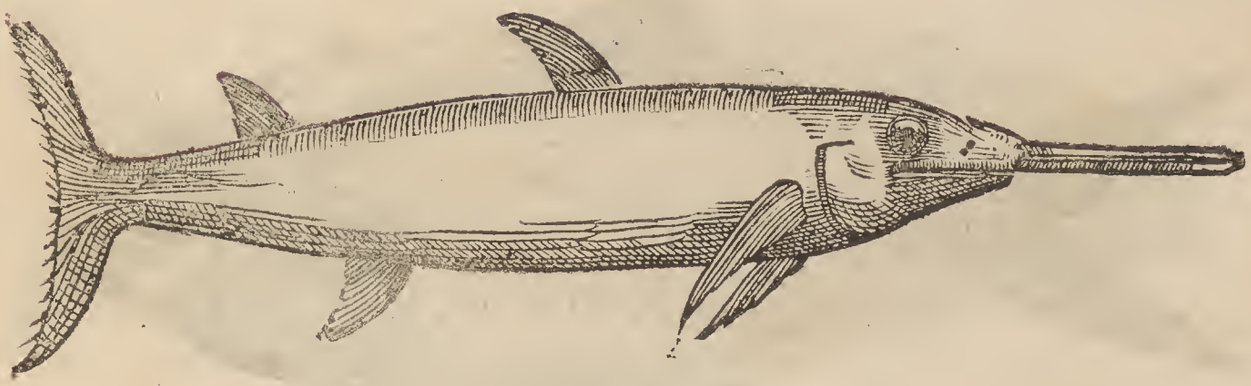
Orcynus piſcis durus, pinguíſq; ſapore eſt
Acris, adhæc ſucco & carne melancholicus.
Eſu Emorrhoidas mouet, an nigram quia bilem
Auget? an acrore id præſtat, agít ve ſuo?

De Pompilo.



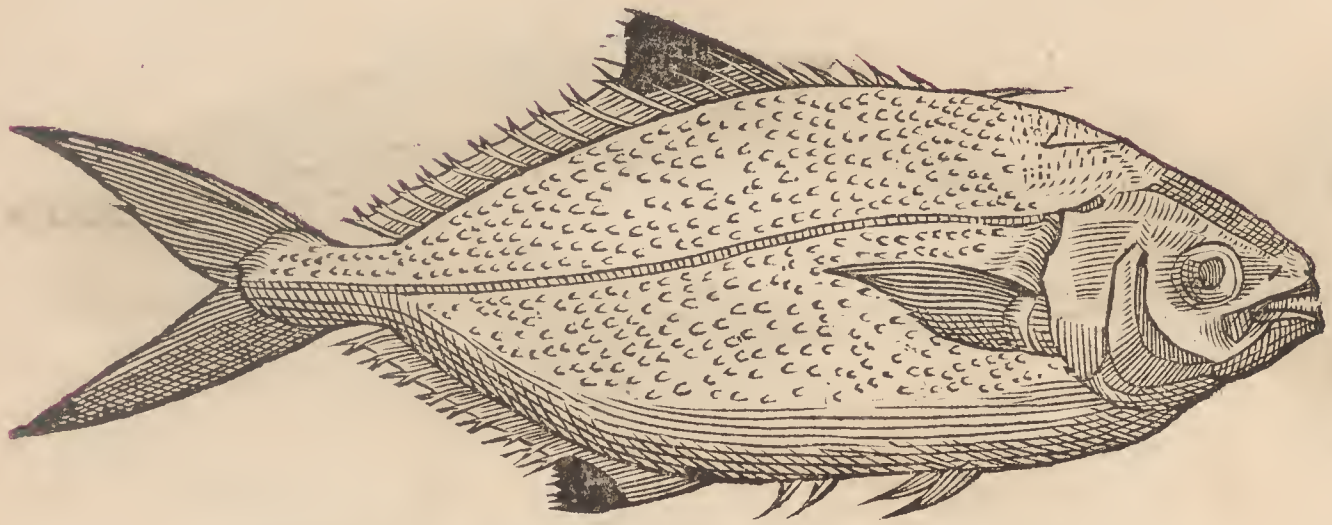
Pompilus Epopeo quanti nuſquàm emerat alter
Conſtitit, hic precium nanq; cruoris habet.
Traces enim dijs piſcem hunc Neptunóq; dicârant,
Dignaturq; ſacro nomine Callimachus.
Quid cauſæ? naues quoniam deducere ſuêrit
Ex pelago ad portus, & locum ad uſq; ſuum.

De Xiphia.



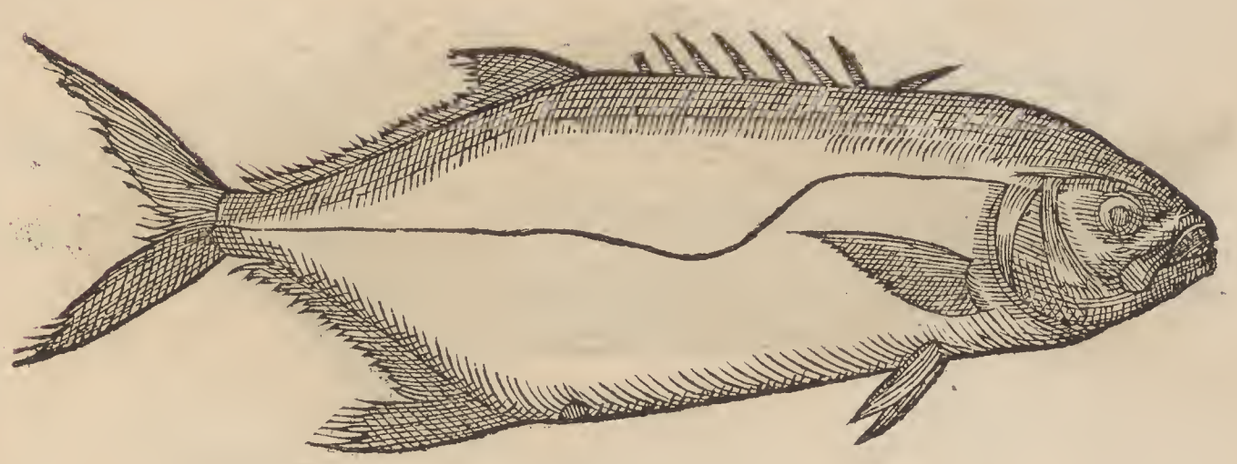
Candidiore sanè χιφίας quàm Thunnus habetur
Carne sua multò, nec bonitate caret.
Suauis enim vtcunq; est, coquitúrq; ingesta, sed ægrè:
At in ventre semel cocta, potenter alit.

De Glauco.



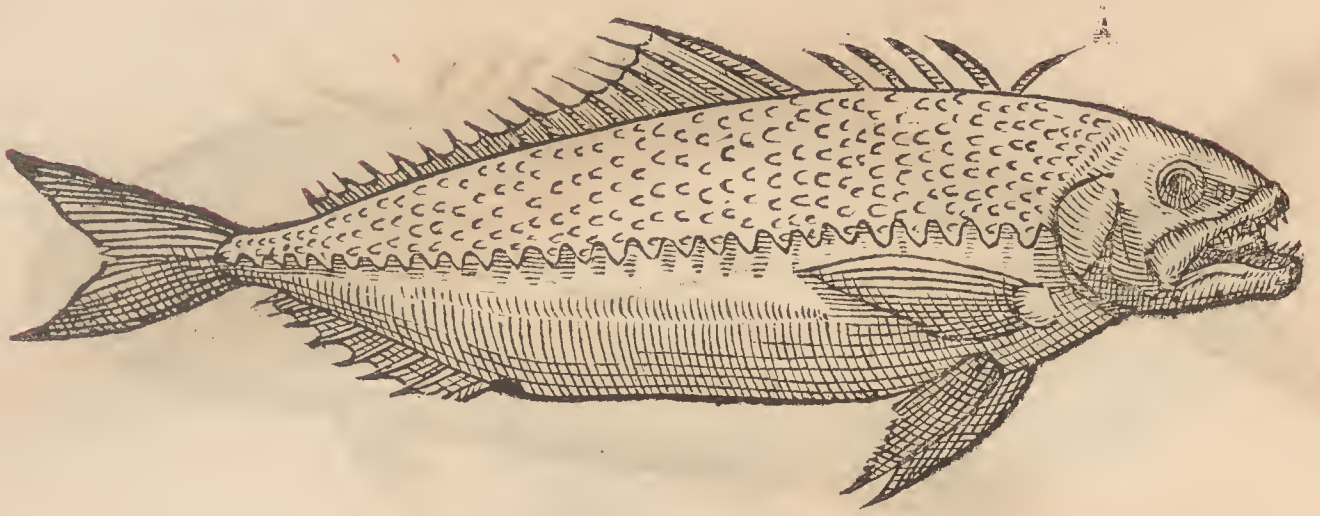
In natos Glaucus miro exardeſcit amore,
Dum ſolidi fiant, nanq; tuetur eos.
Nunc à tergo igitur ſequitur, nunc anteit omneis:
Certas pérq; vices adnat vtrumq; latus.
Alba caro pinguiq; illi eſt, eadémq; ſuauis,
Interiore ſua ſed magè parte valet.

De secunda Glauci specie.



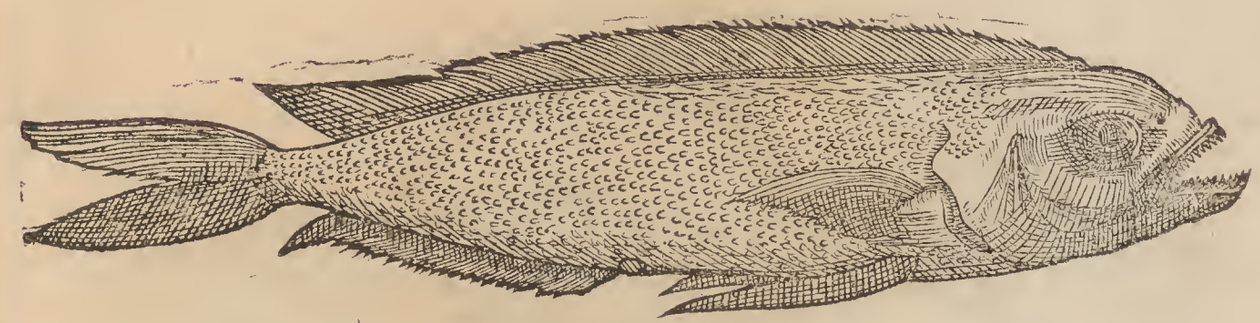
Γλαυκίδιον Glauci est species, quid distet ab illo
Disces, si spectes interiora etiam.
Hic septem in dorso spinas incuruat acutas,
Quæq; gerit nullo tempore tela videt.

De tertia Glauci ſpecie.



Cæruleo hic piſcis perfuſus terga colore,
Glauci etiam dictus nomine iurè fuit.
Carne autem eſt dura pinguiq́, ideoq́ ſuaui,
At veri iudex lingua ſaporis erit.

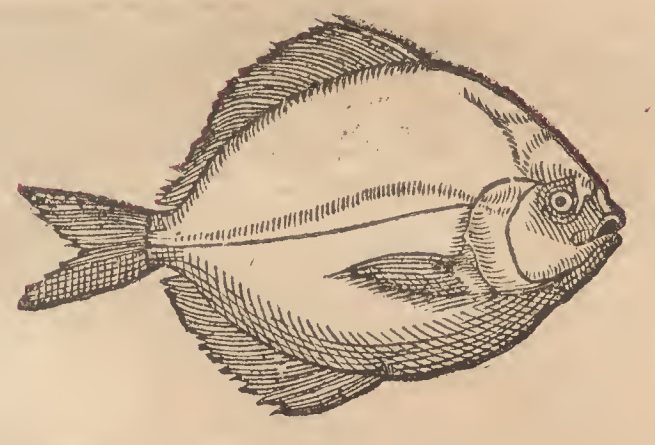
De Hippuro.



Ex minimis magnos confestim euadere pisces
Hippuros vera fertur in historia.
Sarcophagósq; aiunt, subitos & adesse periclis,
Quum ruit in mediis naufraga puppis aquis.
Persimiles multi subitò, atq; repente beati,
Cum fastu insultant, officiuntq; bonis.
Carne autem pingui piscis paritérq; suaui est,
Sed cum hæc, sicca siet difficilè excoquitur.

M

De Seserino.

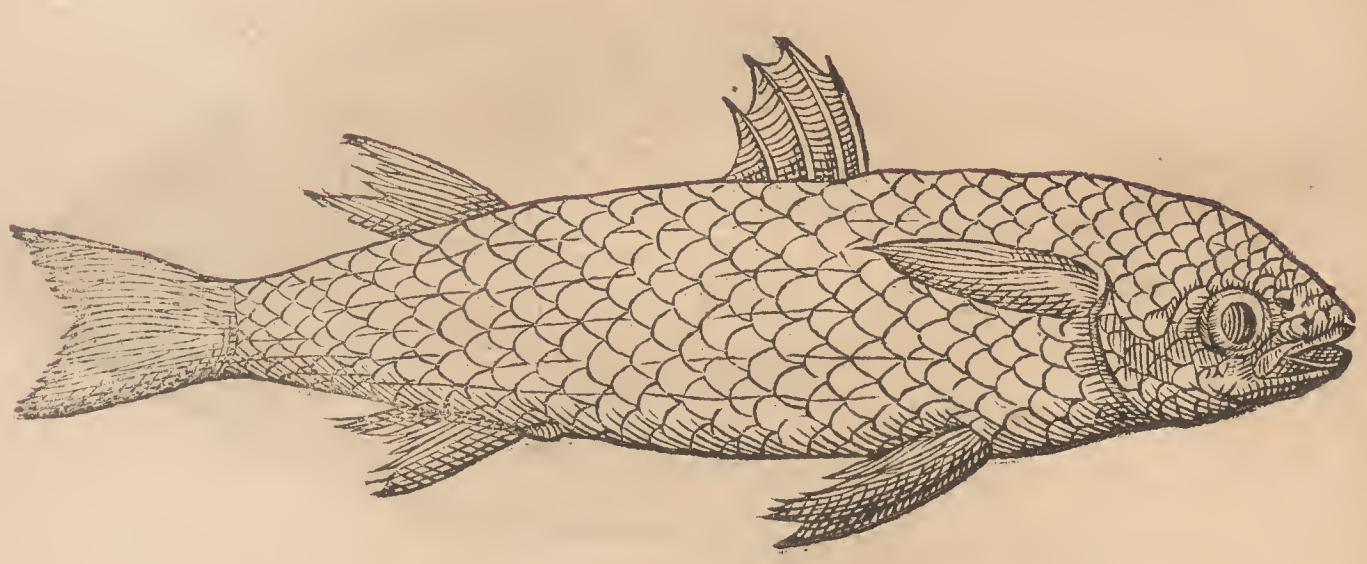


Inter cæruleos etiam hunc numerare memento,
Nam tegitur dorsi tergore cæruleo.
Inferiora color, velut aluum, argenteus ambit:
Vnius hæc vera est corporis effigies.
At Glauco pisci parte interiore propinquat,
Nimirum carne est suauis vterq; sua.

De Fiatola.

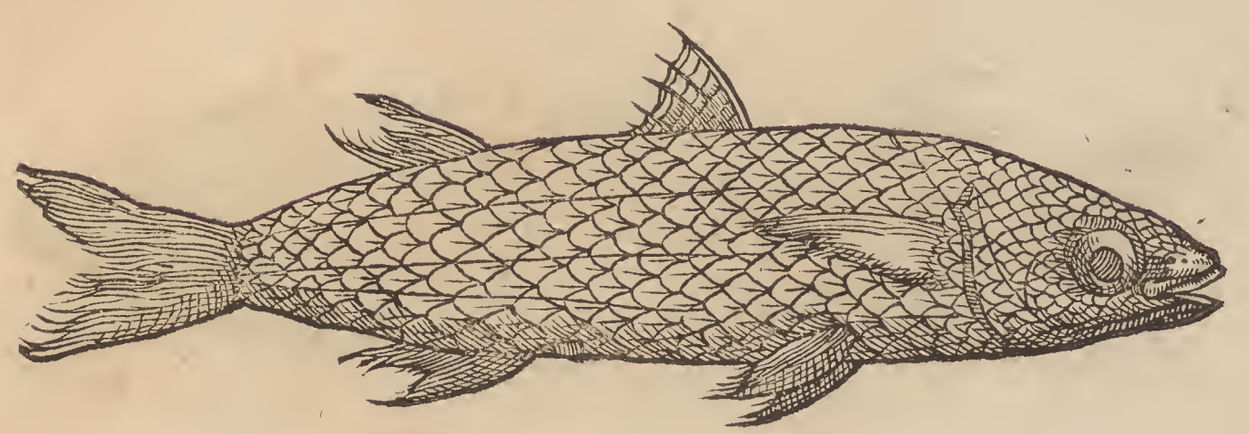
Piſcibus hic quoq; cæruleis adiungitur Vnus,
Cæruleo dorſi tegmine quo tegitur.
Candor ei Ventrem, tingit quaſi purpura labra,
Carne autem Glauco mollior ipſe ſua eſt.

De Cephalo.



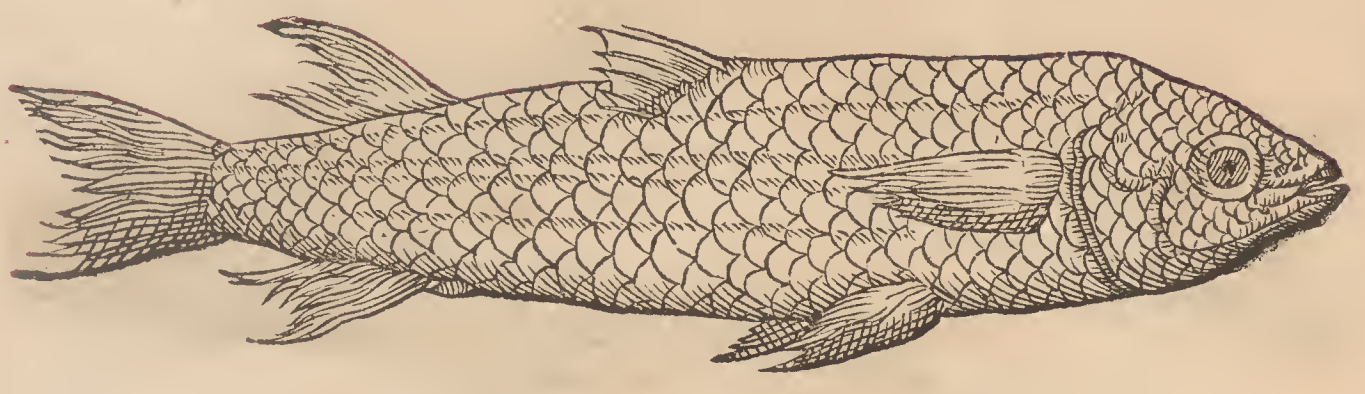
Tam Cephalus ſtupido ſenſu eſt, vt ſi caput abdat
Ex omni corpus parte latere putet.
Cœno & aquis viuit, cœni reſipitq; ſaporem
Coctus, iudicio nec valet ille meo.
O Cephale ô Capito, ſic nanq; vocabimus illum,
Cui caput & magnum, ſed ſine mente caput.

De Ceſtreo.



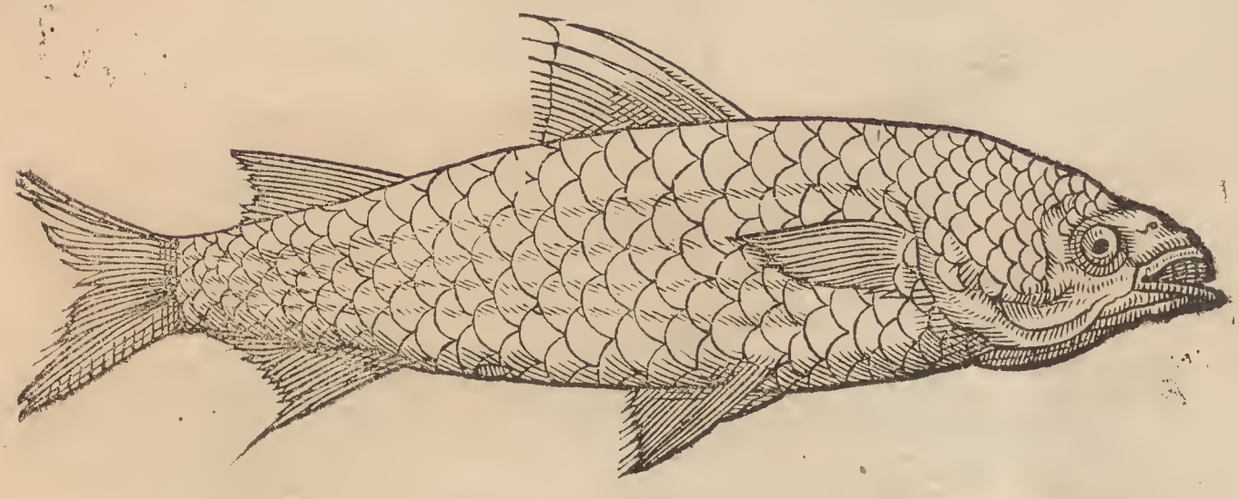
Ceſtreus eſt ipſi Cephalo forma effigieq́
Perſimilis, capite eſt hic breuiore tamen.
Huicq́ minus caro quàm Cephalo eſt & pinguis, & alba,
Sed paulò ipſi plus humiditatis ineſt.
Huius ventriculus furni ſiccatus ab æſtu,
Vel cinerem inuerſus, præſidium eſt ſtomacho.
Felle oculis (ſi quæ hos lædit ſuffuſio) confert,
Et gerit in cerebro pharmaca mira ſuo.
Nam quos reppereris lapides operatus in illo,
Nephritim excutient comminuéntue tuam.

De Myxone.



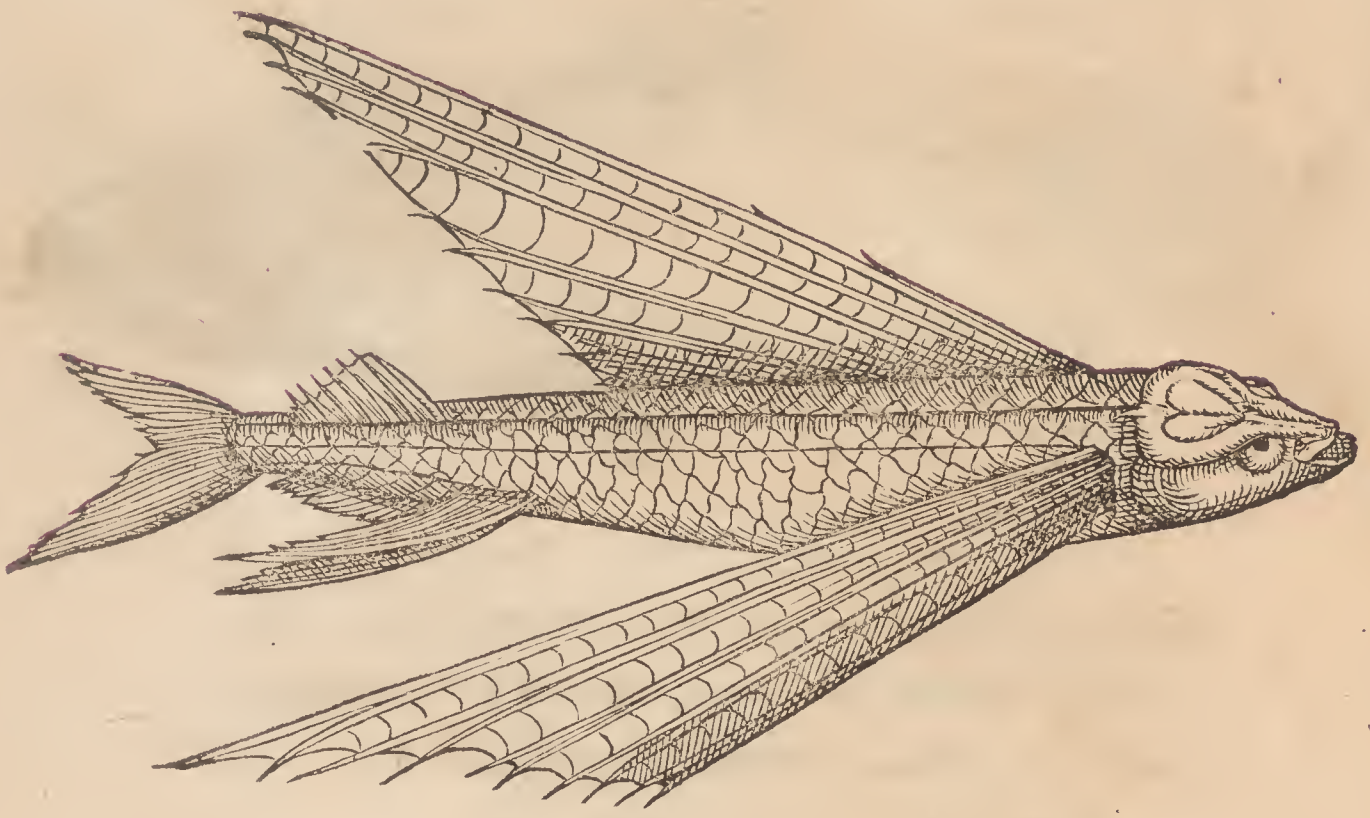
Accedit Myxon vultu, effigiéq; priori,
Et parte hic par est interiore sua.
Carne tamen magis est viscosa, proinde videtur
Ille mihi melior, præq; ferendus erit.

De Chelone.



Dicitur hic piſcis græcè χειλώντε, χελώντε,
Nam à craßis labris, nomine Labrus erit.
Accedit forma Cephalo, faciéq; ſed ille,
Ille, prior ſucci ſtat bonitate ſui.

De Mugile alato.

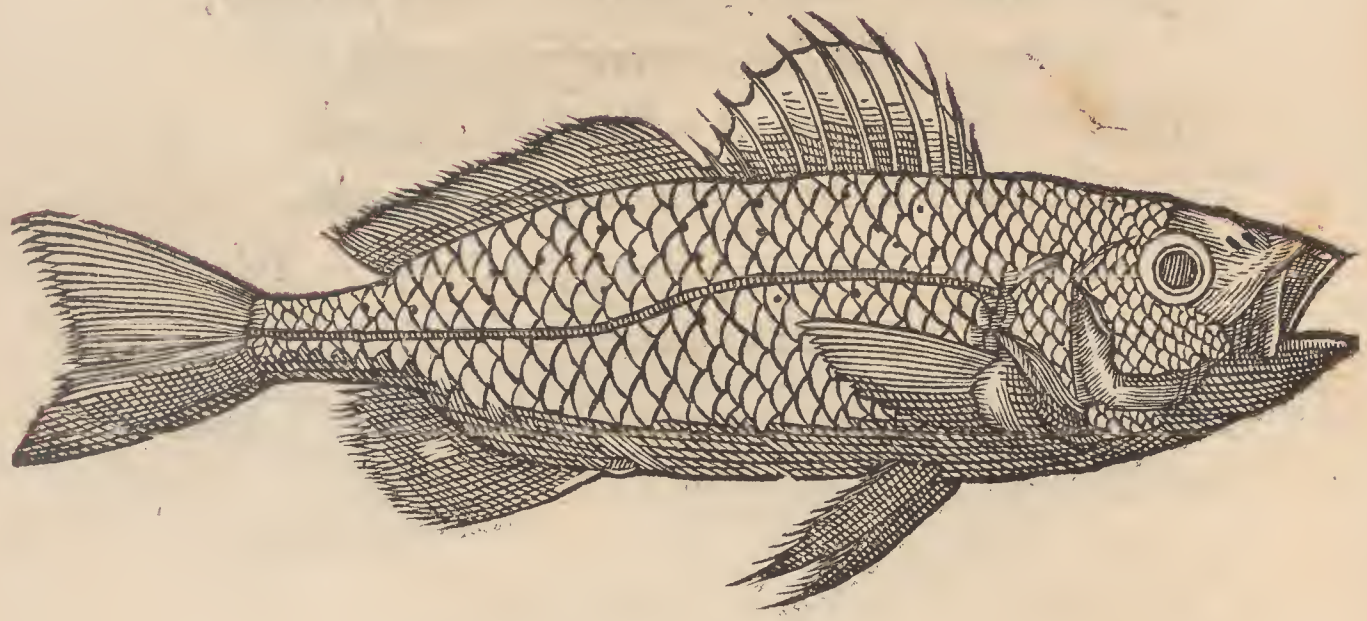


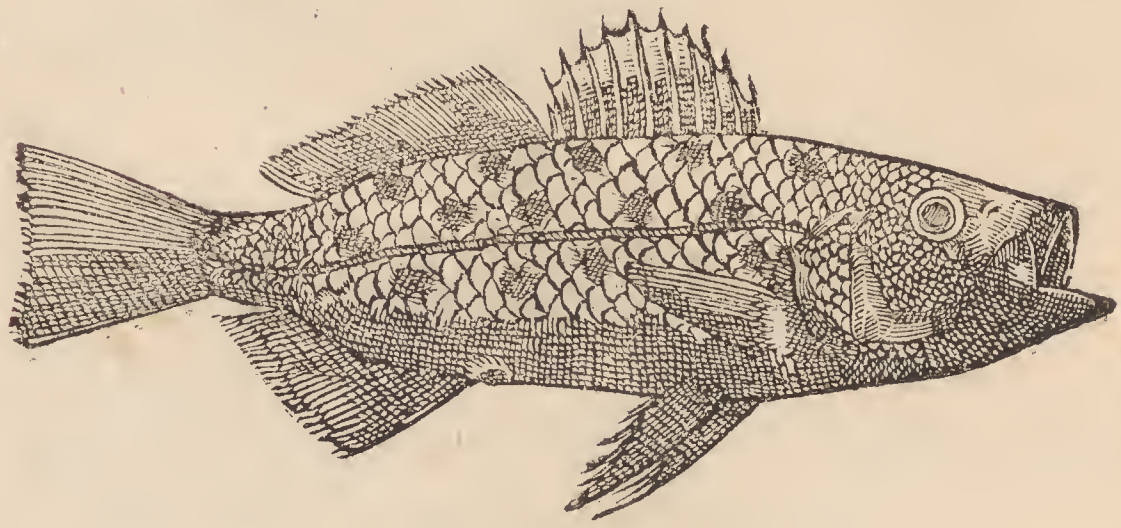
Prudentes fieri longa experientia rerum
Cogit, & vt non sint multa stupenda facit.
Quis flammam esse putet, quísue astra nisi illa videret?
Spectet & hæc oculis quóq; notétq; die?
Ast omnes homines cessant mirarier illa,
Sunt tamen hæc oculis mira videnda tuis.
Fortè etiam & pisces iam quis non dixerit esse
Aligeros: tangat ni digito hosce suo.

Si rerum abſtruſas ſpecies formáſq; videret,
Cuncta forent q; oculis conſpicienda ſimul,
Corde nimis tremulo ſe ſpectra videre putaret,
Somniaq; illa ſuis cernere ficta oculis
Sæpè velut ludens, in re Natura creanda
Producit miris multa videnda modis.

N

De Lupo.





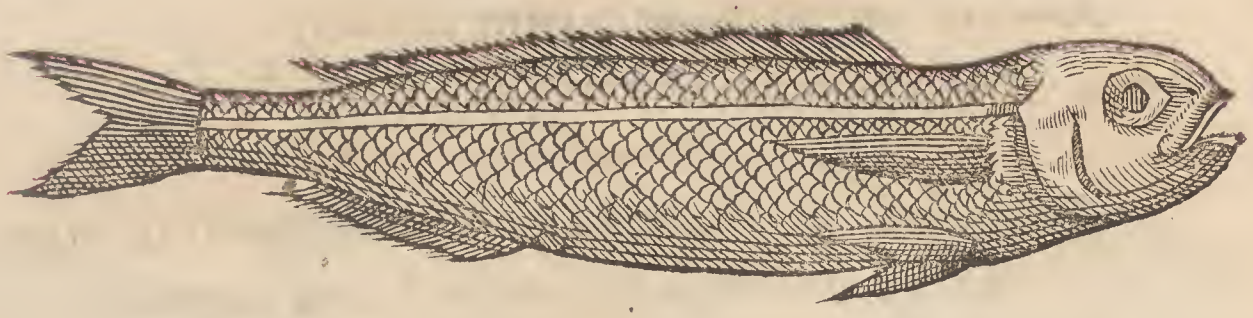
Albo ex iure Lupus, tenuiq; elixus aceto
Affectis adfert febribus auxilium.
Gignit enim tenuem ſuccum, ſanguenq; probatum,
Quandò caro ipſius perfacilè excoquitur.

Non galli iecori cedit, non anſeris hepar
Illius ſucci vel ratione boni.
Inuenies capitis duros in parte lapillos,
Qui renum duros comminuant lapides.

De vtroque Lupo.

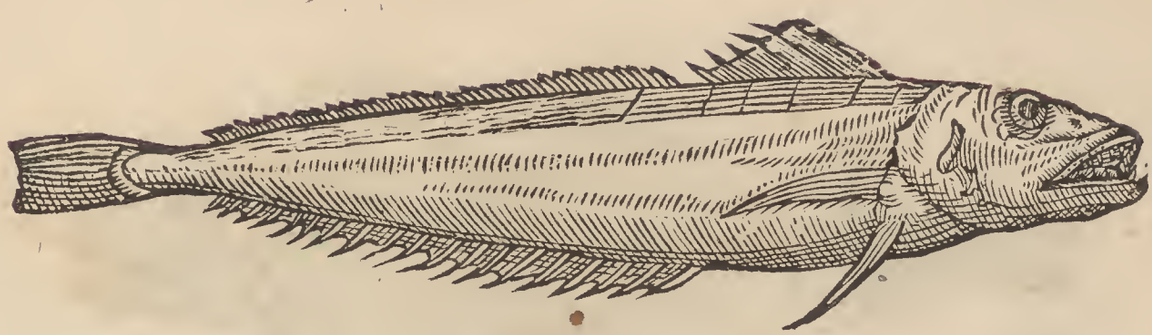
Carne quidem & cœno nonnunquàm viuit & alga,
Ore vorax auido & ſemper hiante Lupus.
Ingerit & Squillas, ſed ſpinis læſus acutis,
Quas alijs pœnas attulit, haſce ſubit.

De Lipari.



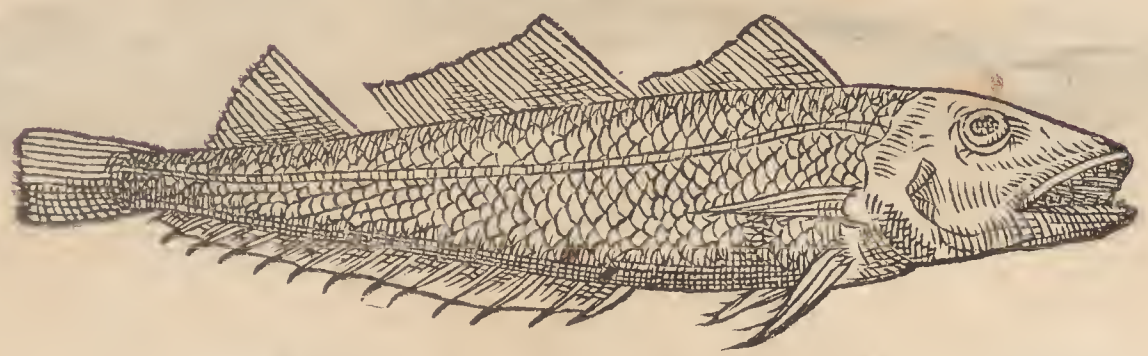
Sub cute pro carne hic totus pinguedine abundat,
Proptereà λιπαρὸς iurè vocandus erit.
Pingui ergò & molli ſucco, inſipidóq, mouebit
Sæpè aluum ingeſtus, ſæpè etiam & ſtomachum.

De Asello.



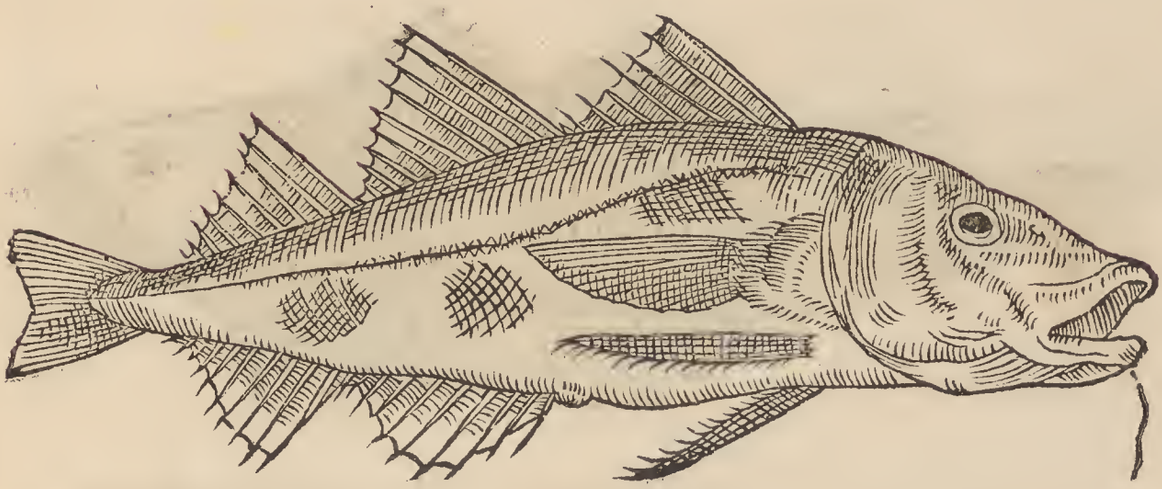
Non succi bonitate sui postfertur Asellus
Hus ferè per salsum qui mare saxa colunt.
Ille tamen modò sit puris nutritus in vndis,
Nec fuerint ventris praua alimenta sui.
Mixtis quòd si in aquis viuat, prauóq; alimento,
Quale quidem præbent stagna, lacúsq; maris,
Mollicies veluti carnis non abiicietur,
Sic lentor tota in carne videndus erit.
Non hinc iam has dices carnes, velut antè, suaues.
Nec recrementi parte carere mali.

De ſecunda Aſellorum ſpecie.



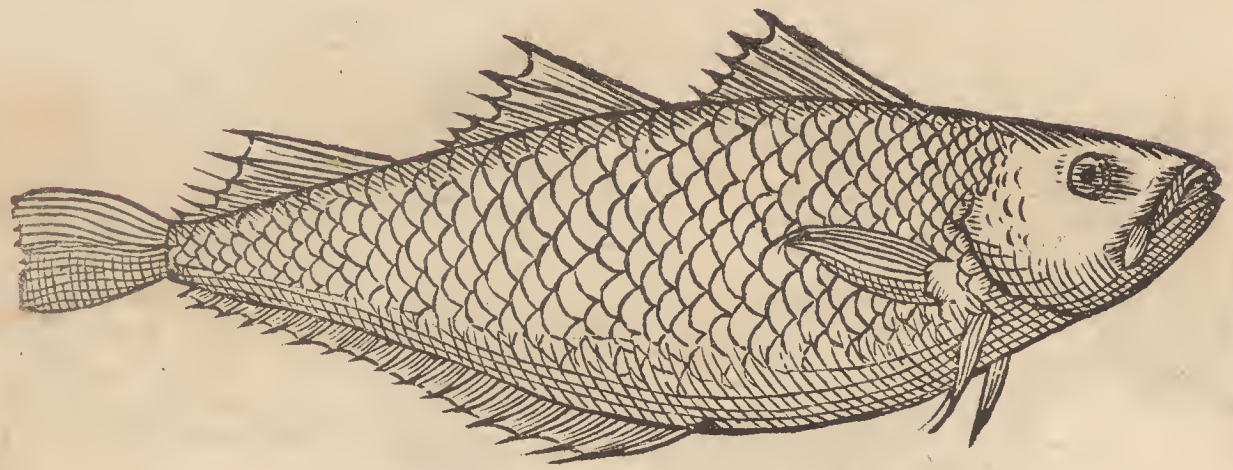
Merlanus carne eſt tenera atq; friabili, obidq;
Vt linguæ eſt gratus, ſic quoq; ventriculo.
Non minus hinc eſus ventrem ſtomachúmq; grauabit,
Quàm ſi de zona pendeat ille tua.

De tertia Aſellorum ſpecie.

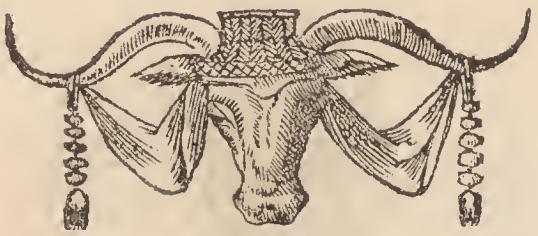


Hic quoque carne ſua tener atq; friabilis eſt, hinc
Vt linguæ eſt gratus, ſic quoq; ventriculo.
Iſti de mento appendix carnoſa videtur
Pendere, hic tibi eo nomine notus erit.

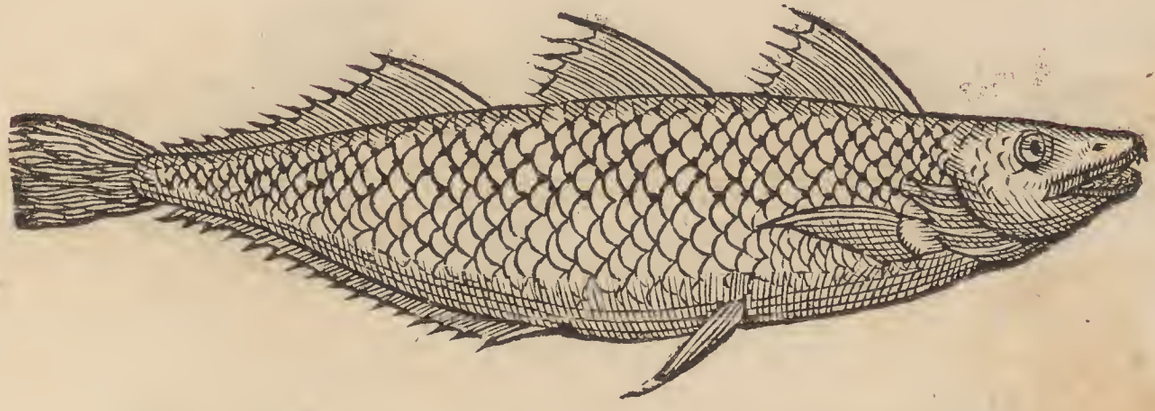
De quarta Aſellorum ſpecie ſeu Gobergo.



Carne magis dura hic conſtat quàm conſtet Aſellus,
Parte Aſino par eſt interiore tamen.
Duro tunditur vt poßit molleſcere fuſte,
Pauperibus ſiquidem conuenit iſte cibus.

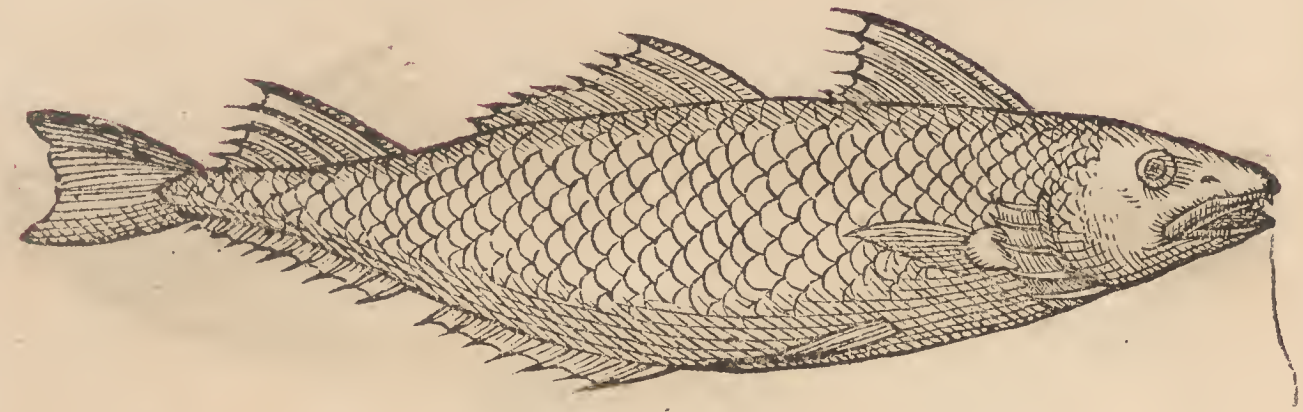


De quinta Aſellorum ſpecie.



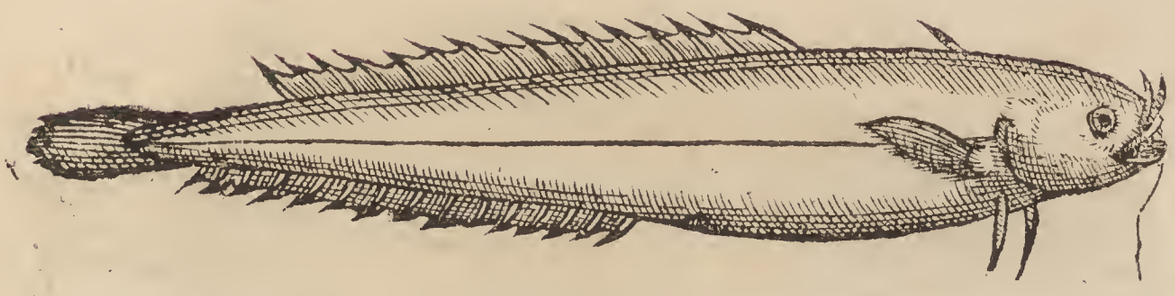
Haud dubiè accedit Leopardi forma Gobergo,
Internis Aſino partibus aſſimilis.
Maiorem eſſe puta Moluam ſi fortè videtur,
Nílq; obſtet: certè eſt lentus & iſte ſatis.

De Molua.



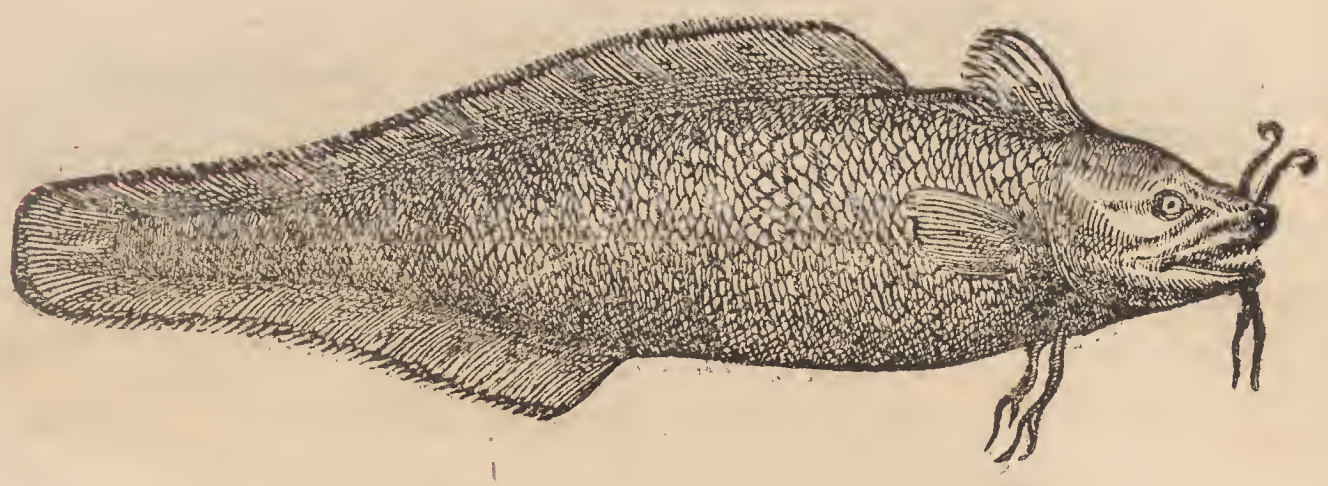
Molua recens carne eſt multò meliore ſalita &
Siccata, nam tum glutinis inſtar ea eſt.
Cum verò illa oculis minime proſpectet acutis,
Quid cauſæ? an magnis vis minor omnis ineſt?

De Muſtella vulgari.



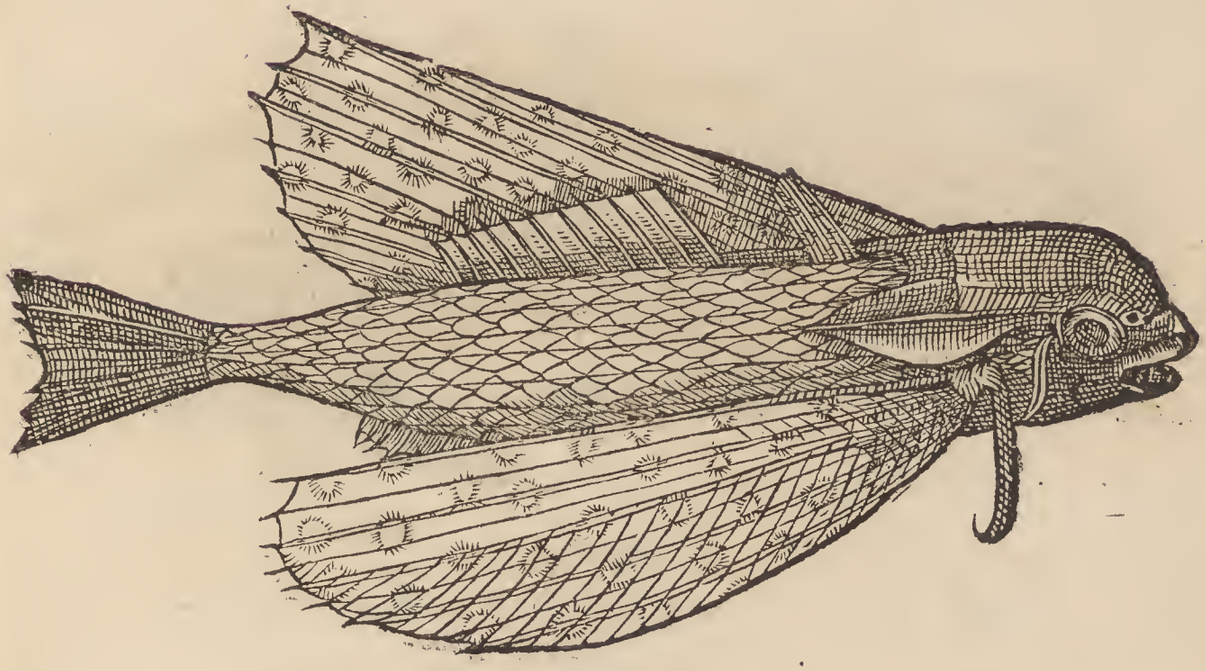
Hic quem vulgari Muſtellæ nomine dicunt,
Carne friabili & eſt & tenera ille etiam.
Felle caret, nonnunquàm etiam conceditur ægris,
Piſcem illi carnis ni melioris emant.

De Muſtella alia vulgari, ſiue Galea piſce.



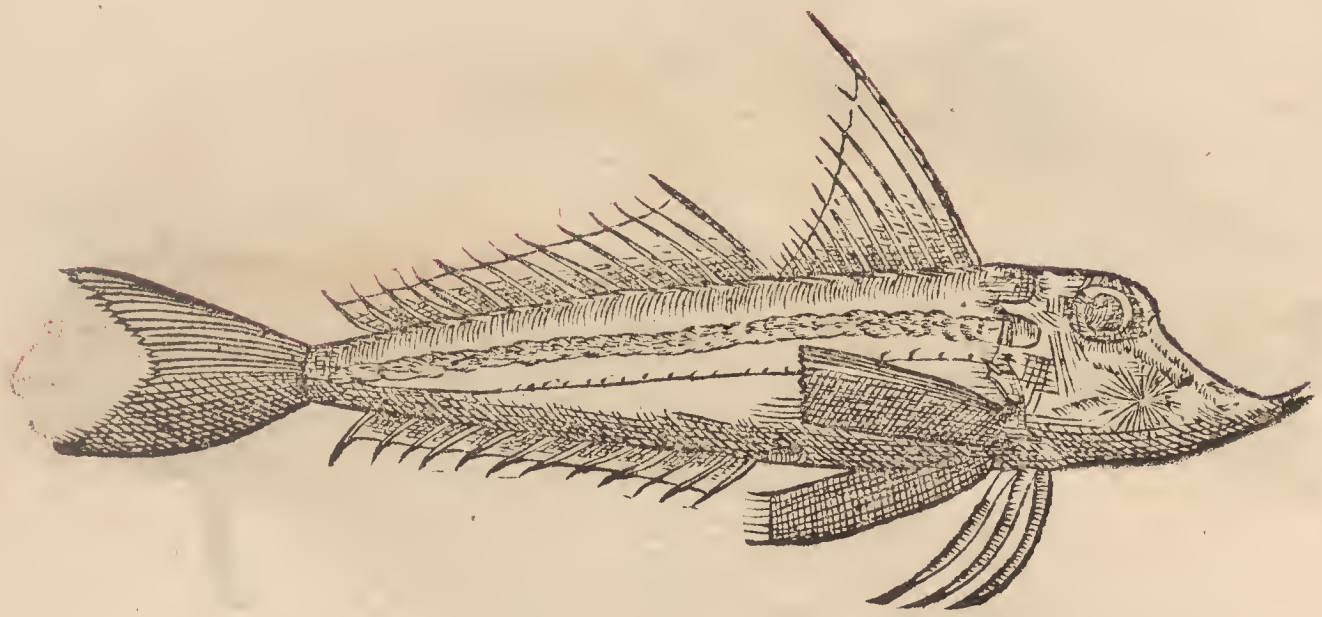
Altera non diſpar primæ eſt, Galea illa vocatur,
Nanq; friabilis eſt carne ſua & tenera.
Hinc elixa etiam ægrotis conceditur aptè,
Nec cedit multis hæc bonitate ſua.

De Hirundine.



Extrà fertur aquas volitátq; per aera Hirundo,
Ne siquidem magnis præda sit vna feris.
Carne autem sicca constat, duráq; proinde
Dum benè conficitur tum bene semper alit.
At illi ne quis credat sua pharmaca deesse,
Suffusis oculis felle suo auxilio est.

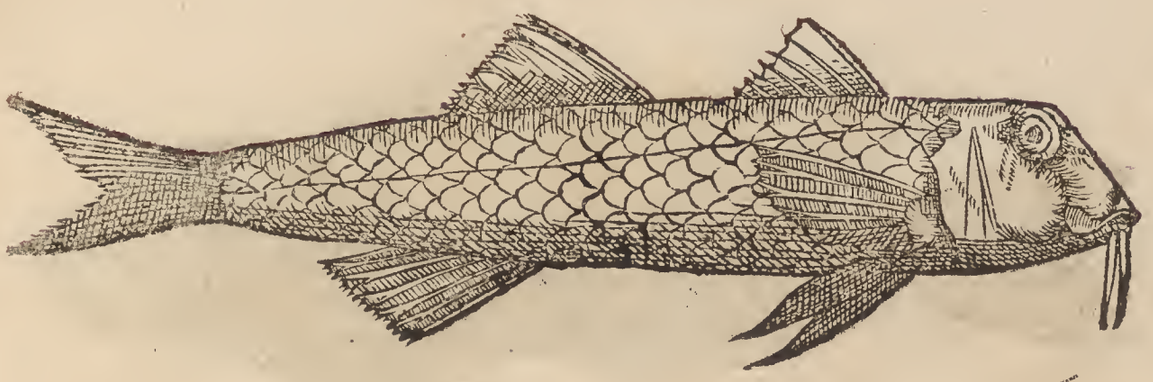
De Cuculo.



Quantumuis mutos pisces Natura crearit,
Coccyx effictæ nomina vocis habet.
Est autem duræ carnis, siccæq; nihilq;
Lenti in ea, aut modicum, nil quoq; fellis in est.
At verò gladio partes dissectus in ambas
Frigitur, & multò gratior efficitur.
Vtq; minus Cuculi desint, & in aere & vndis
Viuunt, longe alios terra frequenter alit.

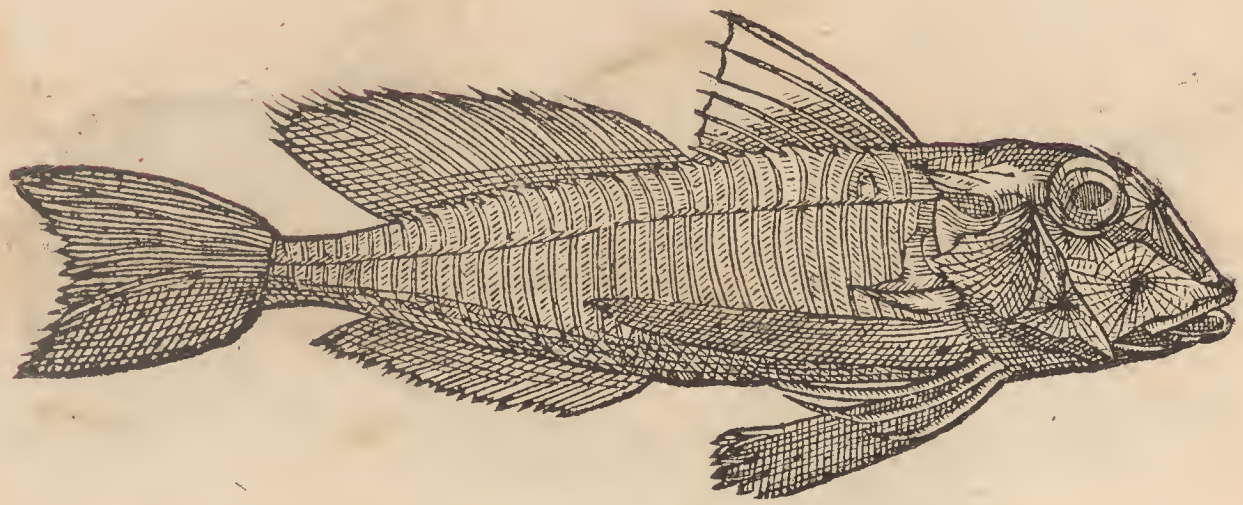
De Mullo barbato.

Perce Barbone



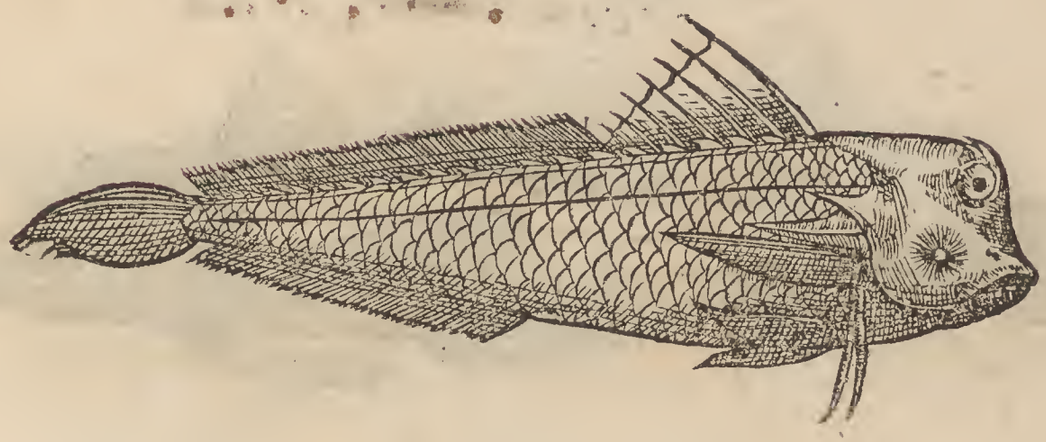
Dura caro Mulli eſt, ualdéq; friabilis, ergò
Si bene conficitur ſumpta, potenter alet.
Aſt oculorum aciem aſſiduos ſi cedat in uſus
Obtundit, neruos nec ſatis eſa iuuat.
Extinctus uino tantam uim infundit in illud,
Ut uel matri obſit (magne Cupido) tuæ.
Nanq; nouos operam Ueneri nauare maritos,
Fœcundaſq; nouas impedit eſſe deas.
Felle caret, multíſq; iecur laudatur. at ô cur
Antiquis tanti Mullus erat precij?
Scorpij, Aranei, & æquorei conferre Draconis
Iſtibus, admota hunc, carne, citóq; ferunt.

De Mullo imberbi.



Qui multo imberbis Mullus ſplendore rubeſcit,
Propter duriciem non facilè excoquitur.
Idcircò veniet perrarò ad fercula eorum
Languidus in quorum corpore feruor ineſt.

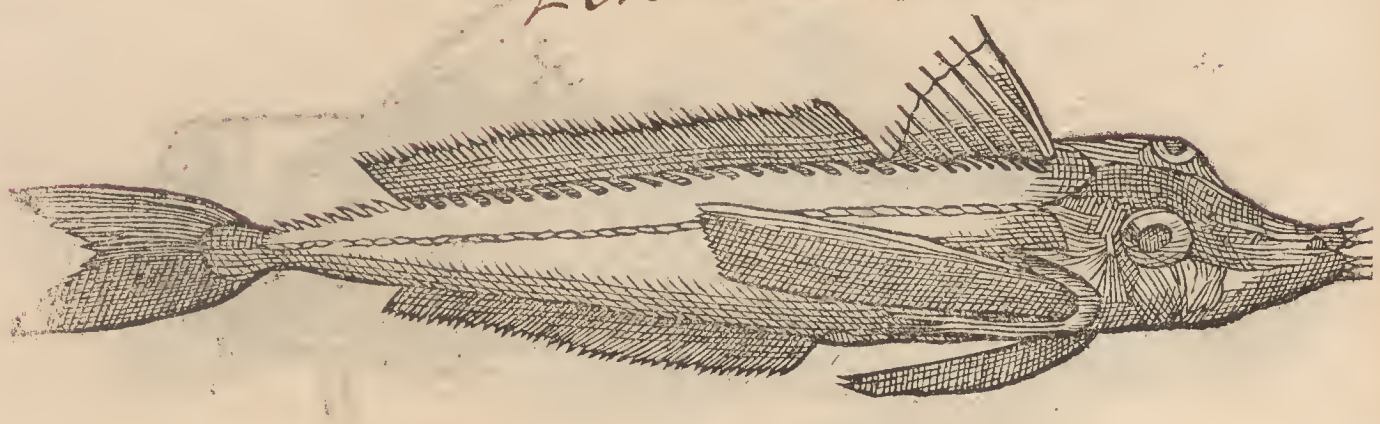
De Mullo aſpero.



Aſper felle caret Mullus, Cuculóq; propinquat,
Arida nanq; illi eſt & caro dura ſimul.
Eius purpureo corpus, miniiq; colore
Tingitur, illudq; eſt exiguum atq; teres.

De Corace.

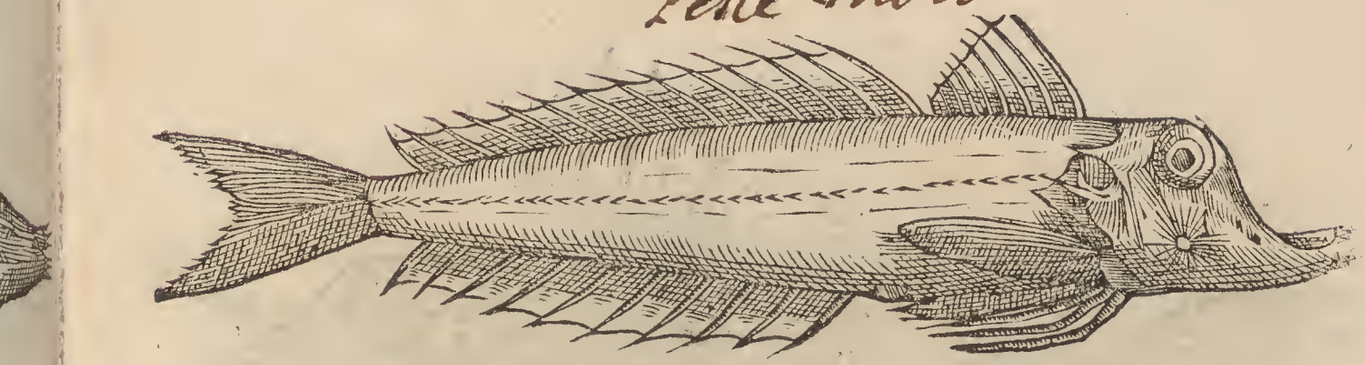
Pesce Corno



Corporis effigie similis Miluo esse videtur,
Sed paulo carne est humidiore tamen
Cur verò ille κόραξ græcis, Cornúsq; latinis
Dicitur? anne ideò quòd niger ore siet?

De Miluo.

Pesce Aibio

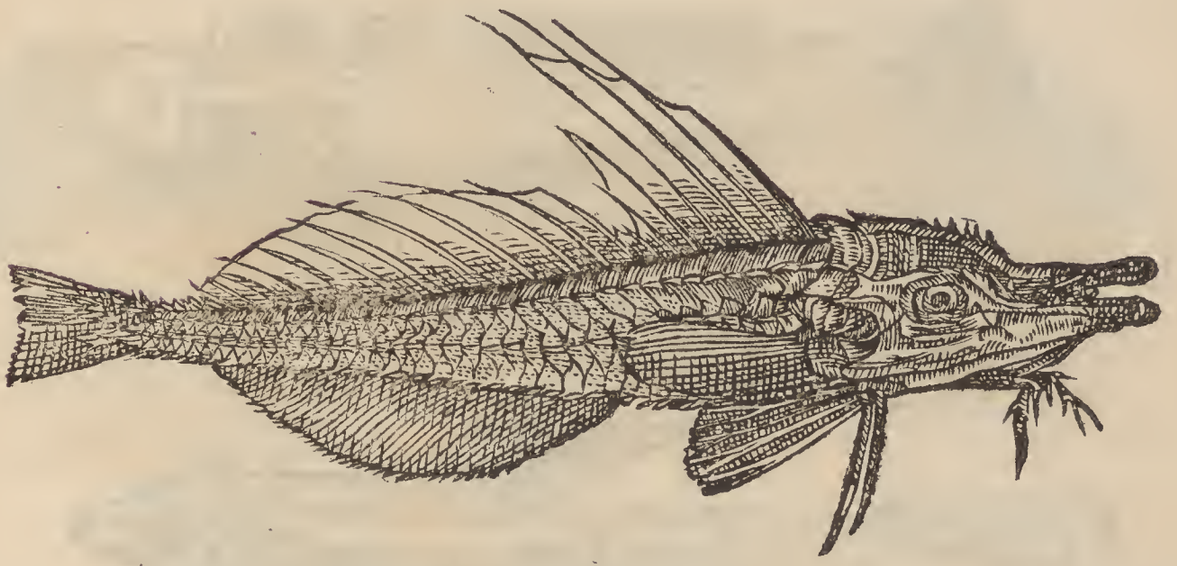


Cùm radit ſummam Miluus lati æquoris vndam,
Mox tempeſtates affore ſignificat.
Hunc noctu ſplendere ferunt, ideóq; lucernæ
Nomine dignatur maxima turba hominum.
Carne autem & ſicca & dura eſt, ſic ſæpè comeſtus
Non in ventriculo ſat facilè excoquitur.

De Lyra.

Plus oßis quàm carnis habet Lyra, carne ſuaui
At ſatis eſt, & eadem aridiore tamen.
More Suum grummit, ſtridoremq; ædit in auras,
Ergò inter mutos iſte Vocalis erit.

De Cornuta siue Lyra altera.

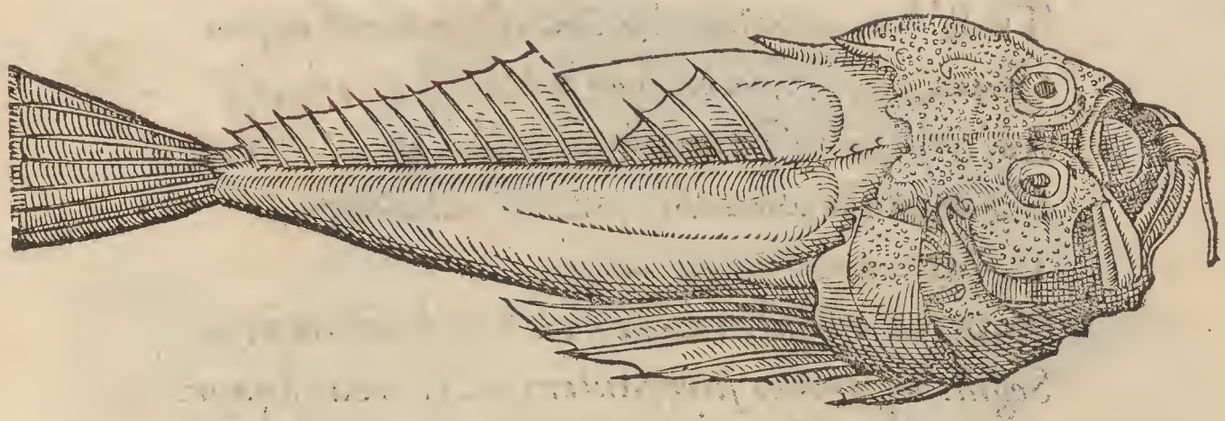


Carnis habet Cornuta parum, quæ & dura videtur,
Ergò in ventriculo non facilè excoquitur.
Promptè ex siccatur, fitq; inde leuissima, quòd fit
Dependens cauda signet in æde nothos.

De Dracone & Dracunculo.

In Mulli inq; ſuos etiam eſt accommodus ictus,
Impoſita propria carne marina fera.
Puncta tumet citò pars, rigidóq; dolore tenetur,
Initióq; malum temmere non opus eſt.
Lentiſci huic foliis nautæ ſæpè auxilio ſunt:
Sed plus auxilij vulneris author habet.
Infert & diros plerunq; Dracunculus ictus,
Eſſe veneniferos ſed minus hoſce puta.

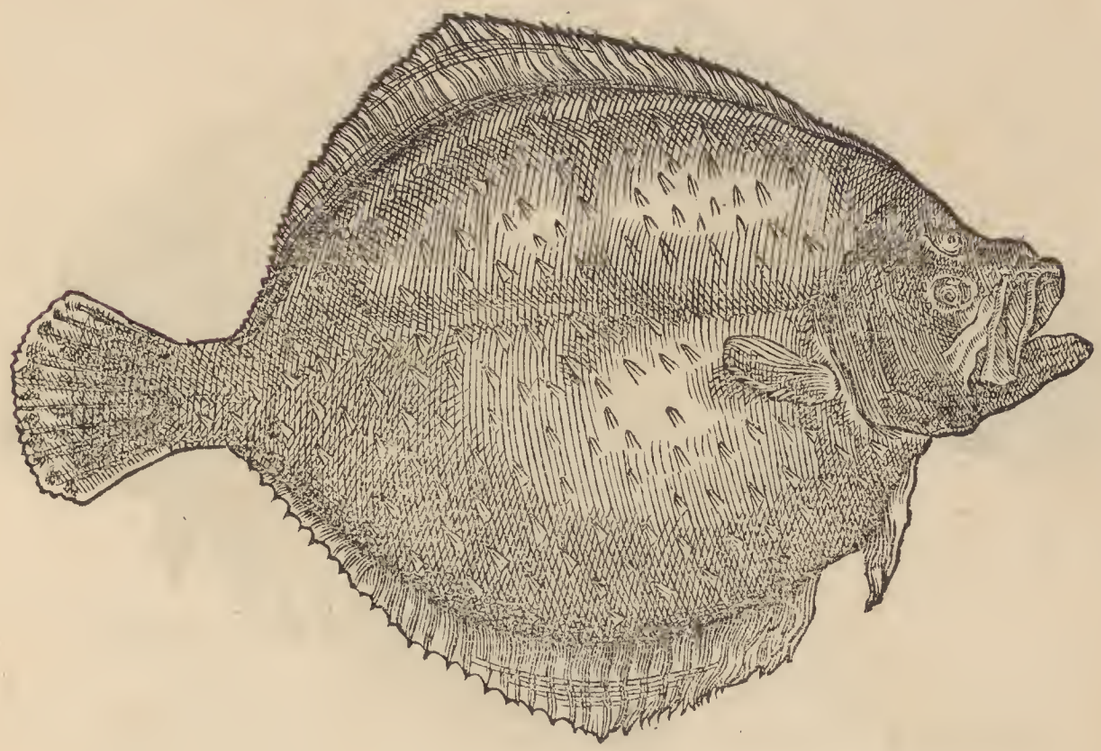
De Vranoſcopo.



Stultitia longè piſces præit Hemerocœtus,
Segnitiéq; omnes quos maris vnda tegit.
Nanq; dies totos fulua proſtratus arena
Dormit, & excubias tempore noctis agit.
Nycterida hinc dicunt rectà cœlum ille tuetur,
Sæpe tamen patulo decipit ore feras.

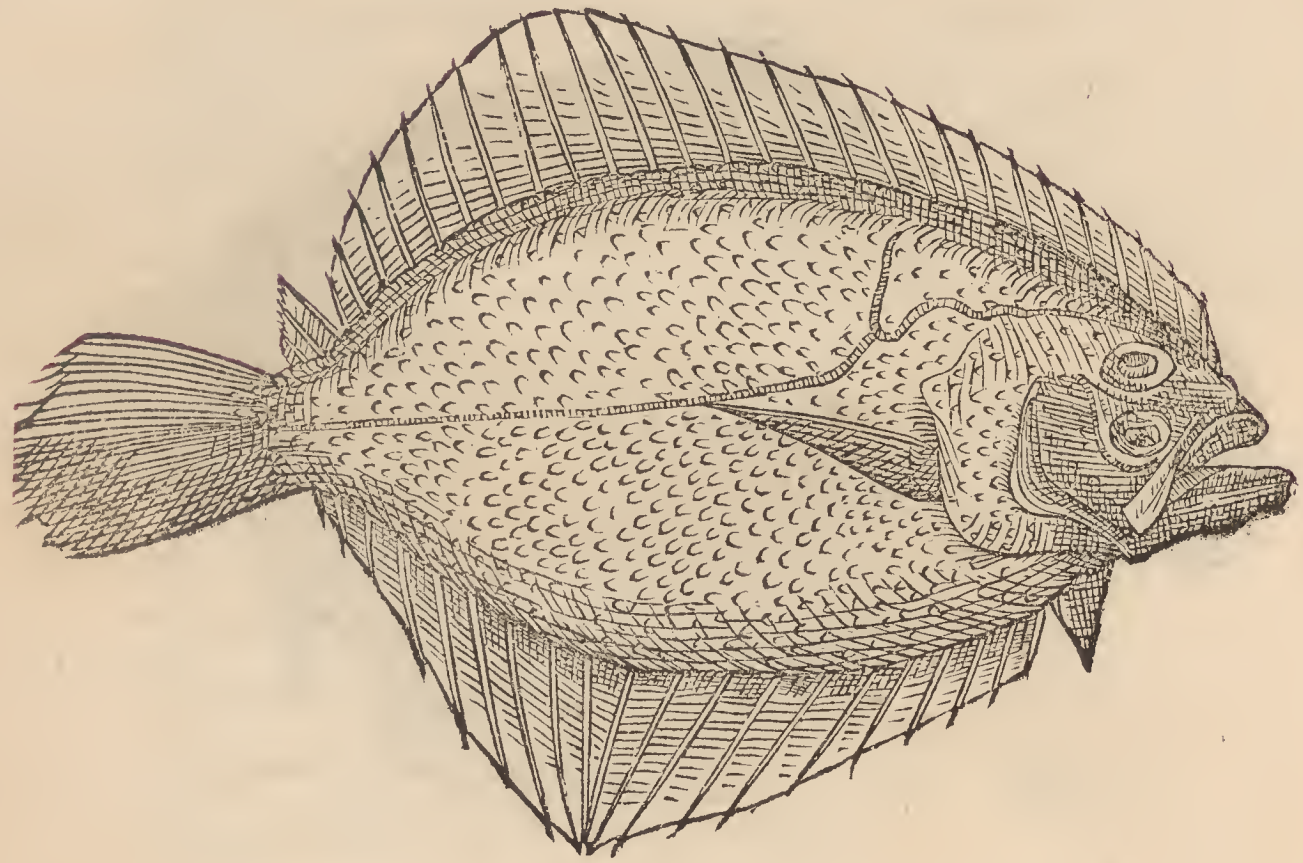
Φράζεο δ' ἀφραδίῃ προφερέστατον ἡμεροκοίτῃ
Ἰχθύ, ὃ περὶ πάντας ἀεργόταον τέκεν ἄλμη.
Τῷ δ' ἤτοι κεφαλῆς μὲν ὀπὼ τέτραπται ὕπερθεν
Ὄμματα, καὶ στόμα λάβρον ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς μέσσοις.
Αἰεὶ ὃ ψαμάθοισι πανυμέριος τετάνυται
Εὕδων, νικτὶ δε μοῦνος ὀὐέργεται, ἠδ' ἀλάληται
Τοὔνεκα κέκληται καὶ νυκτερίς.
Stultitia insignem memorabimus hemerocœten
Segnitieq; omnes superantem, quos creat æquor.
Scilicet huic sita sunt in vertice lumina, sursum
Conuersa, immodicéq;, hæc inter, hiantia cernes
Ora. dies totos fulua prostratus arena
Dormit, noctu autem vigilat, solúsq; vagatur.
Nycterida hinc etiam appellant.

De Rhombo aculeato & læui.



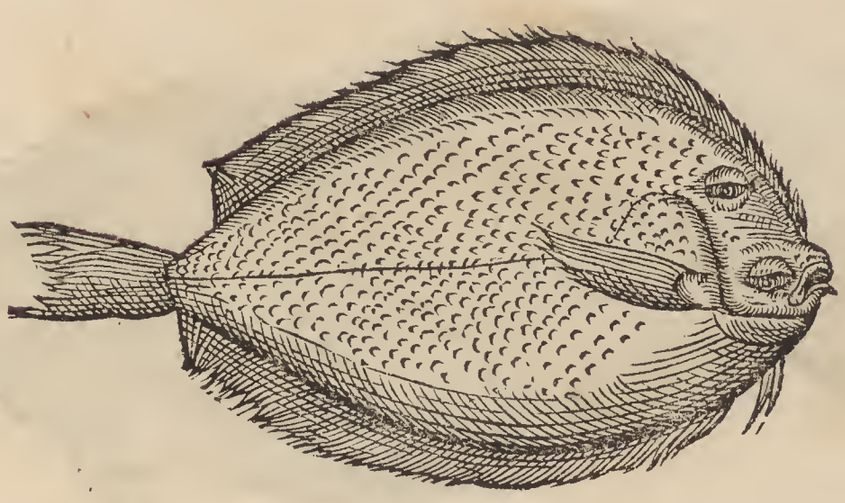
Rhombus carne quidem eſt dura qui dicitur aſper
Sed Rhombus læuis mollior haud dubiè eſt.
Inter præſtantes veteres habuêre, nihilq; hinc
Ad Rhombum, vulgò dicier eſt ſolitum
Impoſitus viuus ſpleni medicabitur ægro
Si ſit in æquoreas inde remiſſus aquas.

De Rhombo læui. Mart.



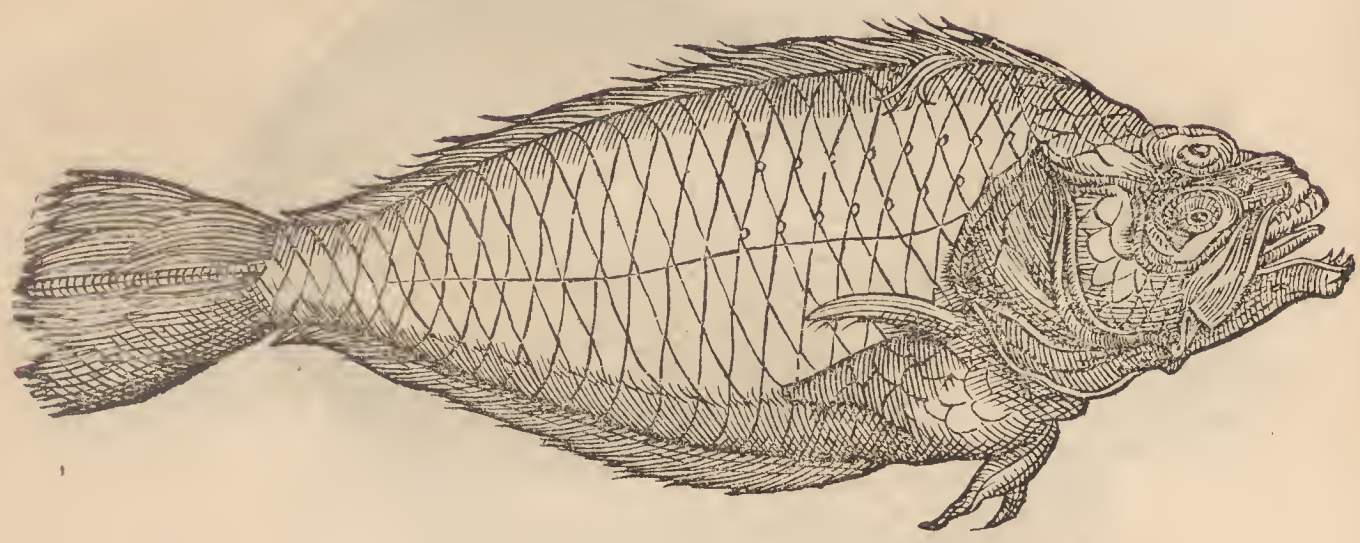
Quamuis lata gerat Patella Rhombum,
Rhombus latior eſt tamen patella.

De Rhomboide.



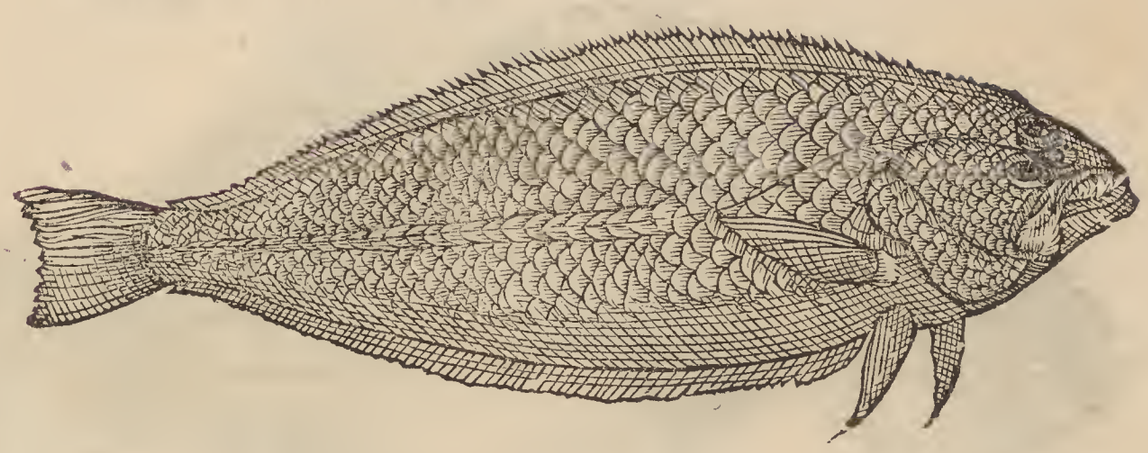
Corpore Rhomboides paruo exiliq́ breuiq́,
Internis Rhombo est partibus assimilis.
Carne autem media est, etenim nec mollis habetur
Nec dura illa nimis, nam inter utrumq́ manet.

De Cytharo.



Cantharus & Cytharus magno in discrimine habentur,
Nam planis Cytharum piscibus annumerant.
Ille autem Auratæ pisci, Sargóq; propinquat,
Vera totius corporis effigie.
Alga illi vt Salpæ cibus est, insuauior hinc fit,
Quàm sit Buglossum, carnibus vsq; suis.

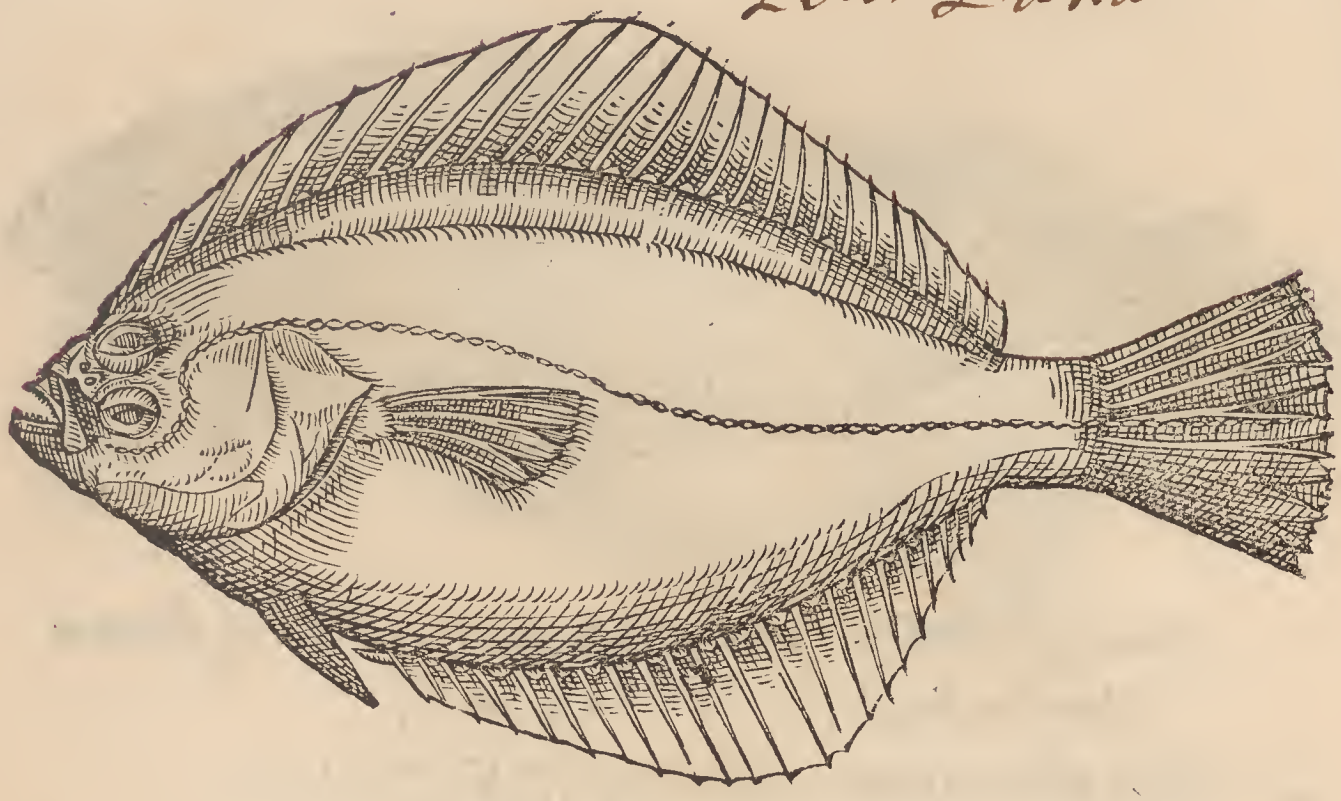
De Cytharo flauo siue aspero.



Hunc asprum Cytharum esse ferunt, vel deniq; flauum
Nomine Bugloßus dicier hicq; potest,
Caseo, oliuo etiam affuso, conditur & herbis
Impositis, nam sic commodus assus erit.

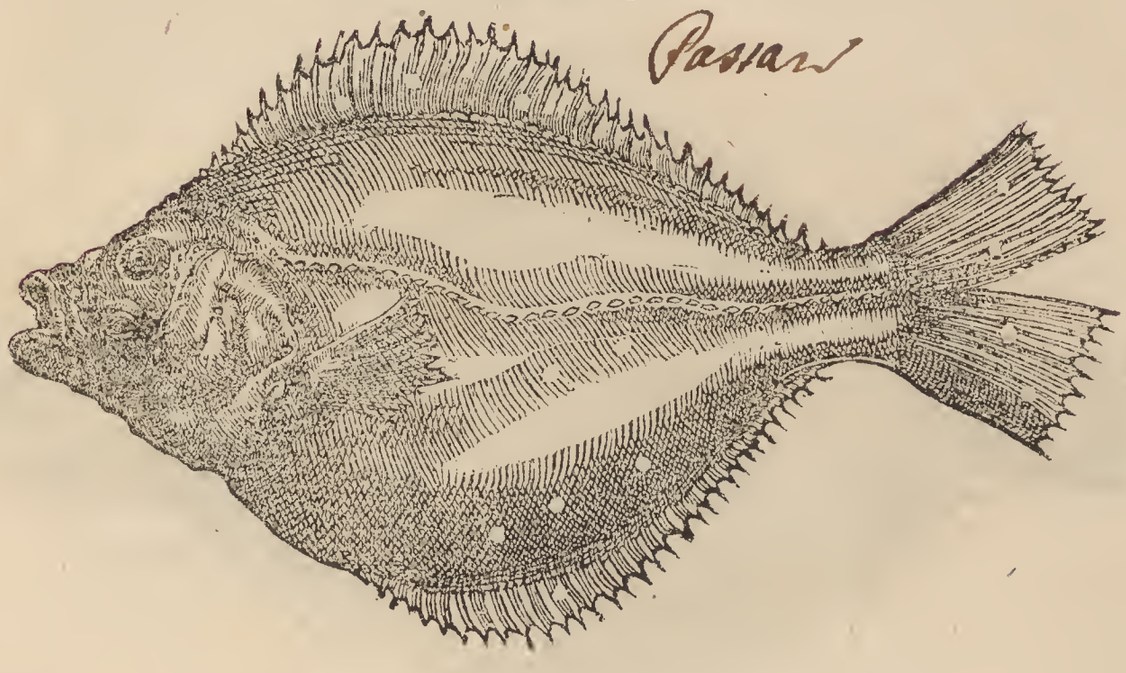
De Passere.

Lescr Passard

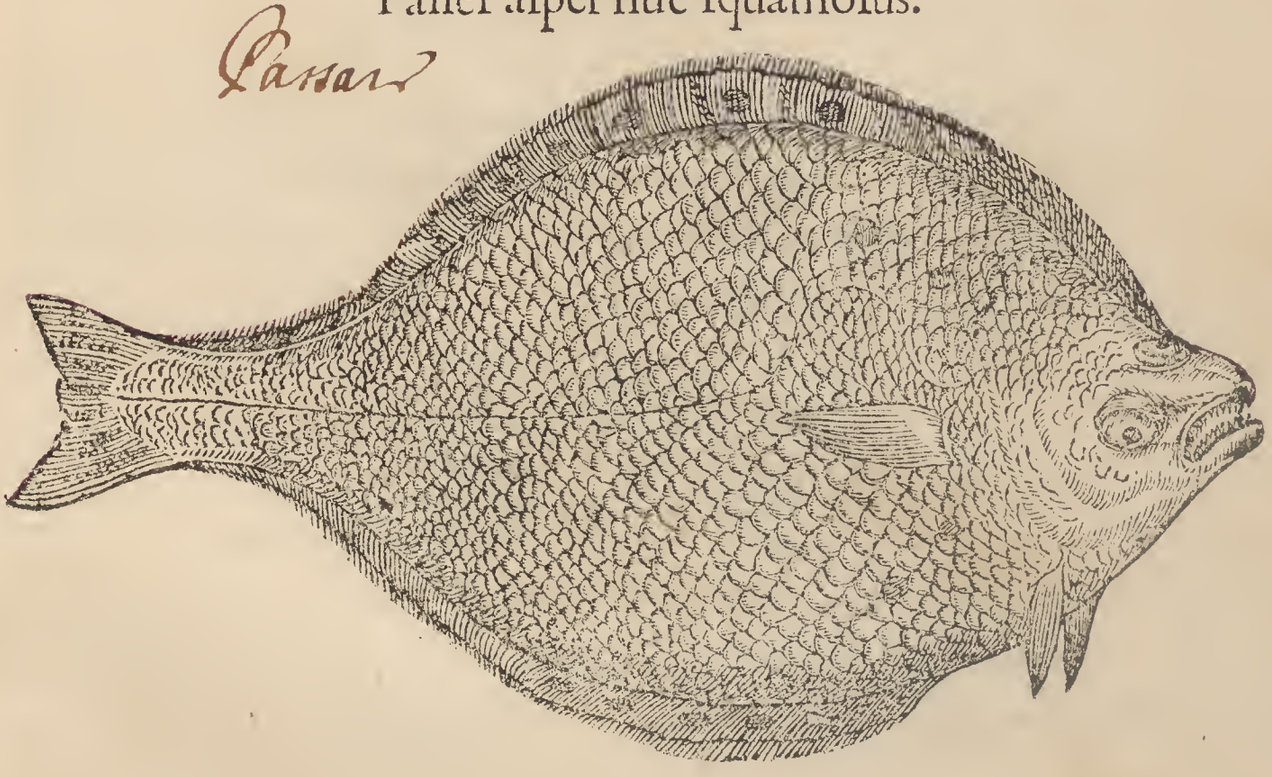


Psettæ Bugloſsum ſimile eſt, ſed mollius omnè
Bugloſsum Psetta, deniq; ſuauius eſt.
Ψήτα καὶ πρῶτον graij dixêre, propinquum
Rhombo totius corporis effigie.
Stagna frequens fluuiósq; ſubit, dulcedine aquarum
Illectus, patrio nec manet vſq; ſolo.
Carnibus accedit Soleæ, multúmq; propinquat,
Mollior at Psetta eſt & melior Solea.

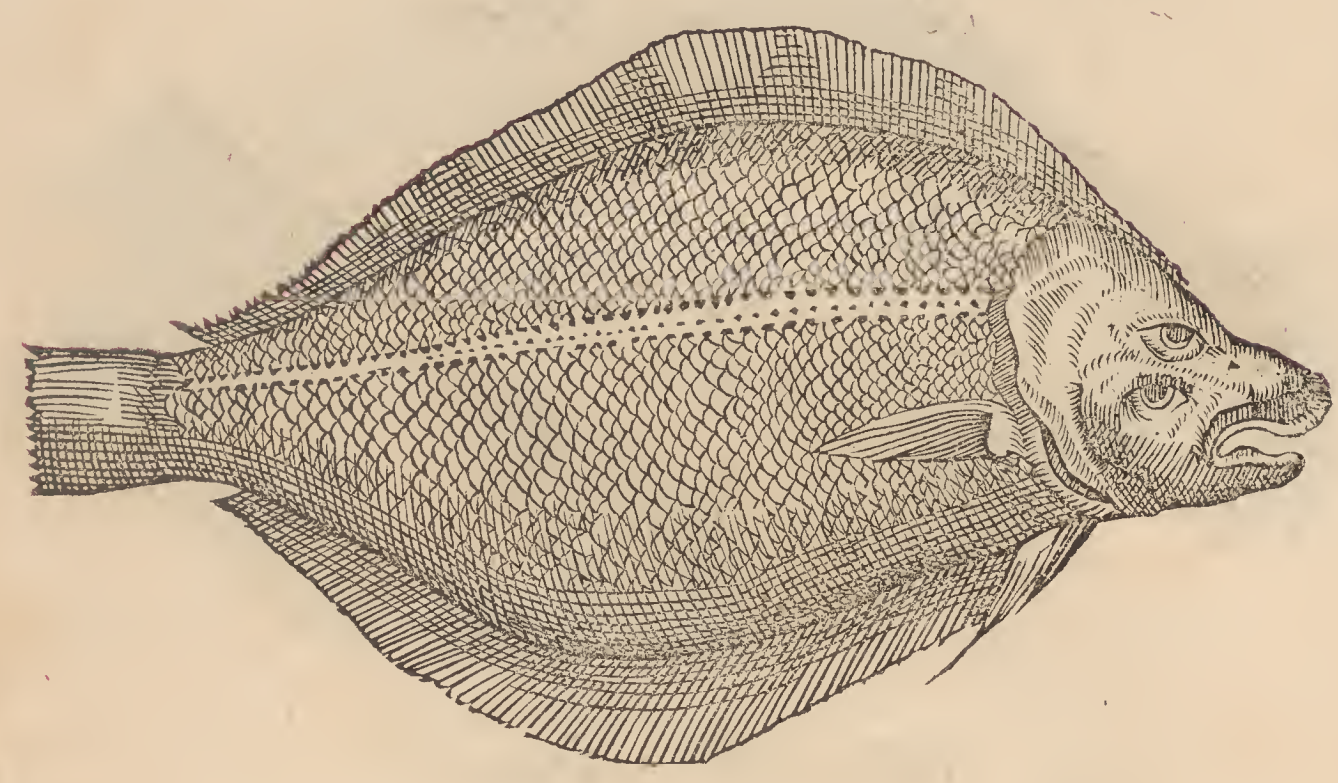
Alia Paſſeris ſpecies.



Paſſer aſper ſiue ſquamoſus.



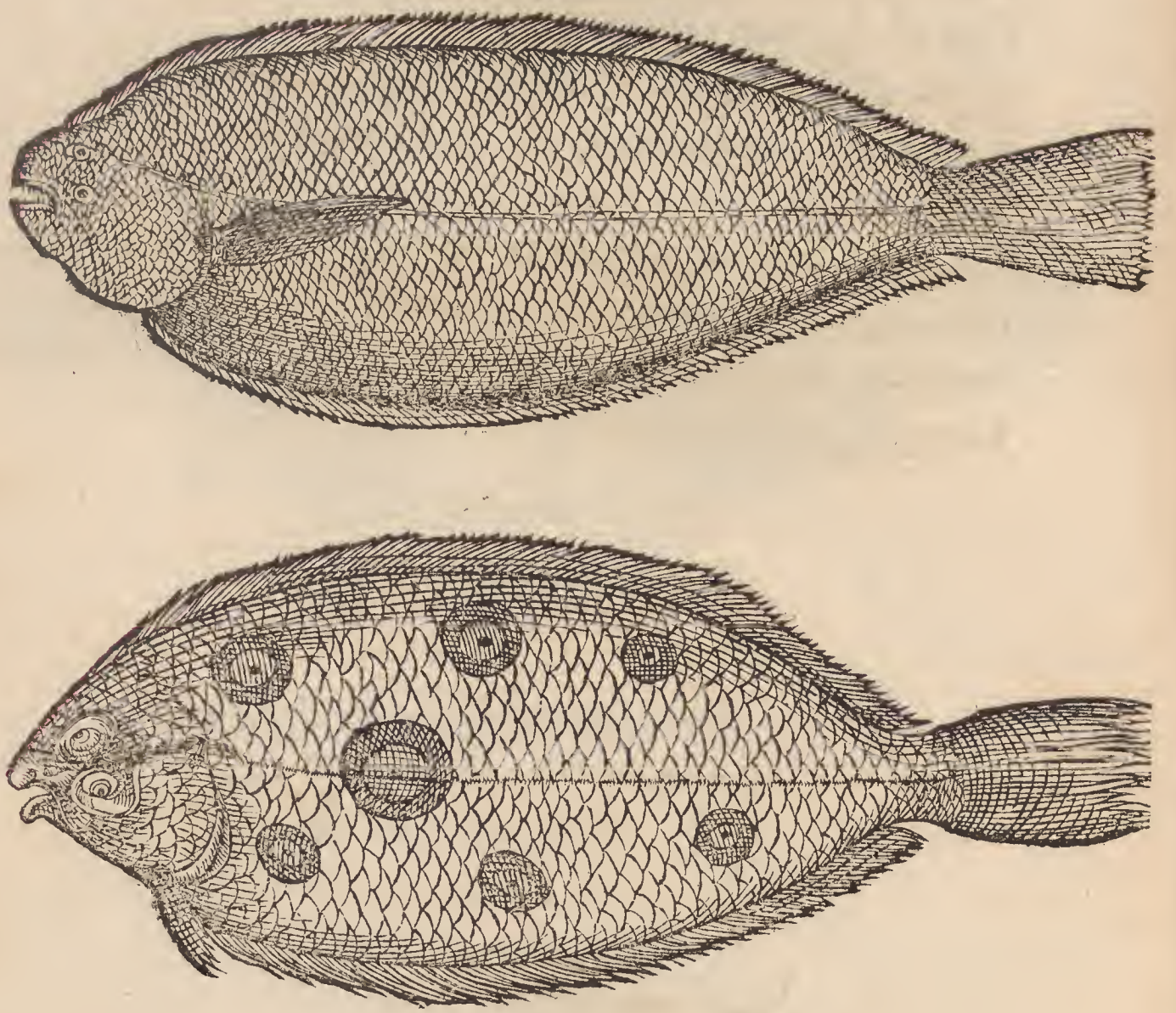
Tertia Paſſeris ſpecies.



Vt non paſſeribus figura eadem eſt,
Quos nos per liquidum aëra intuemur,
Dulces ſæpius aduolare nidos,
Inter ſeq; notis ij quibuſdam,
Signiſq; euariant, videmus & nos
Inter ſe quoq; paſſeres marinos
Differre, effigie frequenter ipſa.
Lætatur ſiquidem Deus bonarum
In rerum varijs vbiq; formis:
Diſponítq; ſuo omnia, atq; format
Prout vult arbitrio, omnium creator.

Illi autem eximiè simúlq; plani,
Limoso veniunt loco: proinde
Ex alto exiliunt ferè in paludes,
Quò fit sæpè luti sapore pleni,
Non ipsi faciant satis palato,
Cum nempè humidiore cárne constent.
Præ cunctis etenim valent marini,
Qui per cæruleas vagantur undas,
Mutantq; hospicium suum subinde,
In saxísq; habitant frequenter aspris,
Cœnosósq; minus lacus reuisunt.

De Bugloſſo & Solea oculata.



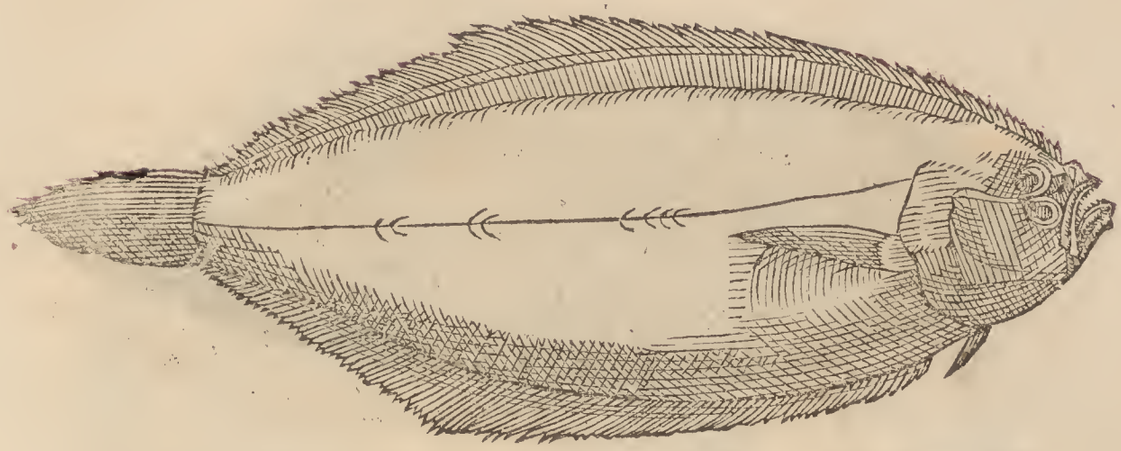
Quam ore vno Soleam vocamus omnes,
Carne vtcunq; ſua videtur eſſe,
Per ſe dura ea, nonnihilq; habere
Lentoris: fit eo modò vt reſiſtat

Putrori magis, hanc diúq; ſeruent:
Paulóq; humidior ſubinde fiat.
Quin eſt & Solea altera, à figura
Complures oculatam eam vocârunt,
Quæ vel Maſſiliæ ſatis frequens eſt,
Par interna alijs videnda parte.
Perdici Soleam ſuo ſuaui,
Haudquaquàm abſimilem ferunt ſapore,
Vt Rhombo quoq; comparatione
Confertur Phaſianus ille, noſtro
Præſtans iudicio, bonúſq; valdè.
Proin quis non Soleas eas amârit?

De Cynogloſſo.

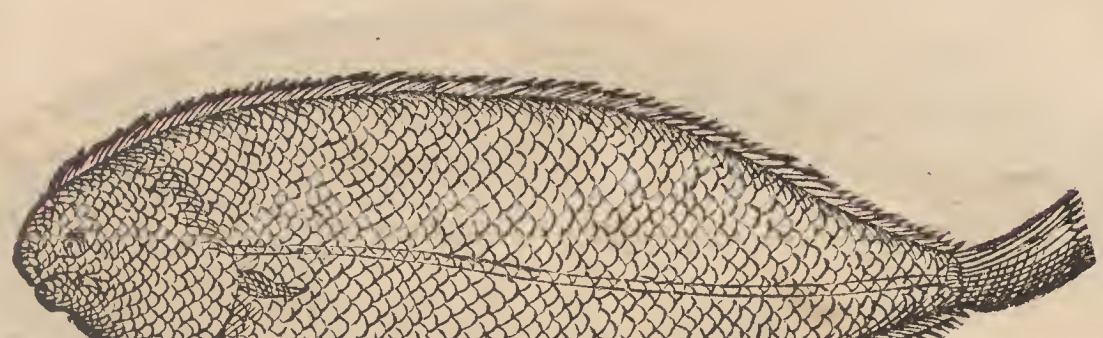
Carne Cynogloſſus dura lentoris habetur
Non exors, ideóq; haud facilè excoquitur.
Veſcitur alga, herbíſq; alijs, ideóq; ferinum
Quid reſipit, linguæ nec ſatis ille placet.
Pro victus ratione etenim mutatur, habétq;
Propterea ſucci plúſue minúſue boni.

De Arnogloſſo.



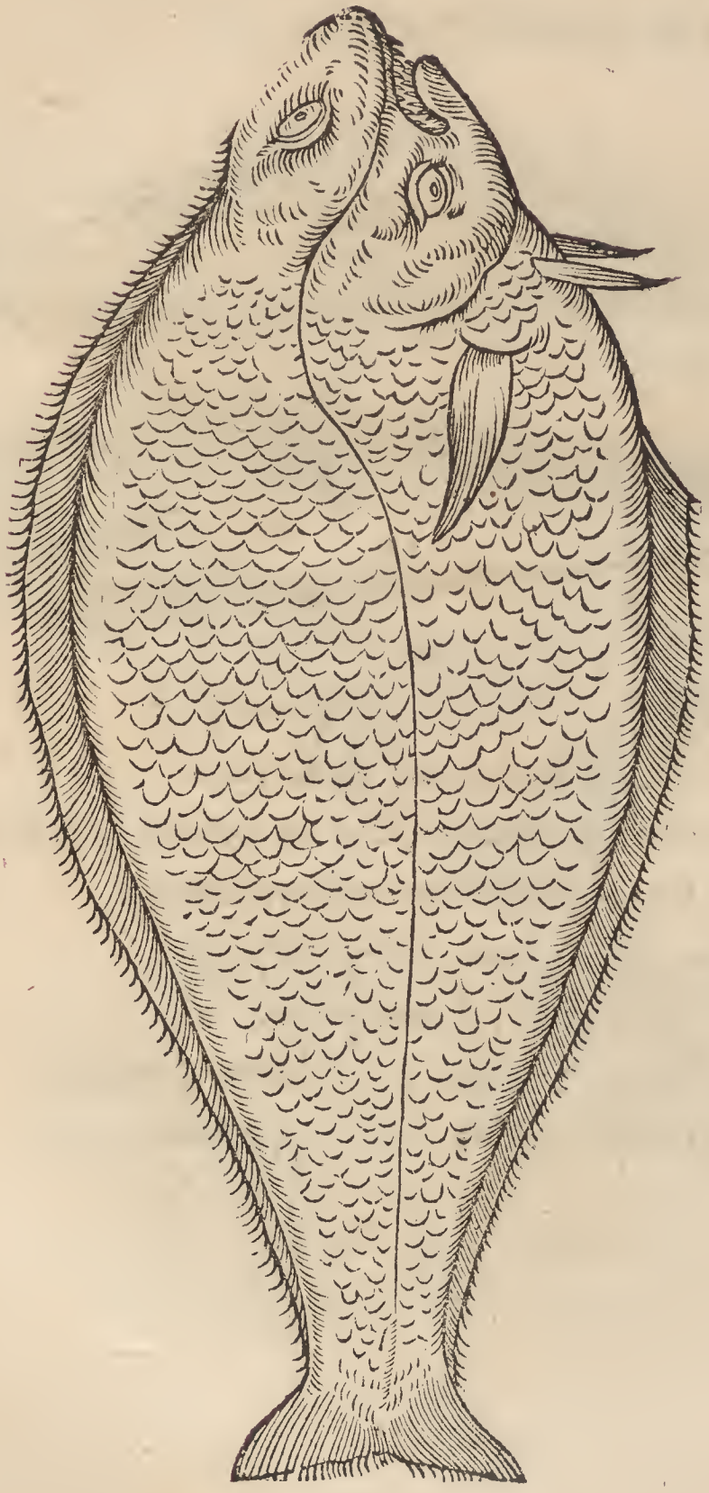
Caro ne Arnogloſſus tenera eſt, paritérq; ſuaui,
Et facilè conficitúrq; ideò per facilè in ſtomacho.
Quam ſimul atq; ignem ſenſit, ſatis eſſe putatur
Tum coctus, longa non opus ergò mora eſt.

De Solea parua siue lingula.



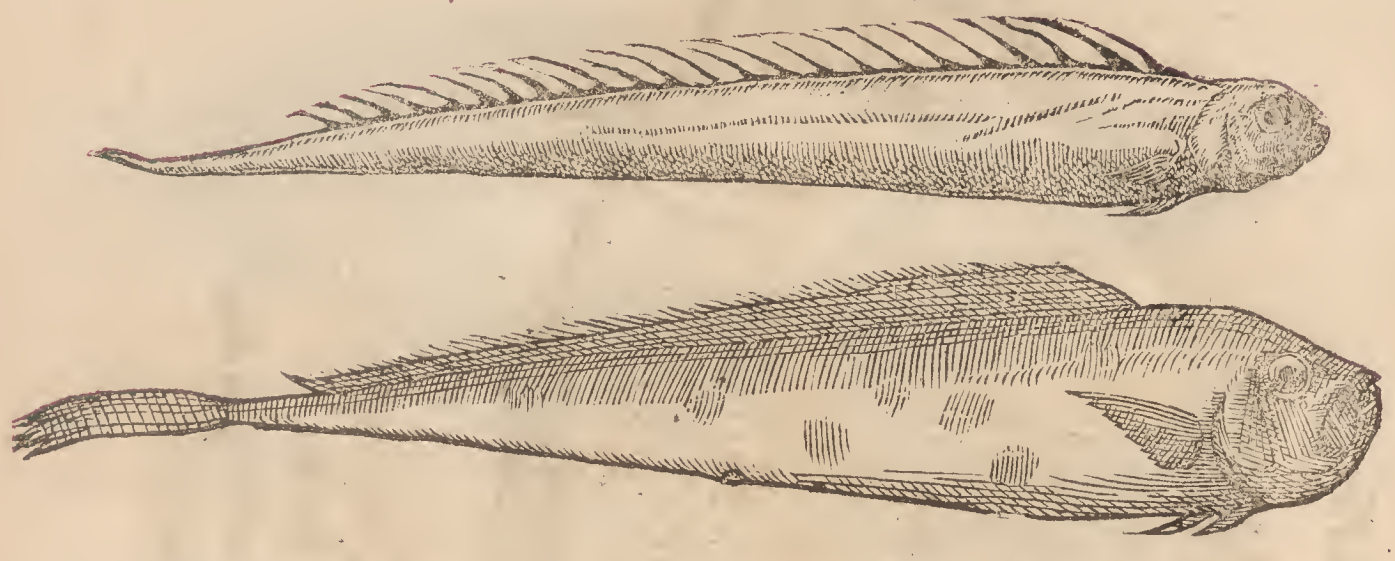
Lingula quam Soleam paruam quoq; dicere possis,
Paulò Arnogloßo durior eße solet.
Nonnihil & lentoris habet, minus hinc; probatur,
Nam & vilem hanc, quòd sit corpore parua, putant

De Hippoglosso.



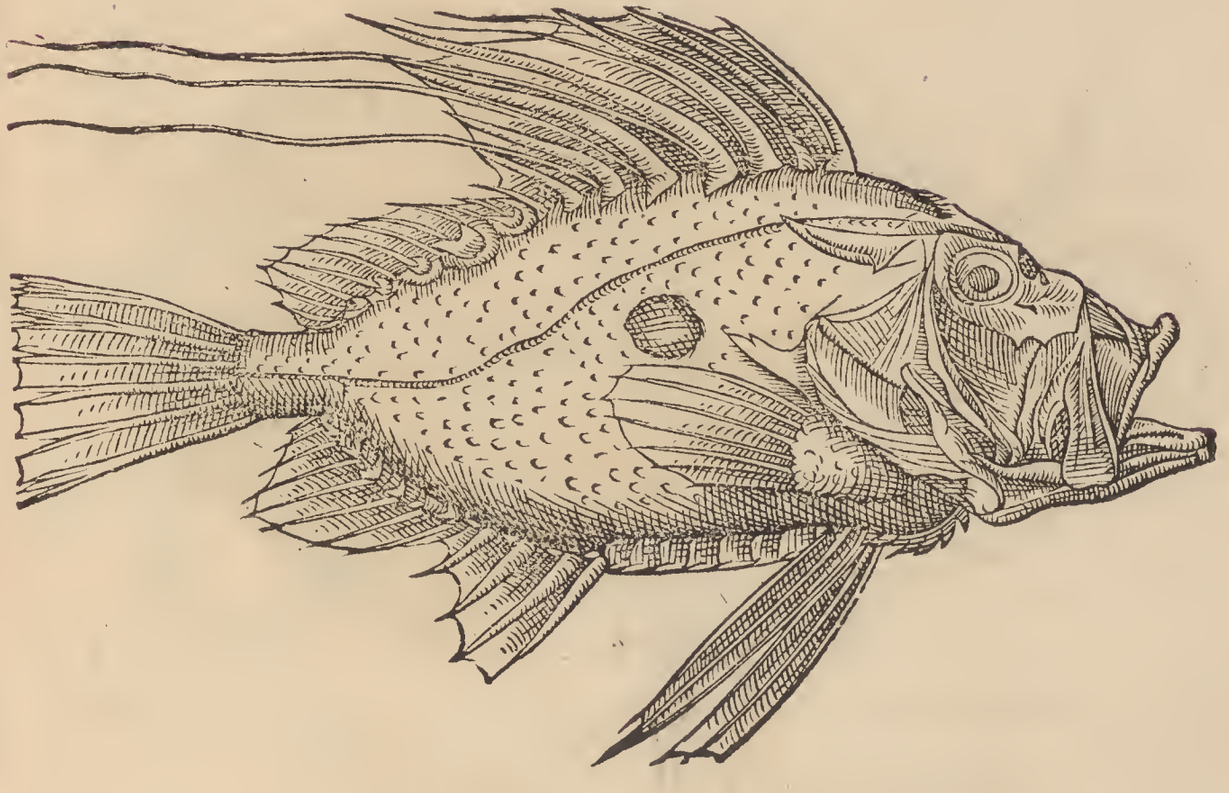
Quattuor hic cubitos mensura sæpius implet
Piscis & à tali corpore nomen habet.
Carne autem dura & sicca est, pariterq; suaui,
Rhombo naturâ nonnihil assimilis.

De Tænia vtraque.



Tænia viſcoſi quid habet, ſuccúmq; tenacem
Producit, certè eſt huic quoq; dura caro.
Ergò malum creat humorem, velut omnia in orbem
Corporis inflexu quæ ſua membra mouent.
Cedrino ex oleo pſilothrum ex hepate finges,
Implumes fient hac ratione genæ.
Altera habet quoq; viſcoſum producere ſuccum,
Et craſſum, coquitur nec facilè ipſa ſatis.

De Fabro, Gallo marino.

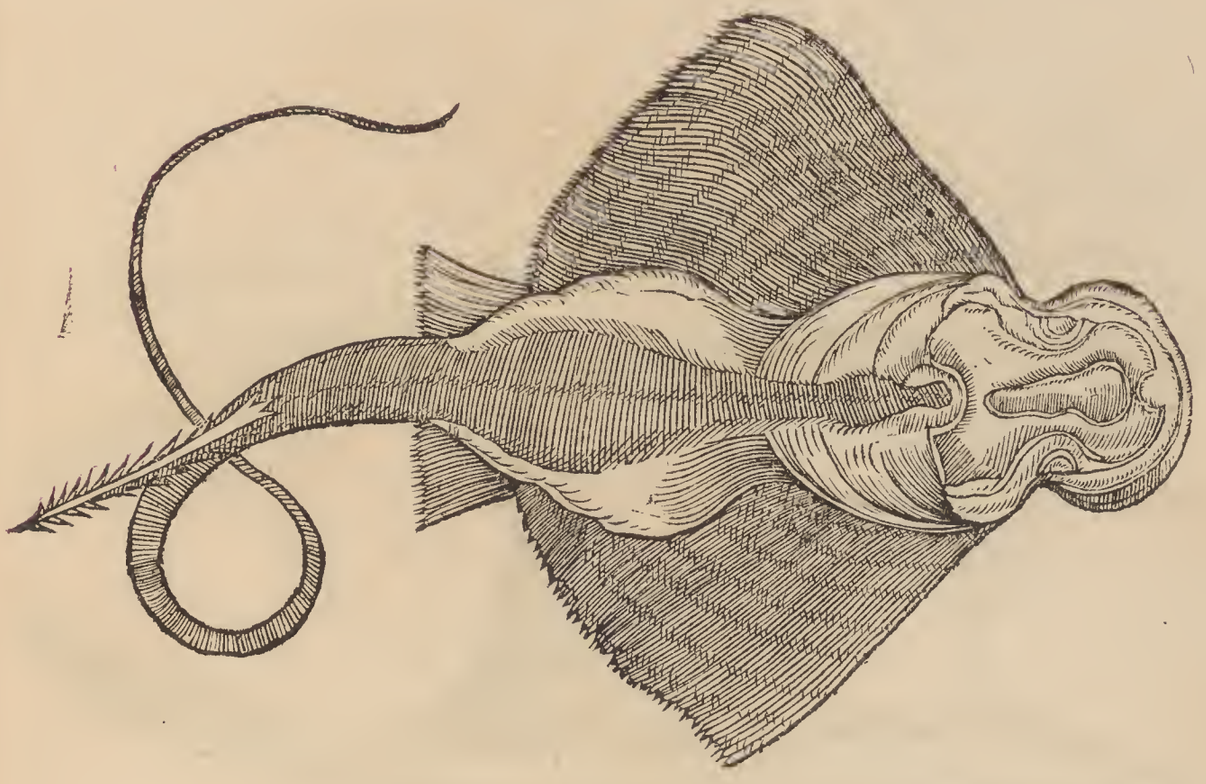


Carne nimis dura quàm Rhombus Gallus habetur,
Hunc verò & Porcum dicere iurè queas.
Gromnit enim de more Suum, & magè quando tenetur,
Aptius huic nomen quod magis eſſe poteſt?
Cordis pars inferna, velut ſplen, ſubrubet illi,
Perpetuóq; albet ſed ſine felle iecur.

De Pastinaca.

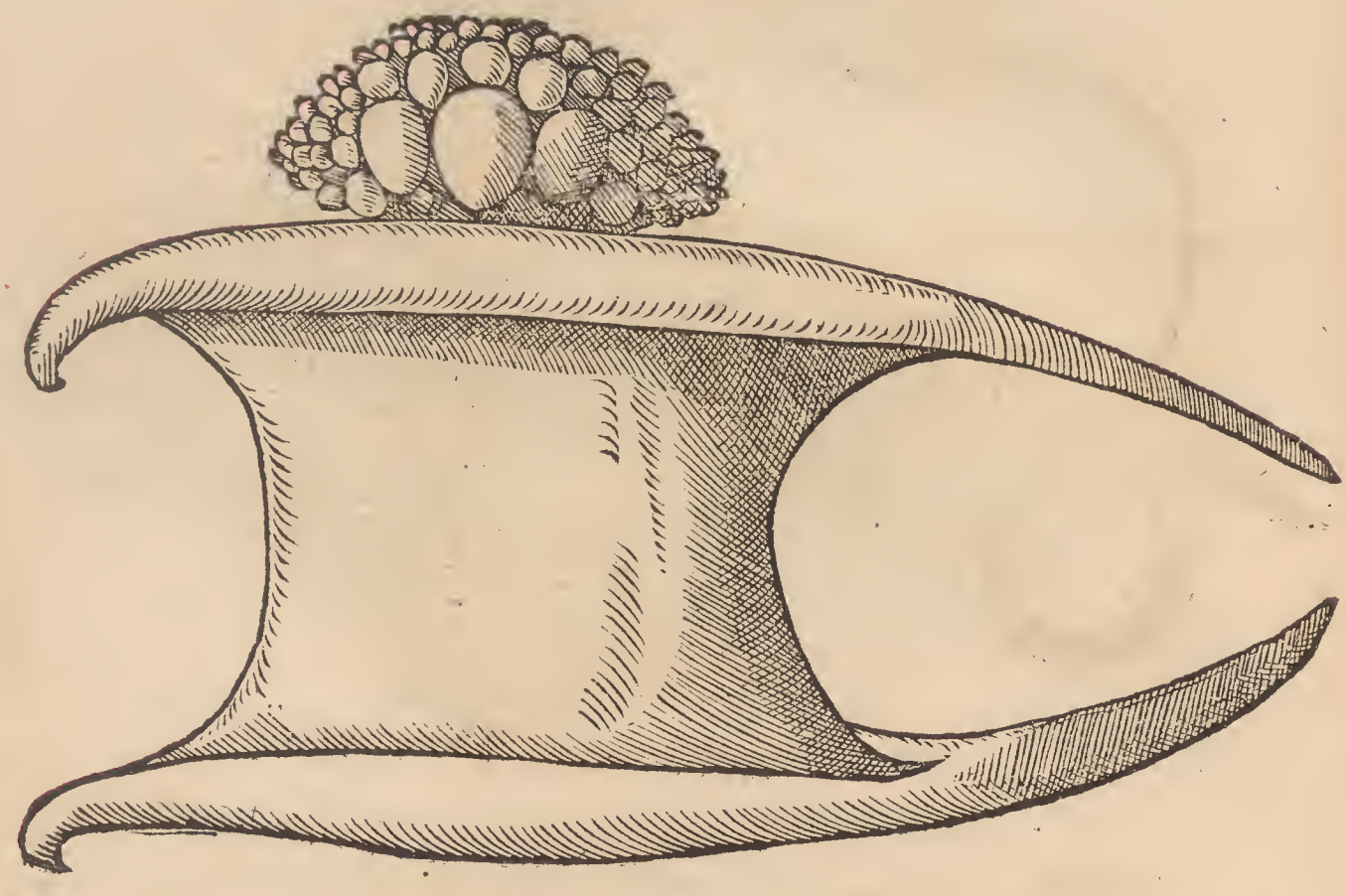
Praui Pastinaca est succi, rospitq; ferinum
Nescio quid, quo fit sit minimi precij.
E tenui decocta tamen consueuit aceto
Mandi, cum porris & piperis modico.
Ne verò teli peracuta cuspide lædat,
Hæc gladio veniet tota adimenda tuo,
Virus enim infundit, quod fit mortale nisi obstes,
Nanq; graui tentat, cumq; dolore locum.
Versa malo in cinerem è tenui medicatur aceto,
Sicq; mali auxilium causa doloris erit.
Et ne quid radio desit medicamen in illo
Erosos dentes absq; dolore trahit.

De ſecunda Paſtinacæ ſpecie.



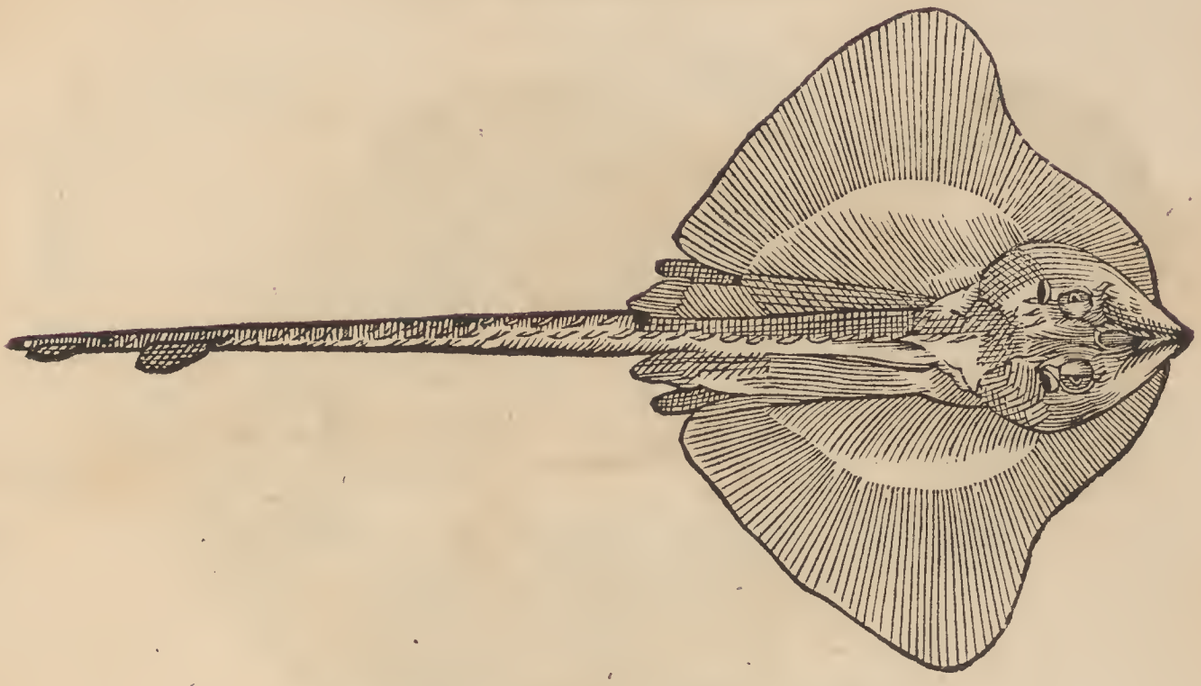
Paſtinaca exerti radij nè cuſpide lædat
Tute caue, in cauda nanq; venena gerit.
Fungoſa vt prior, & molli carne, & malè grata eſt
Cœnoſis etenim viuit, & ipſa locis.

De Raiarum fœcunditate & earum ouis.



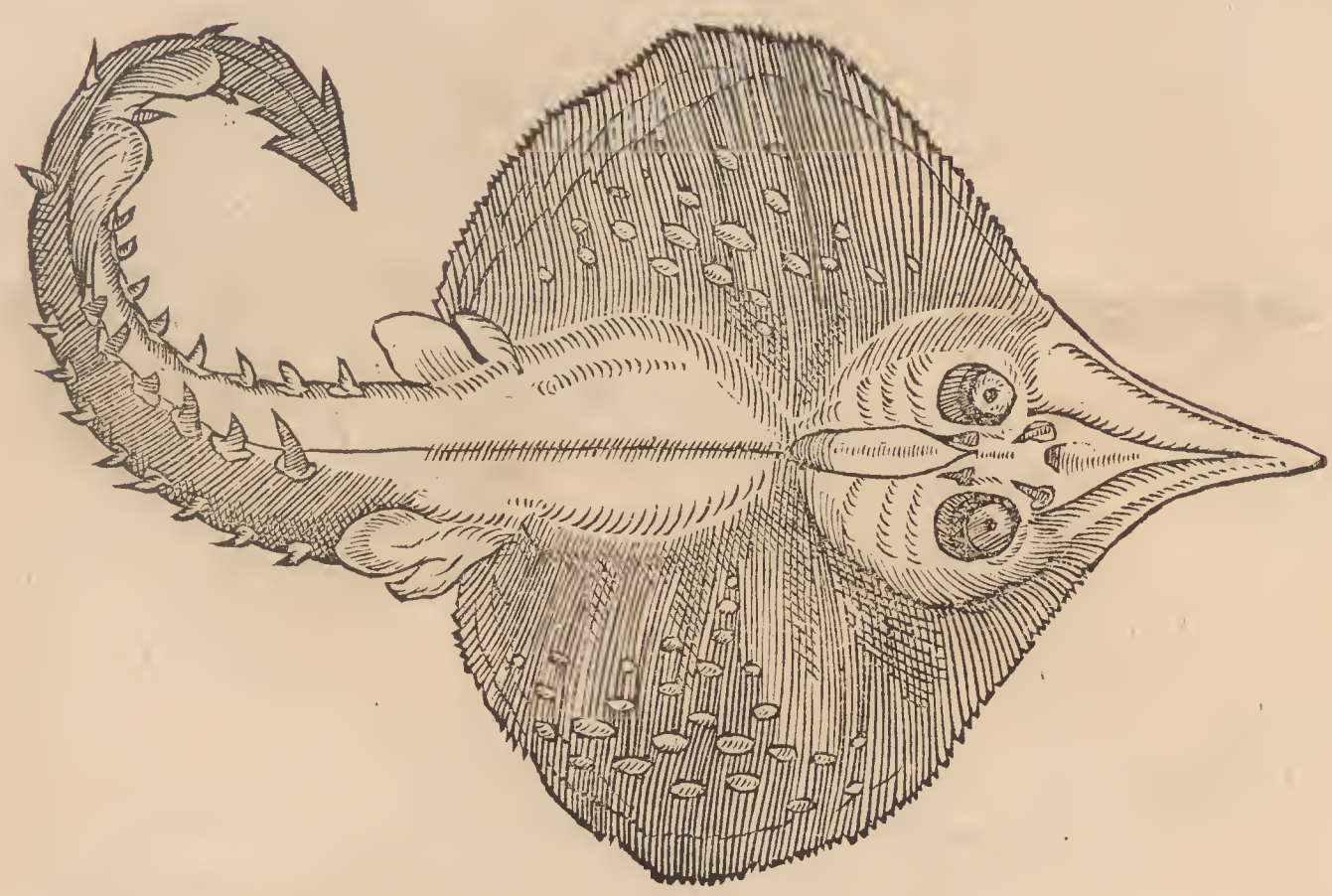
Si quis Raiarum nuſquàm conſpexerit oua,
Dirigat huc oculorum ille ſuorum aciem
Nam fœcunda parens Raiis Natura creandis
Oſtentauit opes læta ſubinde ſuas.

Raia læuis.



Raia Vndulata siue Cinerea.

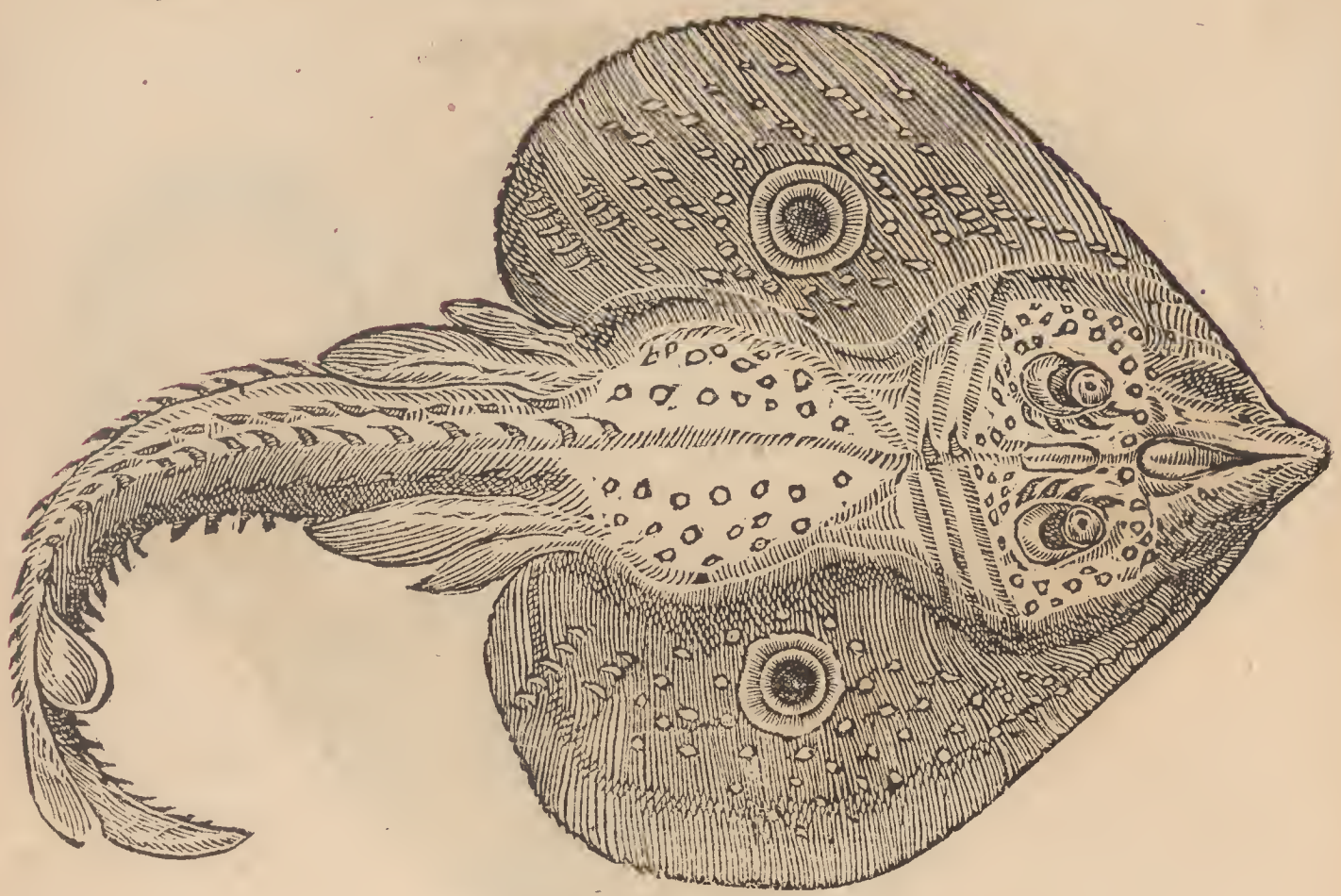
De Raia. Ὀξυρύγχῳ.



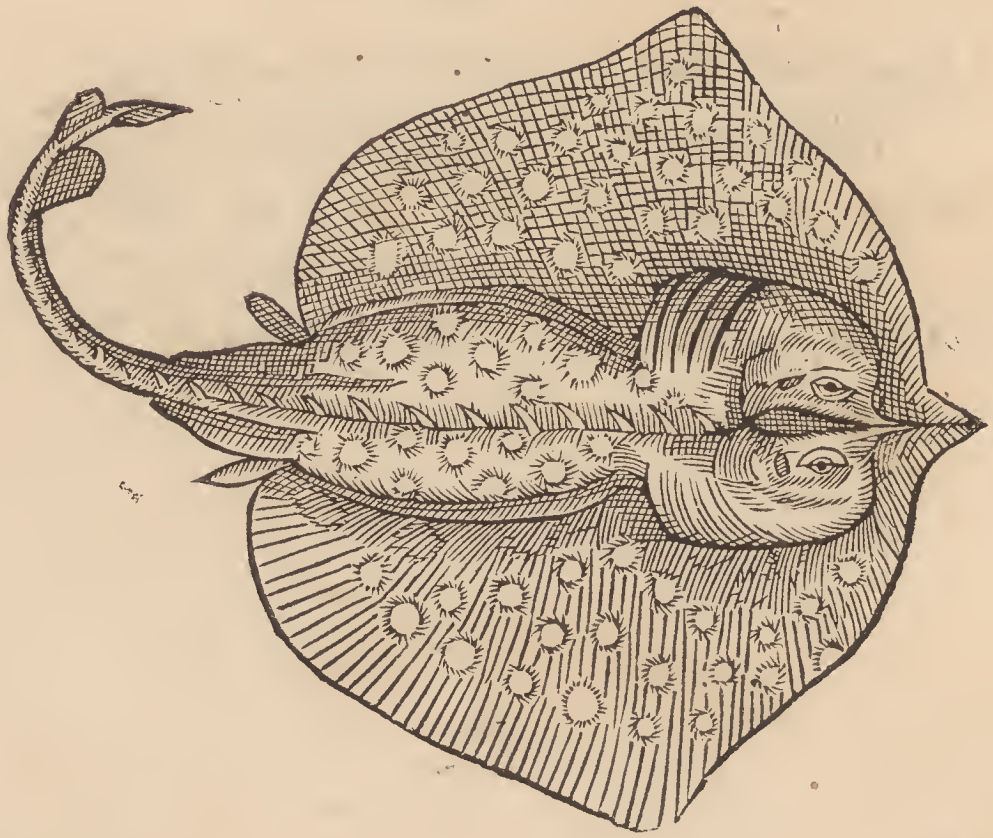
Hanc ſi deguſtes Raiam rectè antè paratam
Non adeò duram carne ſua eſſe feres.
Aptè igitur coctam non dedignaberis vnquàm,
Præſtabit famulis prandia ſæpè tuis.

De alia Raia Ὀξύρυγχῳ.

Omnino nullæ ſunt huic in corpore ſpinæ,
Nam tantum in cauda ſpicula acuta gerit.
Ergò quæ non parte nocet Raia anteriore,
Lædere parte tamen poſteriore poteſt.
Raias præcellit plures, nam mollior atq;
Suauior ipſius creditur eſſe caro.



Raia Aſteria.



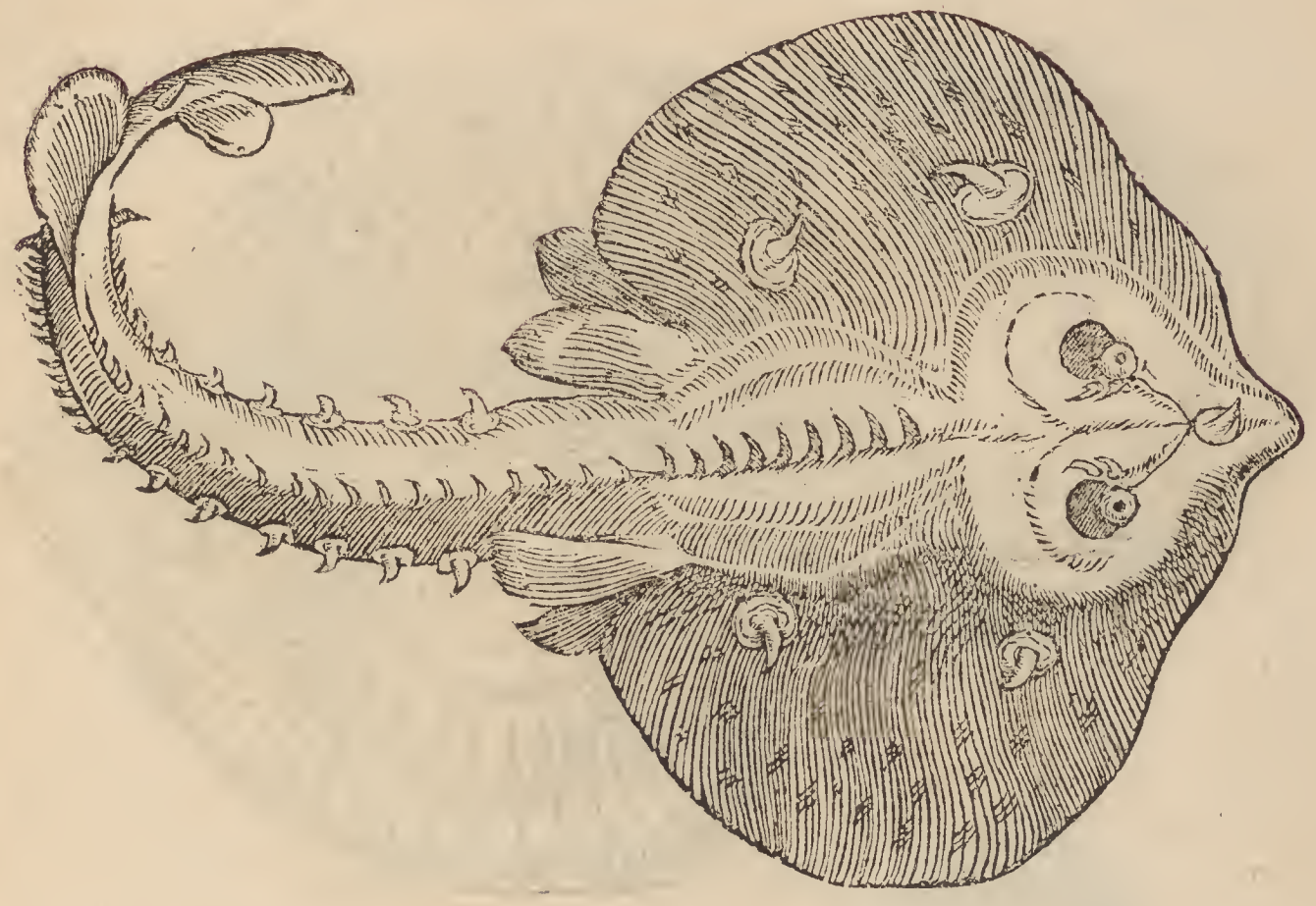
De Raia oculata & aſpera.

Quicunq; affectas longeuam ducere vitam,
Nec ſucci plenum corpus habere mali,
Abſtineas Raia, nimirum ægrè illa domatur,
Gignit & humorem ſumpta melancholicum.

De Raia Aſteria aſpera.

Hæc Raiæ ſpecies quæ ſpinis horret acutis.
Quæq; etiam in cauda ſpicula plura gerit,
Natura infirmis ſtomachis nullo Vtilis æuo
Cenſetur quoniam difficilè coquitur.

De Raia clauata.

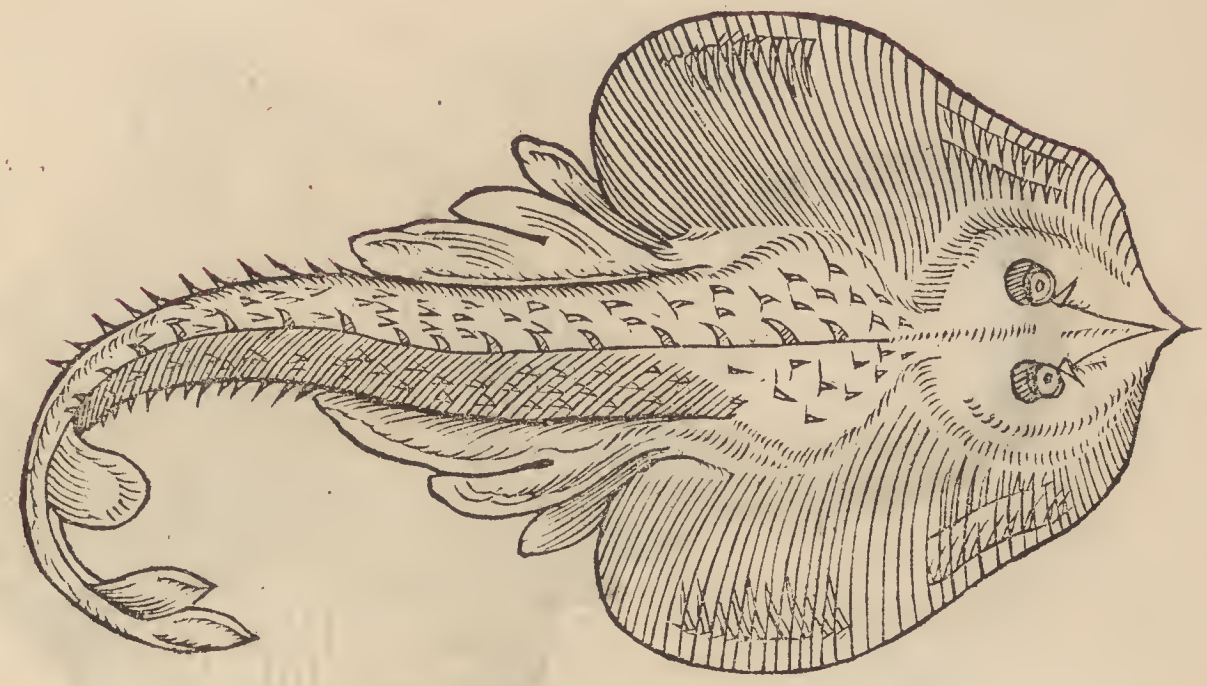


Hanc Raiæ ſpeciem ſenſus diiudicat ori
Vt duram, coctu ſic quoq; difficilem.
Suaue epulum ceu pingue tamen iecur illius aiunt,
Multi optántq; illud ſæpè probántq; coqui.
Num vero quicquam in Mædicinæ conferet vſum?
Conferet, & multis læne leuamen erit.
Pingue illud ſiquidem cum molliat abſq; calore,
Creditur in iecoris grata medela malis.
Sic iecur auxilio eſt iecori plerunq; quid ergò?
An ſimili cuiuis præſidio eſt ſimile?

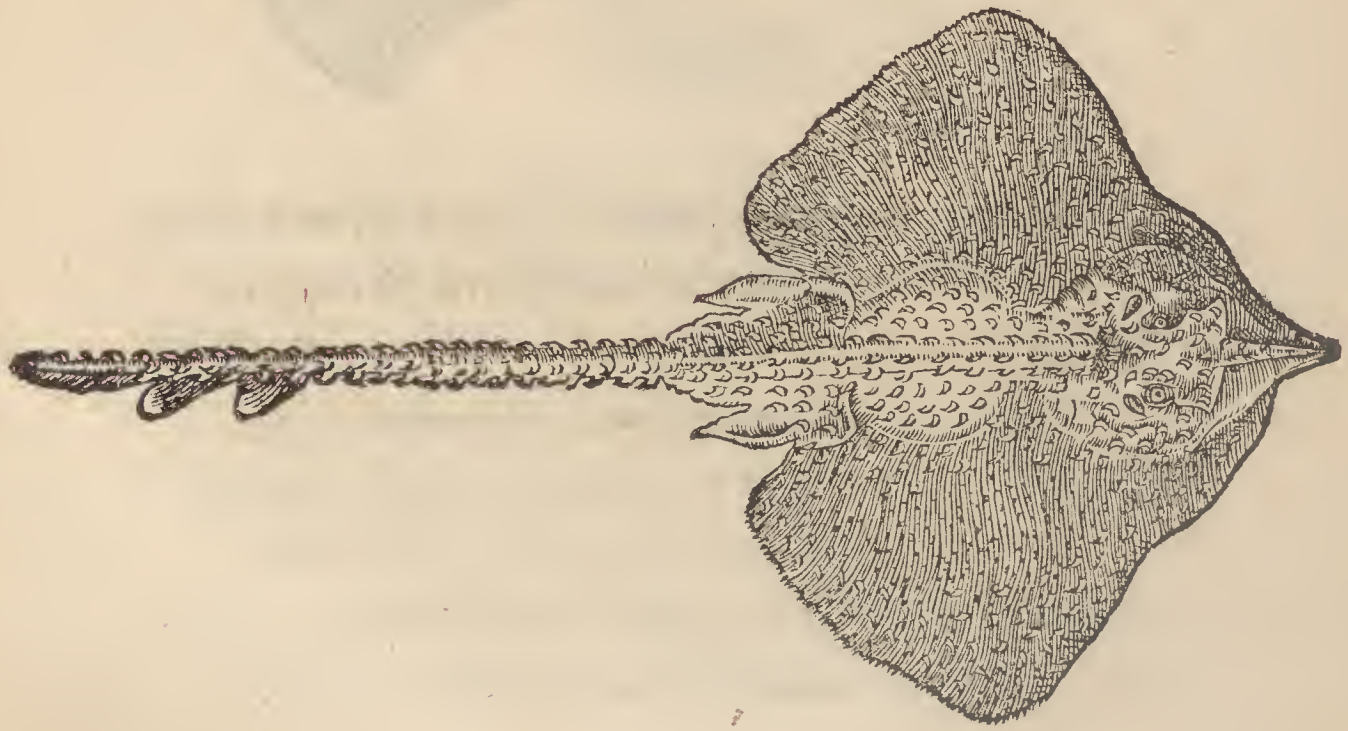
De altera ſpecie Raiæ clauatæ.

Cum veluti clauos gerat hæc clauata feretur,
Nomine vt à multis differat ipſa etiam.
Carne mihi piſcis dura eſt, & odore ferino
Præditus: hunc alter quærat emátq; ſibi.

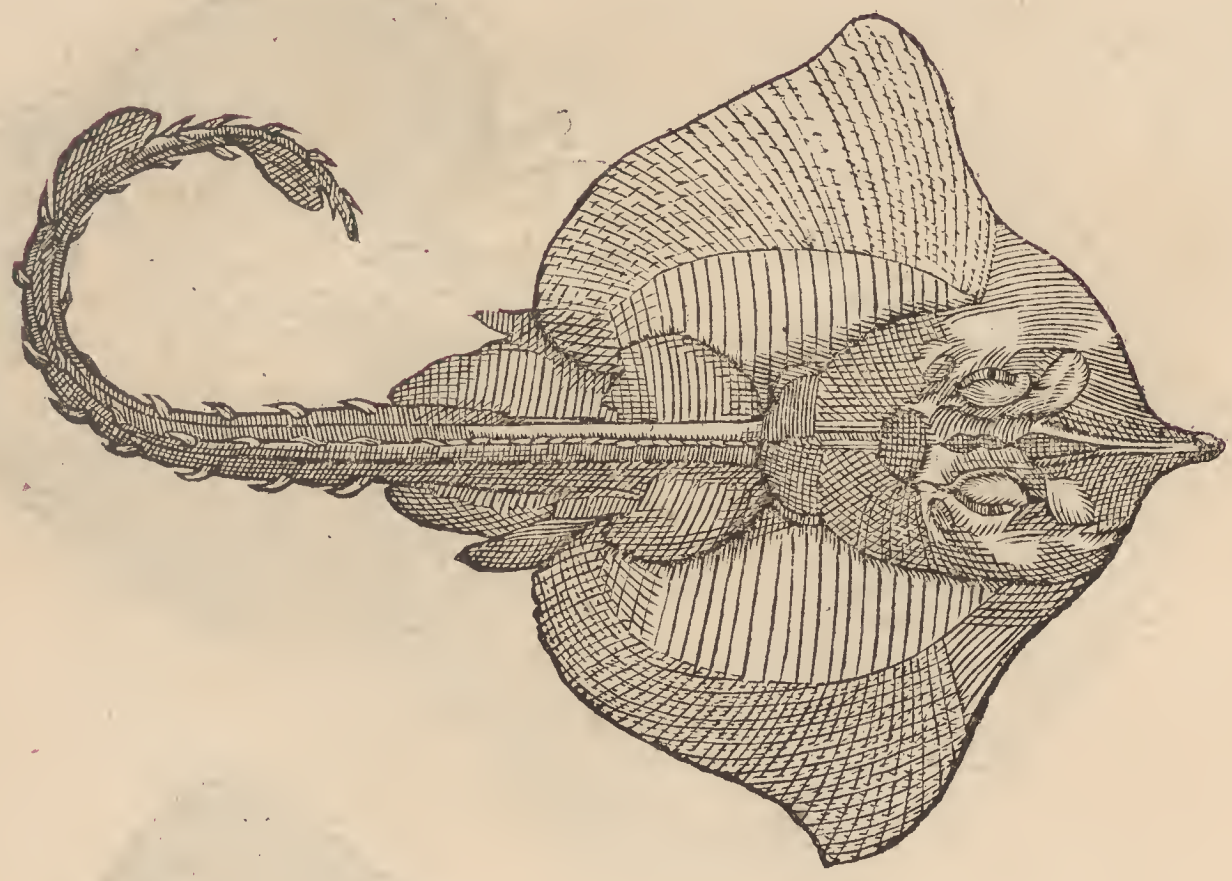
Raia ſpinoſa.



Raia Hellonica.

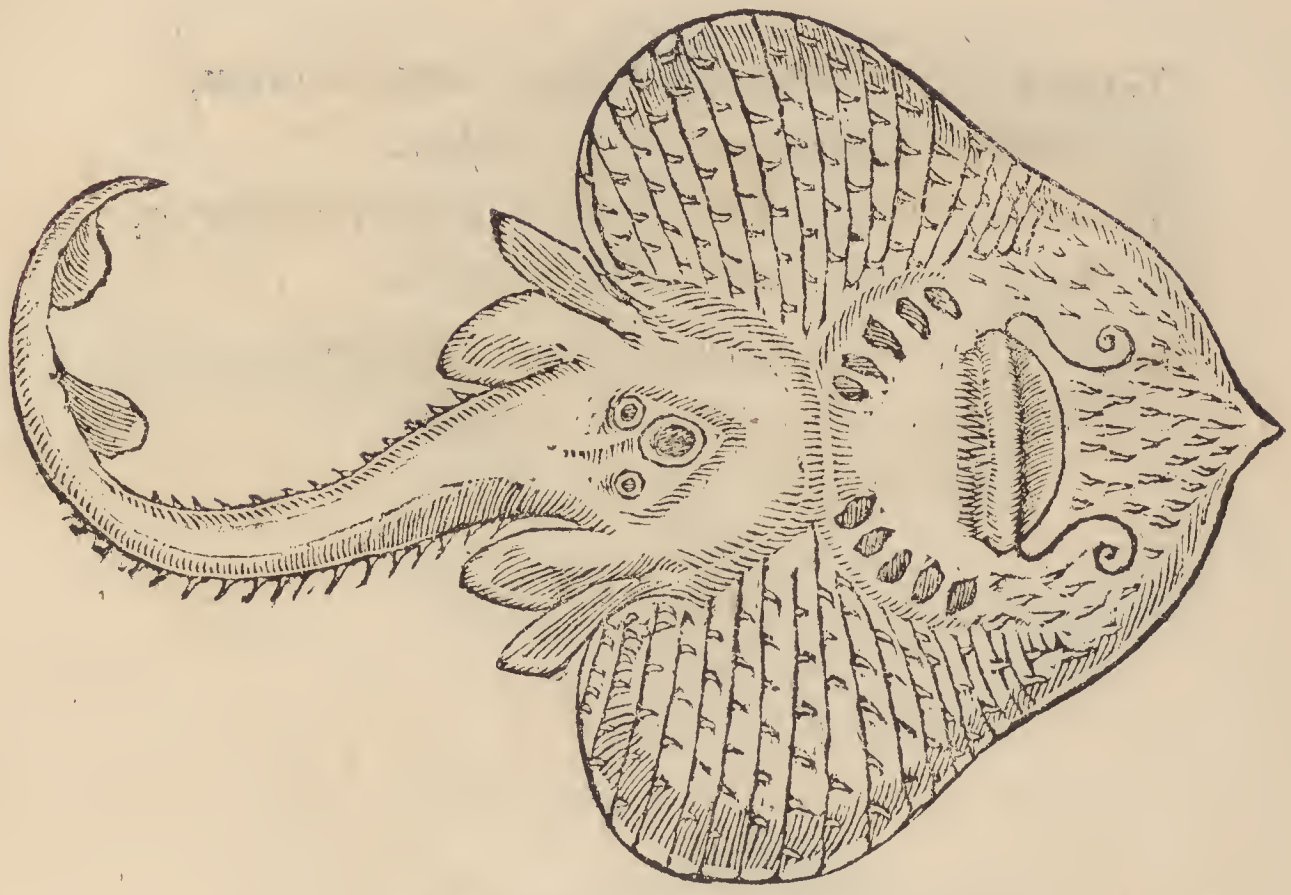


De Raia aſpera.



Prædita ceu reliquæ prauo eſt Raia aſpera ſucco,
Hæc eadem in ſtomacho difficilè excoquitur.
Proin mea non gratæ venient ad prandia Raiæ,
Dum mihi laudati copia piſcis erit.

De Raia Asperrima.

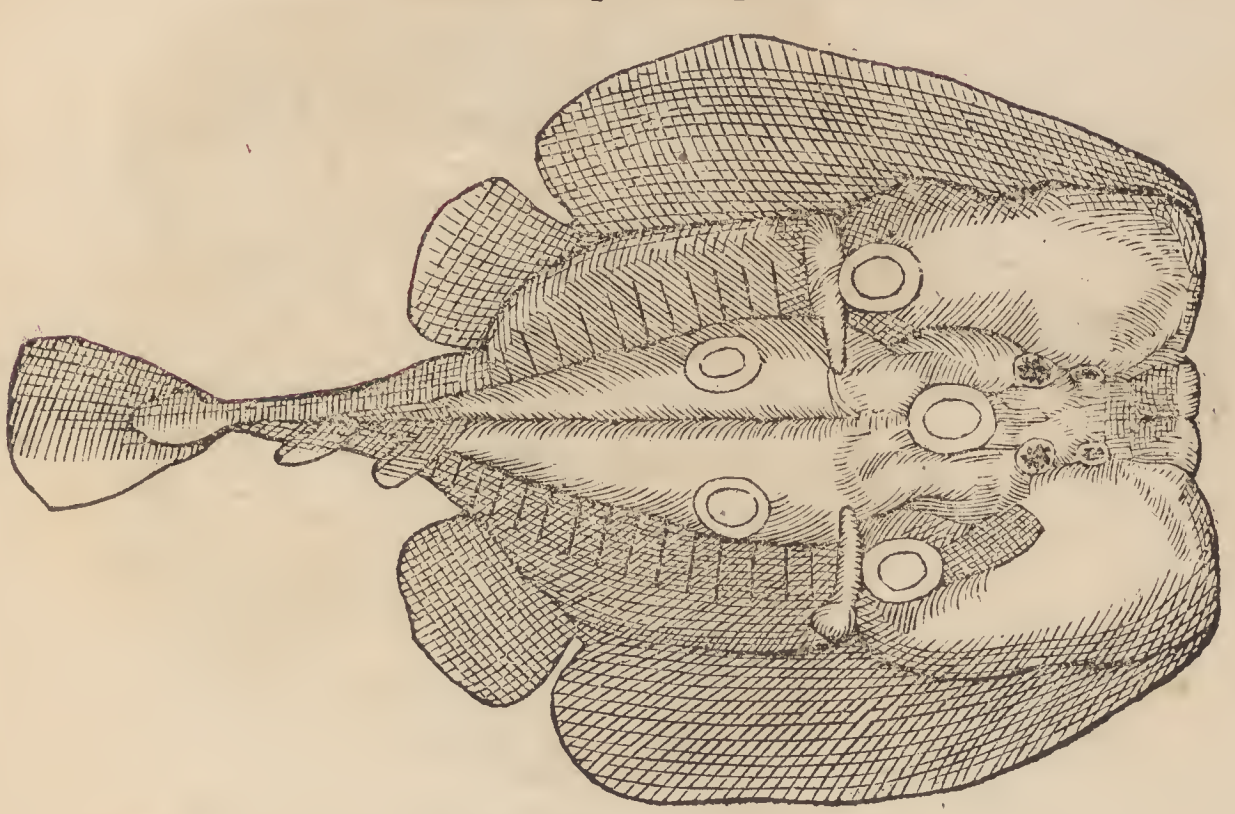


Hæc vna antè alias longè est asperrima Raias
Nimirum est spinis horrida tota suis.
Proin solum hanc nuda poteris comprendere dextra,
Qua gemina in cauda pinnula parte subest.
Inuenies aliquas quas cum non viceris vnquàm,
Parte sui possint inferiore capi.
At verò quantùm Medicinæ spectat ad vsus,
Fel Raiæ affectis auribus auxilio est.

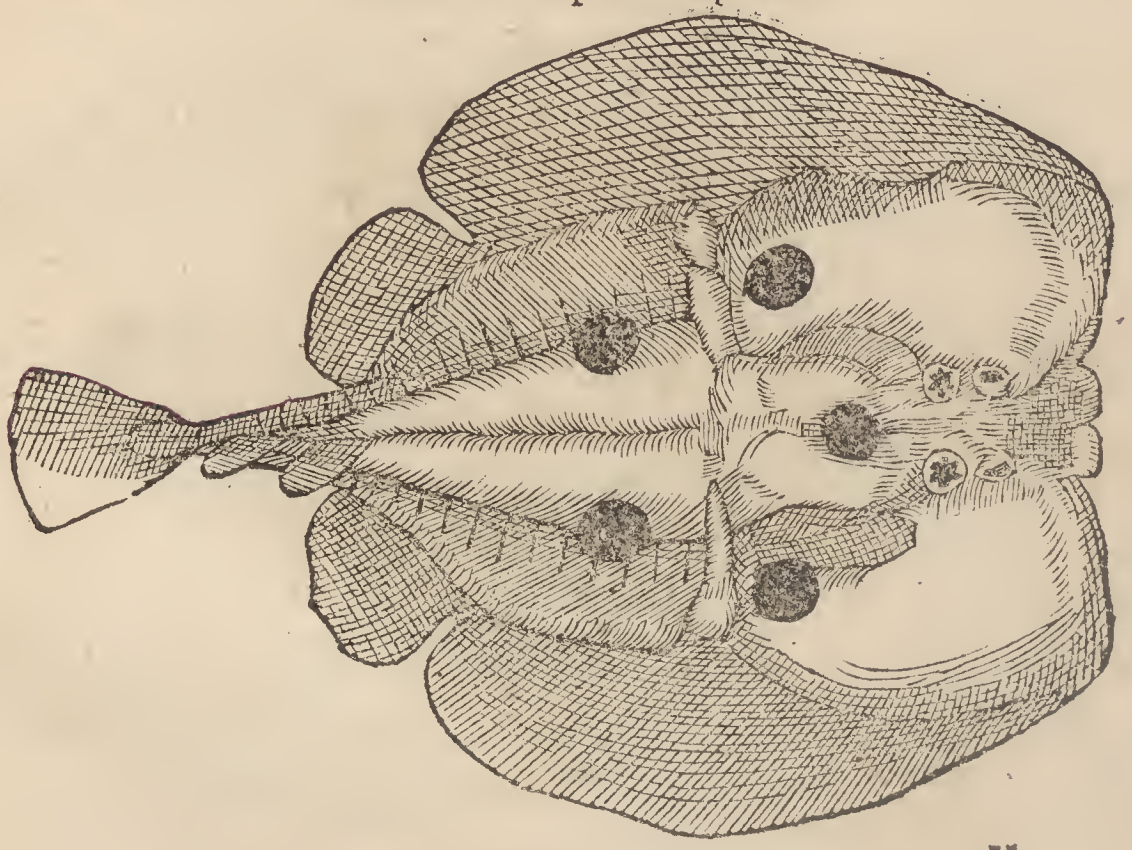
De Raiis in vniuersum.

Tetrum nescio quem, resipit Raia omnis odorem,
Ipso sed Brumæ tempore fit melior.
Nam tum suauior est, citiúsq; in Ventre domatur,
Tumq; magè in nobis interiora calent.
Asteria excellit reliquas bonitate saporis,
Nimirum succo præualet ipsa suo.

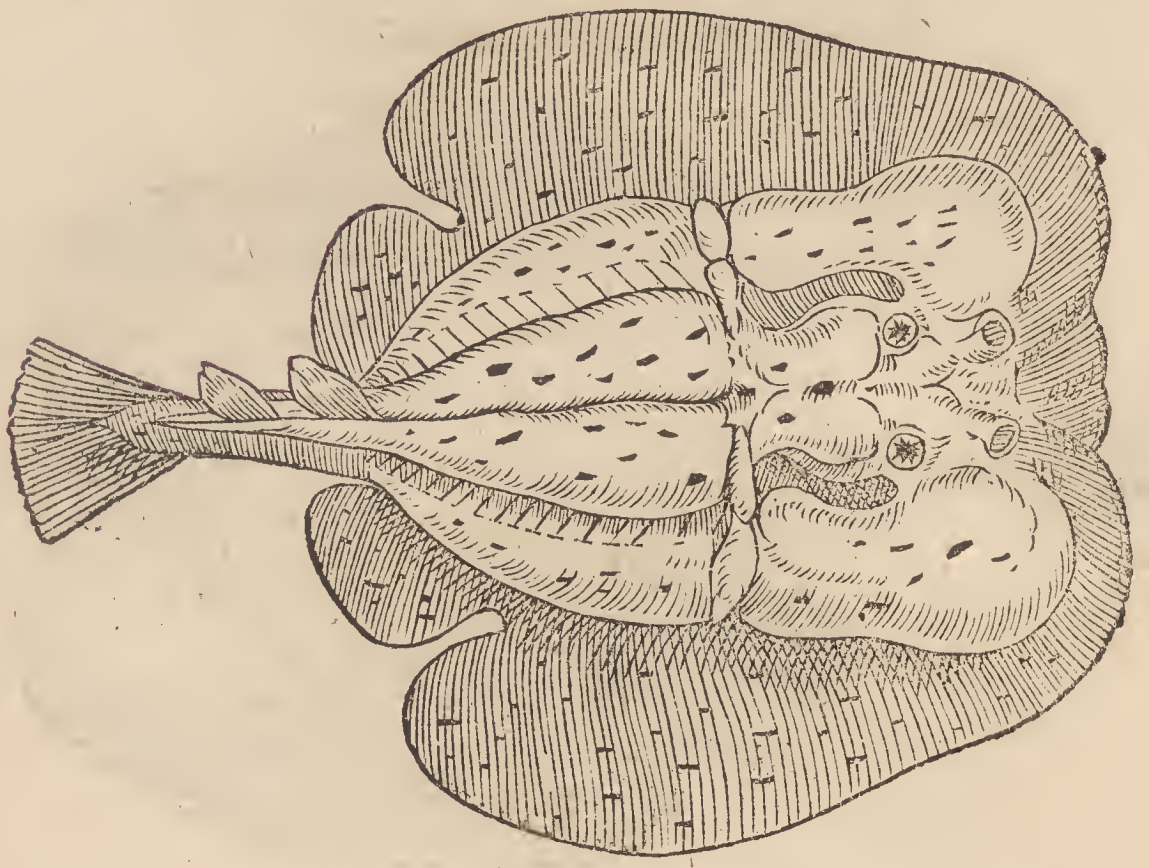
Prima Torpedinis ſpecies.



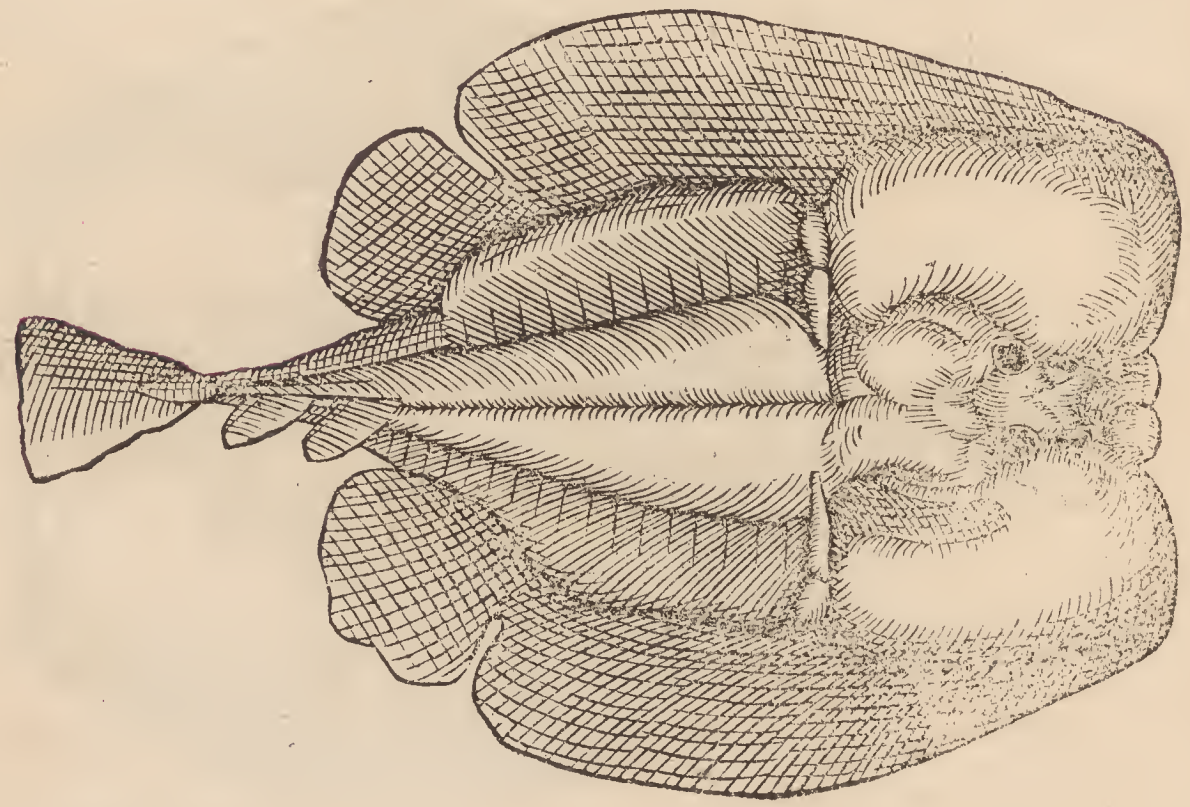
Secunda Torpedinis ſpecies.



Tertia Torpedinis ſpecies.



Quarta Torpedinis ſpecies.



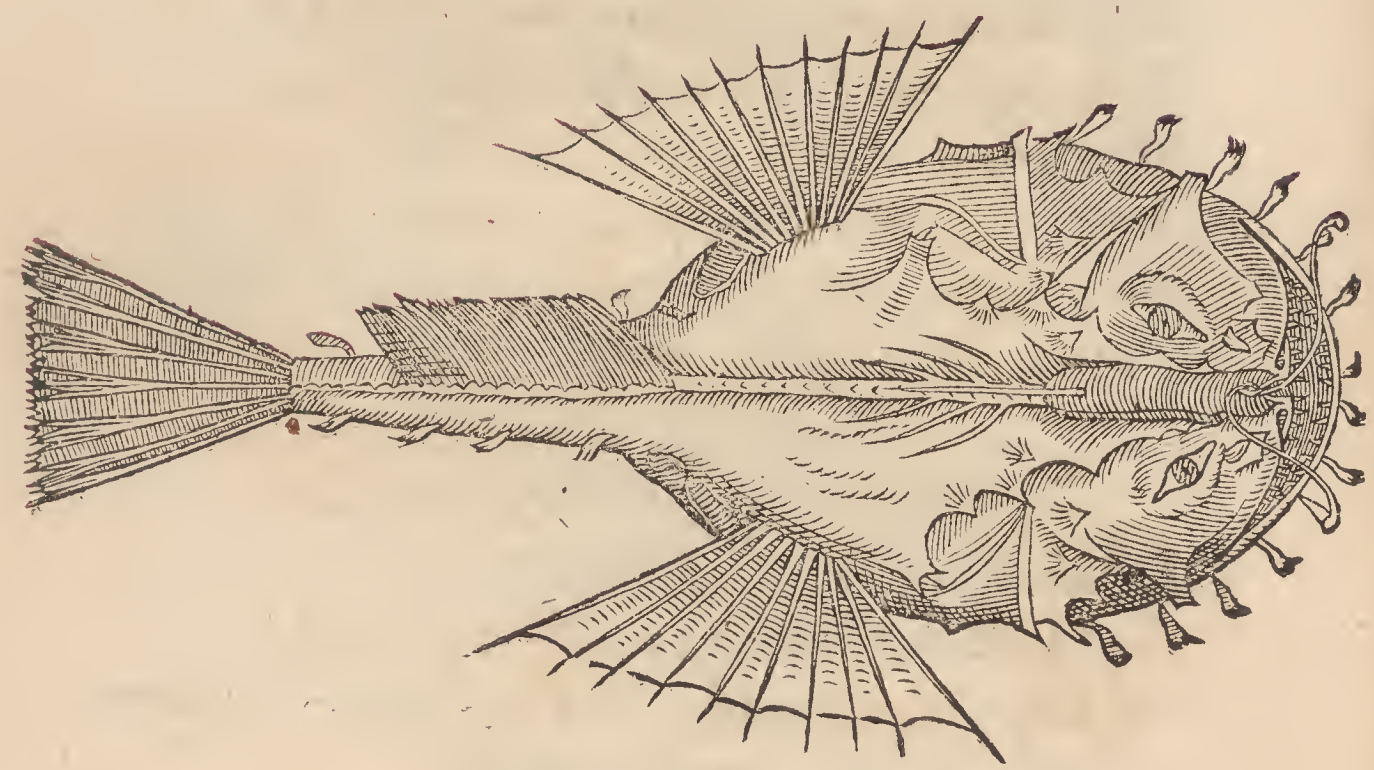
De Torpedine in vniuersum.

Stupore pisces quos petit, tetro afficit
Torpedo, ea virtute quam occultam obtinet
In se, atq; sic factos eos tardos capit,
Et vescitur, cœno se arenáq; implicans.
Securi vt adnarunt citò pisces, graui
Marcore correpti stupent immobiles:
Promptéq; prædatrix eos ingurgitat.

De iisdem Torpedinibus.

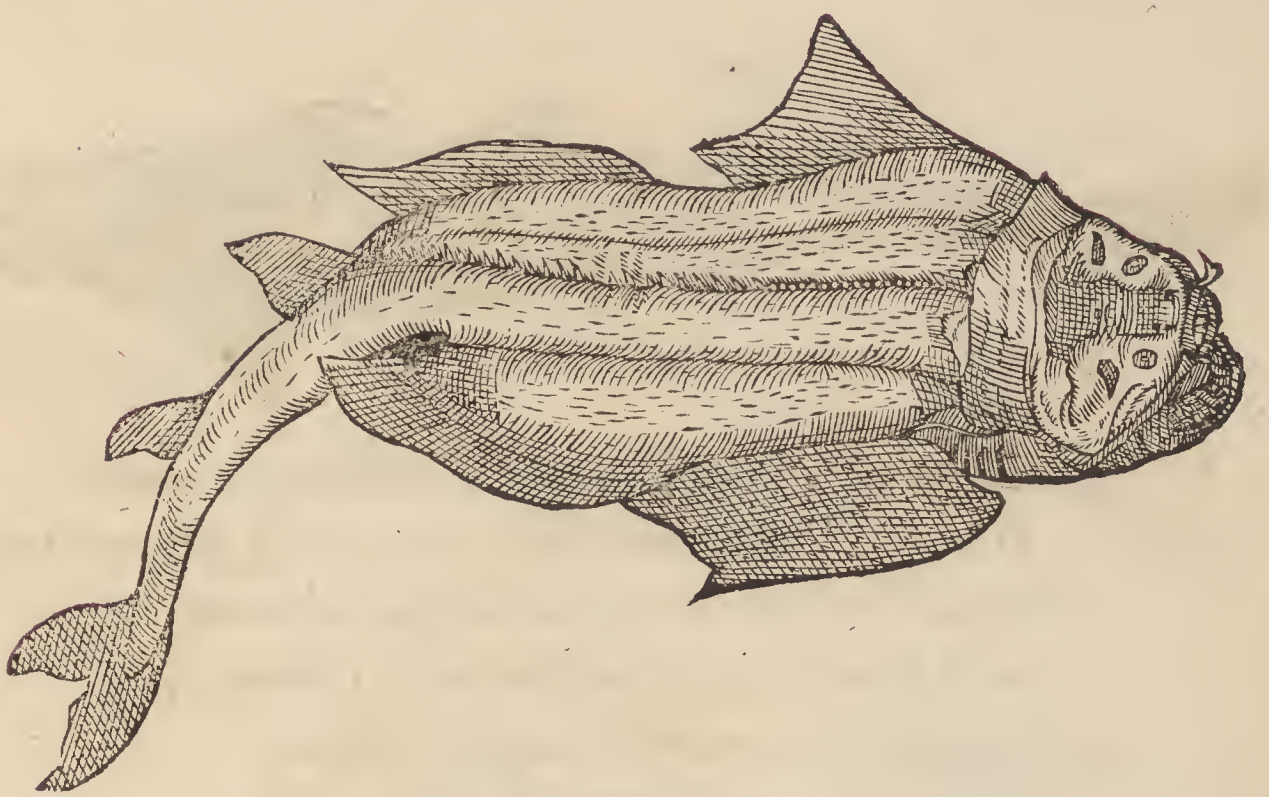
Praui Torpedo succi est, & inutilis, ori
Insuauis, stomacho non benè grata meo.
Nanq; vda, & mollis, simul & fungosa videtur,
Rectè si gustes, carnibus esse suis.
Auxilium capitis vel viua doloribus affert,
Sediq; euersæ est præsidio ipsa bono.
Cocta oleo iuuat articulos plerunq; dolore
Affectos, læso bis vel inuncta loco.
Fel verò venerem admotum genitalibus aiunt
Reprimere: & flammas (magne Cupido) tuas.
Coctam alius mandat mihi nulla ex parte probatur,
Vlla nec veniet luce probanda mihi.

De Rana piſcatrice.



Excrementitiæ carnis, prauiq; ſaporis,
Nimirum & ſucci Rana marina mali eſt
Suffuſis proprio eſt oculis accommoda felle,
Si quis eo vtatur, nanq; aciem exacuit.
Ex vino cocta, è tenui vel ſuccus aceto
In potu contrà tetra venena datur.
Nimirum contrà Salamandras, atq; Rubetas
Ebibitur, magno ſæpius auxilio.
Vtq; parens rerum terræ ſua pharmaca deeſſe,
Noluit, illa mari ſic quoq; plura dedit.

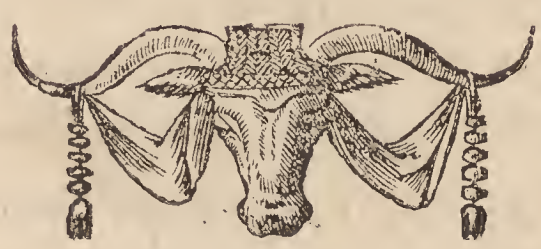
De Squatina.



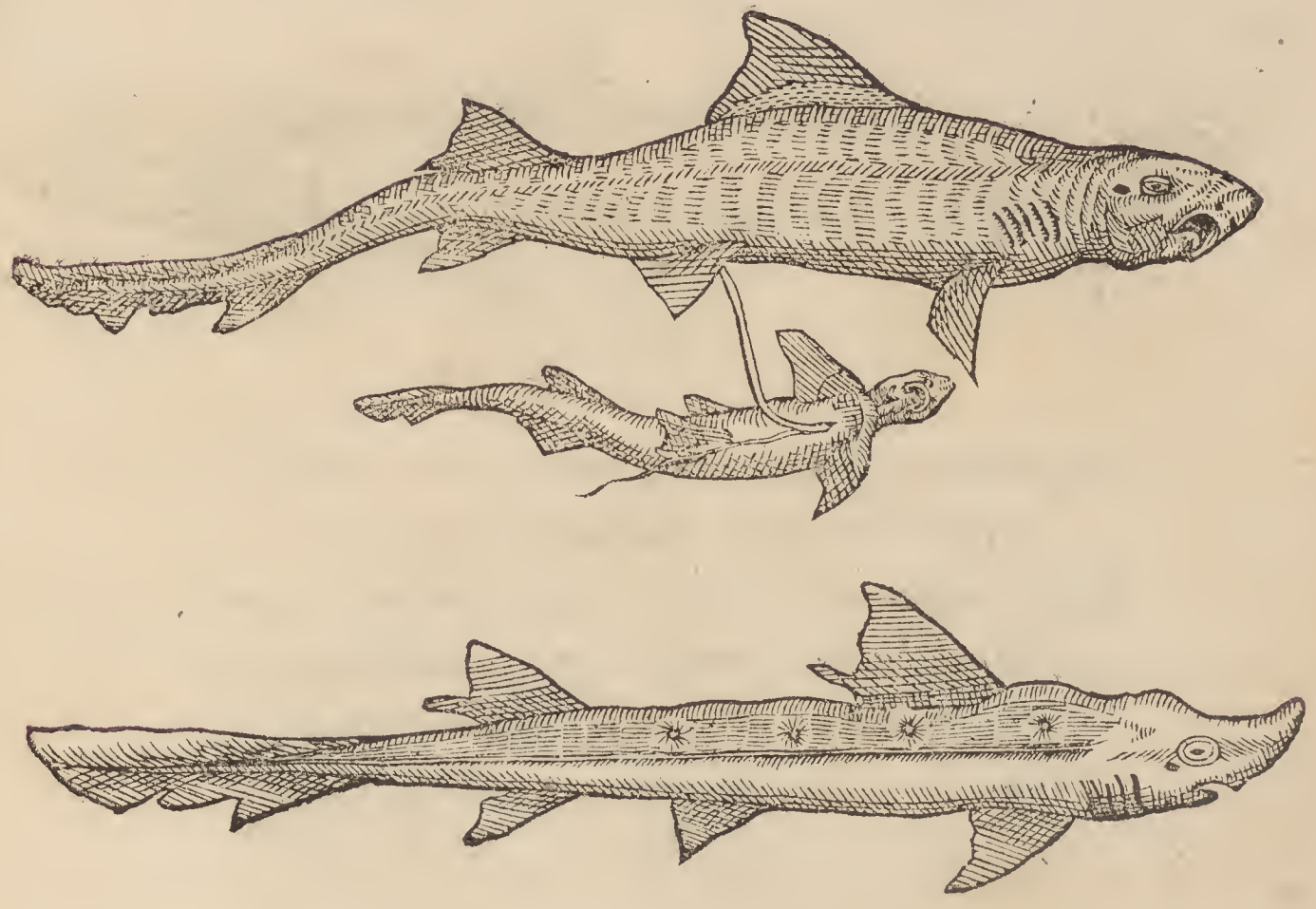
Plin Carne quidem dura est, resipitq; ferinum
Nescio quid, quò fit sit minimi precij.
Hanc etenim vulgus temnit, sed cedit in vsus
Plures, iudicio non renuenda meo.
Illa puellarum prohibet grandescere mammas,
Et laxas stabiles efficit esse diu.
Eiusdémq; cutis cineres manantibus (aiunt)
Hulceribus capitis præsidio esse bono.
Huius si vulgò piscis sit cognita virtus,
Siq; id rescisçat fœmina, pluris ement.

De Galeo Acanthia.

Carne quidem Galeus dura eſt, & olente ferinum,
Hinc ſit vt & piſcem hunc nunc quoq; ſpernat inops.
At iecur in liquidum illius tabeſcit oliuum,
Ad flammáſq; huius lampados vſus erit.
Ad iecoris duros confert, cæcóſq; dolores,
Nam iecur emollit viribus omne ſuis.
Fel verò iecori pendens hypochimata delet,
Quis tantam tali in piſce putaſſet opem?

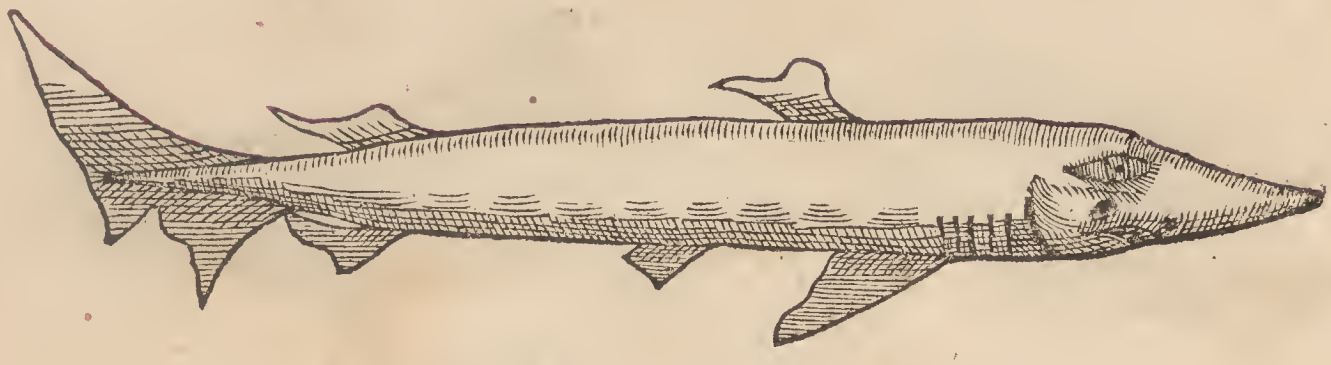


De Galeo læui & Galeo Aſteria.



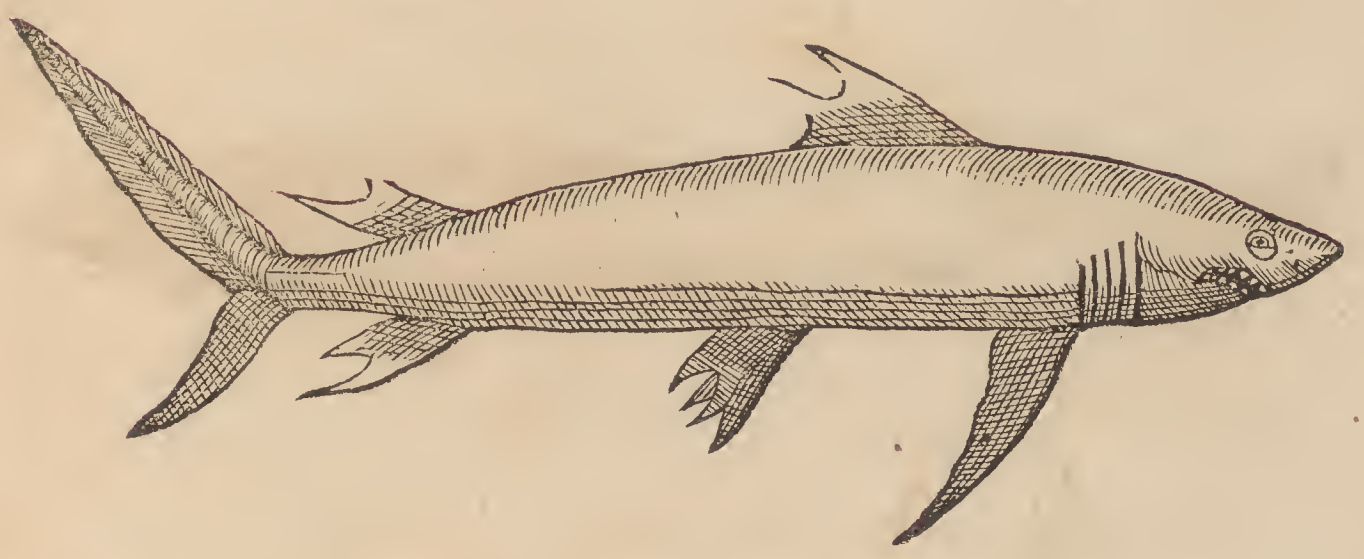
Ecce ſuo Galeus Galeum de corpore mittit,
Vtq; vides matris pendet ab vmbilico.
Stellatos etiam quoſdam pleruncq; videre eſt,
Omnes ne ſimiles ſint facie Galei.
Si tamen incidas fortaſſè fateberis illos,
Omnibus internis partibus eſſe pares.

De Galeo cane.



Terga canes Galei, talóſq; pedéſq; natantum,
Atq; artus auido mordicus ore petunt.
Quos ni homines ſtylis peracutis reprimerent mox
Haud dubiè in medijs emorerentur aquis.
Si bona multa gerit tellus. ſiq; æquora ponti,
Omnia tuta manent non at vbiq; tamen.

De Galeo Glauco.

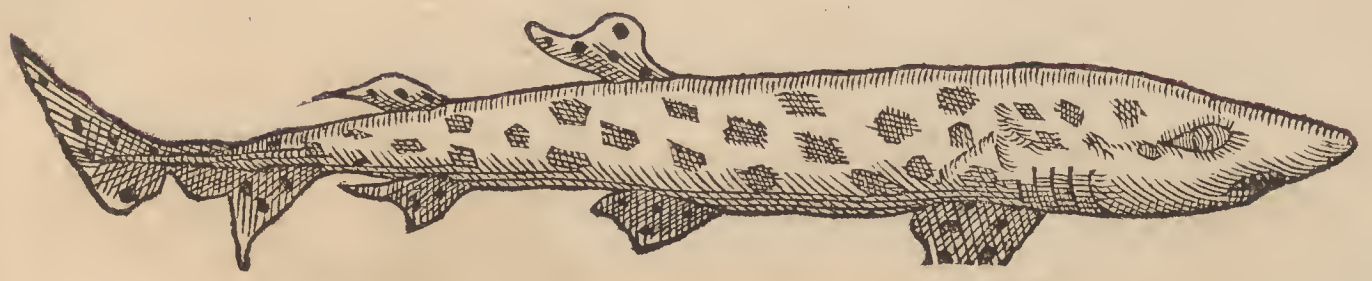


Glaucus in humanam Galeus carnem ore voraci
Fertur, & in miseros dente molestus agit.
Nanq; vorax totum se carnibus implet, obidq;
Tetra fit illius semper odore caro.
Hanc ideò pauci mandunt, nanq; illa ferinum
Quid resipit, quis eam proin nisi stultus emat?
Hunc tamen esse solent inopes, præbétq; alimentum,
Si semel in stomacho sit benè cocta valens.

De Canicula Ariſtotelis.

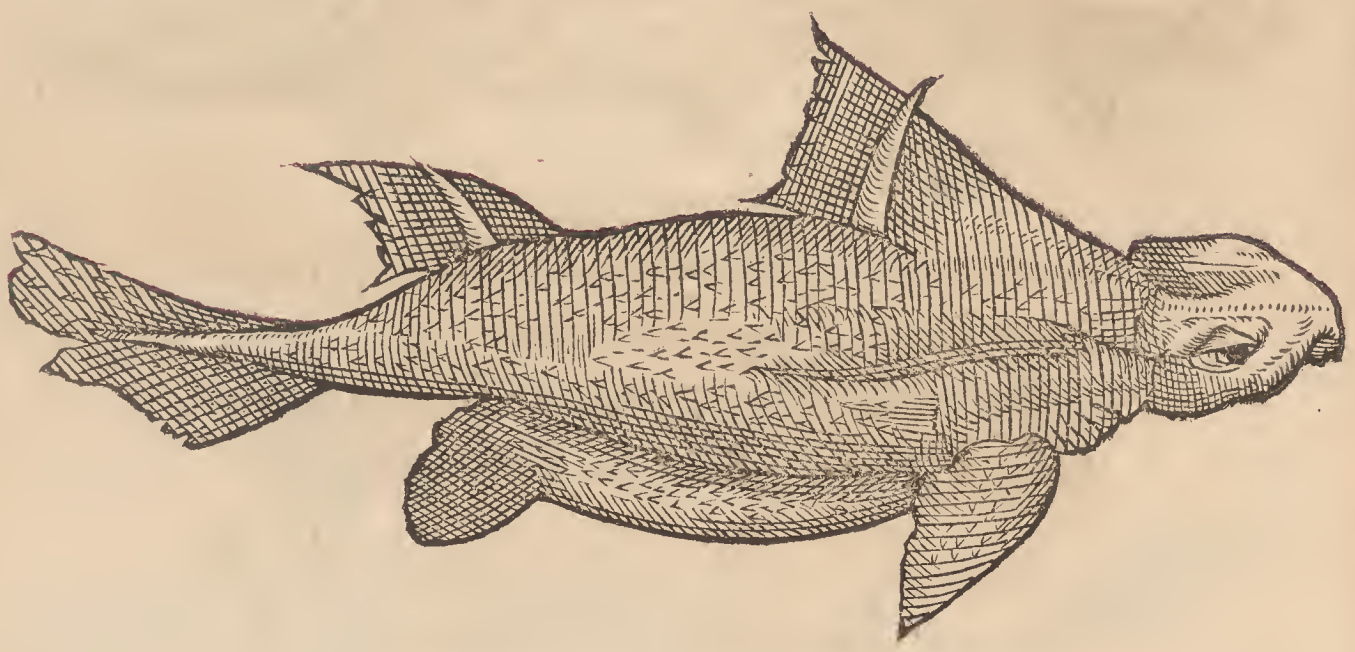
Excrementitia carne, & dura haudq; ſuaui
Conſtat, quem Χυλίον dixit Ariſtoteles.
Nam cum ſargophagus ſit ſordicieq;, lutóq;
Neſcatur, ſucci qua ratione boni eſt?

De Canicula ſaxatili.



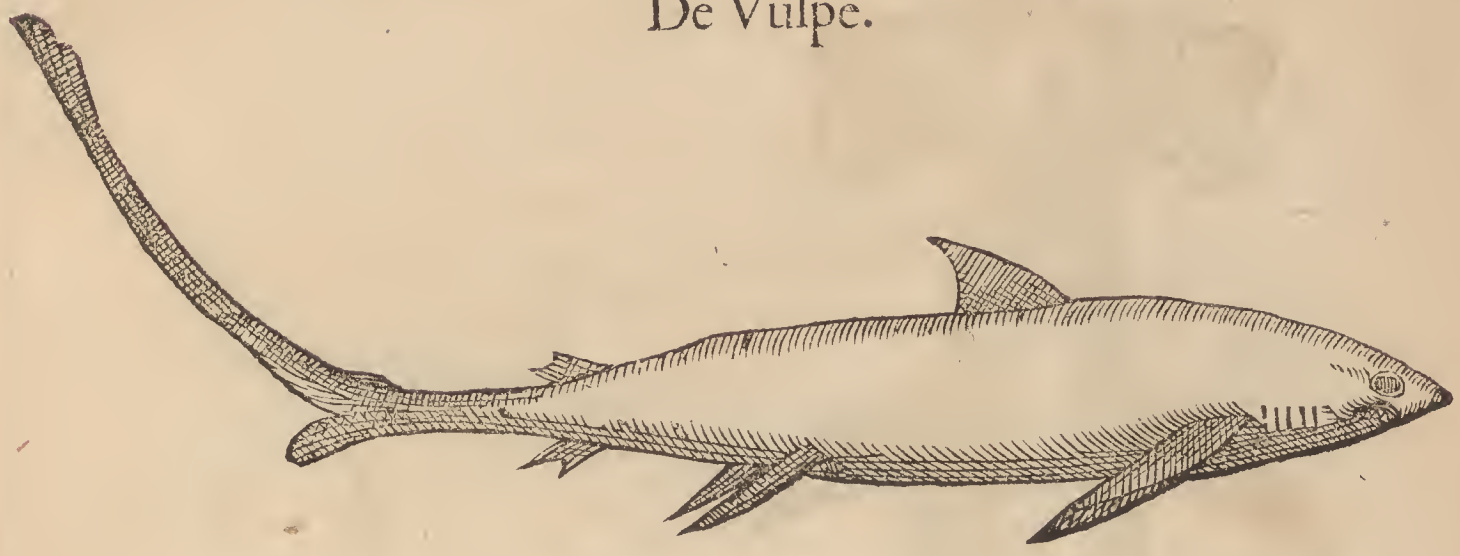
Piſcis habet carnem hic duram, reſipítq; ferinum
Neſcio quid, linguæ non ſatis ergò placet.
Eius ebur cute pollitur, tam dura vel aſpra eſt,
Enſium & inuoluunt illa hodie capulos.

De Centrina.



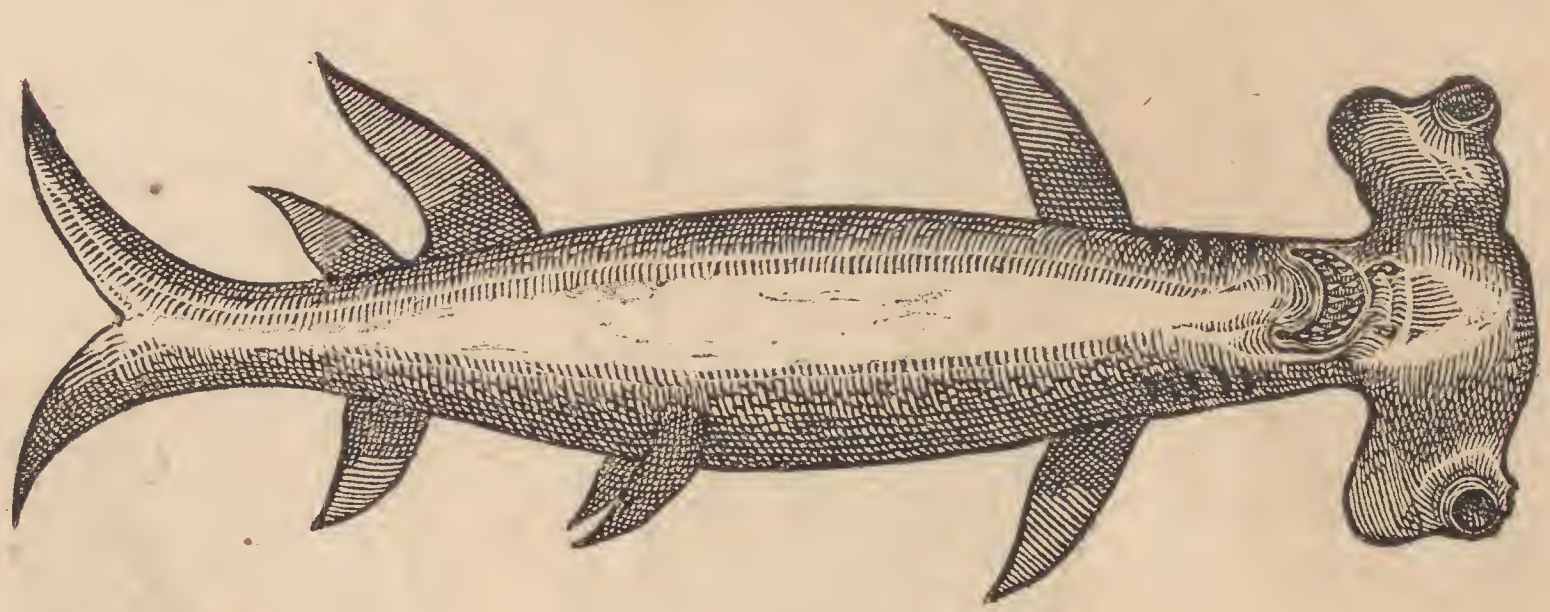
Centrina vſq; adeò dura eſt, vt ſæpè retundat
Omnem cultri aciem, nec benè poſsit edi.
Dura etenim carne eſt, virus reſipítq; ferinum.
Eſcáq; pauperibus vix ea grata venit,

De Vulpe.



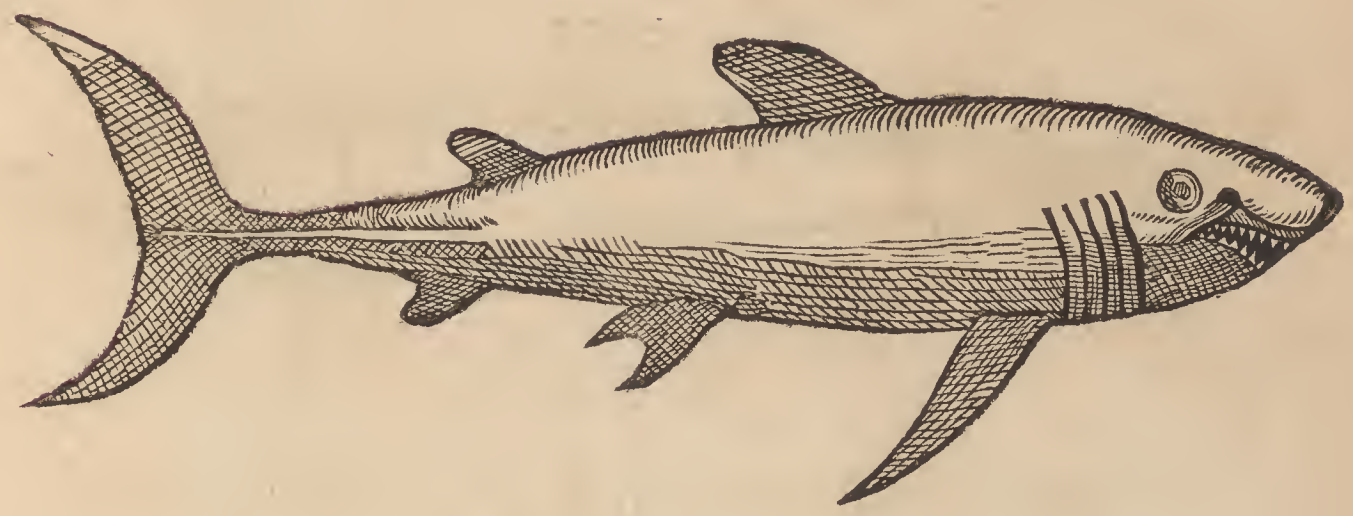
Viuum animal Vulpis parit, in ſemétq; receptat,
Præq; metu magno protegit ore ſuos.
Mirus amor, ſpectes ſi quantum paruus eorum
Qui propriis fraudant quos genuere bonis.

De Zygena.



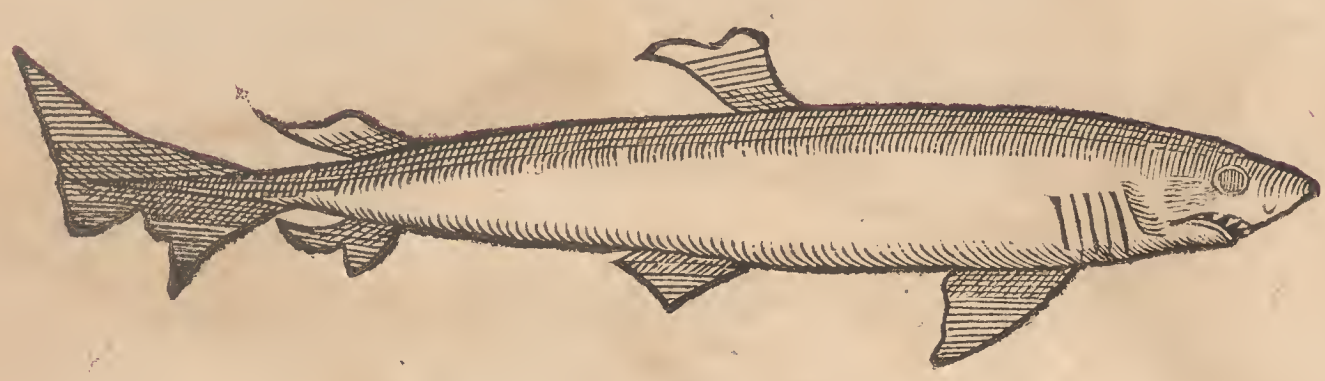
Zygæna aſpectu toruo horribiliq; figura eſt,
Auſpiciis nautis conſpicienda malis.
Excrementitia, muccoſa carne, maliq;
Eſt ſucci, quò ſit ſit minimo in precio.
Ergò inopum ſale condîta aſſeruatur in uſus,
Túmq; minus ſucci deterioris erit.

De Lamia.



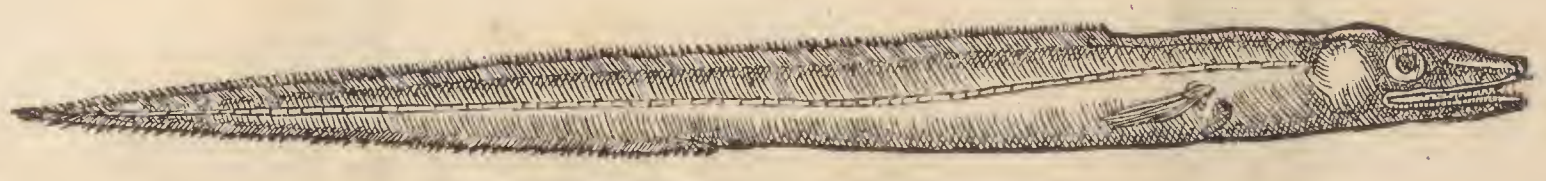
Et ſi ἀνθρωποφάγος piſcis Lamia eſſe videtur,
Non tamen à menſis abiicienda venit,
Carnis enim nec ea eſt duræ, tetríue ſaporis.
Nec malè concoquitur, cum ſemel eſa fuit.

De Maltha.



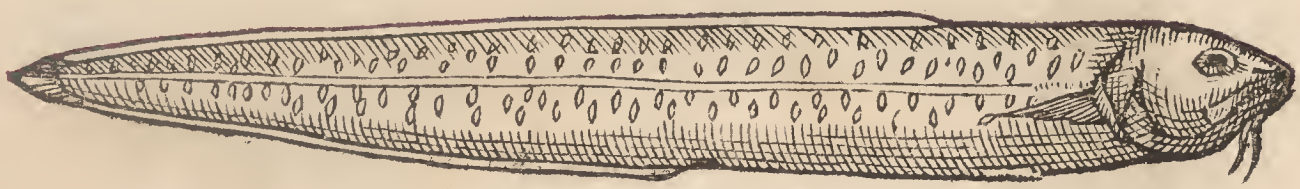
Laxa caro huic piſci eſt, mollíſq́, hinc lubricat aluum,
Hocq́ ideò Μάλθη *nomine dicta fuit.*
Hunc igitur mandat piſcem cui ſiccior aluus,
Utq́ magis ventrem concitet adde oleum.

De Congro.



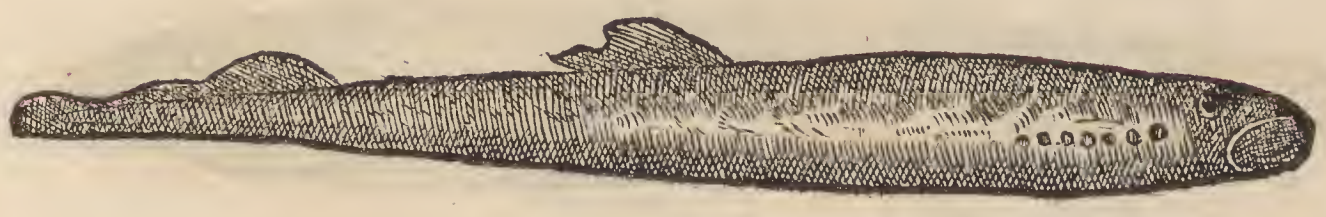
Grata quidem ſtomacho Congri eſt caro, ſed tamen illa
Cum prædura ſiet difficilè excoquitur.
Vi quadam occulta lepram generare putatur,
Sed ſucci (reor) id fit ratione mali.
Caudam illi Murena adimit, vel ad vſq; meatum
Illum, quo ventrem ſæpius exonerat.
Aſt odio Conger ſimili perculſus, in hoſtem
Inſilit, atq; fera poſteriora premit.
Mutuáq; abrodunt miſeras per vulnera caudas,
Nec victo illæſus victor ab hoſte redit.

De Ophidio.



Hic fermè effigie Congro, vultúq; propinquat
Piſciculus, viden hîc qualis vterq; ſiet?
Carnem ſi guſtes, duram coctúq; rebellem
Eſſe feres, qualem vel Draco piſcis habet.
Cum Rutæ radice eſam, compeſcere cenſent
Immodicum in maribus ſeminis efluuium.
Vaſtus plura etenim profert animantia Nereus,
Quæ duplici crebrò vel ratione iuuant.
Sunt alimenta etenim quædam tantummodò, quædam
Et medicina homini ſuntq; alimentum etiam.

De Lampetra,



Lampetra carne quidem est molli, lentoris habétq;
Nonnihil, at magni nunc tamen est precij.
Vere edito hanc, siquidem æstiuis insuauior estur
Temporibus, nam tum durior efficitur.
Impulsas (mirum) puppes vento illa secundo
Sistit, & inceptum sæpè moratur iter.

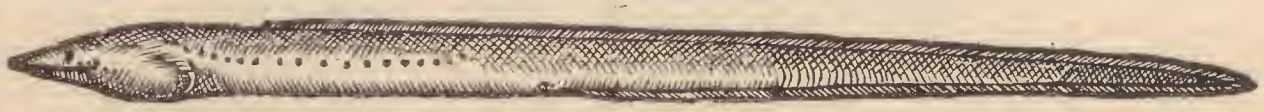
De Muræna.

Carne quidem pingui & molli eſt Muræna, magíſq;
Quàm Anguilla enutrit, ceu magè Conger alit.
Carniuoram eſſe liquet, nimirum dentibus vncis,
Quas ſemel apprendit non ſinit ire feras.

De eadem Mar.

Quæ natat in ſiculo grandis Murena profundo,
Non valet exuſtam mergere Sole cutem

De Myro.



Myrus in æquoreis ſi quem percuſſerit vndis,
Magno præſidio vulneris auctor erit.
Nam verſum in cineres caput ipſius vtile fertur
Illi qui toruo morſus ab ore fuit.

De Serpente Marino.

Lubricus æquoreis ſerpens qui degit in vndis,
Terreno eſt dempto vertice perſimilis.
Nam magis accedit Congro caput illius, ecce,
Æquoreum vere hic picta figura refert.

De ſerpente Rubeſcente.

Si quis nulla vnquàm ſerpentem ætate rubentem
Viderit, huc oculos dirigat ille ſuos.
Ore nocet, ſerratus enim eſt & acutus ei dens,
Hac vna tantum parte timendus erit.
Dulcibus in fluuiis oritur, lacubúſq; ſubintrat
Sæpe tamen fluctus (Prothèe diue) tuos.

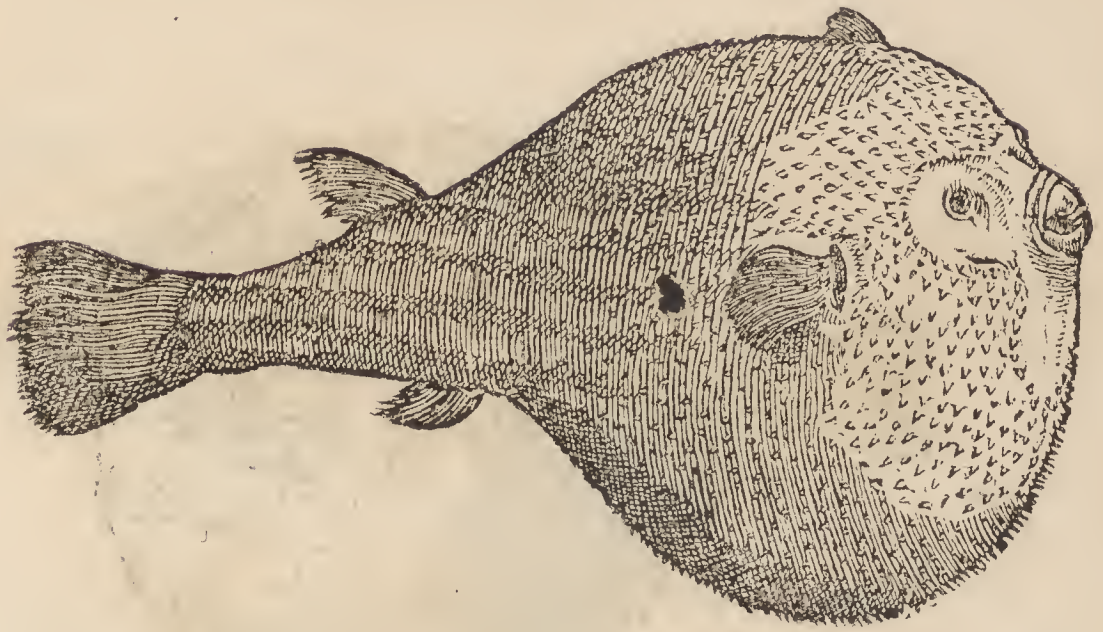
De Acipenſere.

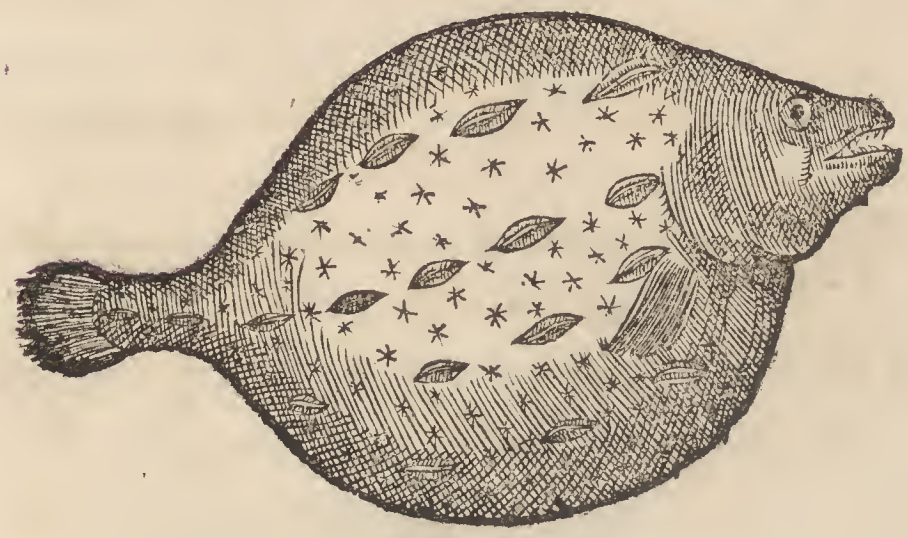
Hæroum tantum capiant Acipenſera menſæ,
Mille etenim nummûm non mihi piſcis erit.
In precio nullus Romæ magis extitit unquàm,
Ornent regales munera rara dapes.

De eodem Mar.

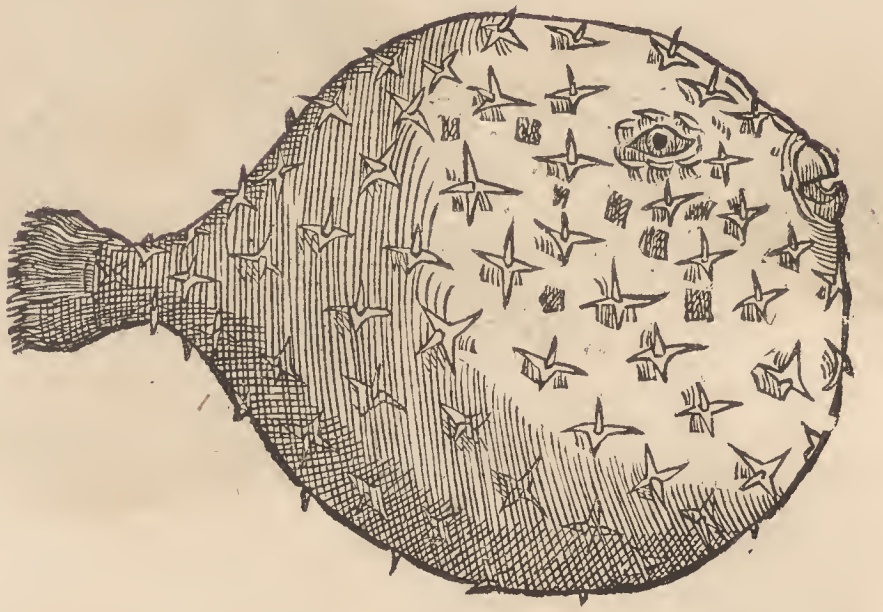
Ad palatinas Acipenſera mittito menſas,
Ambroſias ornent munera rara dapes.

De Orbe & orbe Scutato & Echinato.





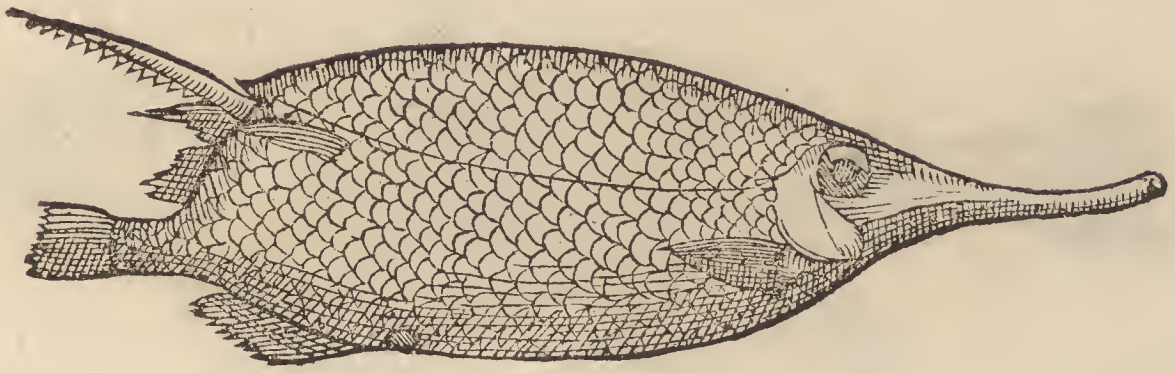
Tertia Orbis ſpecies.



De triplici orbis ſpecie in vniuerſum.

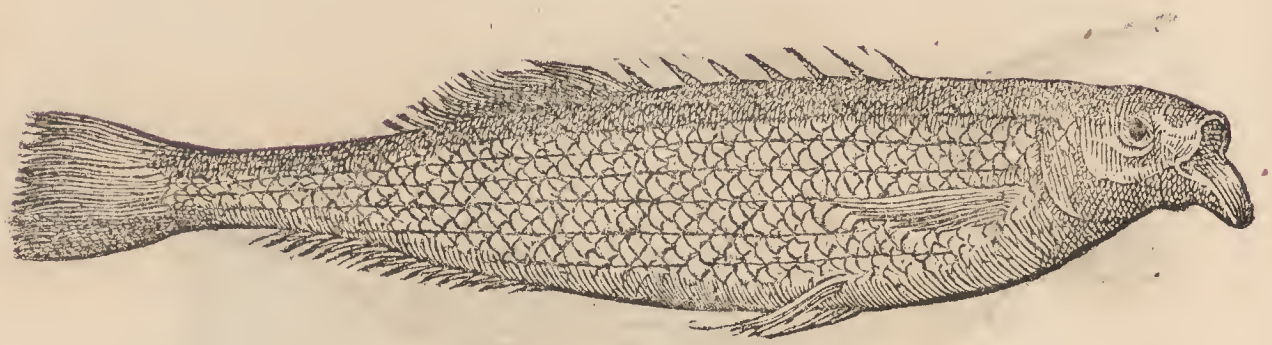
Orbis ab effigiem piſces ni videris vnquàm,
Pictura eſt oculis hæc adhibenda tuis.
Colligere ore auido rorem, gemmáſq; nitentes
Gnere, concreto rore, carétne fide?

De Scolopace.



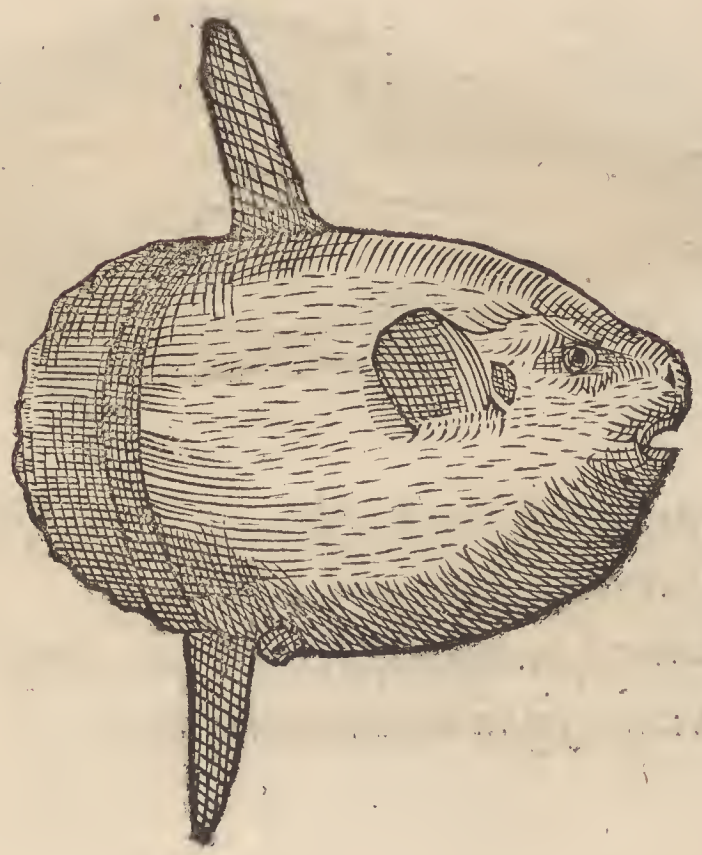
Externis huius piſcis qui venit ab oris
Forma oculis veniet conſpicienda tuis.
Eſt autem huic ſimilis carnis ſubſtantia Pagro,
Ergò boni ſucci eſt, & facilè excoquitur.

De Mugile Nigro.



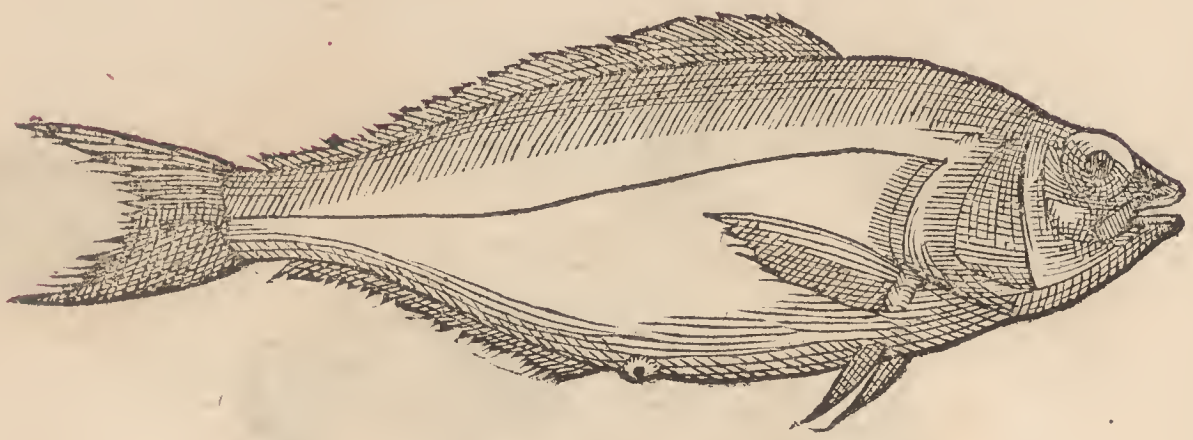
Hunc esse piscem nigrum Mugilem ferunt,
Incognitum nostris quidem nunc fluctibus.

De Orthragoriſco ſiue Luna piſce.



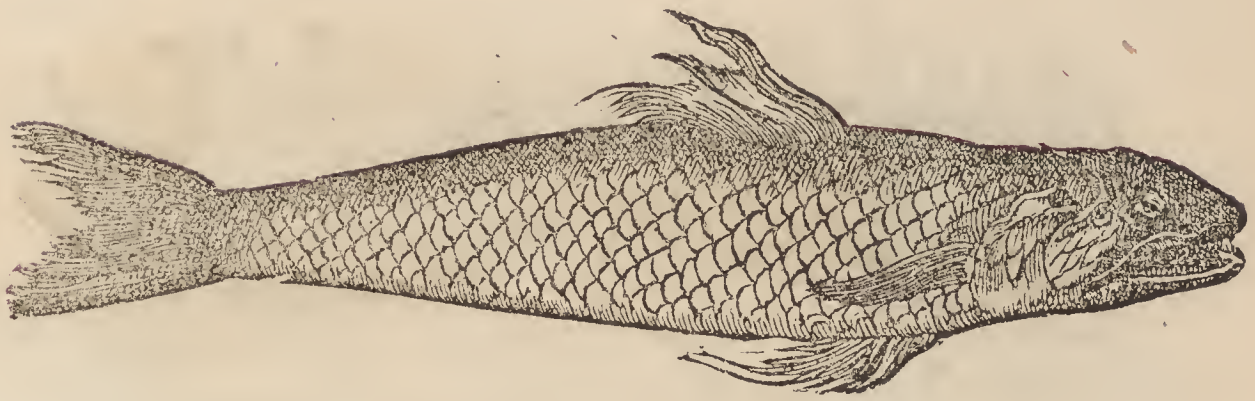
Hunc multi piſcem dignantur nomine Lunæ,
Quòd Lunam ex aliqua parte referre putent.
Fortè etiam noctu quòd multo ſplendeat igni,
A' tali dictus lumine Luna fuit.
Ergò ſuam cœli, retinéntq; ſuam æquora lunam,
Tres fuerint terris ſi addita luna ſiet.

De Rara Boopis ſpecie.



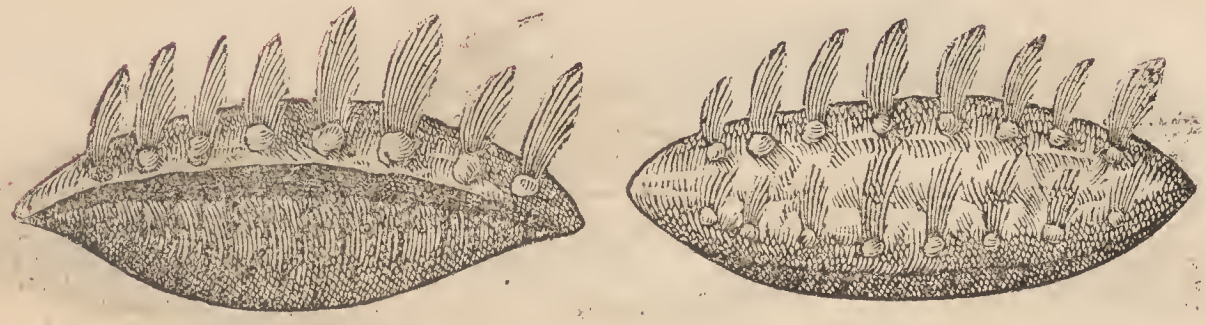
Cum carne atq; oculis, referátq; ſapore Boopem,
Dicetur piſcis nomine iure Boops.
Nudatur ſquammis, palmum non amplius vnum
Excedit, ſignis his tibi notus erit.

De Lacerto peregrino.



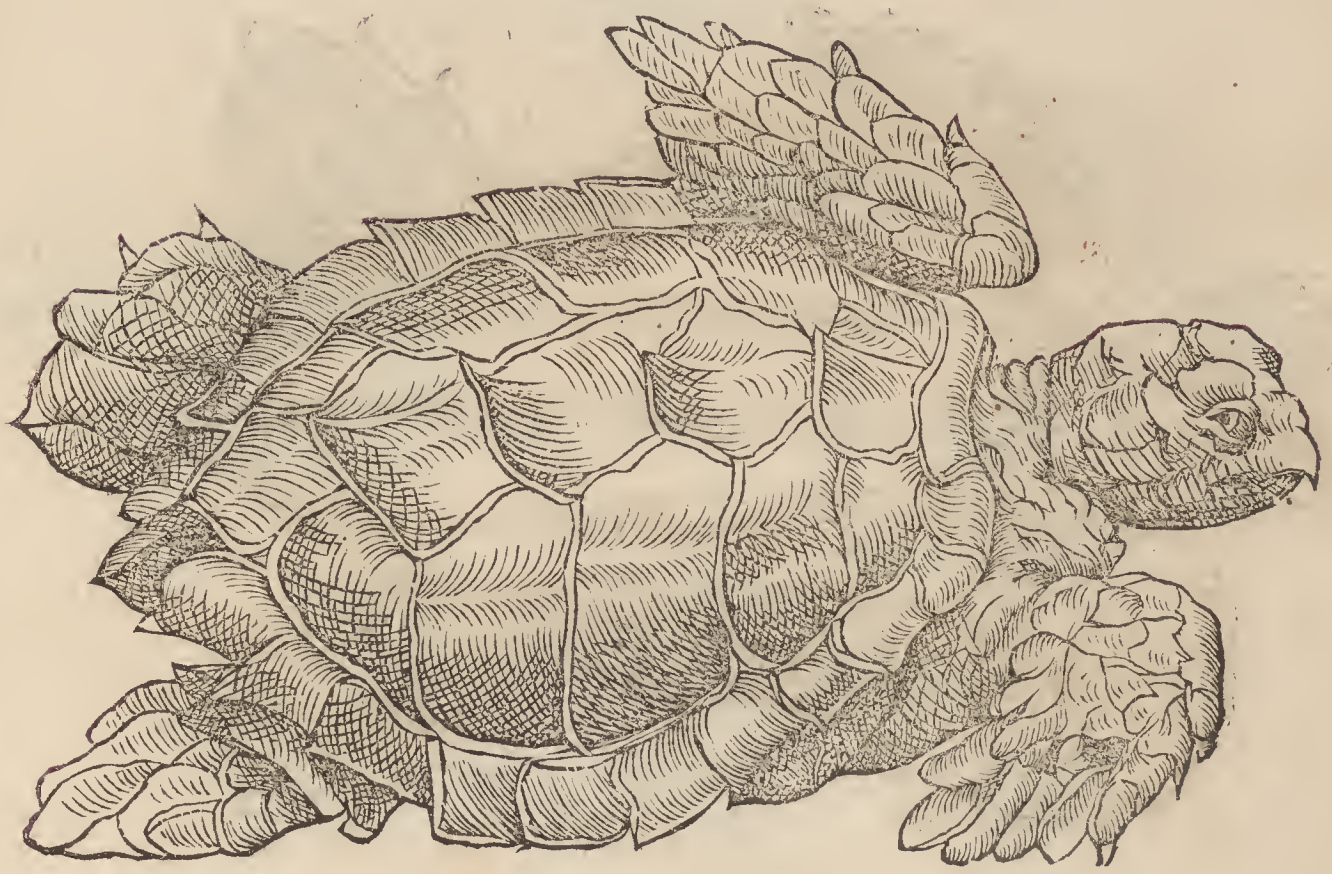
Multi proueniunt Erytræo in gurgite, Verùm
Corporis hic quadam ex parte Lacertus erit.
Mole ſua excedit cubitum non amplius vnum,
Eſt autem toruo & vertice & ore fero.

De Physalo.



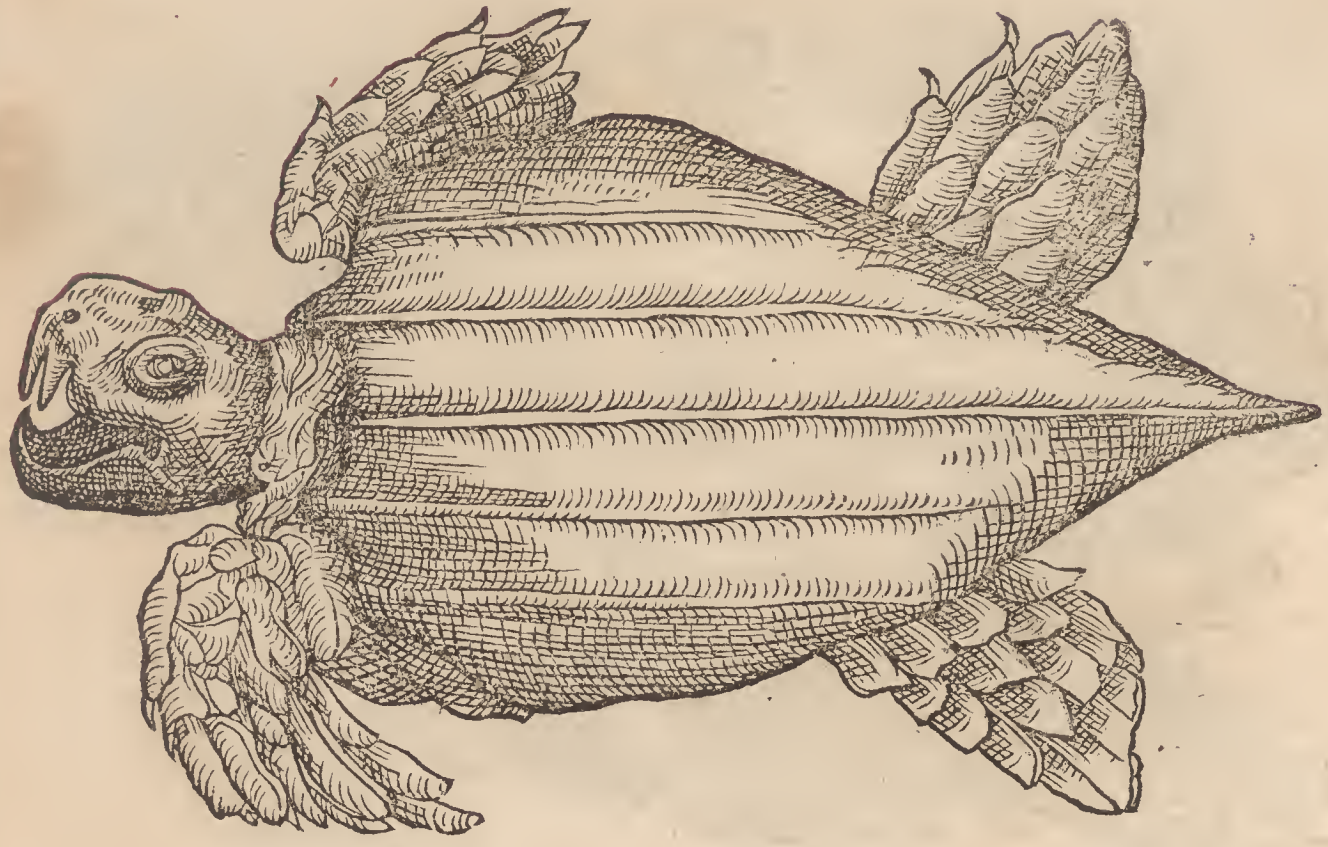
Physalus in rubro siſit ſemel æquore captus,
Spernendus tanquam perniciosus erit.
Nanq; dolore graui premitur qui ſumpſerit illum,
Estq; timor rupto ne ilia ventre fluant.

De Testudine corticata.



Carne satis pingui grata, & Testudo suaui est,
In multis cuius commodus vsus erit.
Nimirum diras multùm valet in Salamandras,
Addita si Raiæ carnibus vna siet.
Sanguini Alopeciæ, capitísq; mala hulcera cedunt,
Mixtúsq; antidotis sæpius ille fuit.
Fel cum melle oculis valdè censetur inunctum
Vtile, nam hos multis liberat à vitiis.

De Testudine Coriacea.

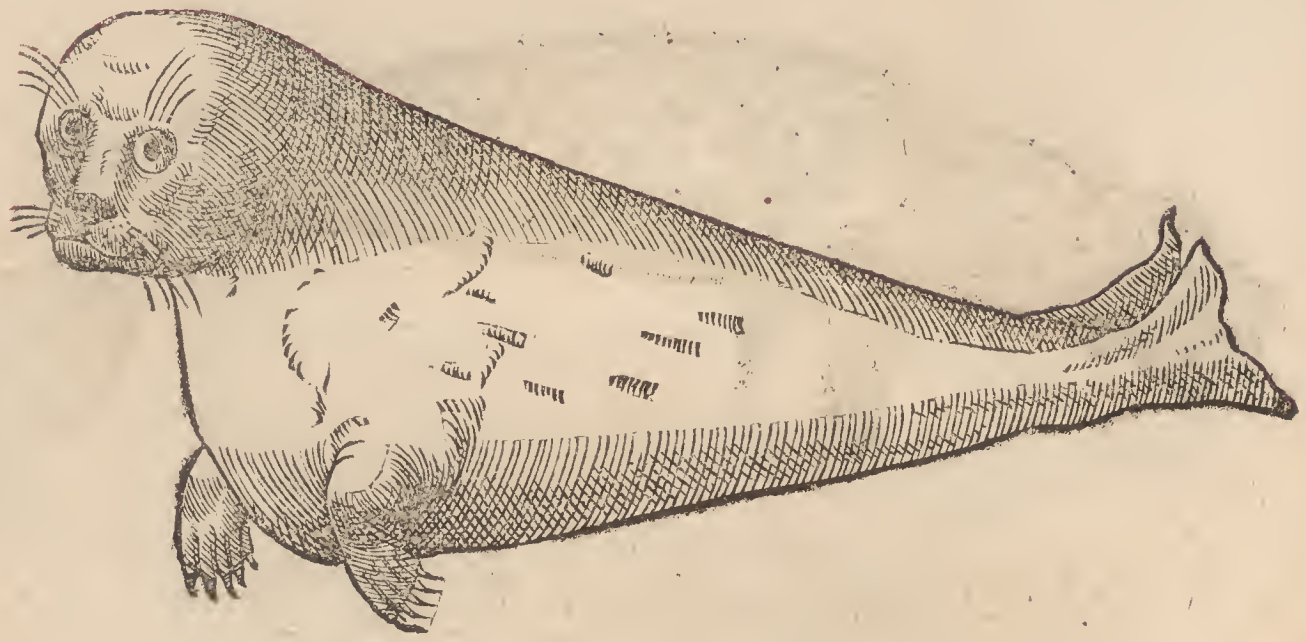


Sunt huius duræ carnes Testudinis ori,
Sunt etenim bubulis carnibus aßimiles.
Nanq; hæc dura magis, quàm sit mihi prima videtur,
Viribus aßt iisdem felq; caróq; valent.
Nanq; vicem alterius, si abßit, Coriacea rectè
Supplerit, tantùm proximitatis habent.

De Vitulo maris mediterranei.

Hæc Vituli forma eſt qui nullo fulmine tangi
In naturali ſcribitur hiſtoria.
Induperatoríſq; ideò Lectica Seueri,
Circunquaq; fera tergore tecta fuit.

De Vitulo maris Occeani.



Hunc piſcem informem Vitulum dixere Latini,
Et certè hoc dictus nomine iure fuit.
Si deprenſus enim vitulorum more videtur
Mugire, huic nomen quod magis (oro) quadret?

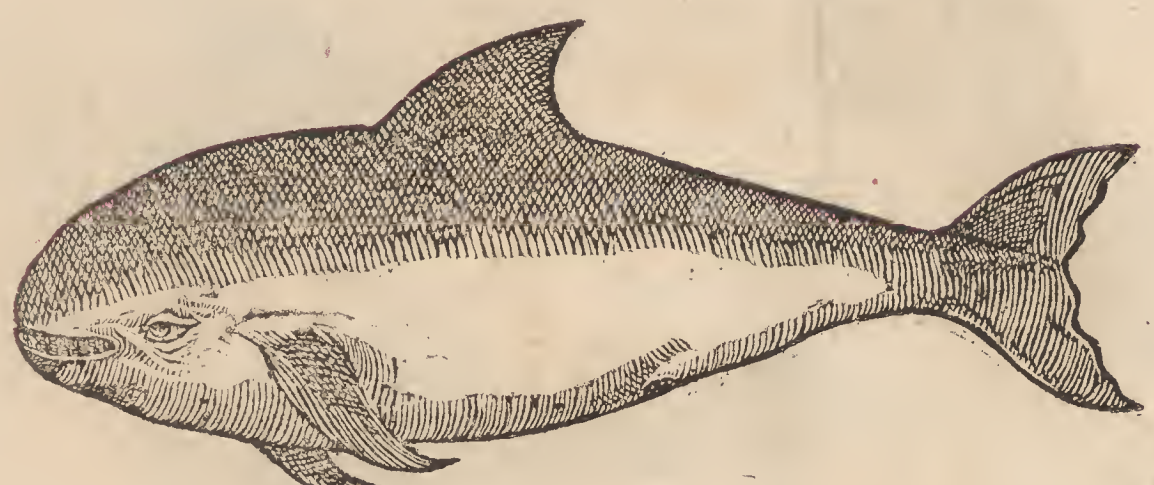
De Delphino.

Aequoreis quoties Delphin lasciuit in vndis,
Pacata & suo corpore turbat aquas,
Haud dubie ventos hyemem, nymbosq; futuros
Praesagit, sed ea qua mage parte Venit.
Tum sillum bibulis æstus transmittat arenis,
Vnda simul miserum, vitaq; destituet.

DE EODEM.

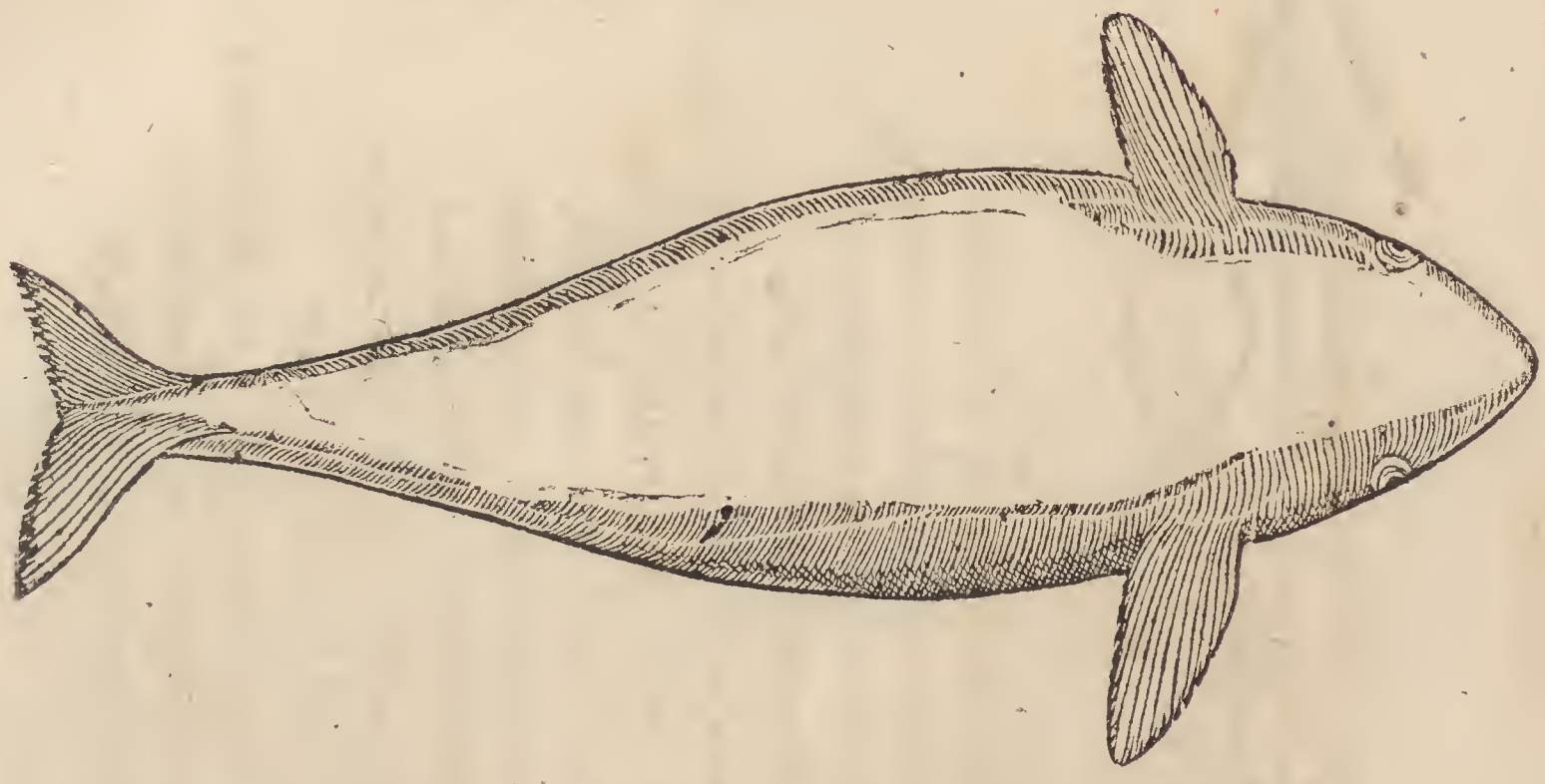
Δελφῖνες δ' ἀὐδρεσιν ὁμῶς γάμον ἐντύνονται
In faciem versi dulces celebrant hymenæos
Delphines, simulesq; hominum complexibus hærent

De Turſione.



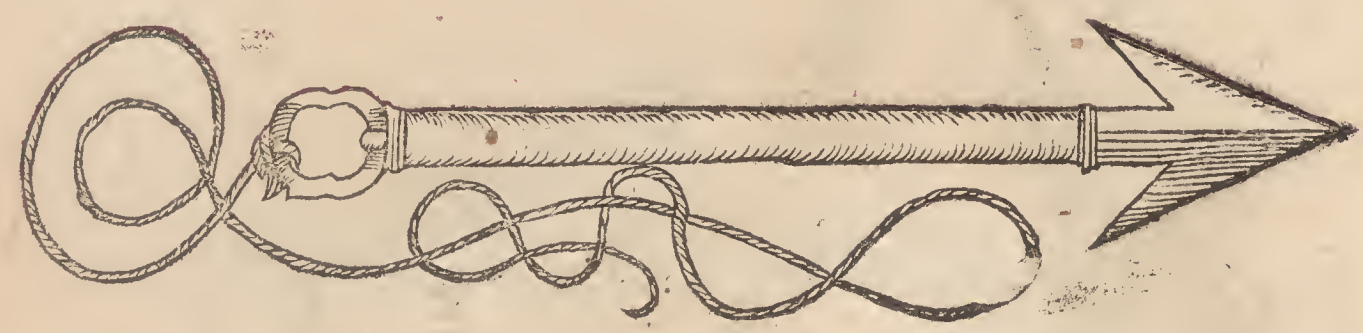
Tuſio quem graij φώκαιναν nomine dicunt,
Aedit Delphini more ſibi catulos.
Et paruum eſſe putes habitu Delphim effigiéq;
Sed maris hunc verum credimus eße ſuem.

De Balæna vulgò dicta ſiue Muſculo.



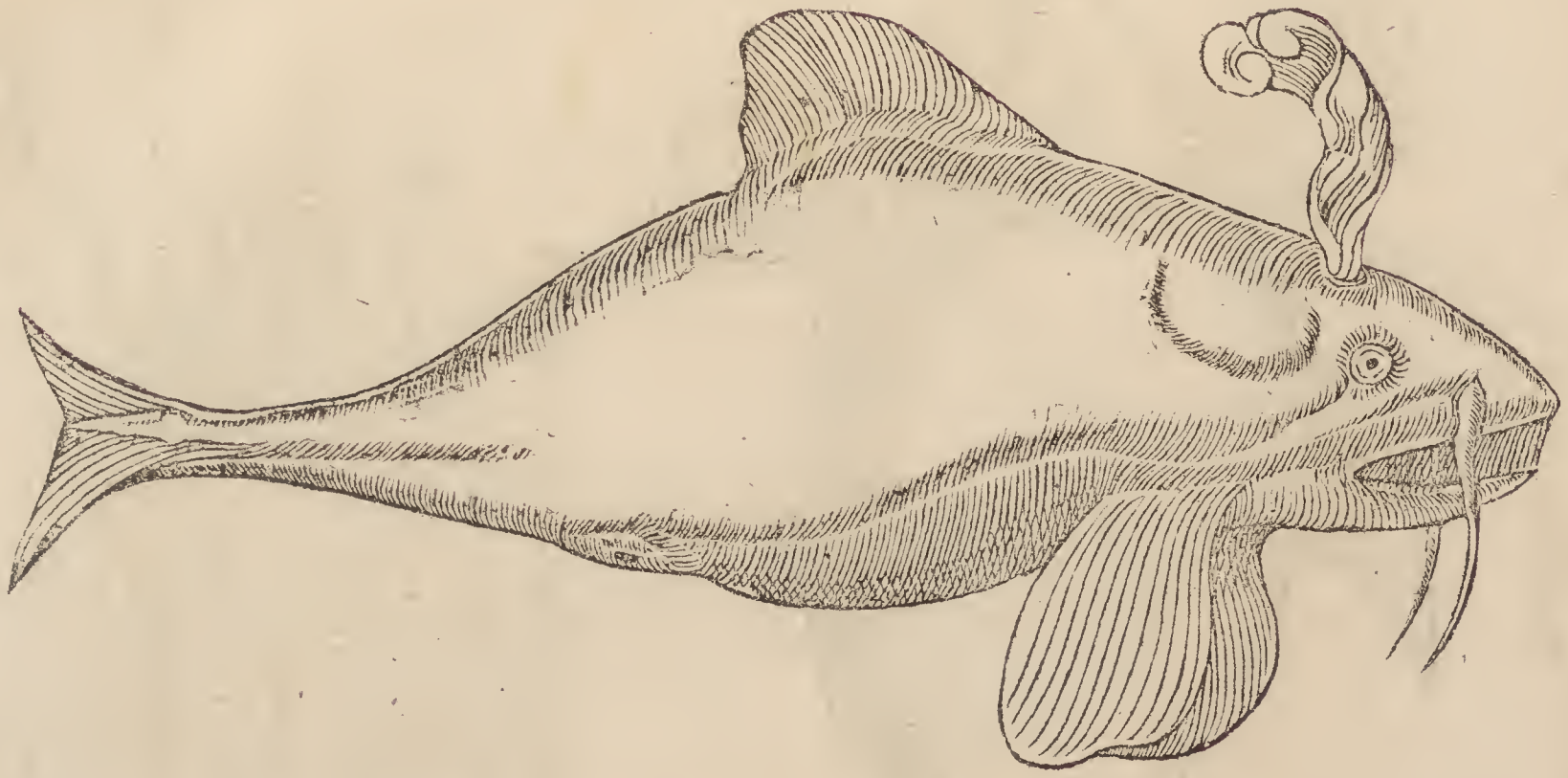
Muſculus in nullo precio eſt, ſi carnis ad vſum
Spectes, nimirum difficilè excoquitur.
Eius cocta tamen laudatur lingua quibuſdam,
Quippè illa è tanto corpore ſola placet.

De eadem.



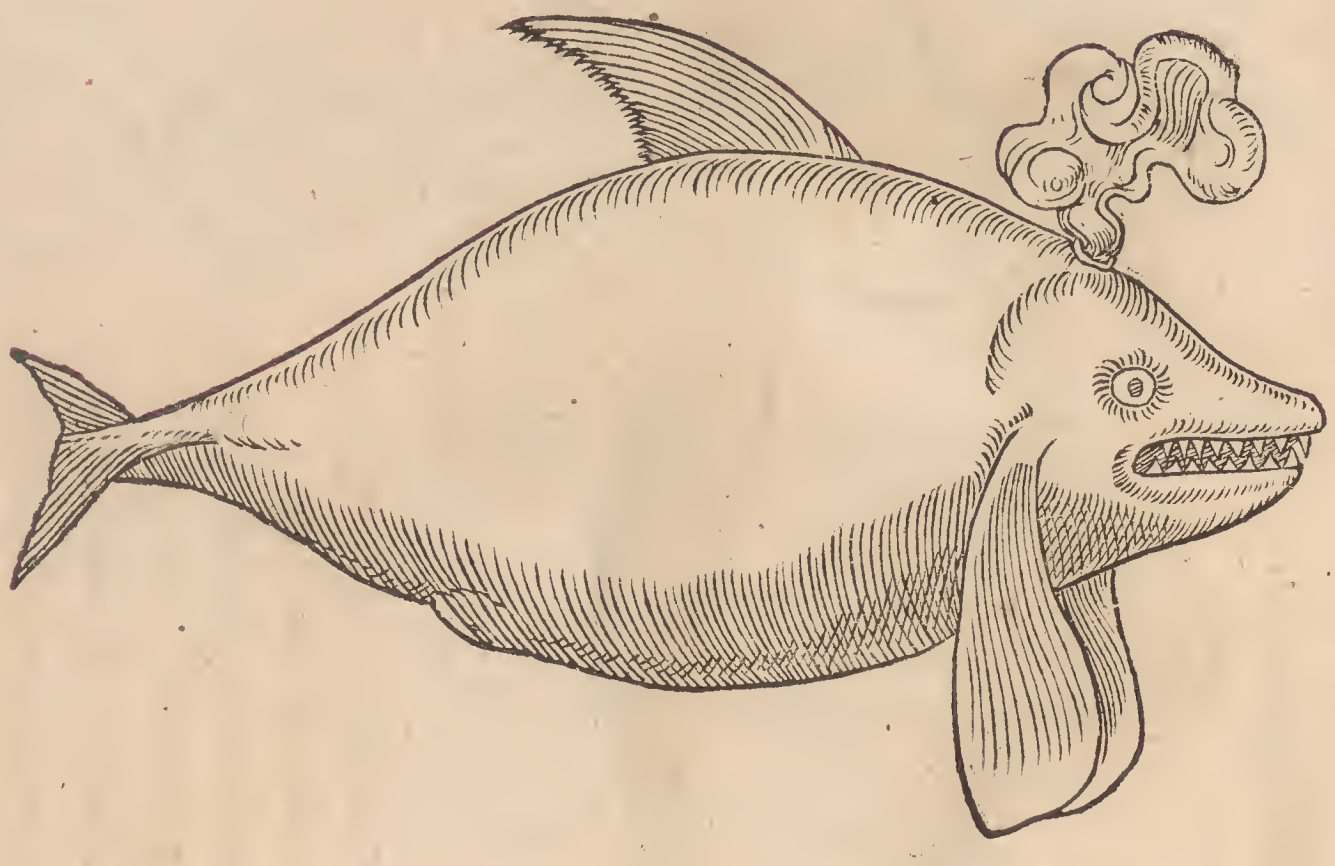
Triginta excedit cubitos Balæna frequenter
Mole sua in longum si protendatur vt aiunt,
Si in latum vincit cubitos non amplius octo:
Bissenos verò illa pedes, vasto oris hiatu
Scissa, marinarum fit monstrum immane ferarum.
Quattuor vlnarum spacio à se lumina distant,
Lumina marmoreis in templis emula saxis,
Horrificísue globis, quos amplo eructat ab ore
Ferrea cum crepitu valdè Bombarda sonoro.
Prædæ auida, & fune & ferro retinetur adunco.
Insiliunt nautæ seuisq; securibus vrgent
Terribilem efflantem illam animam per littoris vndas.
Atq; obluctantem frustrà, nauésq; prementem,
In littúsq; trahunt immani fune reuinctam.

De Balæna vera.



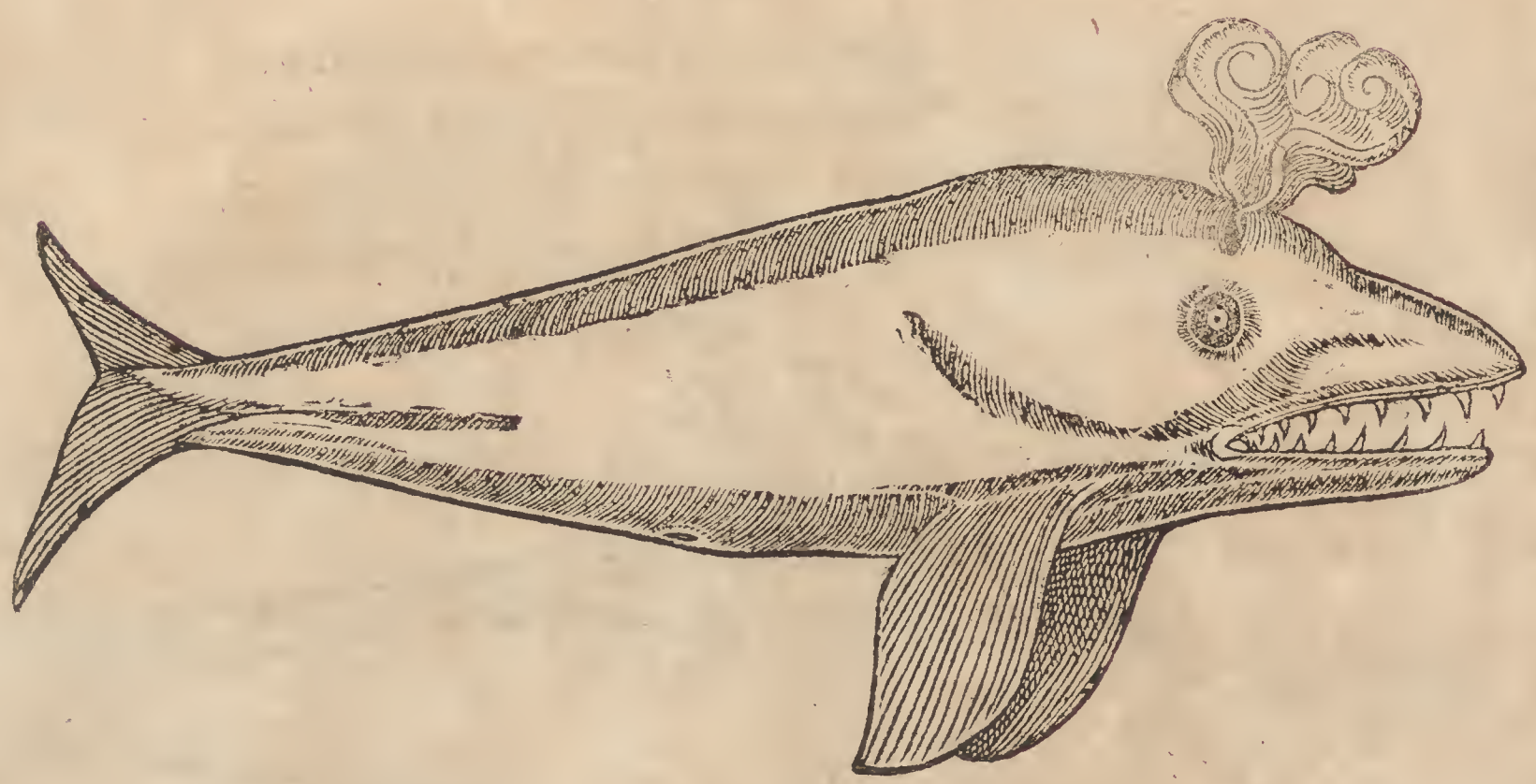
Viuum animal Balæna parit fouet atq; tuetur,
Nanq; suo nutrit lacte subinde suos.
Innumeros vorat, exaturatáq; piscibus aluum
Mugit, terribilesq; intonat ore sonos.
Carnis natura est eadem & pinguedinis, eius
Nocturnæ ad flammas lampados vsus erit.

De Orca.



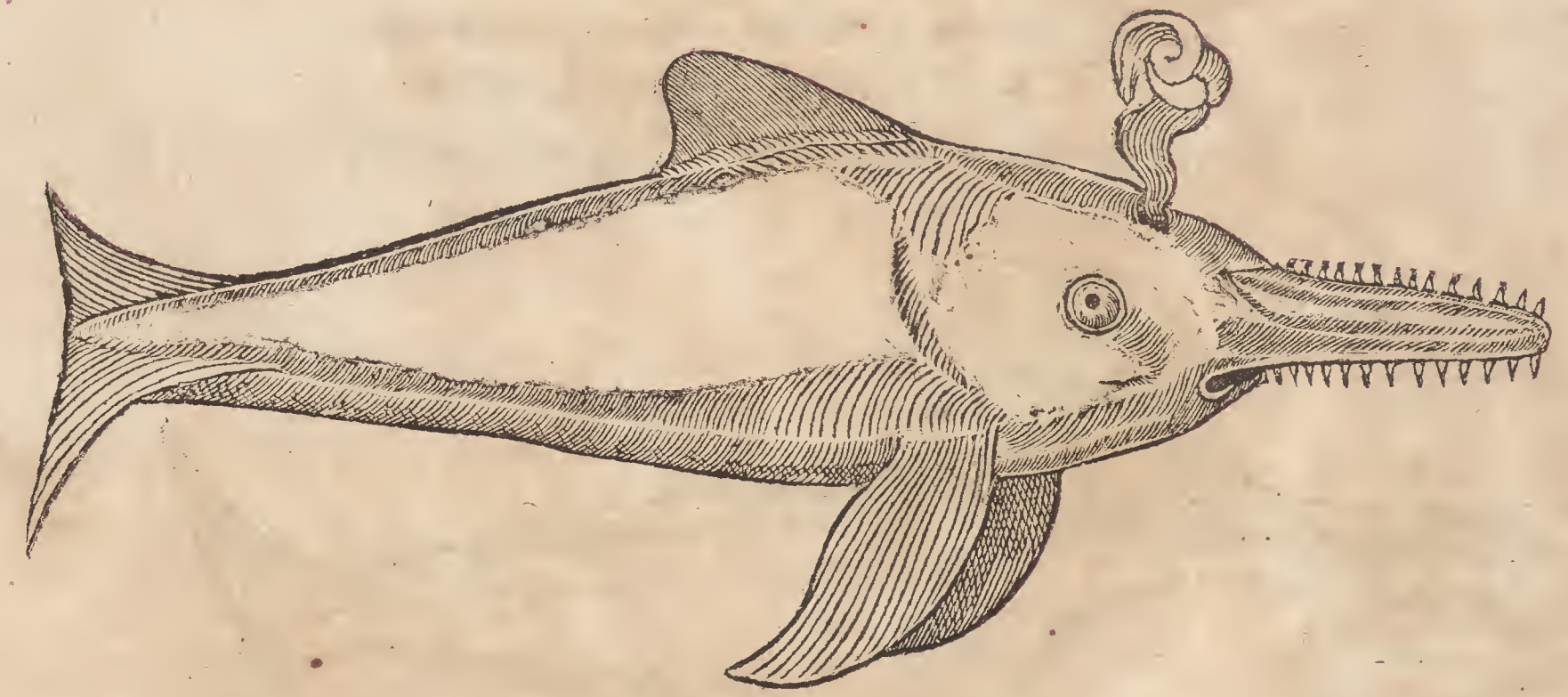
Orcæ, Balænæq́ immania corpora ponti
Vtræq́ inter se bella cruenta mouent.
Se Balænæ igitur maris in secreta receptant,
Nam fœtis vteri est cura, timorq́ sui.
Prædæ auidæ norunt Orcæ id. grauidásq́ lacessunt,
Asthæ victæ vteri pondere sæpè ruunt.
Præpediuntur enim, spes quippe fuga omnis in vna
Balænis siquidem vis minor omnis inest.
Orcæ igitur miseras truculentis dentibus vrgent,
Et viuos fœtus cum genitrice vorant.

De Phyſetere



Bellua vim ſanè ingentem hæc effundit aquarum,
Phyſetérq; ideò nomine dicta fuit.
Nam cælo interdum magnæ ſe more columnæ
Erigit, & miſeras turbat agítq; rates.

De Priſte.

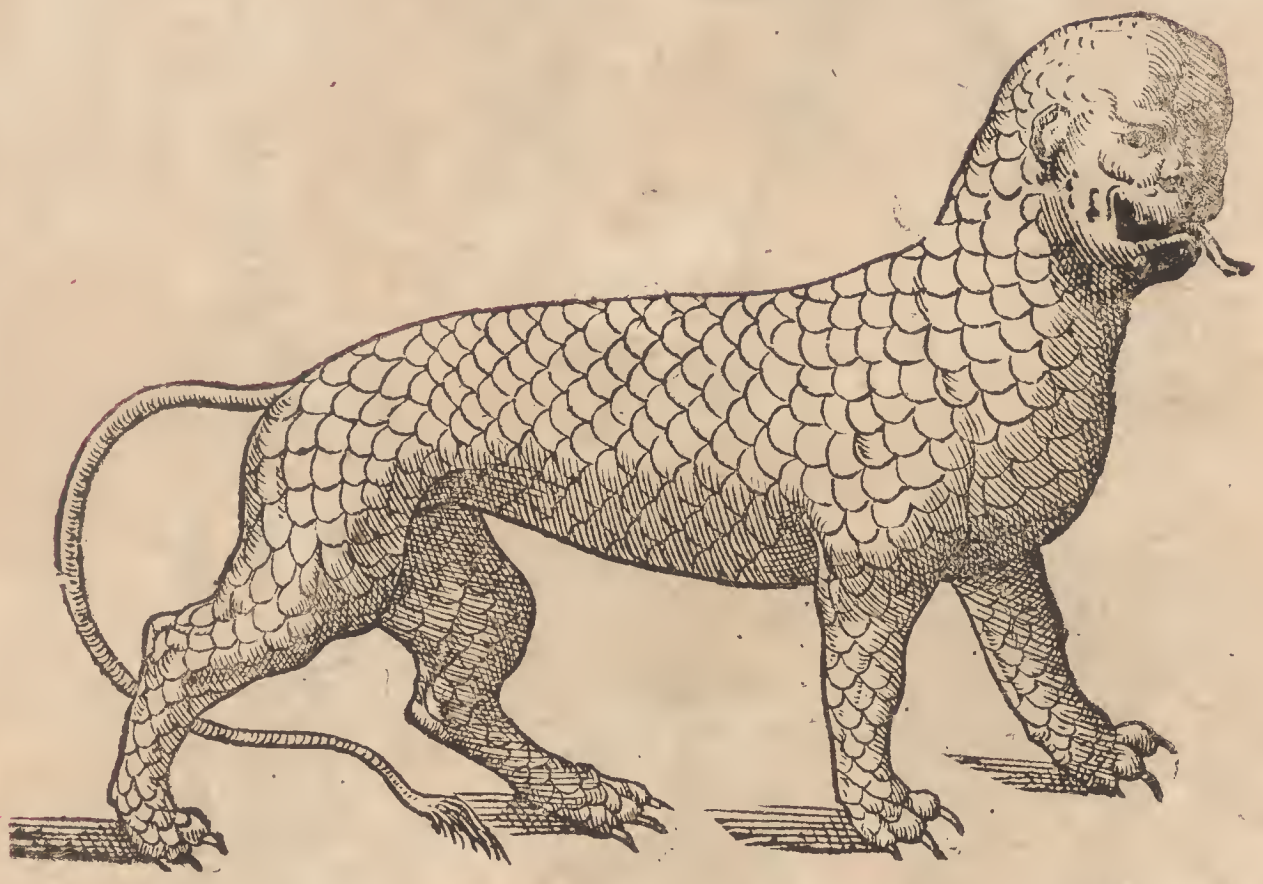


Hunc graij ϖρίϛω *nos piſcem nomine ſerræ*
Dicimus, à roſtri ſcilicet effigie.
Ducenos implet cubitos, hos India tales,
Cum reliquas ſuperet fertilitate parit.

De Scolopendra cætacea.

Si viuam lector Scolopendram haud videris vnquàm
Hanc illi adpinges si lubet, effigiem.
Monstrum ingens, magnã superat nam mole Triremem,
Et procul æquoreis eminet illud aquis.

De Monſtro Leonino.



Hoc monſtrum æquoreis perhibent veniſſe ſub vndis,
Portentis careant ne vada ſalſa ſuis.
Quod tute aſpiciens, minus admirabere (opinor)
Si ſpectes quantum terra ſtupenda ferat.

De Piſce Monachi habitu.

Si tales partus ædunt vada cærula Nerei,
Non eſt quòd tellus efferat ipſa ſuos.
Frons hominem præfert, in piſcem deſinit aluus,
Quid tam dic ſodes diſſimile eſſe poteſt?

De Piſce Epiſcopi habitu.

Si talem fœtum mare glaucum protulit vnquàm,
Semi hominemq; ferum, ſemi ferúmq; hominem,
Et veniunt miranda nimis portenta ſubinde,
Quid miri Tellus ſi quoq; plura ferat?

De Sepia & de ouis ſepiarum.

Sepia dura quidem eſt ſed ſi ſemel eſa coquatur,
In ſtomacho & venis, & iecore, optimè alit.
Oua edit baccis myrti forma effigiéq;
Qualis vinifera in vite racemus ineſt.

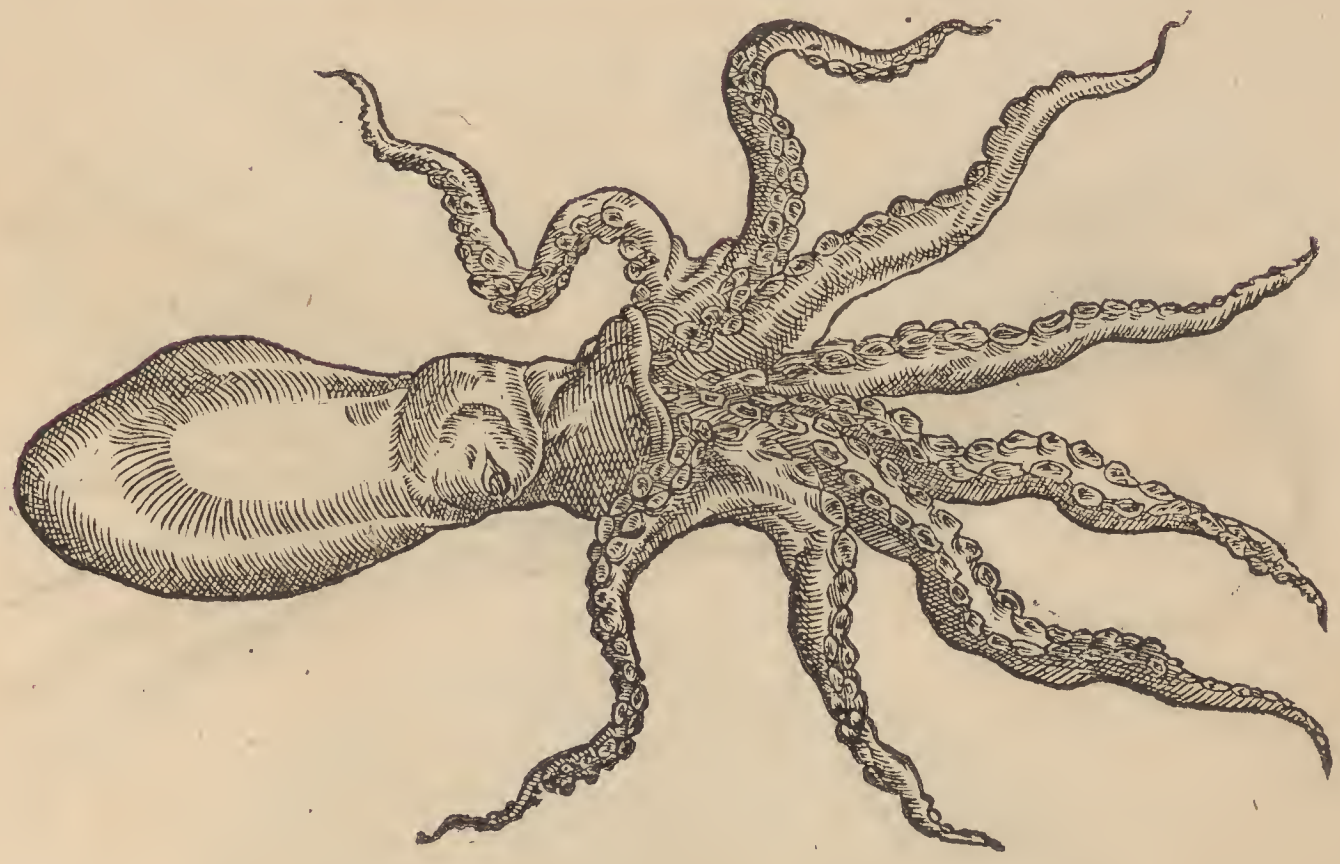
Inlit.

In littus proiecta recèns, sartagine frixa
Manduntur, Renum pituitásq; trahunt.

De Loligine magna & parua.

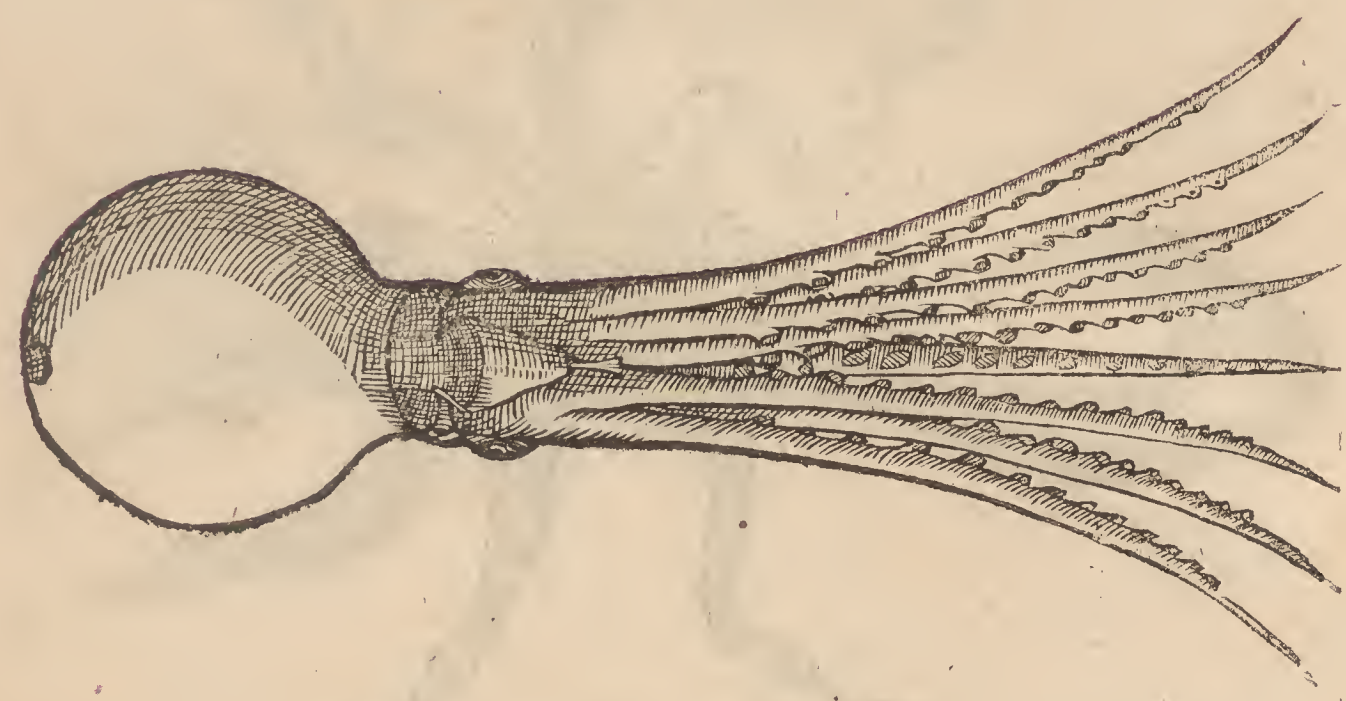
Expreßæ ad viuum formæ Loliginis hæ sunt,
Fortè hominum si quis nôrit utramq; minus.
Antiquis abiecta fuit, nunc illa probatur,
Dites nanq; petunt hanc ce, probántq; coqui.

De Polyporum prima & ſecunda ſpecie.



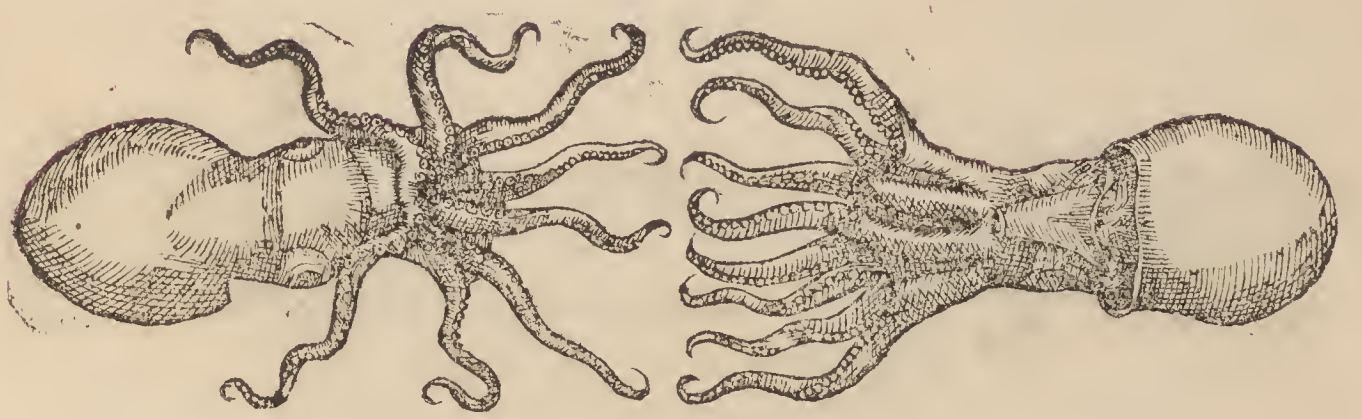
Πολύποδος ἰον ἴοχε, vt enim mutatur in horas,
Et mutat vultus ille ſubindè ſuos,
Sic nos mutemur par eſt pro tempore mores,
Quippe viri hoc fuerit vel ſapientis opus.
Humorem ſumptus generat craßum, atq; tenacem,
Concubitúſq; auget (Diue ſupido) tuos.

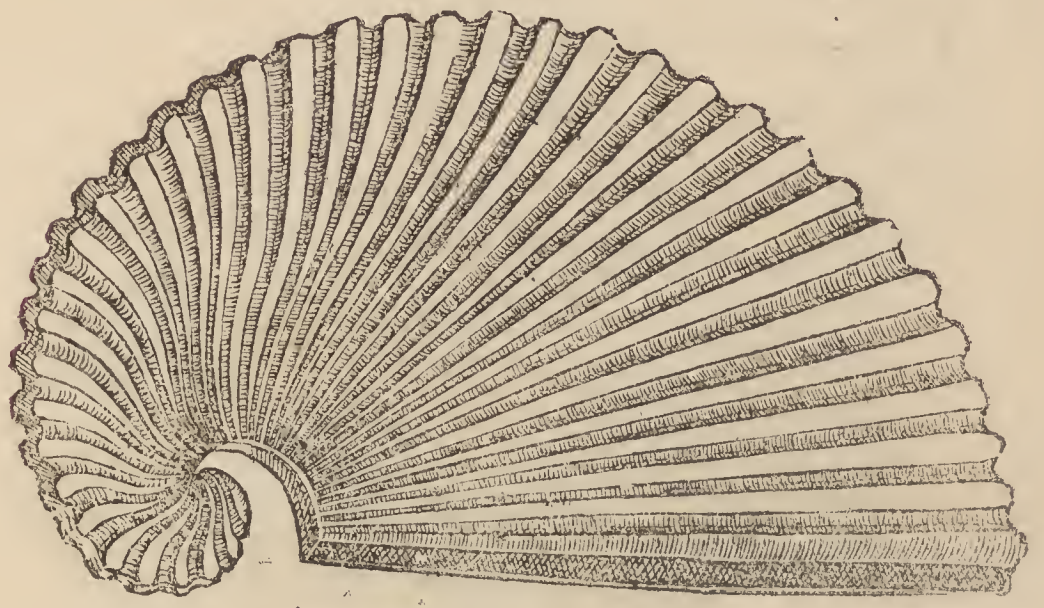
Tertia Polyporum ſpecies.



Μοχίτω *quidam è græcis ab odore vocarunt.*
Nanq; aliqua moſchum ex parte frequenter olet.
Hinc eſum referunt venerem ſtimulare ſopitam,
Nam vires aliquas piſcis amoris habet.

De testaceis Polypis.





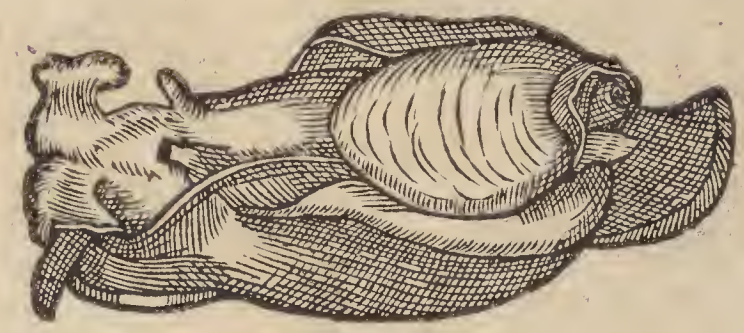
Polypos testis geminos videre est
Inclusos quoq; sæpius,
Hîc tibi veram licet utriusq;
Formam cernere si lubet.

De Sepiola.

Quamuis Sepiolæ ſient ſuaues,
Vel multò magè polypis ſapore,
Atq; ipſis quoq; Sapiis vocatis,
Omnes at modò paruitatis ergò.
Nullius precij propè eſtimantur.

De Lepore Marino.

Prima ſpecies.



Secunda ſpecies.

Hæc ſplendore ſuo capitiq; oculiſq; dolorem
Adfert ingrato quin & odore nocet.

Tertia Leporis marini ſpecies.

De Lepore marino.

Diſce venenatos leporis cognoſcere potus
Peſtiferi, mediis quem mare gignit aquis.
Piſcis enim ſquamas, & purgamenta marini,
Et tetrum toto corpore virus olet.

De Vrtica parua.

Vrtica hæc ſpecies quidem eſculenta,
Eſt in delitiis viris quibuſdam,
Qui terras habitant mari propinquas.
Totam gnauiter abluunt, deinde
Claro igni leuiter coquunt ſtatimq́,
Frigunt, ventriculo ſatis ſuperq́
Gratam, aluo & facilem: ſed ipſa vtriſq́
Pruritum manibus mouet retenta.

De Vrtica cinerea.

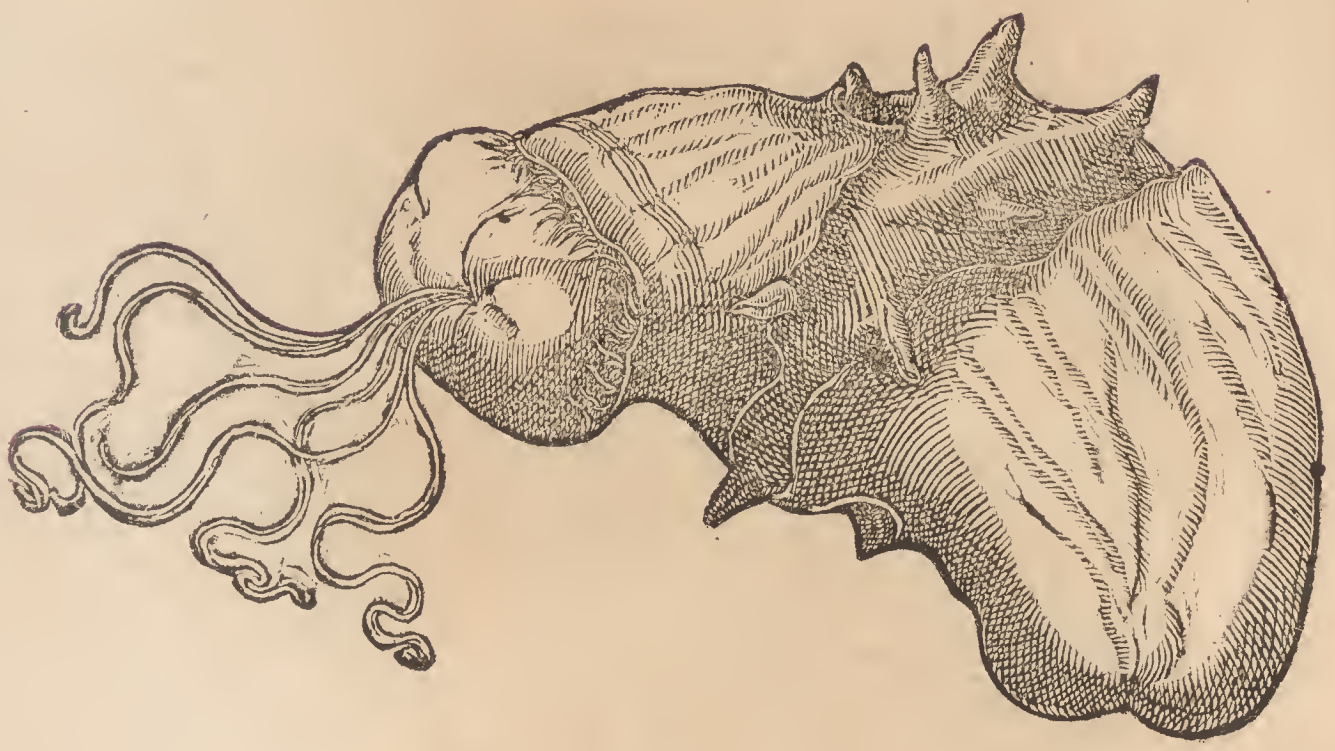
Vrtica cinerea.

Hanc ne contractes manibus nanq; acriter illas
Pungit, & immemores non ſinit eſſe ſui.

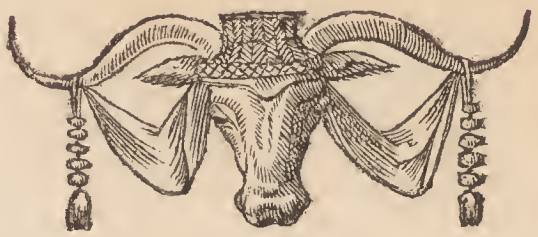
De Vrtica rubra.

Hæc primæ accedit ſpecie, rubróq; colore
Tincta, hæret duris ſæpius in ſcopulis.
Durior eſt quàm prima, tamen compluribus eſtur
Nempe ab iis epulo qui meliore carent.

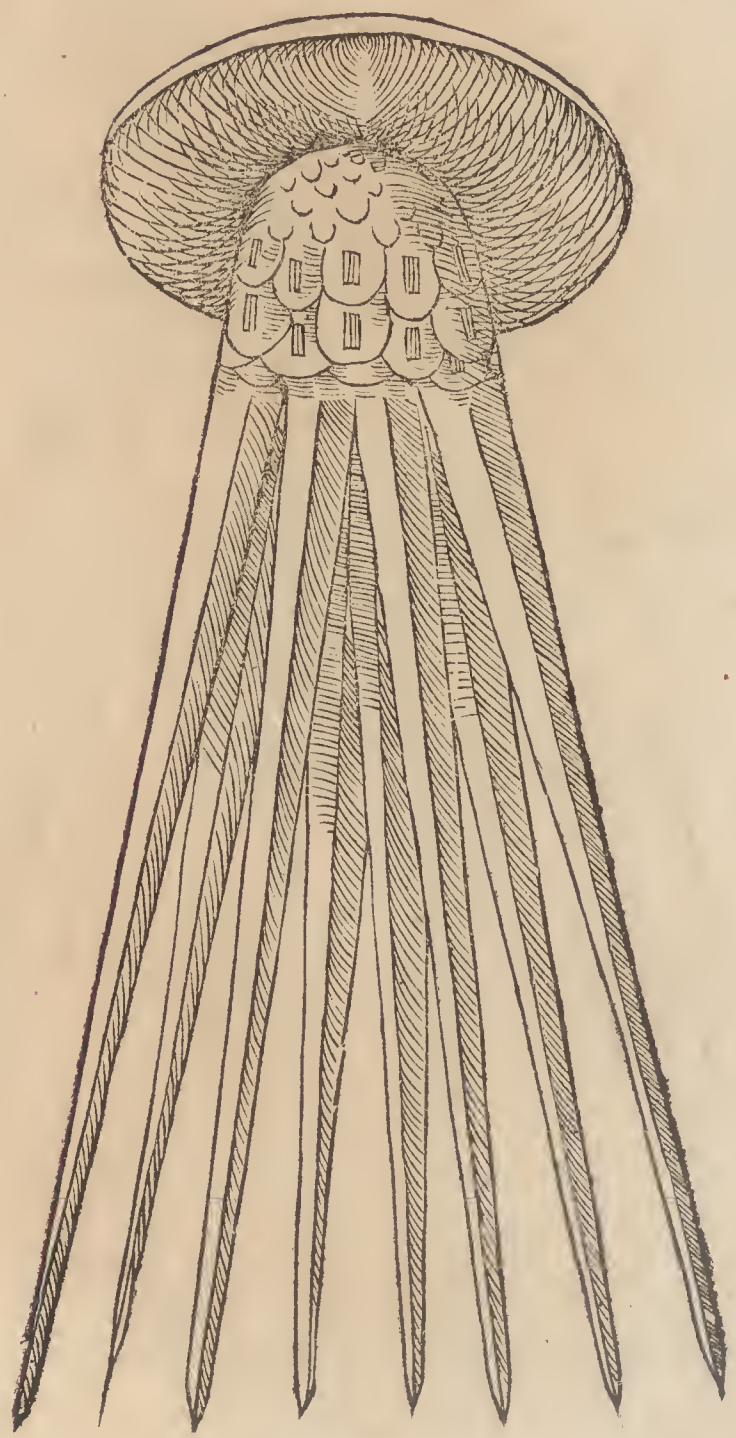
De quarta Vrticę ſpecie.



Linquitur à noſtris aliena hæc abdita teſta
Abiiciturq́ etiam, cur? quia dura nimis.
Eius ab interna procedunt parte, colore
Planè purpureis emula fila roſis.



De Vrticę quinta ſpecie.

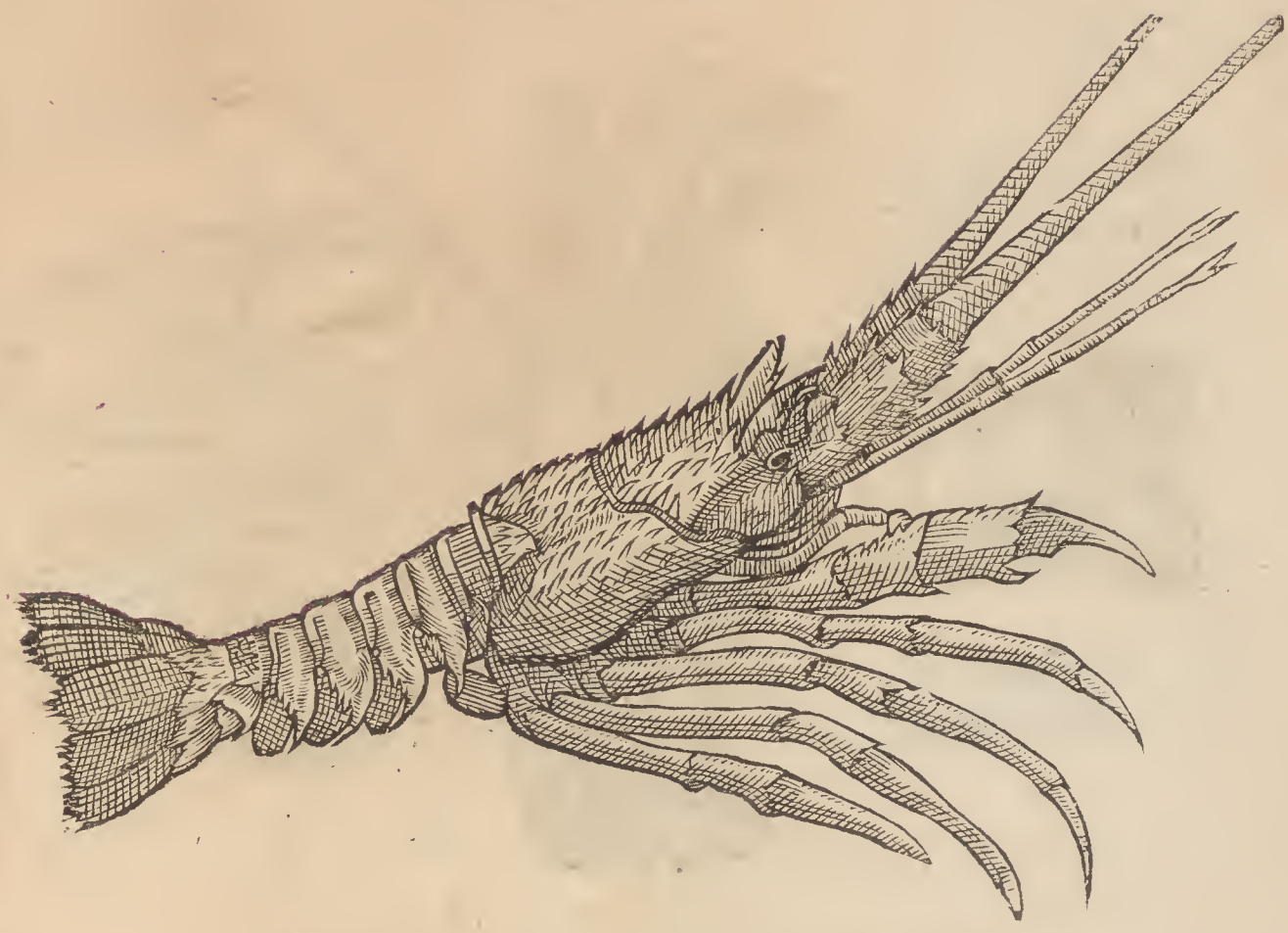


Ipſos vel ſplendore oculos offendit vtroſq;
Pruritúmq; mouet (magne Cupido) tuis.

De alia Vrtica soluta.

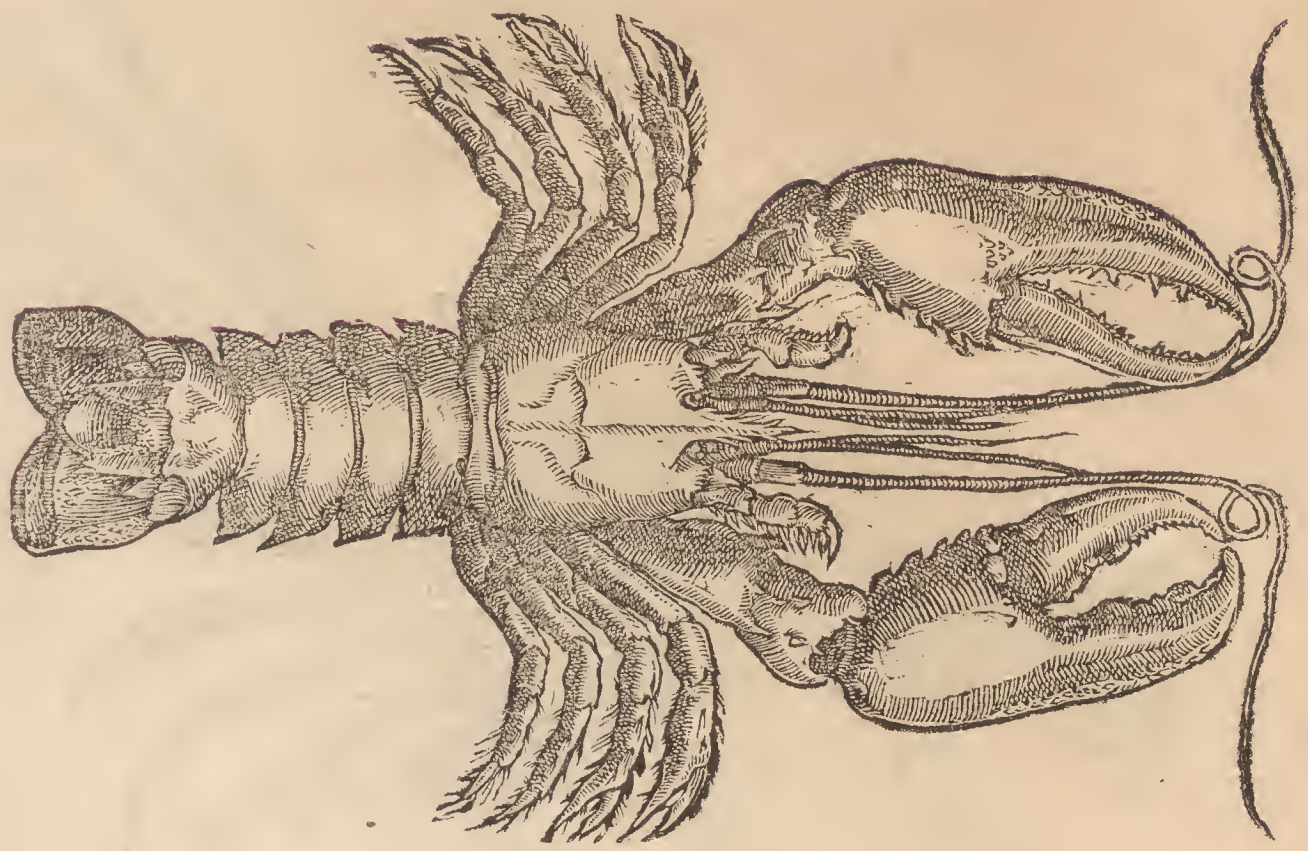
Quattuor hæc veluti frondes ramósue propagat.
Ex se, quos alius dixerit esse pedes.
Cum reliquis eadem aut similis substantia vita
Virtus ac mores. hæc satis esse puta.

De Locuſtis.



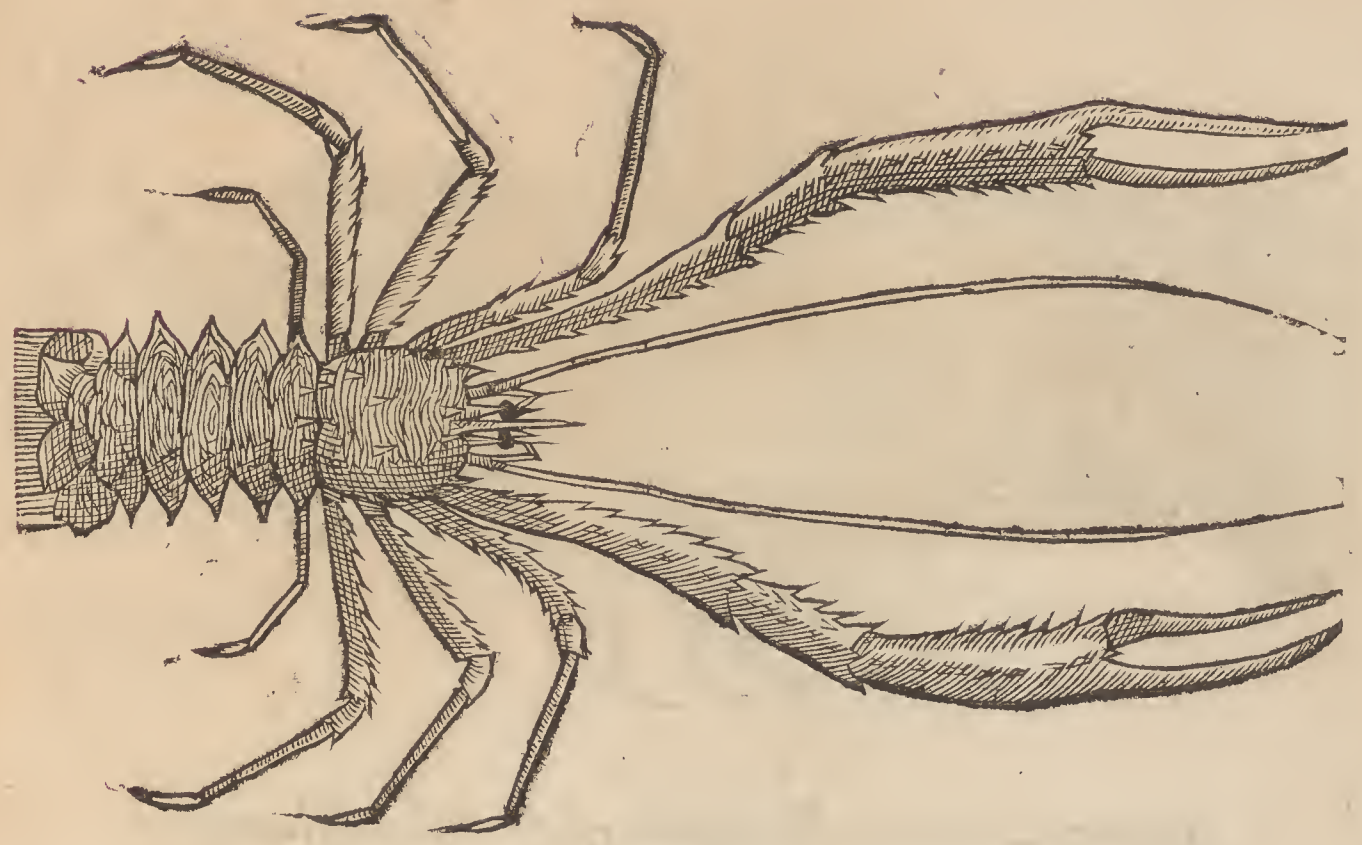
Murænas perimunt ſcabræ manduntq; Locuſtæ,
Ipſis Polypodes ſunt tamen exitio.
Carne autem propria humanos vertuntur in vſus:
Non ori ingratus ventriculóq; cibus.

De Astaco.



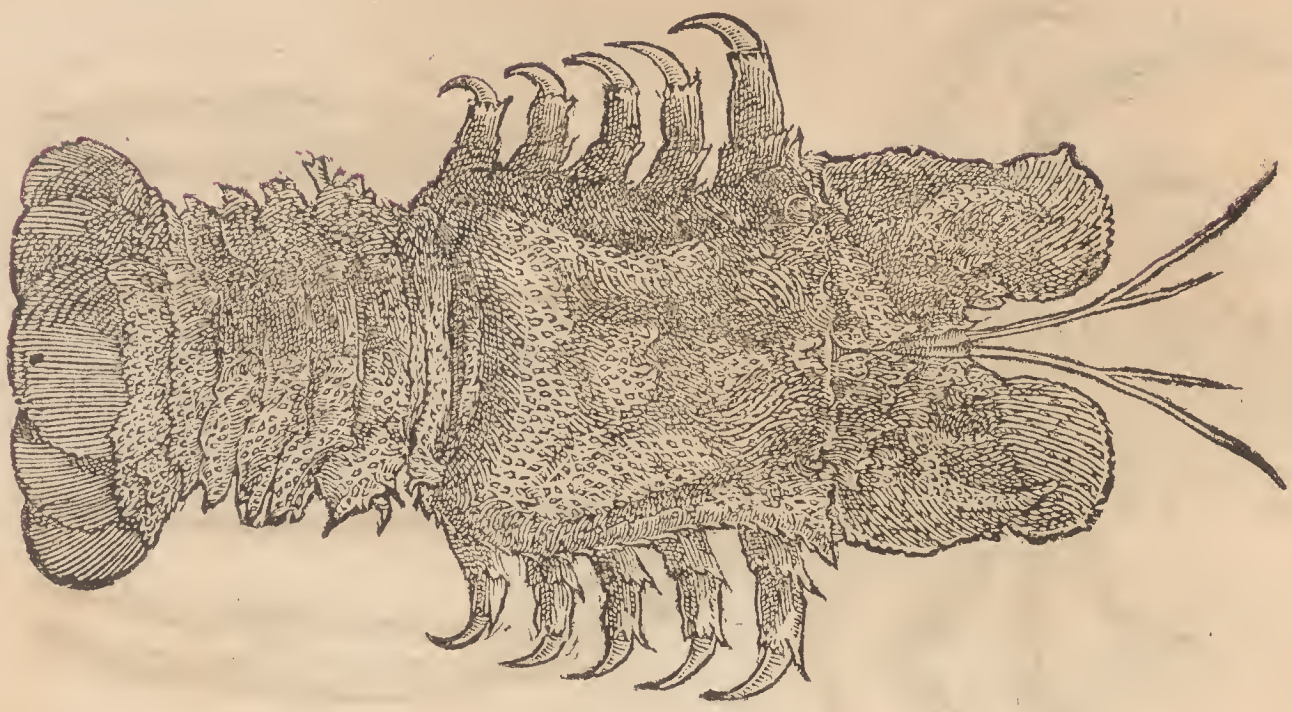
Qualis in æquoreis expanditur Astacus vndis,
Effigie hîc talis pingitur ecce tibi.
Exuit (vt fama est) propriam ceu Squilla senectam,
Nos miseri nostram haud possumus arte aliqua.
Est autem suauis succi & laudabilis, illi
Vtilis in primis quem hectica febris agit.

De Leone.



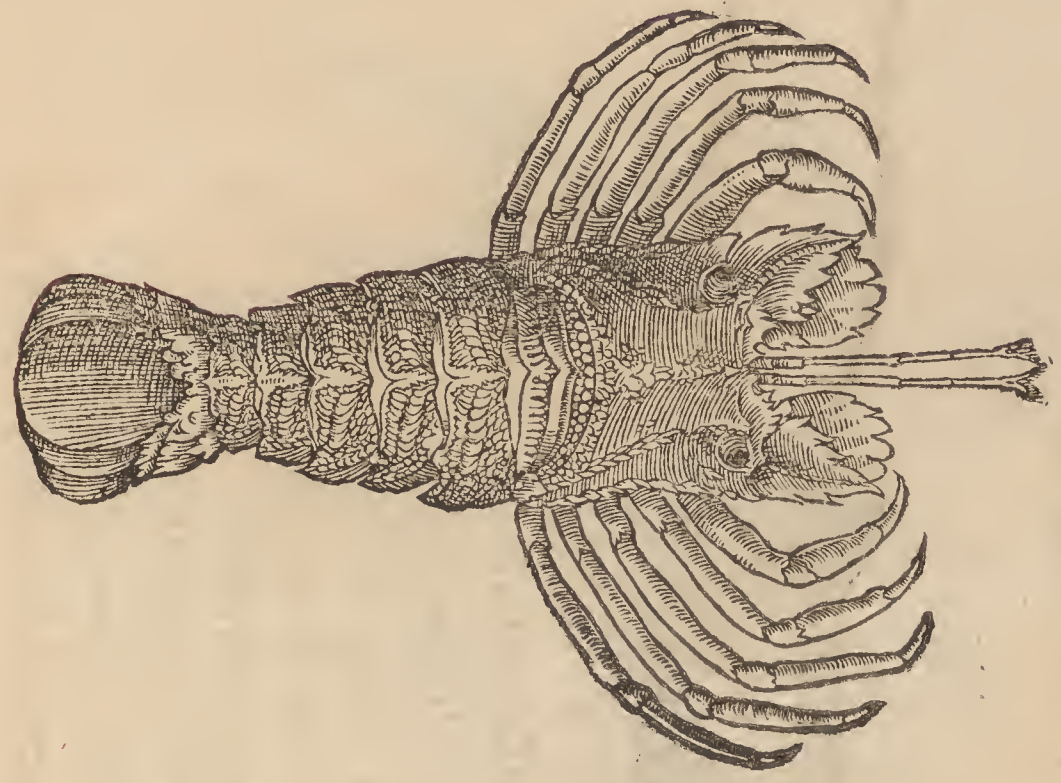
Qui veram æquorei formam ſpectare Leonis
Expetit, huc oculos dirigat ille ſuos.
Nanq; λέων hirtus cum ſit, flauíq; coloris
Tali animal dictum nomine Iurè putem.

De Squilla lata.



Carne quidem molli Squilla eſt, velut Aſtacus, ecce
Amborum effigies hîc tibi lector habes.
Limoſo illa loco viuit, proin obſita fœdo
Vſque luto, æquoreis capta videtur aquis.

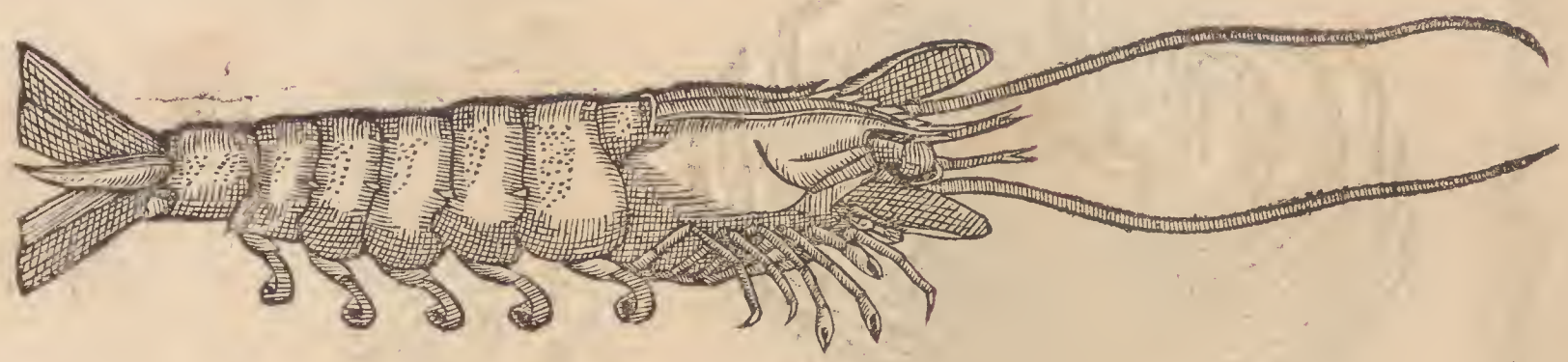
De Squilla cælata ſiue Cicada Æliani.



Nonnulli Squillæ ſpeciem hanc, quidamq́ Cicadam
Eſſe volunt, toto hæc corpore rubra ſuo eſt.
Carne autem molli vt Squilla eſt, vtq́ Aſtacus: horum
Ergò loco veniet grata Cicada mihi.

E 6

De Squilla Crangone.



Si Squillam hanc etiam eſſe voles ſi dixeris eſſe,
Nil damni eſt modò ſit res benè nota tibi.
Quam ſi noſſe homini ſine nomine poſſe daretur,
Non eſſet tantis obruta mens tenebris.
Hæc verò cuius facies depingitur, ori
Carne quidem grata eſt, ventriculóq; ſimul.
Nanq; boni eſt ſucci, dulcíq;, & febre prehenſis
Commoda, ſi ſenſim membra habitúmq; liquet.

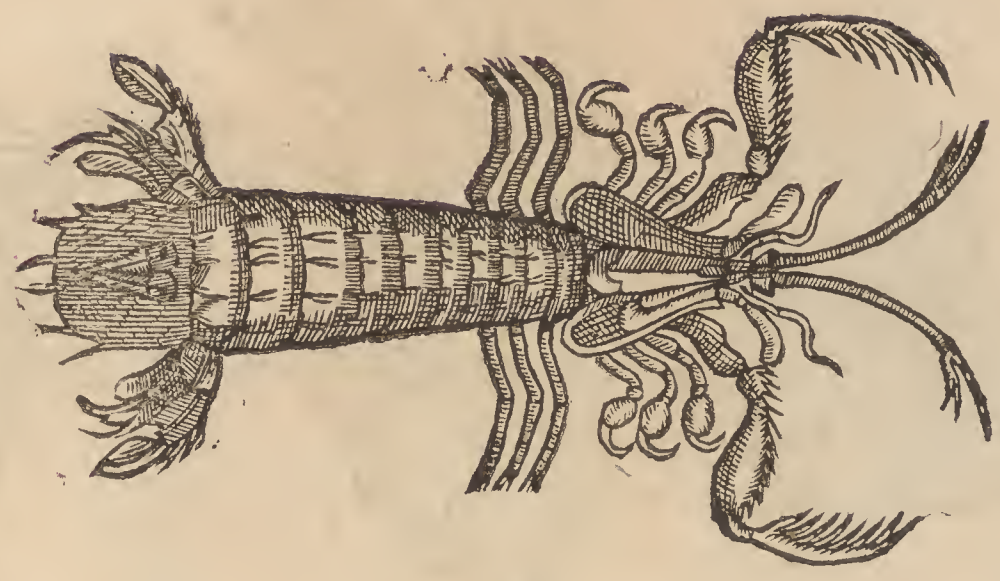
De Squilla gibba.

Ex tenui Squillæ gibbæ manduntur aceto,
Elixæ: frigunt ex oleo haſce etiam.
Suaue epulum ſanis, febríq; ſalubre, bonúmq;
Partes quæ ſolidas immodico igne liquat.
Carnis enim minimè cedit bonitate Locuſtæ,
Haúdq; tibi in noſtra Gammare lance rubens.
Illas proin mandant febris quibus hectica noxæ,
Auxilium cauſam ex parte ferentis agent.

De Squilla parua.

Squilla quidem parua vt propria eſt dulciſsima carne,
Ingeſta in ventrem ſic facili ex ſaciat.
Cum cruſtis ſtimulat proprijs venerem eſa ſopitam,
Tum quòd habet flatus gignere, tum quòd alit.

De Squilla quæ μάντις dicitur.



Carne quidem μάντις dulci est, molli atq; suaui,
Quæ benè uti nutrit, sic uenerem stimulat.
Aequoream malunt quidam appellare Cicadam,
Vt lubet appella, nota modò illa siet.

De Cancello & Scyllaro.

Cancelli gignunt craſſum ſuccum & vitioſum,
Hincq; τράγος graij fœdo ab odore vocant.
Nanq; lutum redolent præ ſe virúſq; marinum
Sæpè ferunt, quòd ſit ſint precij exigui.

De eodem.

Initio ex terra Cancellus gignitur, exin
In teſtas, vacuas ingreditúrq; domos.
Maioréſq; alias creſcens ſibi ſemper adaptat
Vt tali credas ingenium eſſe feræ.
Σκύλλαρος in Conchis etiam reperitur, ibiq;
Degit, & in certum permanet vſq; diem.

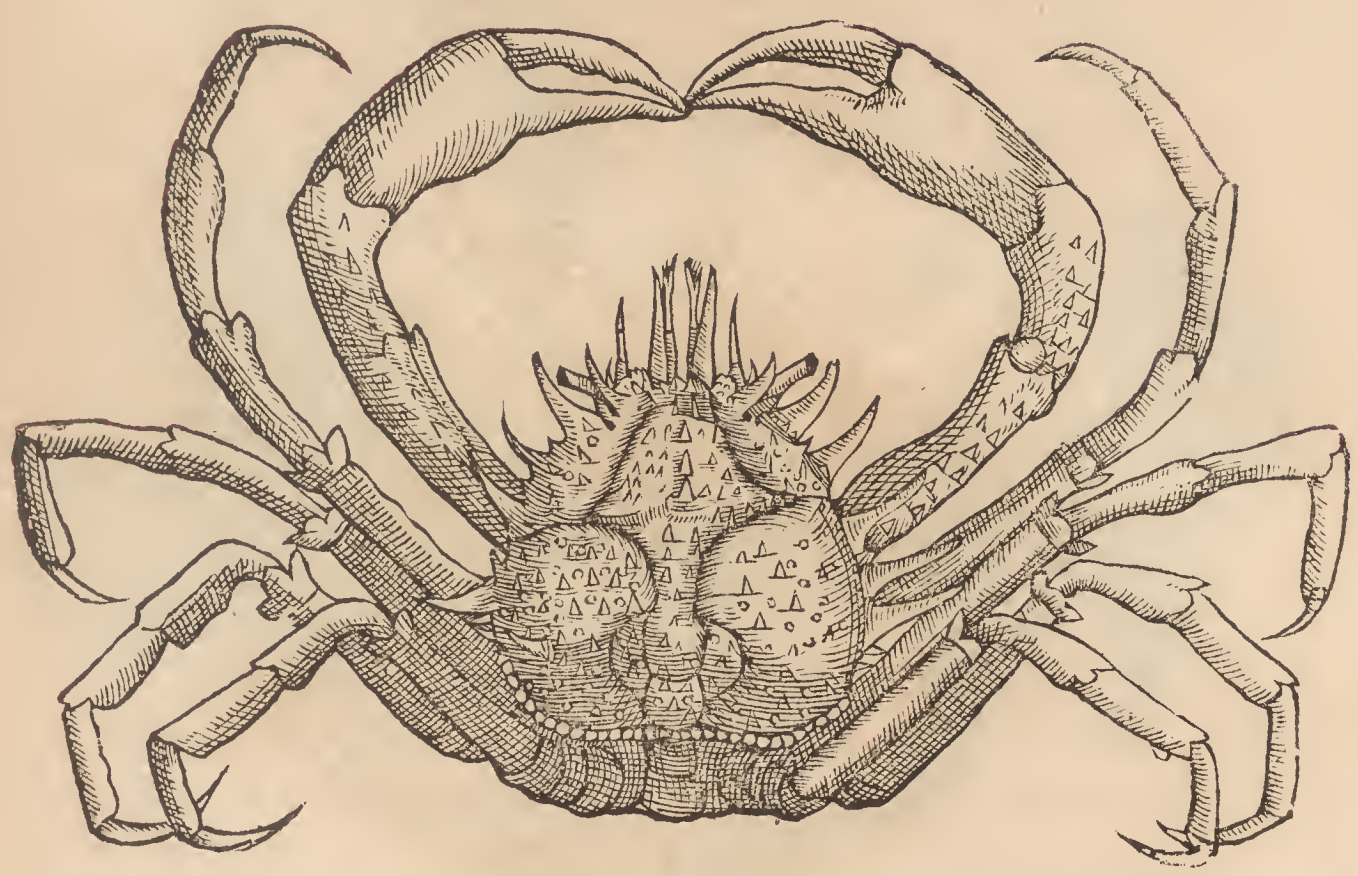
Humorem

Humorem ſalſum gignunt, ægréq; coquuntur,
Hos ideóq; hodie temnere quiſq; ſolet.

De Cancro mæa.

Difficilè excoquitur. ſucci miniméq; probati eſt,
Nuſquàm igitur noſtras inchoet iſte dapes.
Cum ſit enim carnis duræ, inſuauíſq;: profectò
Ventriculo, nuſquàm hæc eſca, ſalubris erit.

De paguro.



Carne quidem media existit, dulcíq; Pagurus,
Sed magè cum crescit Luna probandus erit.
Nam reliqui vt Cancri vim sentit sideris, illis
Temporibus succi plus melioris habet.

De Heracleoticis Cancris.

Horum decoctum Cancrorum promouet aluum,
Aßa caro ſucci ſed melioris erit.
Hanc ego prætulerim ſemper, tu elixa vorato,
Quòd duræ faciem Phœbe cacantis habes.

De Vrso.

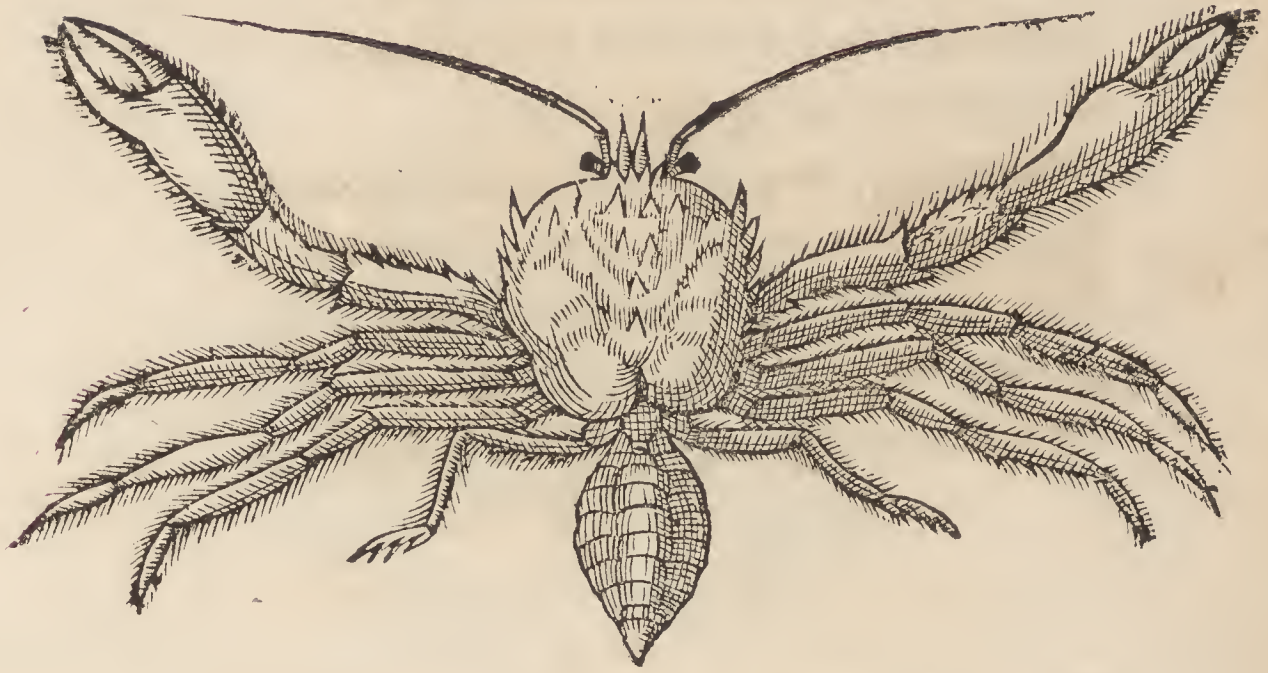
Excrementitia carne, & molli, haudq; suaui est
Vrsus, propterea sit minimi precij
Virus enim æquoreum resipit, praui estq; saporis
Quo sit vt in cœno hunc degere sæpè putem.
His oculis nos in lapidem conspeximus vnum
Conuersum, id fieri qua ratione potest?

De Cancro latipede.

Latos habet Cancer pedes hic paruulus
Ob idq; fertur latipes
Nihil valet prorsumq; vilem esse autumant
Aptumq; nullis vsibus
Vilémne fecit paruitas an prauitas?
Ingénsne vilem copia?
Tria hæc enim pisces (reor) quo suis solent
Insuauiores reddere.
Nam quisq; paruos despicit vel negligit
Facitq; parui vt plurimum.
Praui ac mali nemo sibi piscem eligit
Succi, nam eo æque se abstinent.

At magna verò reddit aspernabiles
Pisces eorum copia.
Sed hæc saporem non mihi (fallat mea
Ni forte me sententia)
Mutârit unquàm, nam, rogo, quonam modo
Obesse possunt si boni?
Si sint suaues & gulæ & ventri simul,
Firmentq; pectus languidum,
Pulmonem anhelantem adiuuent, cor recreent,
Prosintq; interdum febribus
Vel Hecticis? pisces ego ipse optem mihi
Illos quidem non paruulos,
Plenos aristis, absq; succo, aut humidos,
Sed grandiores & bonos.
Quales vel Archestratus ipse unus sibi.
Iubebat olim apponier.

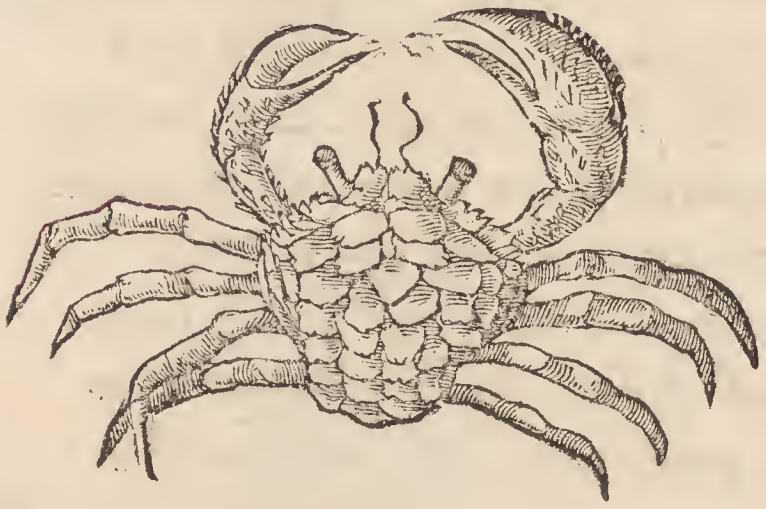
De Cancro flauo.



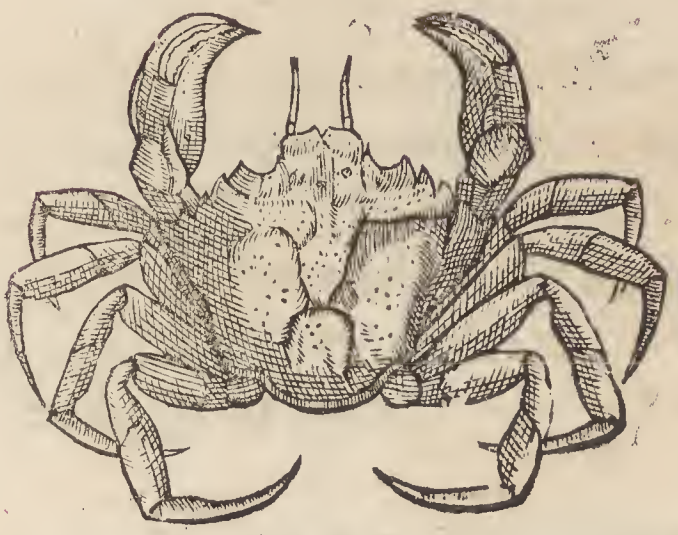
Cancrum hîc vides fului coloris, proin eum
Flauum vocant, atq; vndulatum nomine,
A' lineis quæ in parte prona sunt benè
Multis, & vndarum reductis in modum,
Cancris parem stagni marini & fluminum.
Suis benè insignem notis. illo vtitor,
Nam cæterorum conferet valdè loco,
Si illi tibi desint. habent quandoquidem
Omnes quid occultæ, quid in sese abditæ
Virtutis, & multis benè haud perspectæ adhuc.
Notescit vsu longo ea haud sane omnibus,
Ipsimet argutentur, vt forsan volent

Subtiliter, ſcitéq; docte atq; acriter,
Secreta Naturæ ſient cum plurima
Abſconſa noſtris ſenſibus non peruia:
In abditis rerúmq; cauſis inſita.
Viuum ergò combures foco Cancrum tuo
Uſtumq; ſeruabis tibi perquàm vtilem,
Contrà feri morſus venenatos canis,
Exhulceratîſq; optimum pulmonibus,
Ex lacte caprillo recèns mulcto datum.

Cancer Varius ſiue Marmoreus.



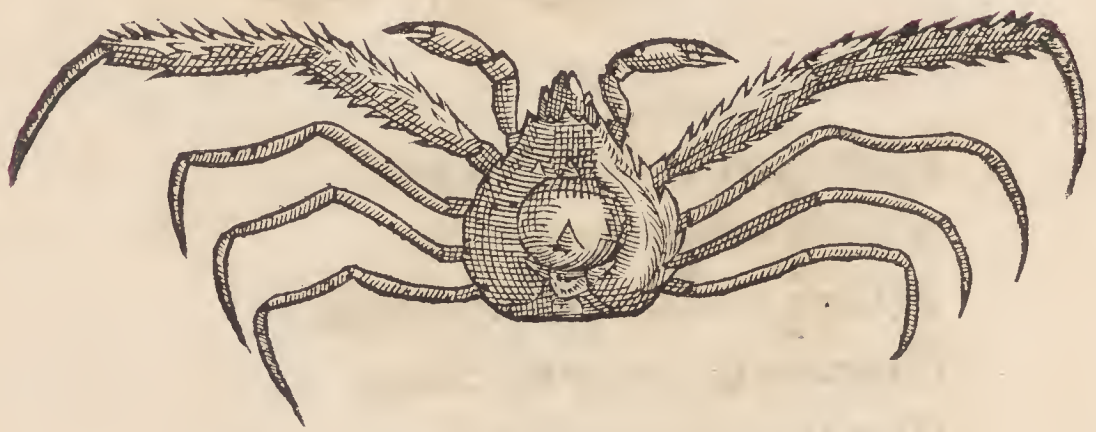
De Cancro anonymo.



Frequenter in ſtagnis maris
Videre viuos mi obtigit,
Frixóſq; nonnunquàm edimus,
Gratum & ſuaue ori cibum,
Quis abundant cum ſuis.
Vulgò vocant Cancros eos.
Illis marinos præferes,
Omnéſq; aquarum dulcium,
Qui ſæpè riuos incolunt.
Contrà venenoſos canis
Morſus feruntur plurimum
Valere, proſuntq; hecticis.

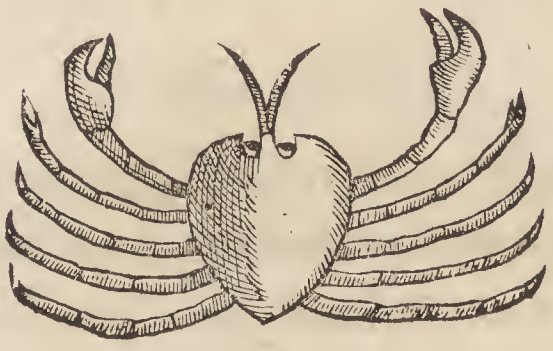
Nam in iure Cappi quàm optimi, aut
Perdicis vnius bonæ
Cocti, efficacem atq; vtilem
Præbent cibum ægro corpori:
Illúdq; valdè nutriunt.
Quin sæpè opem pulmonibus,
Exhulceratis afferunt.
Quid (quæso) ijs præstantius?

Cancer Βραχυχήλος

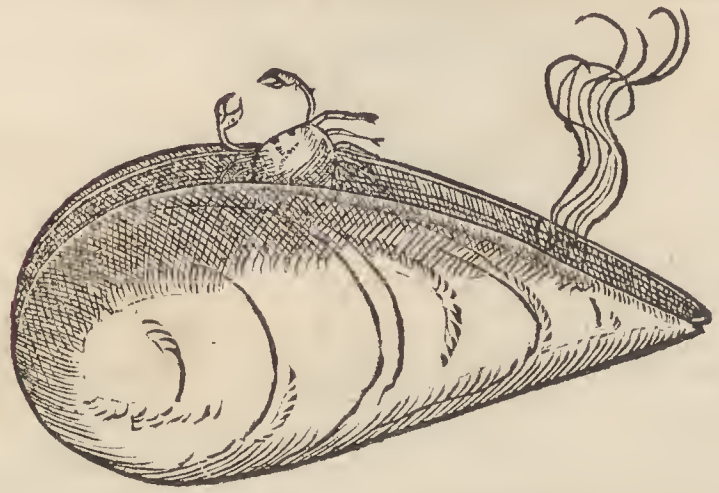


Cancri Hirsuti.

De Cancro cordis figurâ.



De Cancris paruis qui in alienis teſtis viuunt.



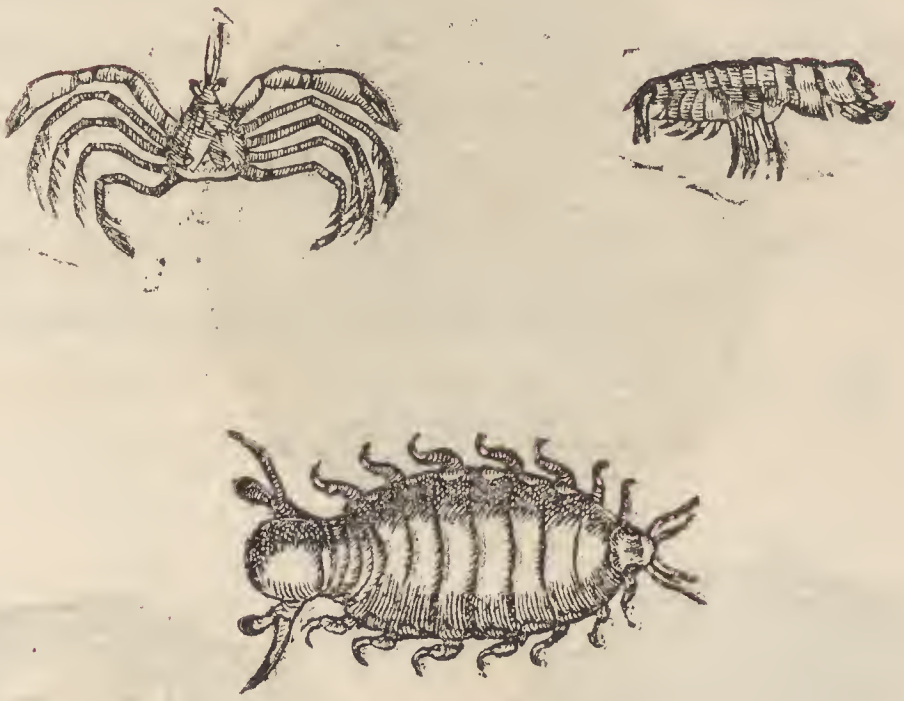
En quot ne rerum genitrix Natura bonarum
Ceſſaret, Cancros pinxit imaginibus.
Nempe vt ſerpentũ auxilium in genus omne malorum
Præſtò homini, adq; manum ſemper vbiq; foret.
Nil ſiquidem Cancris æquè ſerpentibus atris
Aduerſum, contrà quæq; venena valent.
Inq; Canes rabie oppreſſos, Leporémq; marinum,
Scorpij itémq; ferunt ictibus auxilium.

Ergò quæ diuersa dedit Natura venena,
Illa eadem contrà auxilia plura dedit.

De iisdem Cancris.

Ostrea limo & aquis, testa vescuntur aperta,
Vitam sustentant hac ratione suam.
Callidus id Cancer fundo speculatus ab imo
Testæ interponit quem lapidem arripuit.
Nanq; duplex illi est forceps, tunc Ostrea Cancer
Ingreditur, viuaſq; atterit ore dapes.

De Aranea Pulice & Pediculo.



Aequoreis Talis ſpectatur Aranea in vndis,
Qualem hîc depictam, lector amice, vides.
Ecce Pulex etiam Simiæ ſpectabilis ore,
Et qui de pedibus nomina vermis habet.
Quin alia innumera æquoreis generata ſub vndis,
Exiſſe è limo, Prothee magne, vides.
Nanq; noua vt profert tellus animantia ſemper,
Sic quoq; in æquoreis plura creantur aquis.

De Echino Ouario.

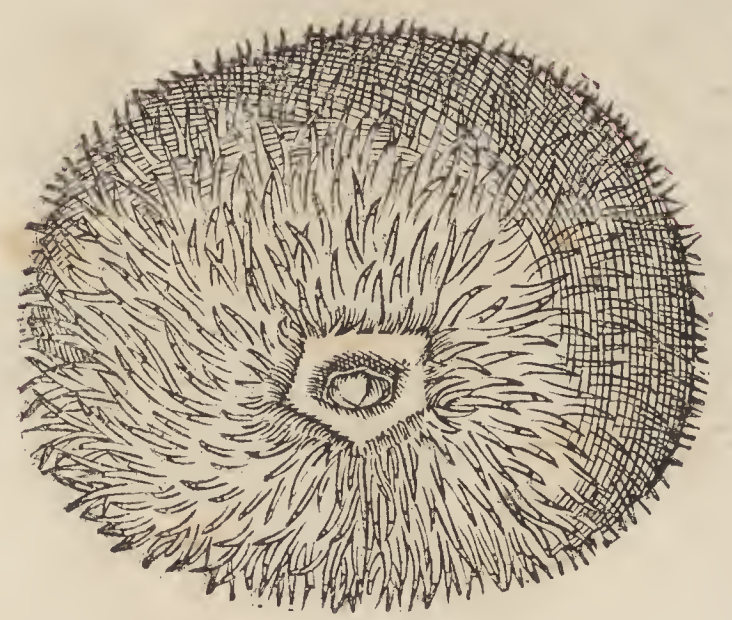
Inuerſum cinerem totius corpus Echini
Digerit admotum, abſtergit itemq; trahit.
Quidam itaq; vtuntur vel in excreſcentibus illo
Hulceribus, vel in his quæ nimis vda manent.

Nimirum auxilio censetur achoribus esse,
Sordicieq; caput liberat omne mala.
Ex mulso, atq; garo veteres oua esse solebant,
Quòd ventrem exonerent & lotium ipsa cient.
Ne deesset hominum siquidem medicamina in usus,
Vires Natura expandit ubiq; suas.
Nam veluti varia è terra, plantisq; petuntur
Auxilia, ex salso sic quoq; plura mari.

De Echino Spatago & Briſſo

Cordis ad effigiem formatum hîc cernis Echinum,
Qui Spatagus mihi, vel nomine Briſſus erit.
Appellent alij hunc aliter, de nomine nuſquàm
Sed potius de ipſis lis mihi rebus erit.
Vis huic quæ & reliquis viceq; hoc vtere priorum,
Si deſint, quamuis rarior iſte ſiet
Haurit aquam cœnúmq; & duris viuit arenis,
Et tamen os tacuum dentibus vſq; gerit.

De Echinometra.



Ἐχινομῆτρα omneis Echinos corporis
Male antecellit cæteros longe sui:
V traq; nimirum potest ægerrime
Capi manu, extendas eam quantumlibet.
Parteis quidem internas pares Ouario
Omnino habet, demptis huic ouis tamen.

De Echinorum quinto genere.

Echinus paruus.

Hærentes viden in ſcopulis ô lector Echinos?
Horridáq; vt ſpinis turba ſit iſta ſuis.
Forſitan hos temnas, ſed ſi hæc tibi nota ſiet gens:
Repperies miris poſſe iuuare modis.
Nam tibi ſi lentè ſenſimq; vrina fluat, ſi
Aegrè diſtillet, præſidium illa feret.
Nil mare tam paruum, támq; abiectum omne creat quod
Non queat ex aliqua parte iuuare ſui.

FINIS.

Paris 7142 Supplément aux Incunables

FRANCISCI

BOVSSVETI SVR-

REGIANI DOCTORIS MEDICI, DE

NATVRA AQVATILIVM

CARMEN,

In Alteram partem vniuersæ GVLIELMI RONDELETII doctoris Medici, & Medicinæ in schola Monspelienſi professoris Regij celeberrimi historiæ, quam de Aquatilibus scripsit: Cum veris & natiuis eorum iconibus: Opusculum nunquàm hactenus typis excussum.

LVGDVNI,

APVD MATTHIAM BONHOME,

SVB CLAVA AVREA.

M. D. LVIII.

Cum Priuilegio Regis ad duodecim annos.

Extrait du Priuilege du Roy.

IL eſt permis à Maiſtre GVILLAVME RONDELET docteur Regẽt en la faculté de Medecine à Mõtpelier,& à l'Imprimeur ayãt charge de luy, d'Imprimer l'hiſtoire des Poiſſons,tant de mer, lacs,eſtangs,fleuues,que riuieres,recuillie par ledit,& à grãds diligences labeurs & frais auroyẽt fait grauer les figures, & ſus icelles faits & deſcrits la nature proprieté & vſage deſditz poiſſons, en pluſieurs manieres & langages,pour eſtres plus agreables aux lecteurs & vtiles à la Republique,& augre deſditz auroit eſté fait & approuue vn Epitome en ſuccints Epigrãmes ſus leſdites figures,cõposées par maiſtre Frãçois Bouſſuet docteur en Medecine , lequel Epitome ilz ont fait de nouueau mettre en lumiere. Parquoy ledit Seigneur,defend à tous libraires,Imprimeurs, tailleurs de figures, dominotiers,& à tous autres: qu'ilz n'ayent à Imprimer ledit Epitome, pourtraire , tailler, poucher , ni contrefaire leſdictes figures, ſoit en plus grande ou plus petite forme, enſemble ni ſepareément , ni faire en quelque langue que ce ſoit aucune traduction dudit liure, ni le rediger en autre Epitome en quelque langage que ce ſoit,ſans le gré & conſentement deſdits.Et ce durant le temps & terme de douze ans, à compter du iour de la premiere impreſsion.Et ſi aucuns s'ingeroyẽt, ou fuſſent ingerez , les faire ou faire cõtrefaire en q̃lque maniere que ce ſoit , leur eſt defendu de la part dudit Seigneur en vendre,ni diſtribuer en ſes pays,terres,& Seigneuries ſur peine de confiſcation de tous & chaſcuns leſditz Liures , Figures , & Pourtraitz & d'autres grands peines & amendes:& des dommages, deſpens , & intereſtz des ſuſditz: car ne veut ledit Seigneur en ſorte que ce ſoit aucune choſe eſtre faicte ni cõtrefaite ſus leſdits Liures, Figures,& matieres, par eux dreſsées & premieremẽt miſes en lumiere , qui leur ſoit preiudiciable,& que ce qui s'en fera cy aprés,veut que ce ſoit de leur gré & conſentement. Et ſi aucun deſtourbier ou dommage leur en eſtoit fait,veut incontinent & ſans delay leur eſtre reparé:comme plus à plein eſt contenu au Priuilege ſur ce donné à Marchais le xxviij.iour de Iuin, lan mil cinq cens cinquante quatre. Et de noſtre regne le huitiéme.

Par le Roy en ſon conſeil. De Lomenie.

Eſtant inſeré le Priuilege,ou extrait d'iceluy en chaſcun deſditz liures,eſt tenu pour ſuffiſamment ſignifié à tous.

Et fut acheué d'Imprimer le preſent Epitome le 22. Iuin 1558.

ILLVSTRISS. PRINCIPI CLAVDIO A' LOTHARINGIA, DVCI AVMALLIAE,

necnon in Burgundia christianissimi Regis Henrici secundi huius nominis clarissimo Proregi,

Franciscus Boussuetus

Surregianus S.

Diuersis diuersa placent, humana mouetur
Non iisdem semper mens, trahiturq; modis.
Nam quæ grata aliis sunt (ô fortissime Princeps)
Quæq; animi ex votis æstimat esse sui:
Illa eadem ecce alius valdè aspernatur, & odit:
Quæq; alij credant suauia, acerba putat.
Nam & studia, & mores hominum, non semper in iisdem
Conueniunt: multùm cum sua quemque iuuent.
Quò fit vt aut armis astrictum, aut magna prementem,
Vix ausim numeris sollicitare meis.
Sed si pictura, numerisq; aliquando teneris,
Testem animi hoc possis carmen habere mei.

Ad eundem Hexastichon.

E' vasto (Dux magne) mari, sub nomine fratris
Misimus in lucem plurima monstra tui:
Terribiles visu formas, quas tempore longo,
Aequora dum sulcat quisq; videre potest.
Verùm non minima hîc offert tibi portio sese:
Sic ab aquis dabitur munus vtriq; suum.

IN AVTHORIS EFFIGIEM
STEPH. BOVSS. FRATRIS
CARMEN.

E' tantis, totq́ egregiis, quas doctus Apelles
Depinxit tabulis, ne vna quidem supereſt.
Nanq́ ſitu obſeſſæ tandem periere: quid ergò?
Marmore, & ære opus eſt: hæc quoque diſpereunt.
Nam ſola æternos ſe extendit Muſa per annos,
Ipſa beatq́ ſuos ſola, vetatq́ mori.
Viua animi ſic vſque tui perſtabit imago
Franciſce, interna nam magè parte viges.

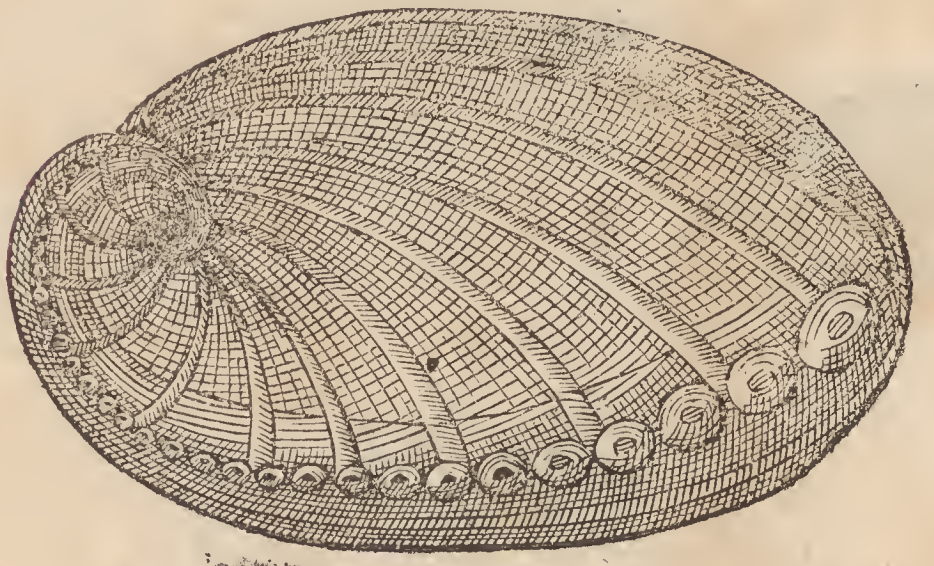
FRANCISCI BOVSSVETI SVRREGIANI IN LIBROS GVLIELMI RONDELETII, DE HISTORIA AQVATILIVM. EPIGRAMMATA.

De Lepade.

Interiore Lepas parte in ſcopulis adeò hæret,
Hinc vt diuelli non niſi vi illa queat.

Cultro igitur ferróue opus eſt, quia tacta reſiſtit
Fortiùs, & vires colligit inde ſuas.
Crudã aliqui mandunt, magis at mihi cocta probatur,
Sed leuibus flammis res peragenda venit.
Nam tum ſuauior eſt, ſtomachoq; optatior, aluum
Sæpè etiam ſumpto iure ſuo exonerat.

De Aure Marina.



Innumeras rerum ſpecies Natura creauit,
Et pinxit miris haſce tulitq; modis.
Nanq; hominum cedunt quæcunq; videntur in vſus,
Accedunt q; tuis ô Medicina opibus.
Omnia quippe tuam veniunt reuocanda ſub artem,
Vt queat ex aliqua parte deeſſe nihil.
Nanq; etiam & dura proſunt animantia teſta,
Hulceribúſq; ferunt vſta frequenter opem.
At Lepadũ in numerum eſt Auris referẽda, ſed vnde
Sic dicta eſt? humanæ auris ab effigie.

De Tellinarum prima ſecunda & tertia ſpecie.

Et benè alunt Tellinæ, & ventrem ſæpius eſæ,
Sed coctæ modicis ignibus exonerant.
Condîtæ ſale moxq; igni ferueute crematæ,
Vrentem reddunt non leuiter cinerem.
Hinc cedri exceptus ſucco, ſenſimq; perunctus,
Impellit glabras vſq; manere genas.

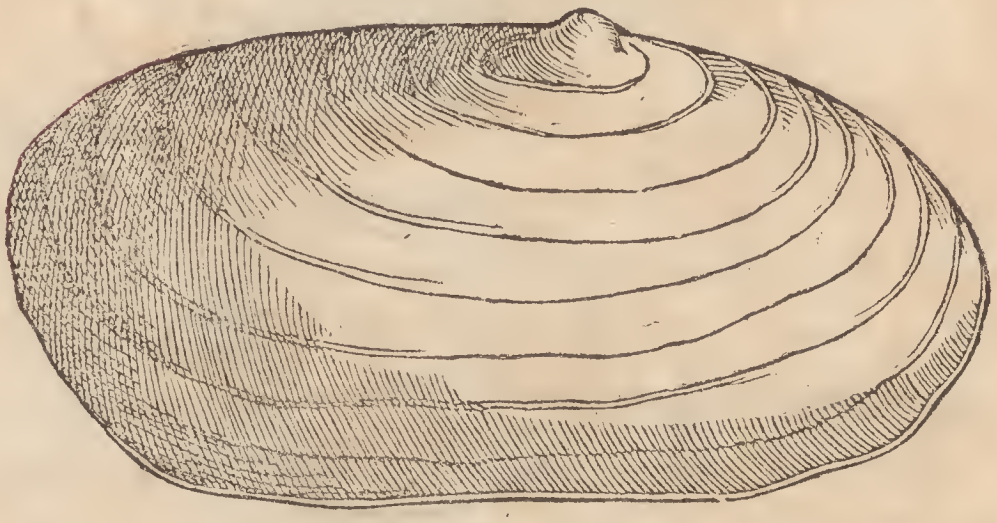
De Chama læui.

Et dulci & tenera eſt Chama læuis carne, ſed ipſa vt
Poßit edi, in pura ſæpè lauatur aqua.

De Chama Peloride.

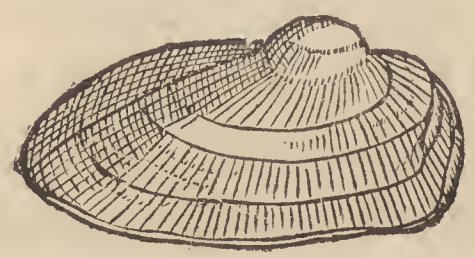
Dura Peloridis eſt Chamæ caro difficilè ergò
Concoquitur, ſemel at cocta potenter alit.

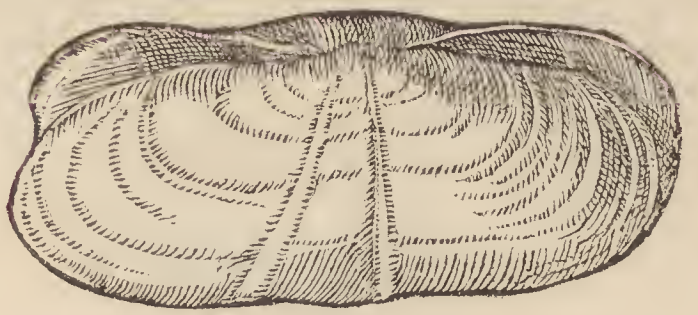
De Chama Glycymeride.



Dicta Glycymeris à ſucci dulcedine, longè
Mole ſui reliquas corporis exuperat.

De Chama aſpera. & Chama nigra & aliis.





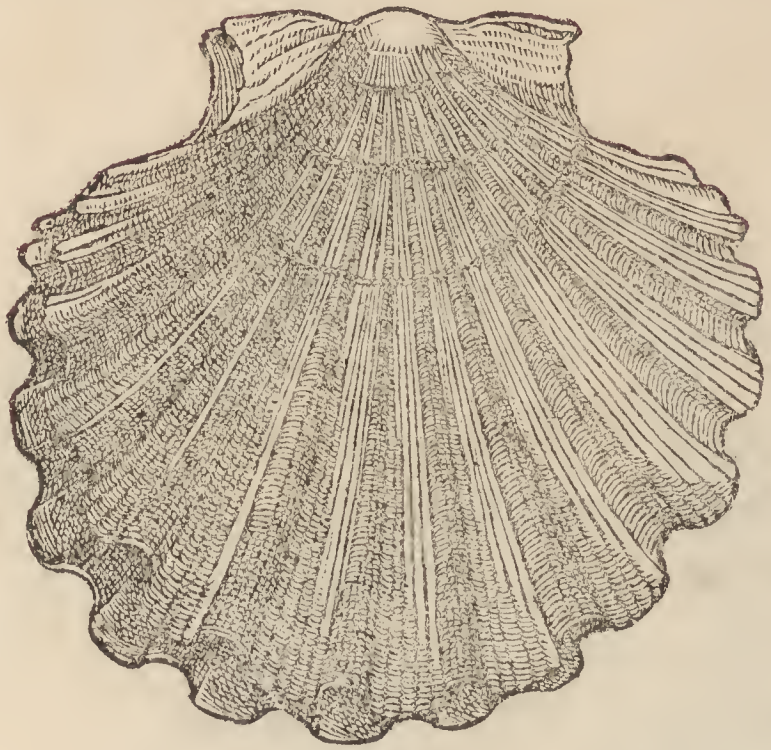
Chama quidem læuis tenera eſt, & dulcis habetur,
Propterea in ſtomacho ſat facilè excoquitur.
Carne autem dura eſt, & ſicca Chama peloris,
Enutritq; ſatis victa calore ſemel.
Dicta Glycymeris à ſucci dulcedine fertur,
Hæc ſiquidem propria non bonitate caret.
Et quædam Chama eſt quæ nigricat, eſtq; alia aſpra,
Excretu hæc facilis, ſed modicum omnis alit.

Ariſtoph.

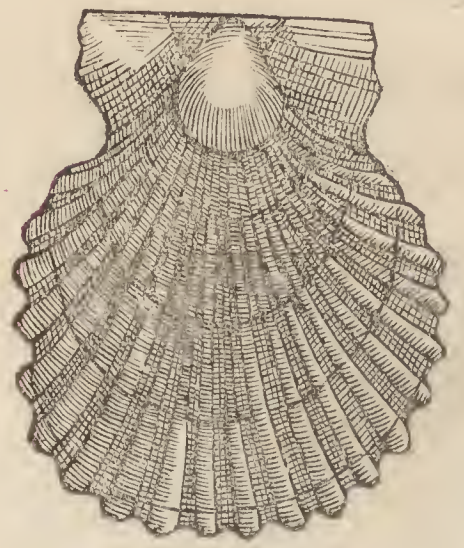
Ὡς εὐτόνως ὦ Ζεῦ βασιλεῦ τὴ γραιδίου
Ὥσπερ λεπὰς τῷ μύραιλῳ προσίσχει.

O Iuppiter quàm fortiter Conchæ modo
Iſthæc anicula adhæret adoleſcentulo.

Pecten.



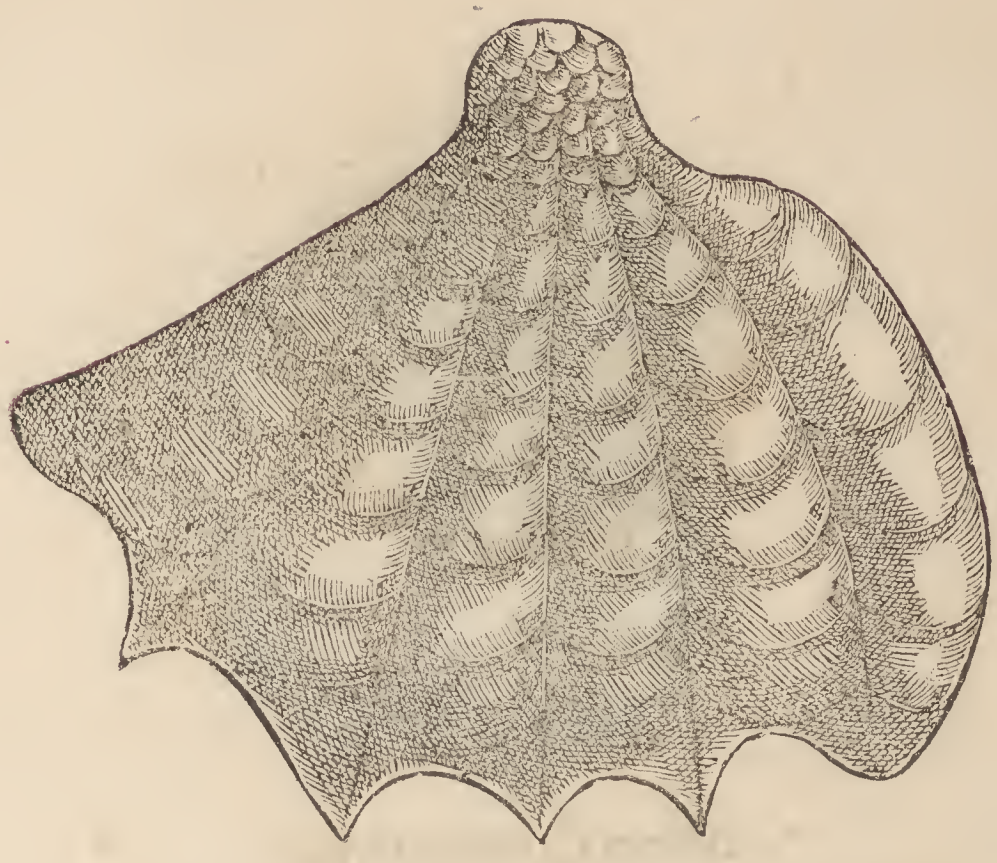
Altera ſpecies Pectinis.



De pectine vtroque & pectunculis.

Pectinum vesica cibo maligna
Sorde purgatur, modicè ille nanq;
Sumptus abstergit, lotiúmq; aperto
Tramite pellit.
Dulcior quin cum siet Ostreorum
Carnibus, cúmq; in stomacho coquatur
Promptius, sanè & Veneri videtur
Commodus esse.

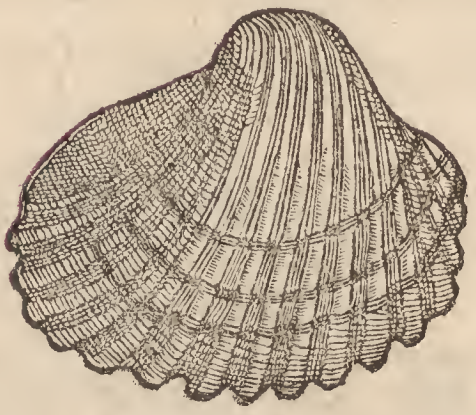
De Concha imbricata.



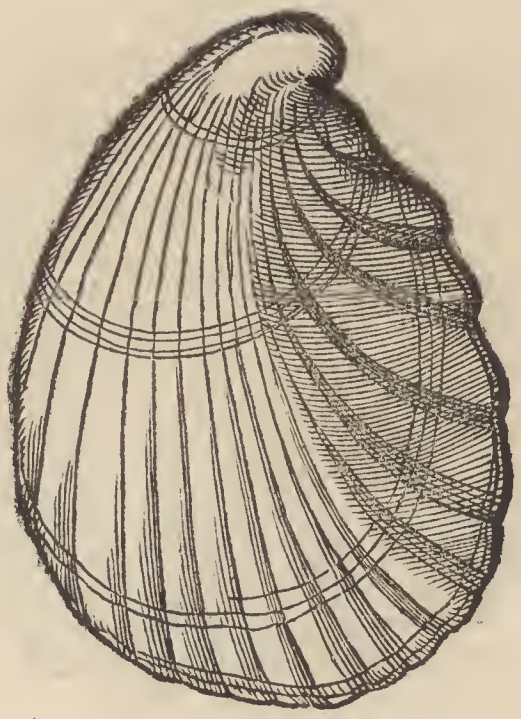
Concha imbricata eſt carnis hæc duræ quidem
At cocta nutrit plurimum (vt credo) tamen.

Concha ſtriata.

Altera Concha ſtriata.



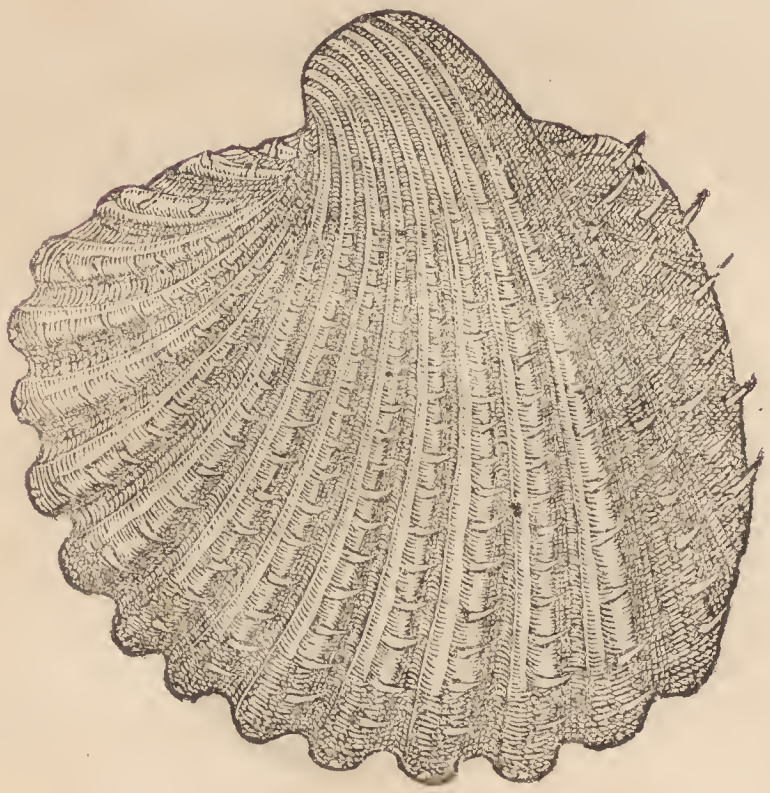
Tertia Concha ſtriata



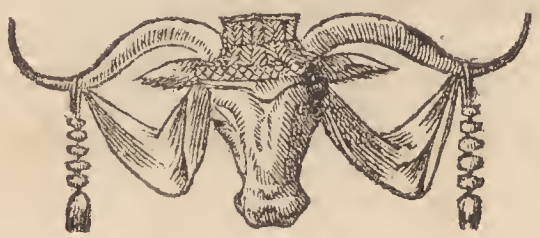
De Conchis ſtriatis.

Haud coctu faciles Conchæ ſunt quæq; ſtriatæ,
Illarum ſiquidem dura caro ſatis eſt,
Iure tamen Venter ſenſim ſubducitur hauſto.
Abſtergit Verò tempus in omne cinis.

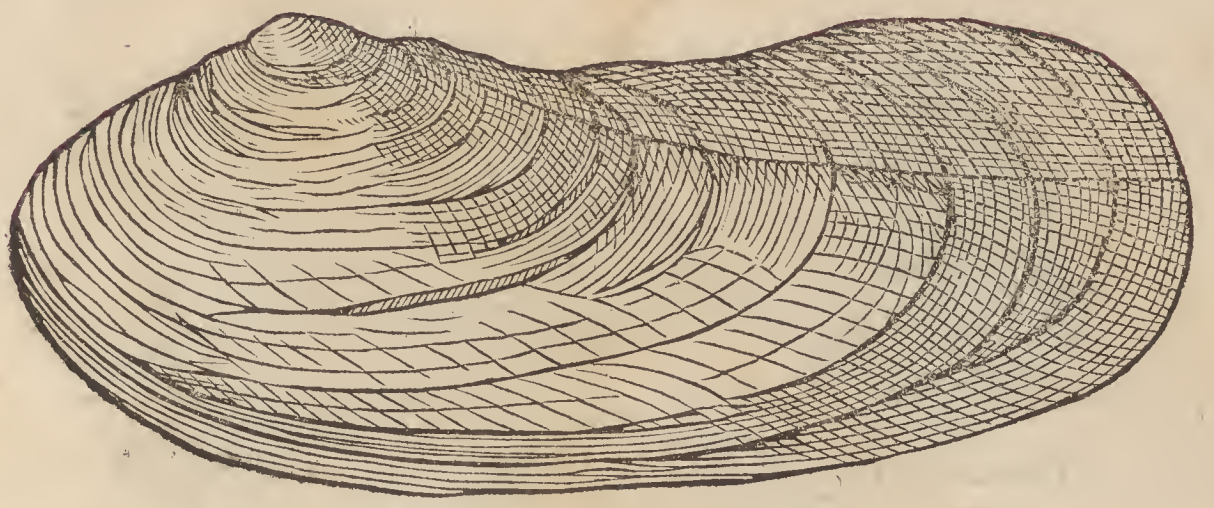
De Concha Echinata.



Conchis eſt aliis carne ſimillima,
Quæ Concha innumeris horret aculeis.
Hæc in carne ſua grandinis in modum,
Gemmatis renitet quandoq; honoribus



De Concha longa.



Ex longa tibi calx, & ὀδοντοτρίμματα quædam
Cum fieri ſoleant, Conchánе vilis erit?
Sumpta caro ex mulſo iecoris conferre dolori
Cenſetur, corpus ſi ſine febre ſiet.
Sin minus ex mulſa, liquidas miſcentibus vndas
Præſidio eſt: namſic mitigat hauſta iecur.

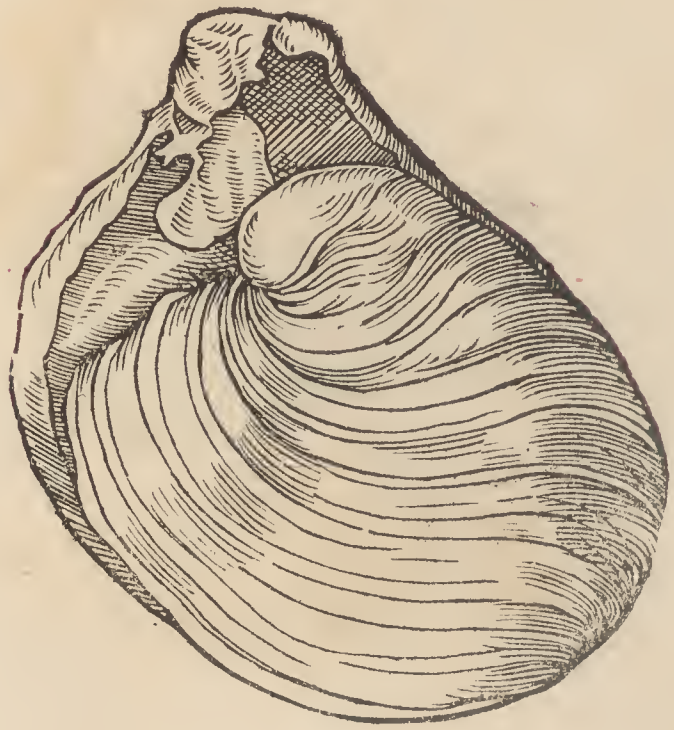
De altera Concha longa.

In iecoris confert hæc Concha doloribus hausta
Ex posca, aut mulso, si sine febre dolent.
Sunt & rugosæ, & variæ, læuésq; nigræq;,
Sunt quoq; coralli more colore rubræ,
Sunt quædam glandi similes, Balaníq; vocantur,
Sunt Γαλάδες *graiis nomine dictæ aliæ.*
In Conchis etenim variis Natura creandis
Lusisse est miris conspicienda modis.

Concha pictorum.

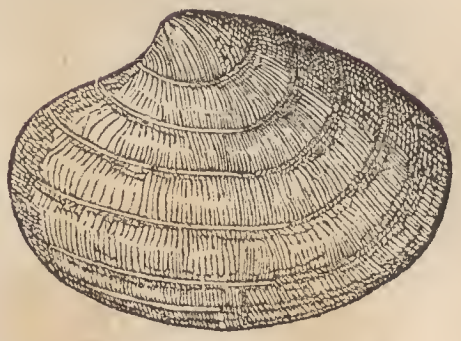
Concha Corallina.

Concha rugata.

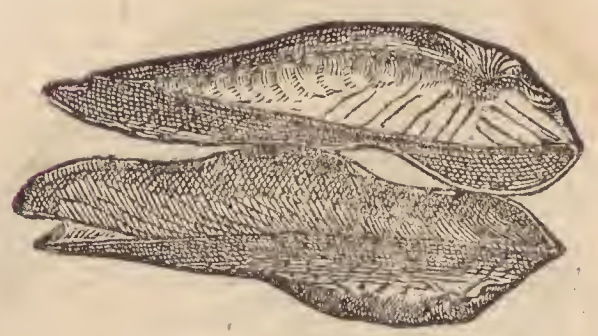


Conchula rugata.

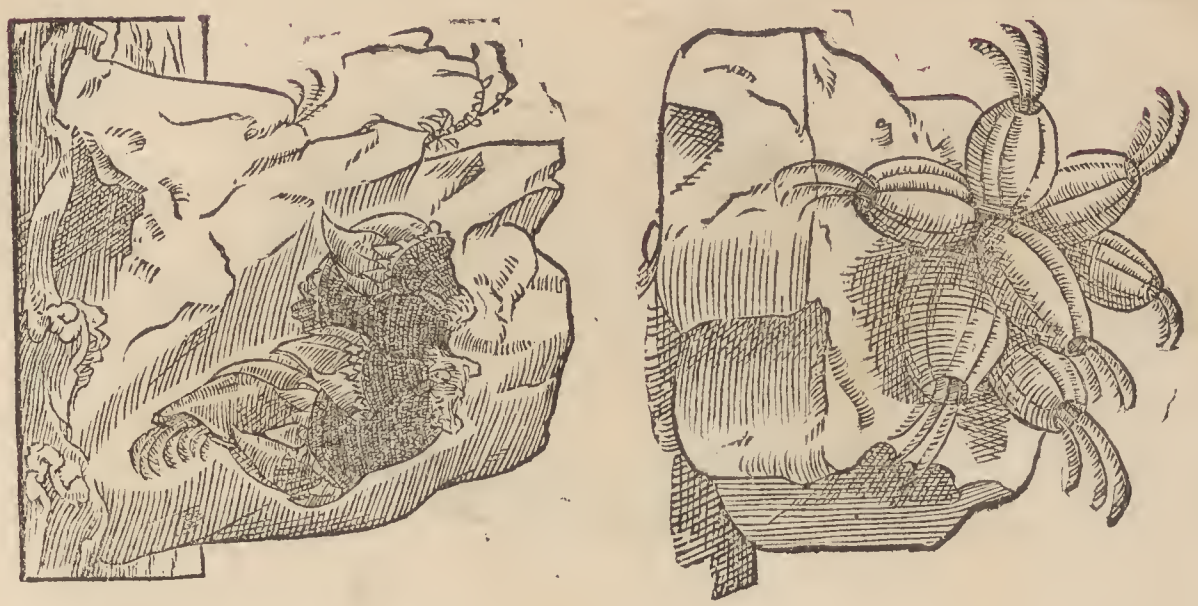
Conchula varia.



Concha Rhomboides.

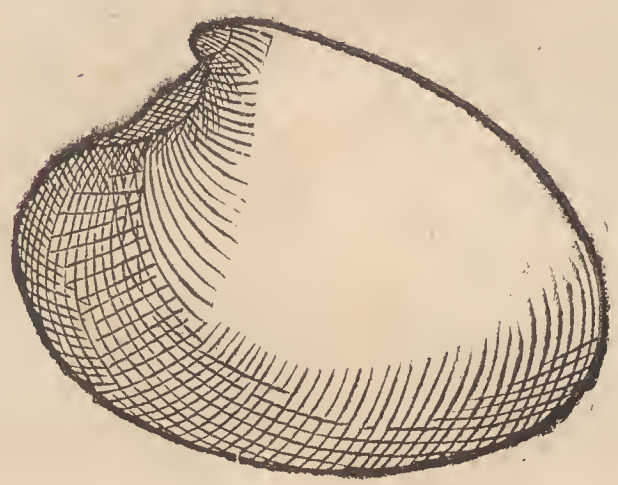


De Balano vtroque.



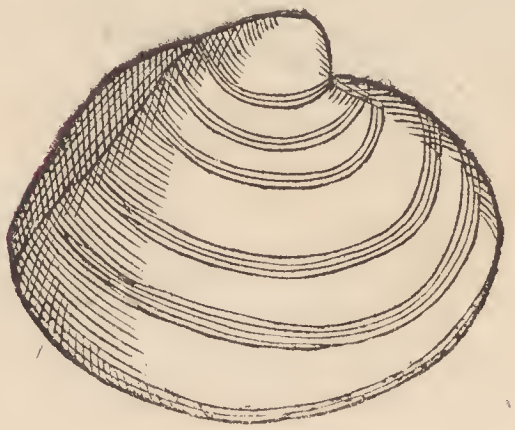
Glandes ſeu Balani pura elixantur in vnda,
Gratáq; ſit ſeruis eſca, Cupido, tuis.
Nam molles, multi ſucci, dulcíſq; ſaporis
Sunt Βάλανοι, *non vis omnibus vna tamen.*
Nam magis vrinas ſalſæ, ventrémq; mouebunt.
Glandibus vtatur qui volet eſſe ſalax.
Horum ſpreta iacet ſpecies omnino ſecunda,
Nam carnis paucæ eſt, & ſapit illa nihil.

De Concha Galade & nigra.

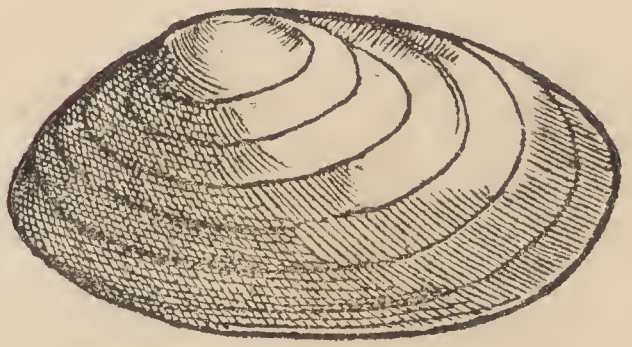


Conueniunt Galadis multum tibi iuſcula Conchæ,
Nam faciem durum, Marce, cacantis habes.

Concha faſciata.

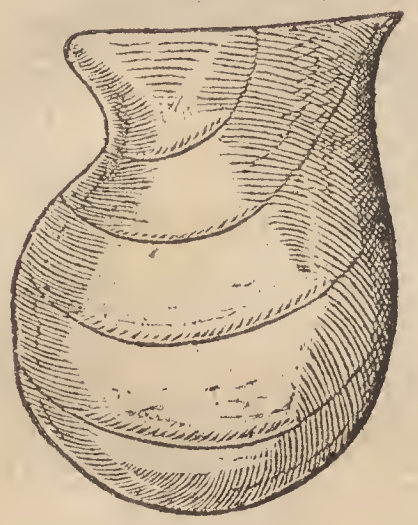


De Concha craſſæ teſtę.



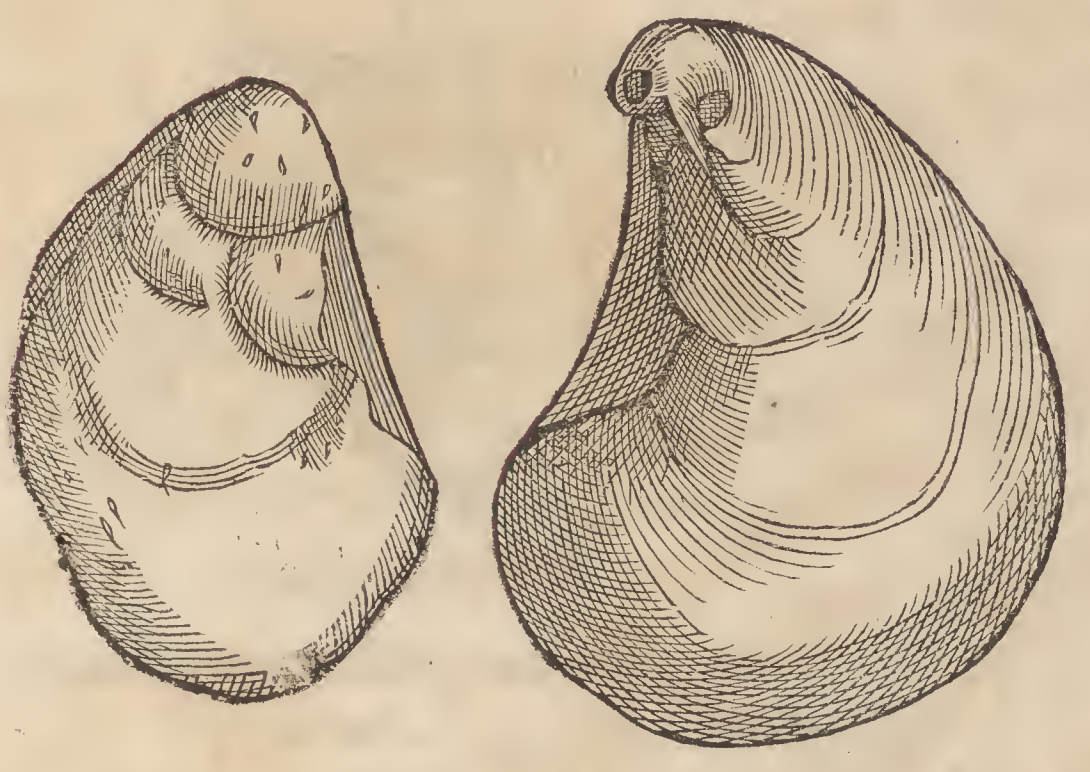
Fit præſtans Antiſpodium ex his omnibus vſtis
Proin veri vteris tute loco ſpodij
Ex iiſdem fit calx & ὀδοντοτριμμα & in vſus
Multorum, quis nos vtier hiſce vetat?

De Concha matre vnionum.



Gemmarum hæc Concha eſt mater; nam grandinis inſtar,
Illas concreta in carne frequenter habet.
Auri venduntur precio plerunq; repenſo
Æquali, tales indica terra creat.

De Ostreis horatius.

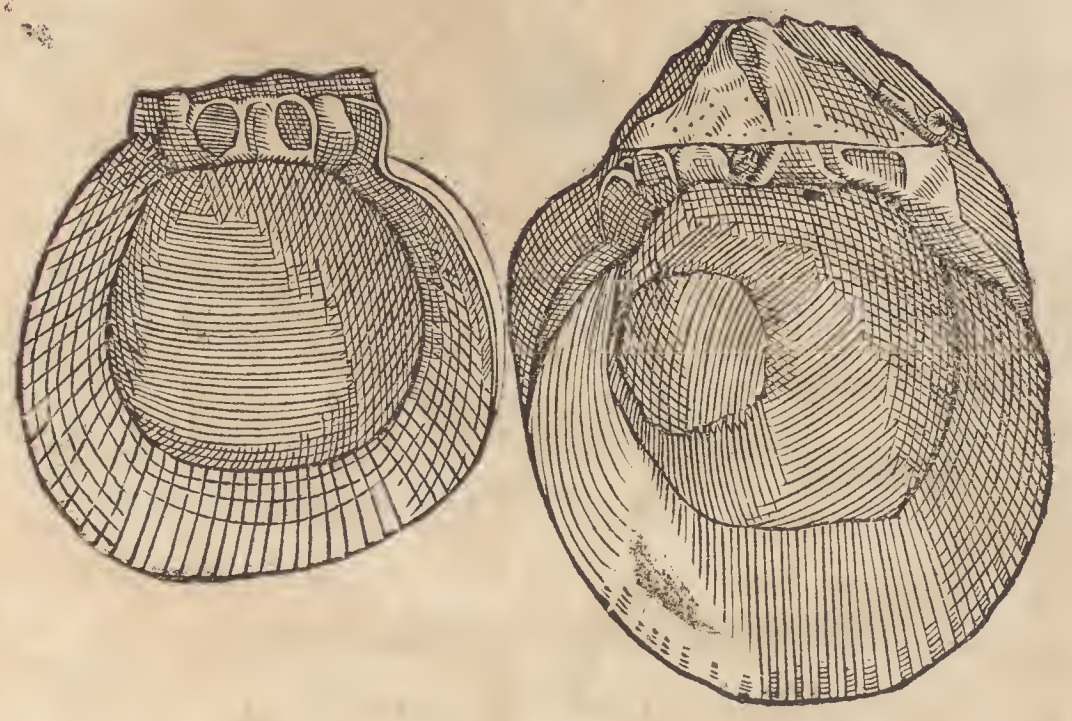


Lubrica nascentes implent Conchylia Lunæ,
Sed non omne mare est generosæ fertilè Testæ,
Murice Baiano melior, Lucrina peloris,
Ostrea Circæis, Misceno oriuntur Echini,
Pectinibus patulis iactat se molle Tarentum.

De Ostreo syluestri.

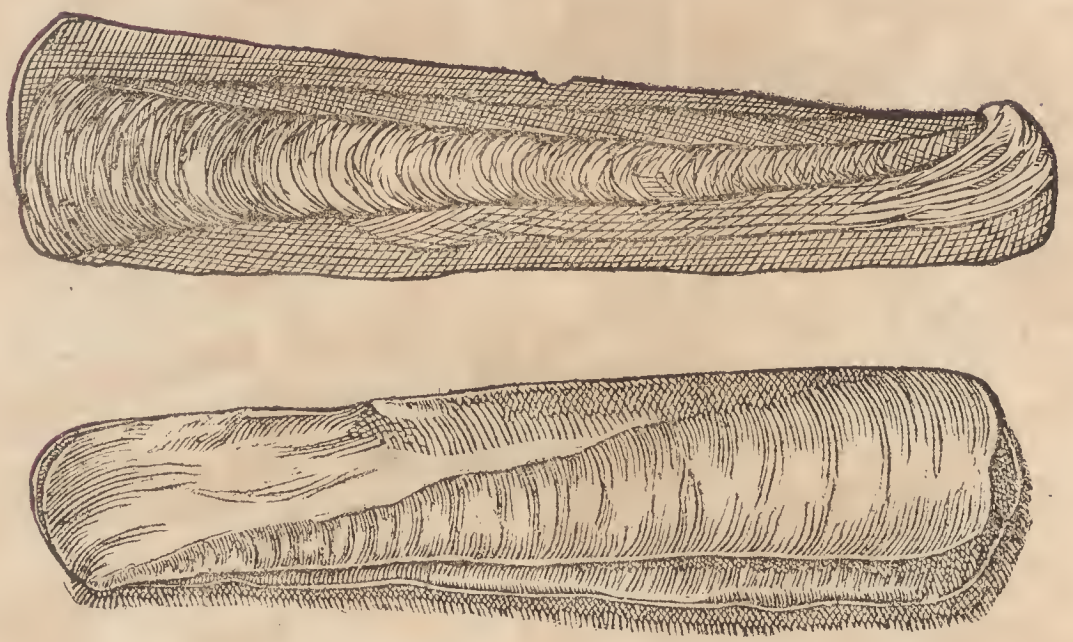
Testa huius valdè in fucis muliebribus apta est,
Eius & in multis pulueris vsus erit.
Nam quoties medicamentis siccantibus vti
Expedit, hæc fiet præsto medela tibi.

De Spondylis.



Adnati ſaxis Spondyli fortius illis
Hærent, nimirum hos non ſine vi hinc rapias.
Oſtrea carne ſua referunt, ægréq; coquuntur,
Nam caro ventriculo durior eſſe ſolet.
Eſt autem illa ſatis multa, ingratíq; ſaporis,
Quæq; malum virus ſumpta frequenter olet.

De Solene mare & fœmina.



Solen mas mouet vrinas, at fœmina ὀὐχω
Appellant, proprio dulcior vna mare eſt.
Mirum, quòd noctu fulgent ſplendore remoto,
Quæ tanti cauſa luminis eſſe queunt?

De Muſculis & Mytulis.

Muſculi quos quidam etiam Myacas,
Et Myas dicunt, bonitate ſucci
Inſita pollent aliqua, ſatíſq;
Nutriunt, dulcíq; ſuo ſapore haud
Diſplicent: quidam & lotium mouere hos
Dictitant, ventrémq; minus ciere.
At ferum quendam redolent ſaporem,
Et ſalem, & virus pariter marinum,
Mole maiores Mytuli Myiſcis.

De Pholade.

Pholades ſaxis, ſcopulíſq; inhærent
Fortiter, nec vi niſi magna eas, vel
Viribus vellas validis, ſapore
At ſuo virus redolent marinum.
Sunt malo hæ Conchæ ſiquidem & ferino
Prædit æ ſucco, & nihil eſtimantur.

De Pinna magna.

Obnixè Pinnæ in ſtomacho, veniſq; coquuntur,
Sed ſemel excoctæ in ventre potenter alunt

Aßis elixa præstant, vtcumq; & aceto
Molescunt, flatúsq; hinc minus ingenerant.
Altera Pinna autem Perna hæc meritò eße videtur,
A forma pernæ quam gerit aßimili.

De Perna.

Pinnarum ex numero hæc etiam est, quæ vt mollis habetur
Sic ea per ventrem perfacilè eiicitur.

De Pinna parua.

Intus habet duram hæc carnem, resipitq; ferinum
Nescio quid, cœnine id ratione venit?

De Purpura.

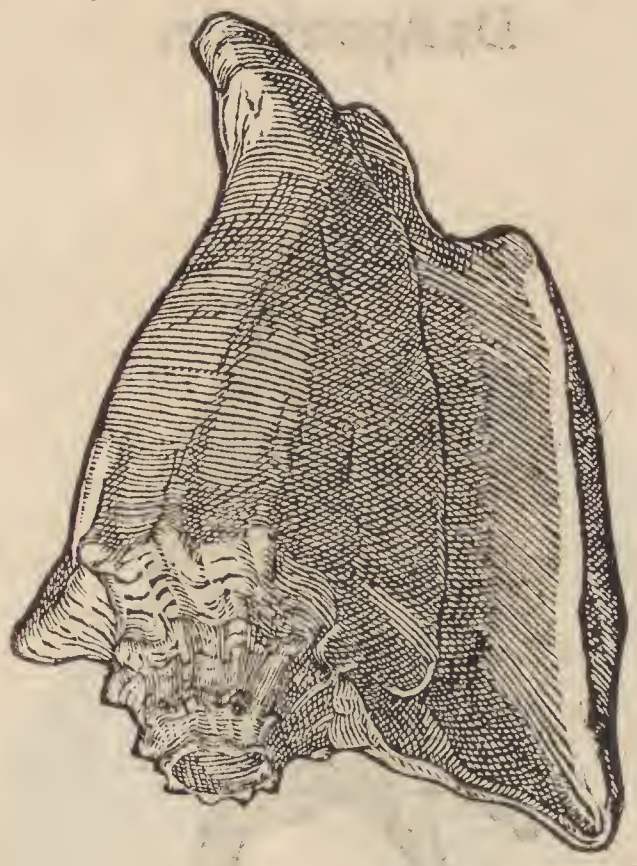
Efinguntur dentifricia optima,
Ex vſtæ flammæ corpore Purpuræ,
Internæ partes ſi ex oleo ſient
Leni percoctæ, ſæpè doloribus
Sedandis præſtant, auxilium efficax.
Eiuſdem cenſent poſſe ſaluam opem
Afferre admotam vulneribus recèns
Inflictis, virtus tantáne Purpuræ eſt?

De Murice marmoreo.

Vritur, in cinerem conuertitur, abluitúrq;
Murex, ambuſtisq; vtilis efficitur.
Exoleo illinitur nimirum ſæpè roſato,
Et quæ non leuibus vis quoq; rebus ineſt?

De Murice triangulari.

Aures (vt perhibent) huius operculum
Purgatum, inq; bono coctum oleo nucum,
Compescit rigidis sæpè doloribus
Obsceßas, nec enim vis sua Murici,
Vllo vt nec reliquis tempore deficit.



Murex Coracoides.

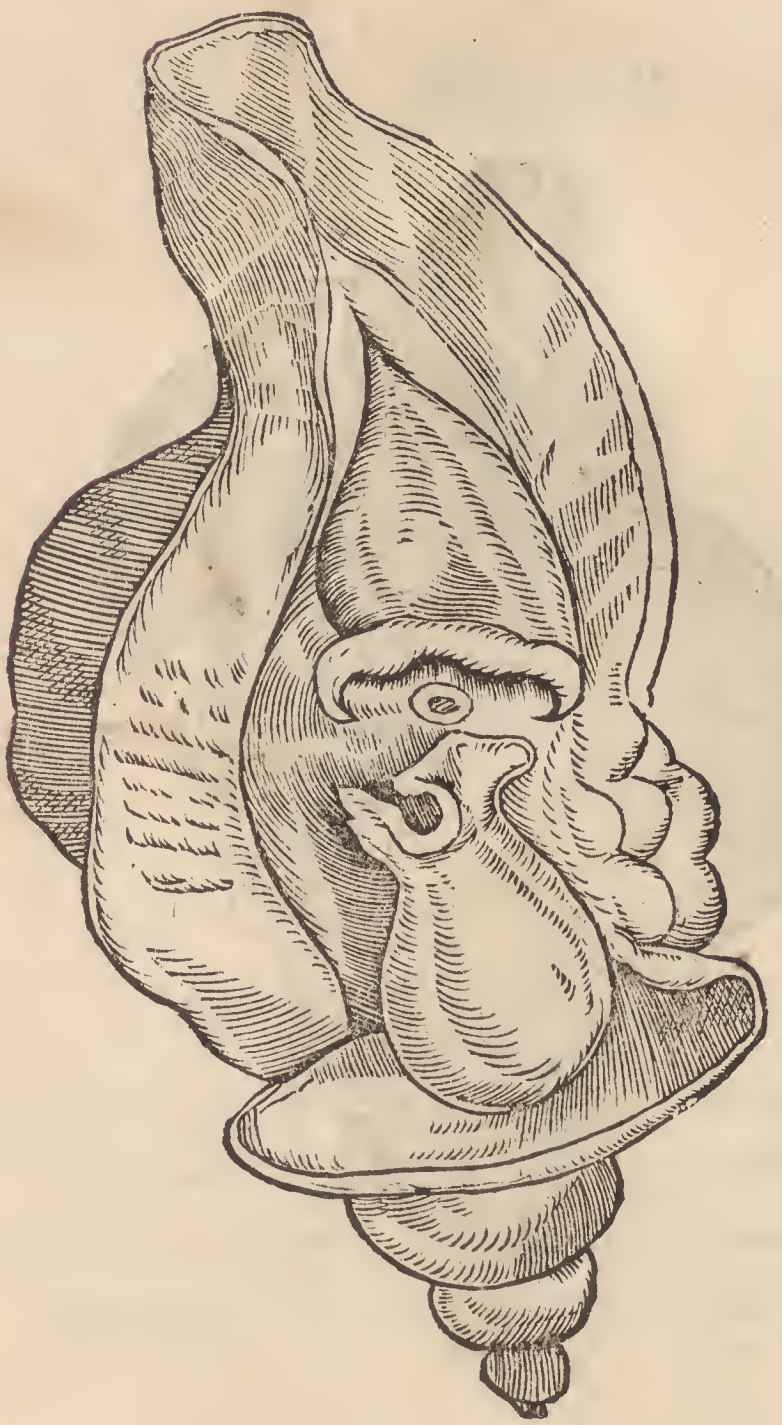
De Aporrhaide.

Ne ſine diuerſo ac vario eſſet Murice pontus,
Natura his plures contulit aſſimiles.
Vtimur ad fucos teſta, nam lacteus omnis
In primis partes vendicat haſce ſibi.

De Buccino.

Buccina damnantur quòd fucum ſumpta remittant,
Quantumuis noſtrum, vt Purpura, corpus alant.

De Altero Buccino.

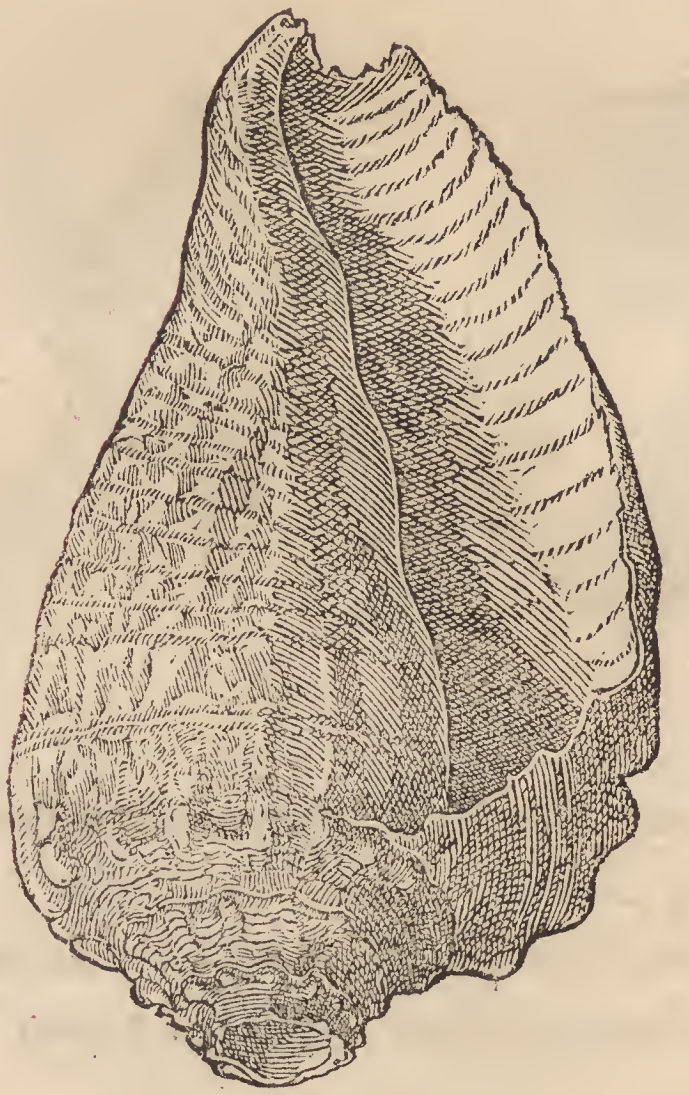


Sat benè corpus alunt, ſed fucum quando remittunt,
Per ſeſe à multis Buccina ſpreta iacent.

De Buccino paruo & ſtriato.

Buccina aduſta eadem penitus quæ & Purpura præſtant,
Illitáq; ambuſtis auxilio eſſe queunt.
Quin dentifriciis quoq; ſunt accommoda: mille
Si indigeas, Nereus ſuppeditabit opes.

De Conchylio.



Buccina iis (aiunt) quibus & Conchylia prosunt,
Purpuráq; ergò ad idem his vtere si libeat.
Suffitu interea poterunt compescere vuluas,
Mortua si veluti fœmina fortè iacet.
Prosunt & morbo simili ratione caduco,
Interior quoq; pars auribus auxilio est

De Operculo Conchylij,& Buccini.

Suffitu prosunt vuluis,morbóq; caduco,
Quinetiam ventrem pota mouere queunt.

De Turbine magno.

Innumeris propè cùm ſcateant vada cærula Nærei
Turbinibus, paßimq; ad mare promineant.
Sic dixiſſe ſatis, quòd eos vertuntur in vſus,
Ad quos ſit teſta Purpura grata ſua.

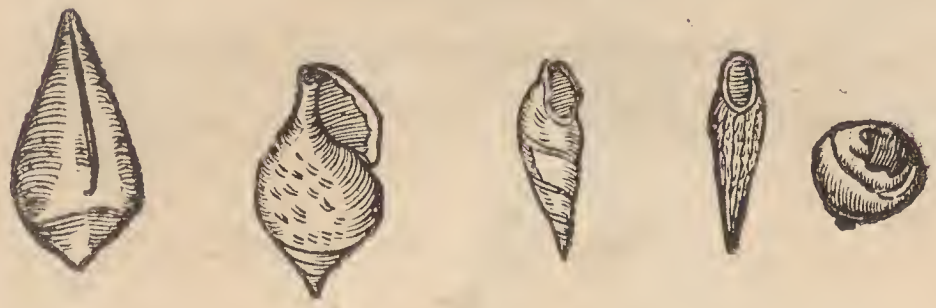
Carnibus & prosunt, an iis natura videtur
Fingendis oti non habuisse satis?
Fertilis illa parens rerum, prudénsq; sagáxq; &
Prouida, num frustrà fecerit, oro, aliquid?

Turbines Turberosi.

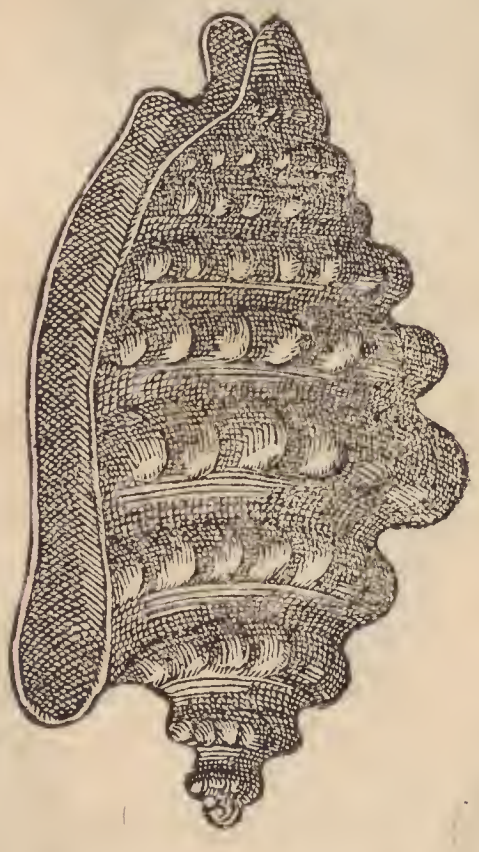
Turbo angulatus.

Turbino Muricatus.

Turbines intra ſpongias viuentes.



De Turbine aurito.

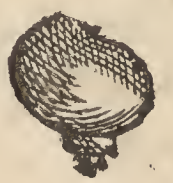


Turbinis Auriti quis non formam effigiémve
Miretur? laudétq; illius artificem?
Hac etiam fabri Naturam imitarier audent
In parte, efformant dum ſua vaſa ſibi.

Turbo Pendedactylos, & Tessarodactylos.

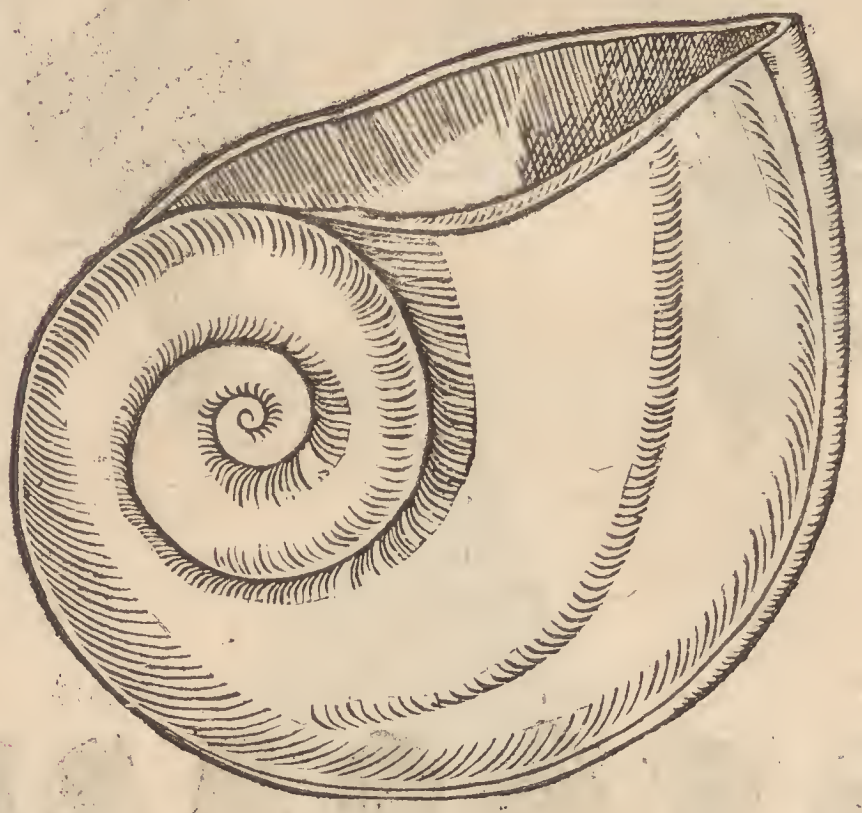
Trochi.

Nerita.



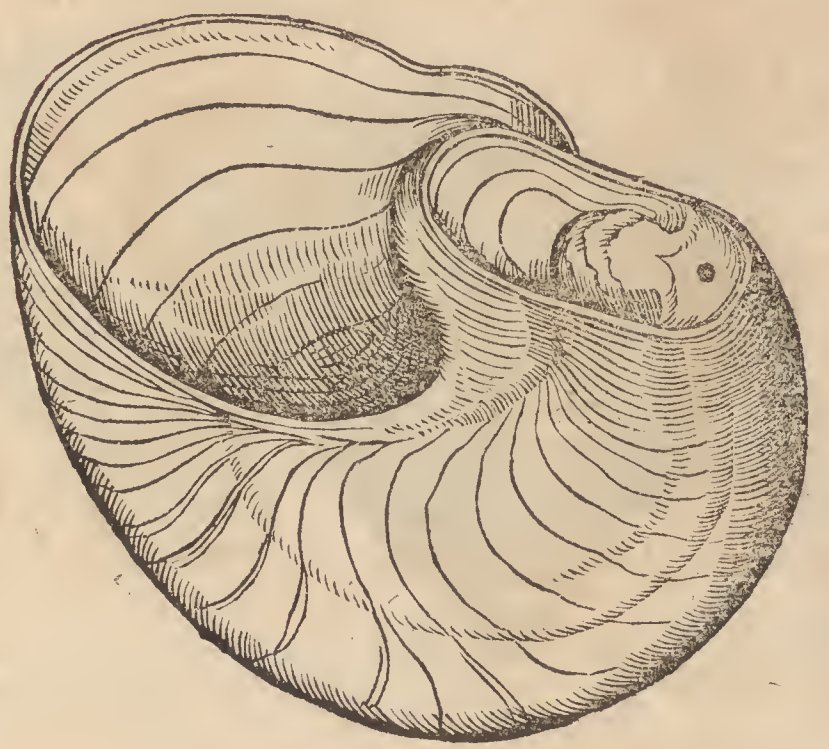
Nerita Æliani.

De Cochlea quæ in oleario vſu erat.



Ipſum oleum nonnulli olim hac haurire ſolebant,
Nomẽq; illa poteſt hinc habuiſſe ſuum.
Aurifices verò baſi quadam addita & anſa,
Efformauerunt ſæpè ſibi vrceolos.
Quodq; videretur fortè illis pulchrior eſſe,
Quodq; venenatis auxilio eſſe cibis.
Qui mare iuxta habitant, qui littora curua frequentant,
Sat norûnt quantum tota ſit apta ſuis.

De Cochlea margaritifera vulgari.



Nullas producit gemmas sed ita una vocatur,
Illas quòd referat fortè nitore suo.
Hinc ipsa argento fuluóq; includitur auro,
Fiuntq; hinc oculis pocula grata meis.
Quin & imaginibus de secto corpore, paruis
Et globulis factis, gratia rara sua est.
Tales sæpè ferunt nostra hac ætate puellæ,
Taléq; antiqui sæpè tulere chori.

De Cochlea cælata cum ſuo operculo.

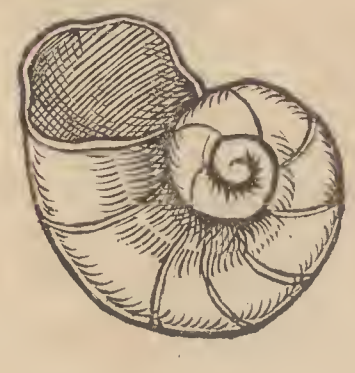
Cochlea cælata obnixè ſemel eſa domatur,
Dura etenim: ſuccum gignit & ipſa malum.
Humoris ſiquidem ſalſi vim infundit edentis
In venas, ſeruis eſca, Cupido, tuis.
Nam Venerem ſtimulat, ſemenq́ irritat & auget
Eſa, puellarum ſemper inepta choris.

Cochlea Echinophora.

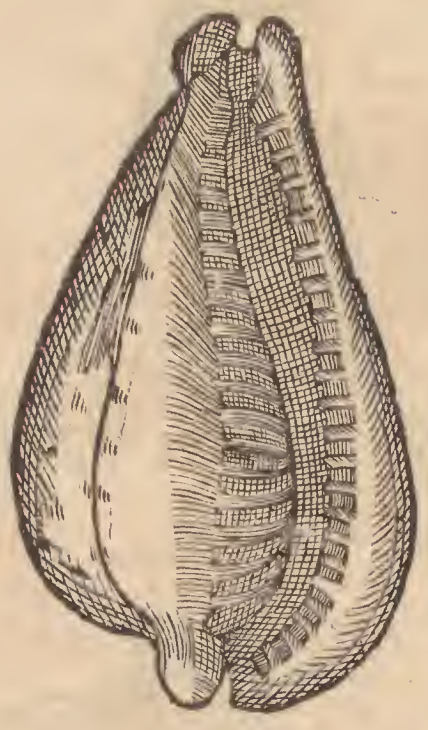
Cochlea Cylindroides.

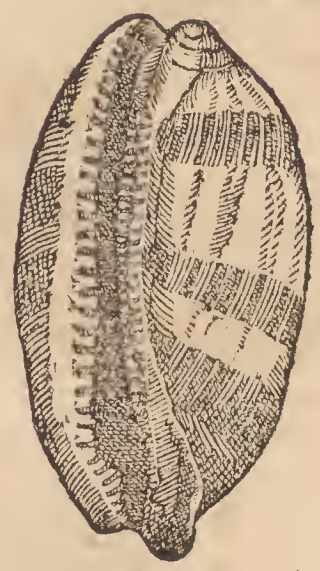
Cochlea læuis turbine obtuſo.

Cochlea depreſſa.



De Concha venera siue Murice Mutiani De secunda specie & aliis.





Aspice quàm multæ veniunt in littore Conchæ,
Harum si nescis certus & vsus erit.
Canthi oculi hulceribus Veneris percommoda fertur,
Cùm bellè exsiccet, sanat & Aegylopas.
In primis etenim id sibi vendicat illa, videtur
Arida vis aliis par propè inesse tamen.
Hulceribus siquidem siccandis commodus harum
Vsus erit, tantas quis (rogo) temnat opes?

Tertia & quarta ſpecies Conchæ venereæ.

Vmbilicus.

Vmbilicus varius & paruus.

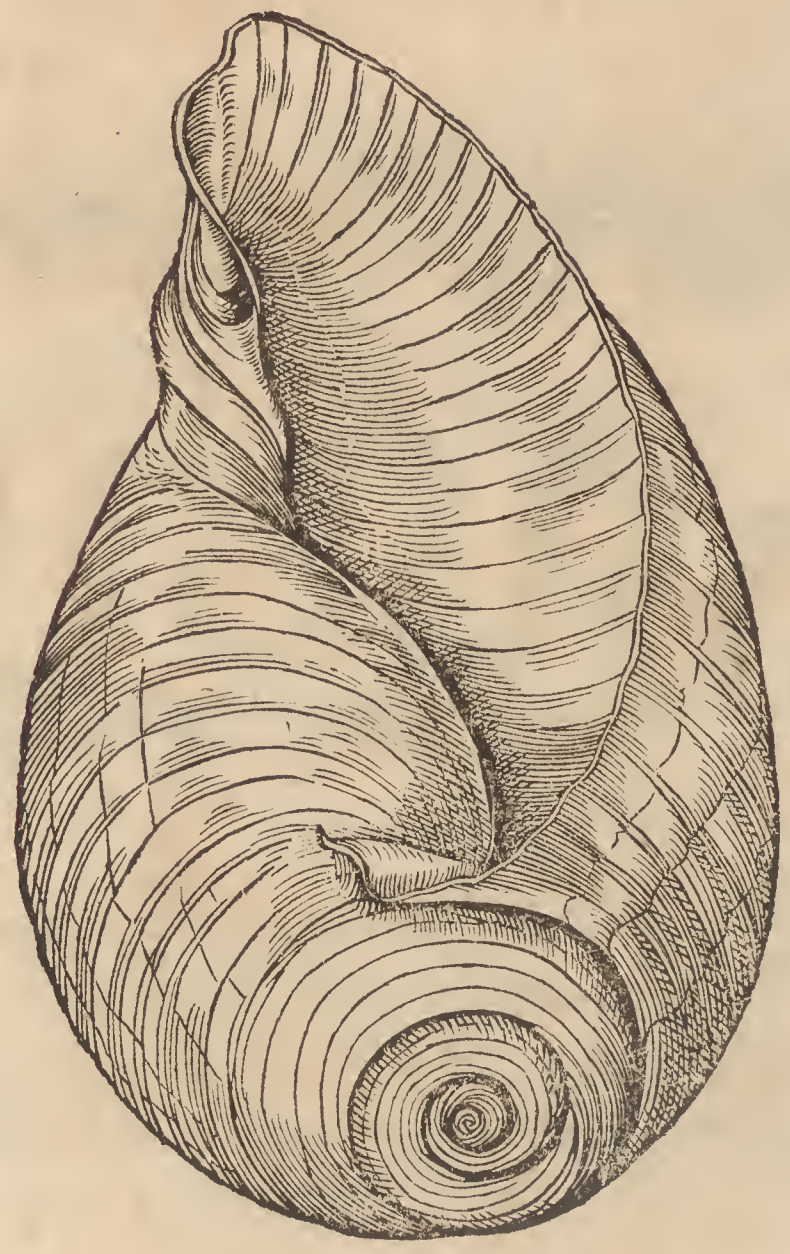
Cochlea Vmbilicata cum operculo ſuo.

Alia Cochlea vmbilicata.

De Cochleis in vniuersum.

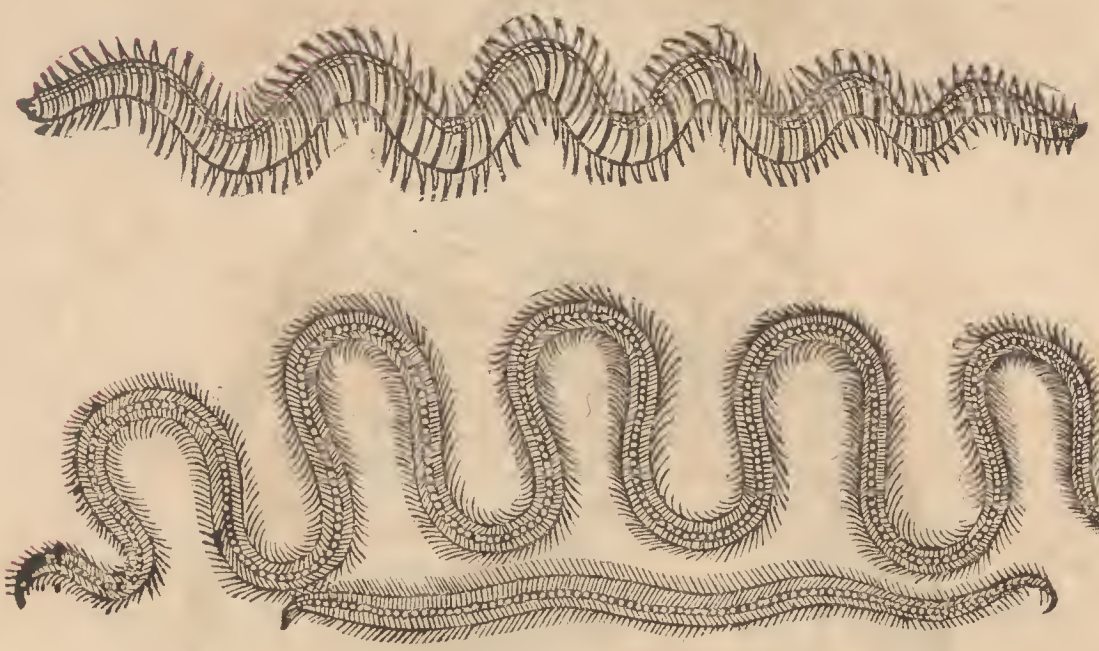
Cochlea quæ salsas habitat communiter vndas,
Ventriculo vtilis est, & citò uentre meat.
Vtilis & stomacho quæ terras incolit, at quæ
Flumina amat, virus nescio quod resipit.
Cumq; sient plures species, variæq; uidendæ,
Plus aliis veniet grata marina mihi.

De Cochlea rugosa & Vmbilicata.



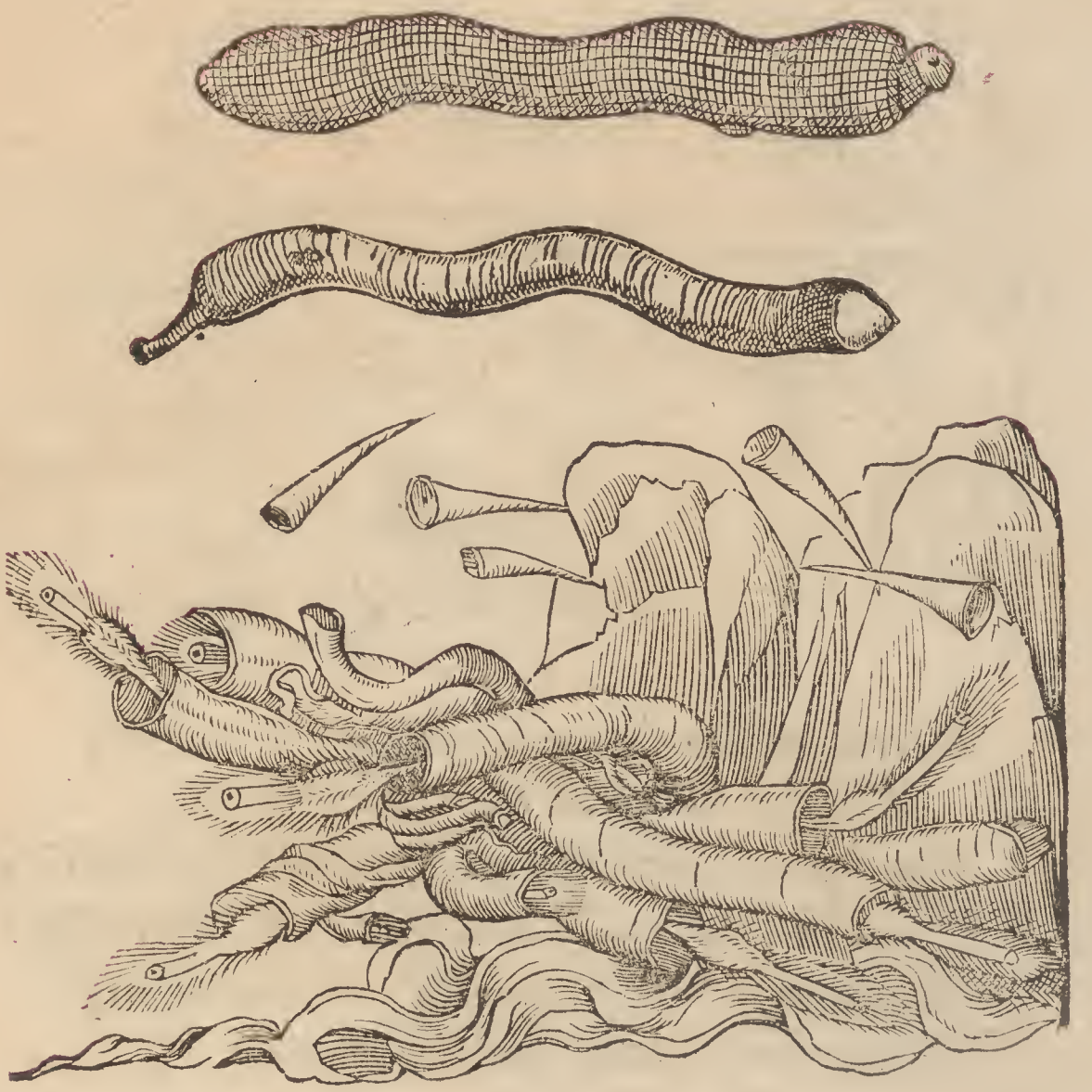
Aspicito varijs repleta est Cochlea *rugis,*
Et latum summa in parte foramen inest.
Illam etiam proprios poteris conuertere in usus,
Si igni cum rugis tota sit vsta suis.
Nam tunc euadet multò se siccior: ecquid
Hac vti, innumerisq; impedit (oro) alijs?

De Scolopendris marinis.



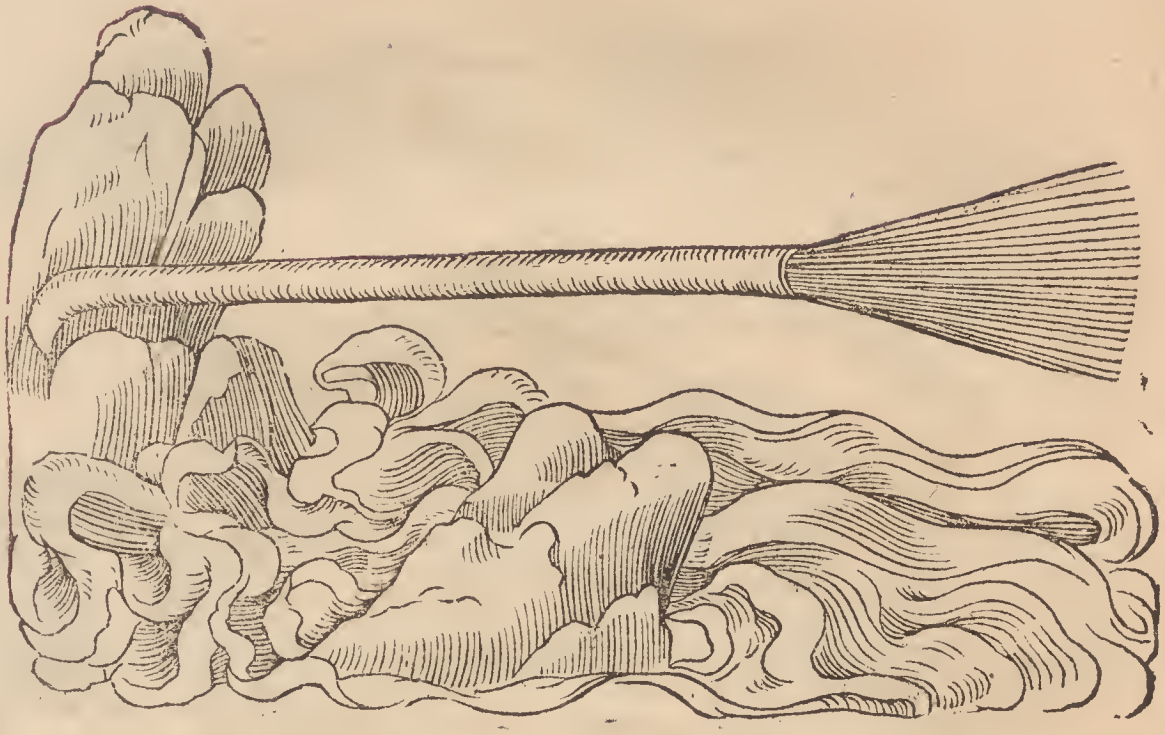
Bestiolas si quis Scolopendræ nomine dictas
Vult nosse, has possit cernere si placeat.
His aliqui viuunt vt Acus, paritérq; Lacertæ,
Quæ non vel quadam ex parte iuuare queunt?

De Vermibus marinis.



Vermibus hîc qualis facies & quanta marinis
Aſpice, & in tubulis hos quoq; ineſſe puta.
Teſta horum ingreditur citrini nominis unguen
Ecquid non homini præſidio eſſe poteſt?

De Penicillo marino.



Hærentem ſcopulis, cedentémq; æquoris vndis,
Effigiem hîc qualis fert Penicillus habes.
Quis (precor) vnquàm æquè pulchrum ſibi finxit Apelles
Aequè aut præſtantem quis (rogo) Parraſius?
Cunctarum cum ſit rerum Natura magiſtra,
In minimis etiam rebus eam ſequere.

De Hirudine marina.

Aurium angorem veteri ex oliuo
Cocta, limosis sub aquis, mariq;
Victitans, crebróq; alios dolores
Sedat Hirudo.
Nam ex camæmœllino oleo, nucúmve
Dulcium, sedis miserè tumentum
Ora venarum cohibet, doloríq;
Auxiliatur
Sæpè neruorum numero medela est
Vulneri, & spasmo quoq;, cum mero si
Coxerit, vestítq; caput capillis
Vsta & inuncta.

De Oestro siue Asilo.

Nil planè inuenias in terris hoste carere,
Cuncta propè inter se tam malè conueniunt.
Oestrus enim quamuis animal sit corpore paruo:
At plerunq; tamen magna mouere potest.
Nam sic Delphinos, Xiphias, Thunnósq; frequenter
Vrget, vt in naues littoráq; insiliant.

Vergilius.

Est lucos Silari circa, ilicibúsque virentem
Plurimus alburnum volitans, cui nomen Asilo
Romanum est, Oestrum Graij vetere vocantes,
Asper, acerba sonans, quo tota exterrita syluis
Diffugiunt armenta,

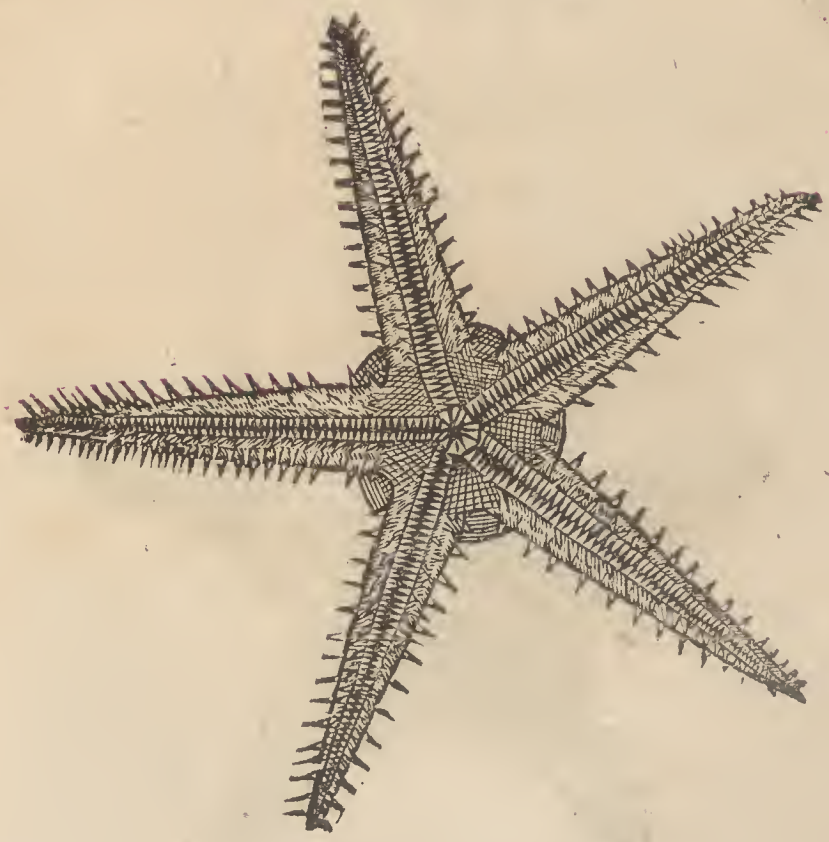
De Hippocampo.

Vertici crines nimium maligni
Si fluant cuiquam ratione ſucci,
Cum pice exceptus cinis Hippocampi
Reddit ademptos.
Ille reſtinguit Leporis marini
Virus epotus, remouétq; lepras
Atq; Lichænas, vel aqua ſolutus,
Móxq; perunctus.
Enecant nonnulli etiam Hippocampos
Ex roſis facto rubeis oliuo,
Illo ut ægrotos gelido in rigore
Febris inungant.
Quin canis diro rubioſi ab ictu
Liberat, ſæuúmq; domat venenum,
Sunt feræ & plures aliæ in marinæ
Corpore vires.

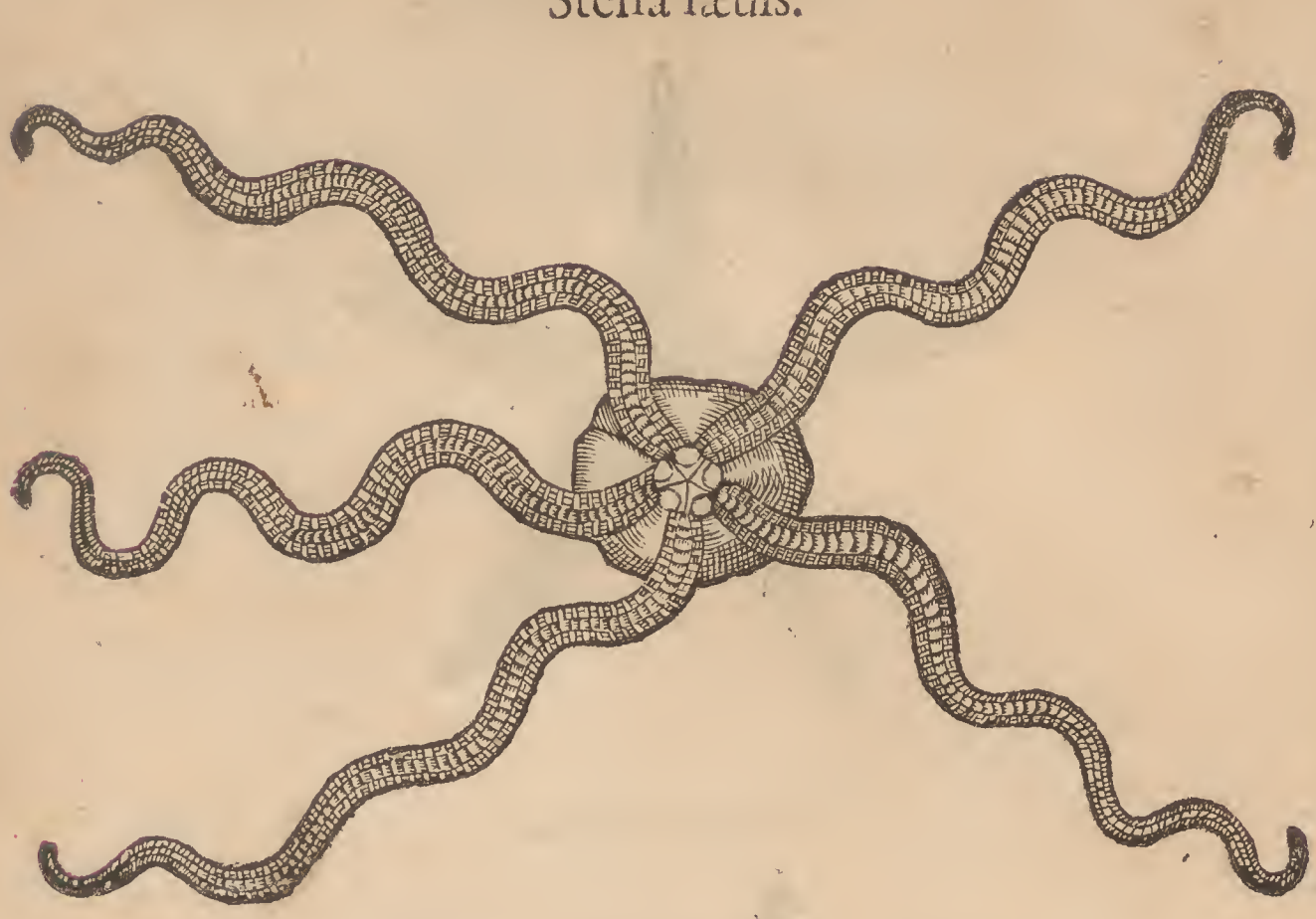
Ipſa ſi tellus etenim propagat
Plura, quæ ſpectant Medicinæ in vſus,
Multa quis ſalſis quoq; denegârit
Eſſe ſub vndis?
Felle ſuffuſis oculis medentur
Optimè quædam, maculáſq; tergunt,
Aurium & quædam, varióſq; ſoluunt
Sæpe dolores.

Stellæ prima ſpecies.

Stella pectinata.



Stella læuis.



Stella reticulata, siue cancellata.

De Stella Arboreſcente.

Principio Cœlum dominus Terramq; creauit:
Et fixit proprio ſidera quæque loco.
Iußit & vt Terram circundaret Amphitrite,
Aridáque à liquidis diuideretur aquis.
Inde tot egregias ſpecies, formáſq; animantûm,
Tot voluit Piſces tot ſupereſſe feras.
Tot tantas & opes rerum miracla bonarum,
Illa quòd ingenio prendere nemo queat.

Omnia quæ fecit Deus & perfecit: homo ecquis
Artificem ob tantas non veneretur opes?

De eadem.

Si maris hanc aliquis Stellam non viderit vnquàm,
Esse satam æquoreis fortè negabit aquis.
Nanq; feret pictoris opus: ne decipiatur,
Naturæ pictam discat eam esse manu.

De eadem.

Sunt cœli Stellæ fixæ nec sponte mouentur,
Motus enim illarum continua est series.
Mobilis ad motum primi voluuntur: at vltrò, &
Sponte sua, sese Stella marina mouet.
At quam monstrasti Lugduni Regie nobis,
Arbitrio poteris sæpè mouere tuo.

De eadem Stella.

Inter opes quas monstrigera maria omnia fundo
Inuolunt, & quas, Prothee magne, vides.
Latè extendentem Stellam sese arboris instar,
Viüere, sed mira conditione feres.
Nanq; suis ramis tanqàm manibus sibi pastum
Attrahit: atq; suo vescitur illa cibo,
Attacta exurens: nam Stellis ignea vis est.
Mirandum in vasto quid magis (oro) mari?

Stella Echinata.

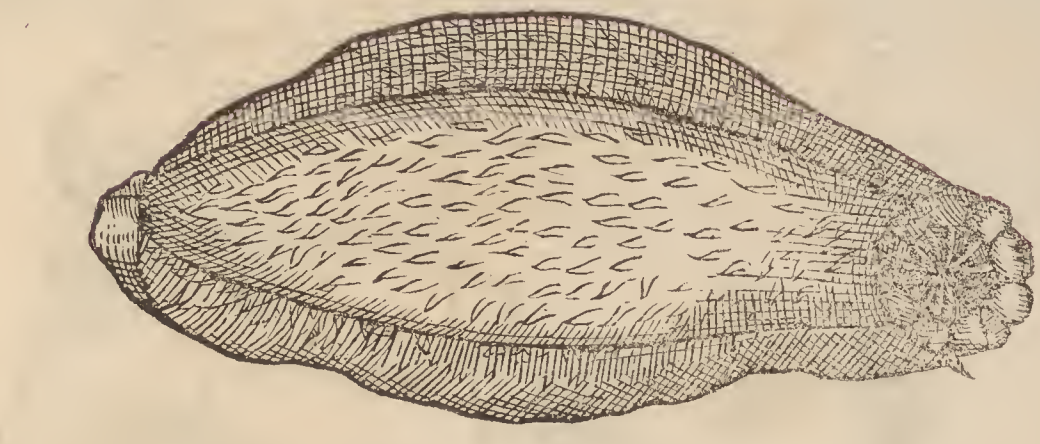
Stellarum genus haud vnum res indicat esse,
Nam plures stellas sæpè videre licet.
Sunt paruæ & magnæ, sunt læues, deniq; hirtæ,
Sunt fuscæ, & flauæ corpore suntq; rubræ.
In varios aliæ radios sunt vndiq; fusæ,
Hisce carent aliæ seq; frequenter agunt.
Nam in stellis quasi luxurians Natura creandis
Lusit, & innumeras addidit ipsa notas.
His tam feruida vis, atq; ignea dicitur esse,
Vrant vt tactu in littore quicquid inest.

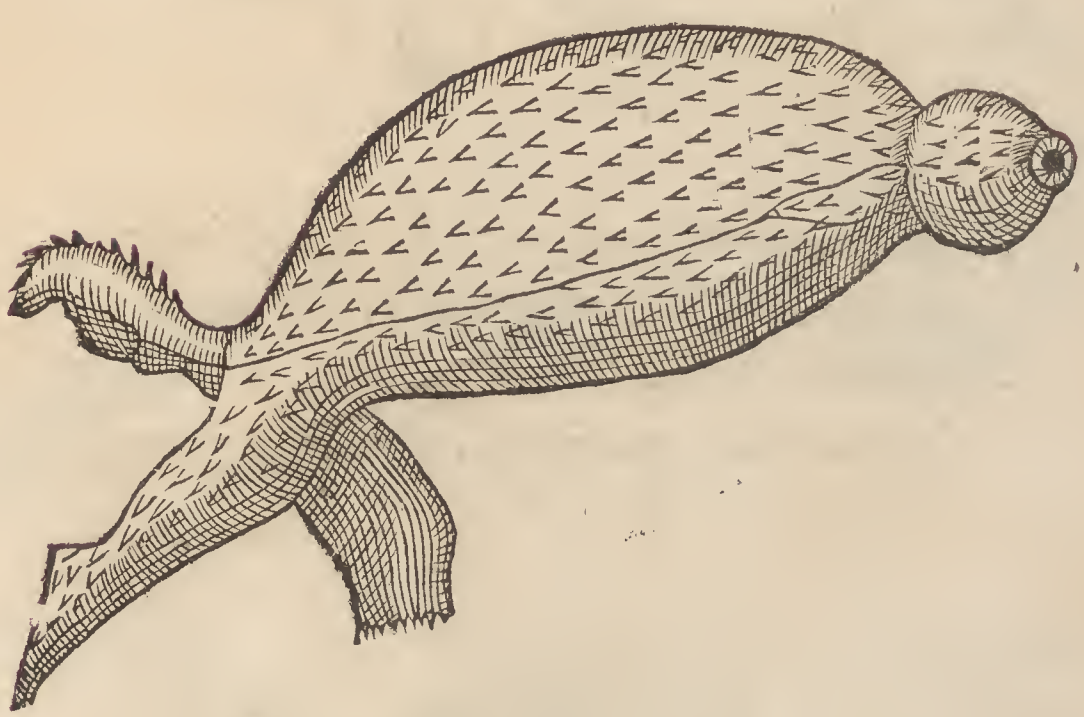
I

De Sole.

Astra quidem verũ sed habent fictũ Aequora Solem,
Tres fuerint, Solem si quoq; Terra habeat.

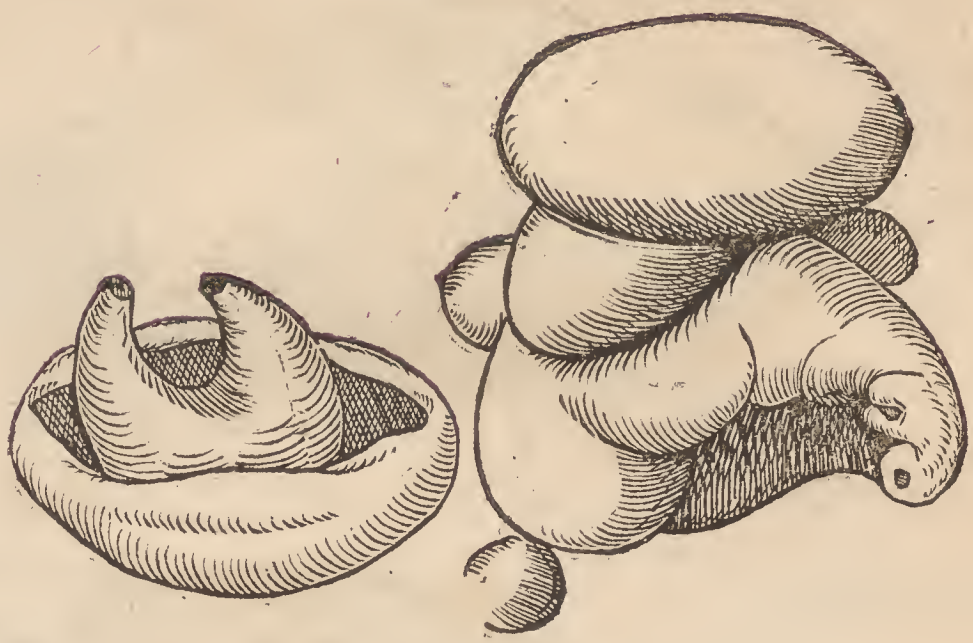
De Holothuriorum prima & ſecunda ſpecie.





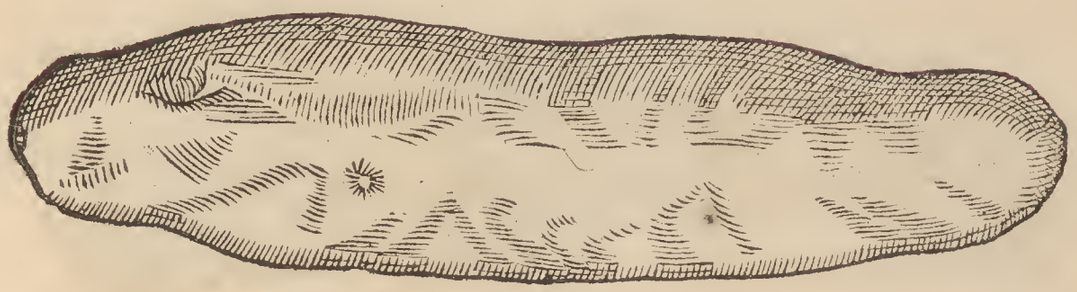
Si quiſquam nullis Holothuria viderit horis
Dirigat huc oculos, ſi vacat, ille ſuos.

De Tethyis.

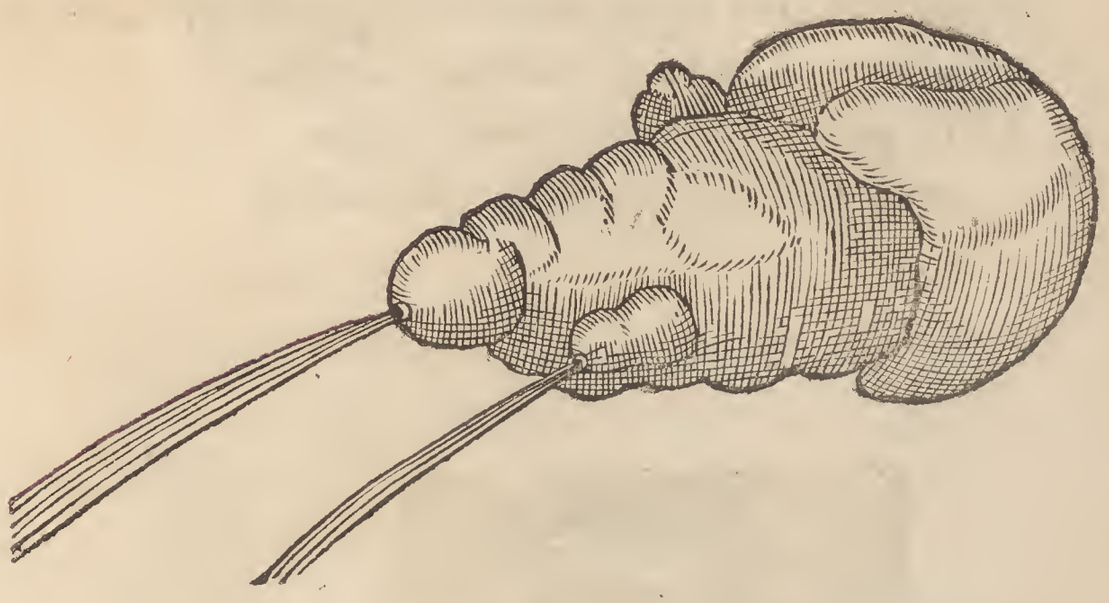


Tethya torminibus prosunt, Renum vitiisq;
Succurrunt, flatus hæc quoq; discutiunt.
Ergò si colico forsan teneare dolore,
Auxilium, præsens esca, salubre feret.

Mentula marina.

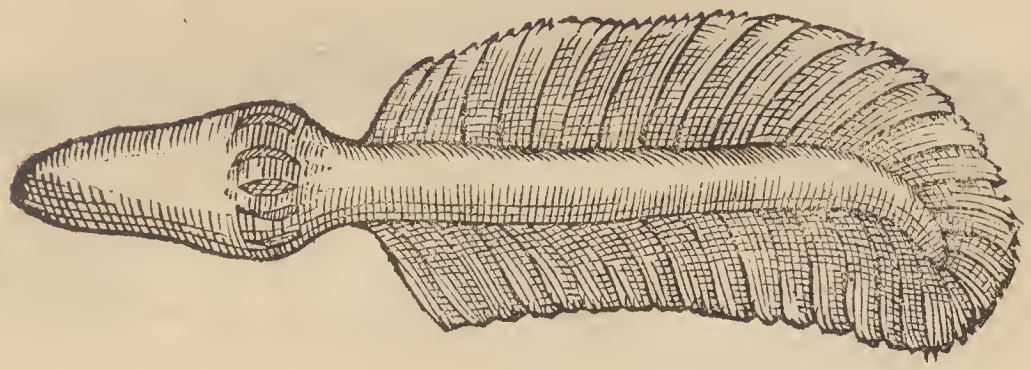


Altera Mentulæ marinæ ſpecies.



Quis credat niſi quis ſpectet ſit mentula ponto?
Amborum hæc vera eſt (ne dubita) effigies.

De eadem & de Penna marina.

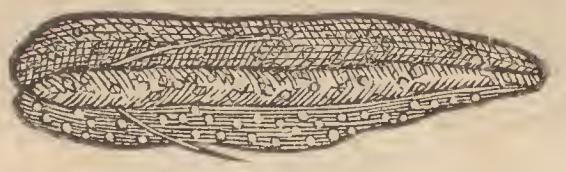


Quis neget æquoreis extent quòd Mentulæ in vndis?
Illarum vera hæc cum ſiet effigies?
Nam flaua, aut nigra, aut viridis quædã eſſe videtur,
An maris ex ſpuma mentula nata fuit?
Eſt & quæ noctu nimio candore relucet
Quæq́ etiam pennas alitis inſtar habet.

De Vua marina & Malo Insano.

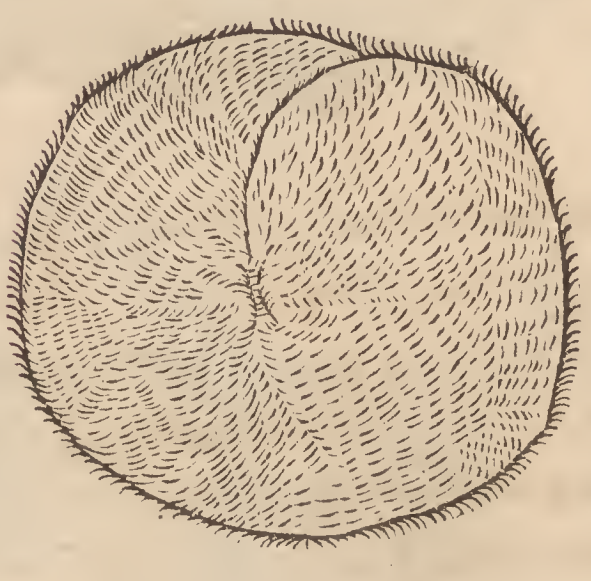
Vua marina semel vino permixta bibenti
Fertur magnum odium inducere posse meri.
Misceat ergò suo hanc mea si vicina marito,
Spero fore vt fiat vilius omne merum.
Quin eadem Malo insano est ad cuncta potestas,
Propterea vteris si lubet alterutro.

De Cucumere marino.



Haud dubiè Cucumer forma, atq; colore, marinus
Ipsum terrestrem sanè & odore, refert.

De Pulmone marino.



Si quis nulla vnquàm Pulmonem ætate marinum
Viderit, hæc vera est illius effigies.
Artis quid tandem in Medicinæ conferet vsum?
Vna hæc esse potest non modica vtilitas.

Profluuia egregiè cinere ægra in parte ligato
Purgat, decocto communit lapidem.
Quin & fissuris tali medicatur eodem,
Quis nam illic tantas esse putasset opes?
Adde huc quòd si aliquod lignum hoc pulmone fricetur.
Tanquam factum ardens illud ab igne putes.

De Eſchara.

Eſchara cum valdè exſiccet, ſit commoda prauis
Hulceribus, carnémq; eliquat impoſita.
Nanq; ſuperuacuum fuerit quodcumq; repurgat,
Humida deſiccans ariditate ſua.

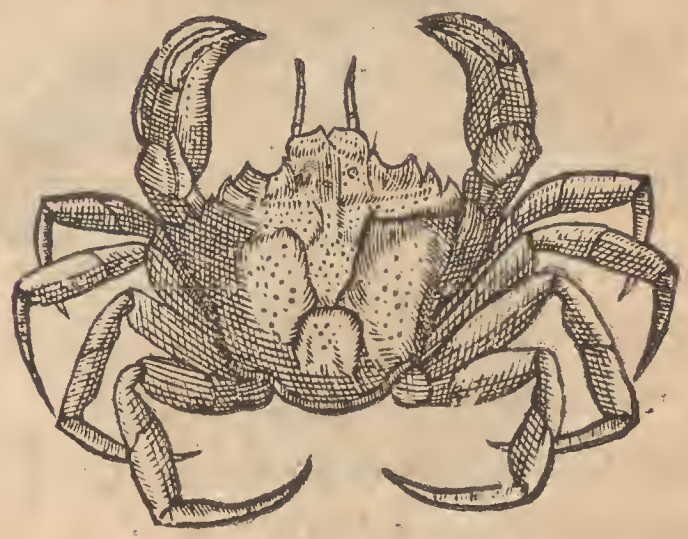
De Spongia, Martialis.

Hæc tibi ſorte datur tergendis Spongia menſis,
Vtilis, expreſſo cum leuis imbre tumet.

De Sparo ſtagni marini.

Planè eſt æquoreo Scaro videndus
Salſi ſtagna maris Sparus frequentans
Forma perſimilis ſua, licet ſit,
Carne hic mollior, inſuauiórq;.
Reſpondet ſiquidem minus palato.
Nam quicunq; habitant lacus, videntur
Semper deterioris eſſe ſucci:
Acceptíq; minus gulæ atq; ventri.
Sic quò quiſq; cibo ſalubriore
Viuit, fit melioris hoc ſaporis.
Hinc noſtrámq; facit magè ad ſalutem,
Ergò tute tibi eliges marinos.
Qui per cæruleas vagantur vndas,
Cænoſáſq; minus colunt paludes:
Nam ſunt (crede mihi) ſalubriores.
Laudatúmq; magis creare chimum
In nobis poterunt, ſemel comeſti:
Quin & ventriculum magis iuuabunt.

De Cancro ſtagni marini.



Quid eſt quòd aſprum exhorreas
Stagni maris Cancrum incolam?
Putáſne chelis quòd ſuis
Lædat? vel ingeſtus graui
Noxæ futurus ſit tuo
Ventri? afferátq; huic nauſeam,
Tanquam nociuus? nil minus.
Nam gratus in primis erit
Ori & palato eſus: dehinc
ventrem grauabit non tibi.
Nil phtiſicis æquè vtile eſt,
Illos magis firmat nihil,
Alítue: pulmones cinis

Excul

Exculceratos adiuuat,
Confirmat, vnà & recreat,
Ex lacte caprillo recèns
Mulcto, liquore aut ptiſsanæ
Potus: cruentorum canum
Idem furentúmq; omnium,
Diris opem fert morſibus.
Non conferes illi Aſtacos,
Cancros marinos attamen,
Et dulciorum fluminum,
Vt ſaniores præferes.

De Verme ſtagni marini.

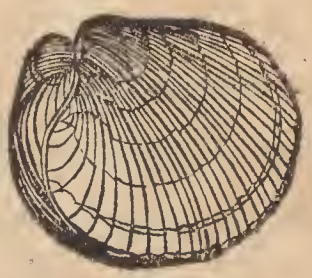
Vermem in ſedendis conferre doloribus, atq;
Terrenis nuſquàm hunc cedere fama refert.
Ergò prius tenui veniet purgandus arena,
Inq; oleo leni deinde coquendus erit.
Tum licet effectos tepidè vngere corporis artus,
Inq; aures læſas impoſuiſſe parum.

Nam ſi pars aliqua, aut doleat ſi forſitan auris,
Auxilium præſens te vel eunte ferat.
Vane quid in propriis homo te admirare receptis,
Inſima ſi tantum corpora poſſe vides?

De eodem.

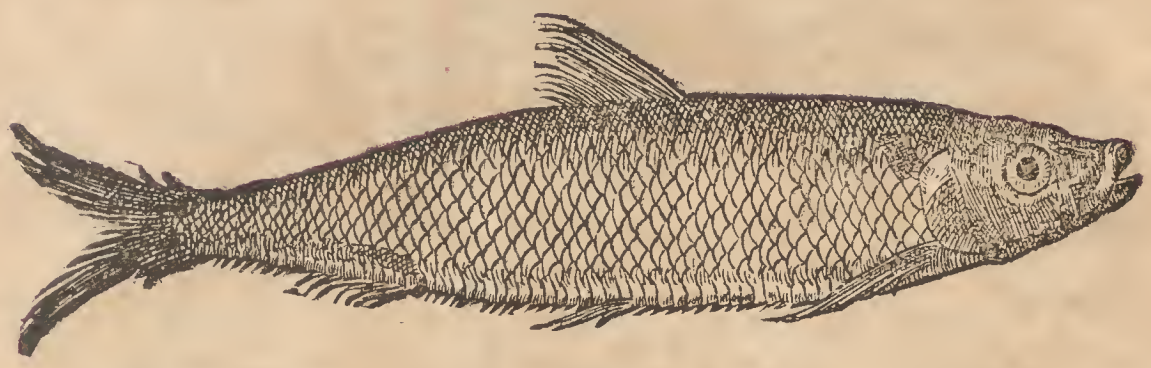
Si vermes proſunt terreni, ſiq; marini,
Sauciáq; illorum membra leuantur ope:
Iam varios non incaſſum arbitrabere fœtus,
Qualeſcunq; ſient, (vt reor) eſſe ſatos.
Multa gerit Tellus animalia, plurima Nereus,
Quæ miris poſſunt auxilio eſſe modis.

De Cochleis & Mytulis ſtagni.



Cochleæ in ſalſis Mytuliq; ſtagnis
Sæpè naſcuntur ſed vbi aſpra multa
Saxa ſunt: lignis Mytuliq; inhærent
Sæpè vetuſtis.
Carne ſunt molles, & ij coloris
Admodum flaui ſpeciem emulantur:
Aſt iis ipſis tamen ante pones
Tute marinos.
Sunt enim tanto meliore ſucco
Præditi tantoq; ſalubriores
Eſſe cenſentur meliore, quanto in
Littore viuunt.

De Chalcide.

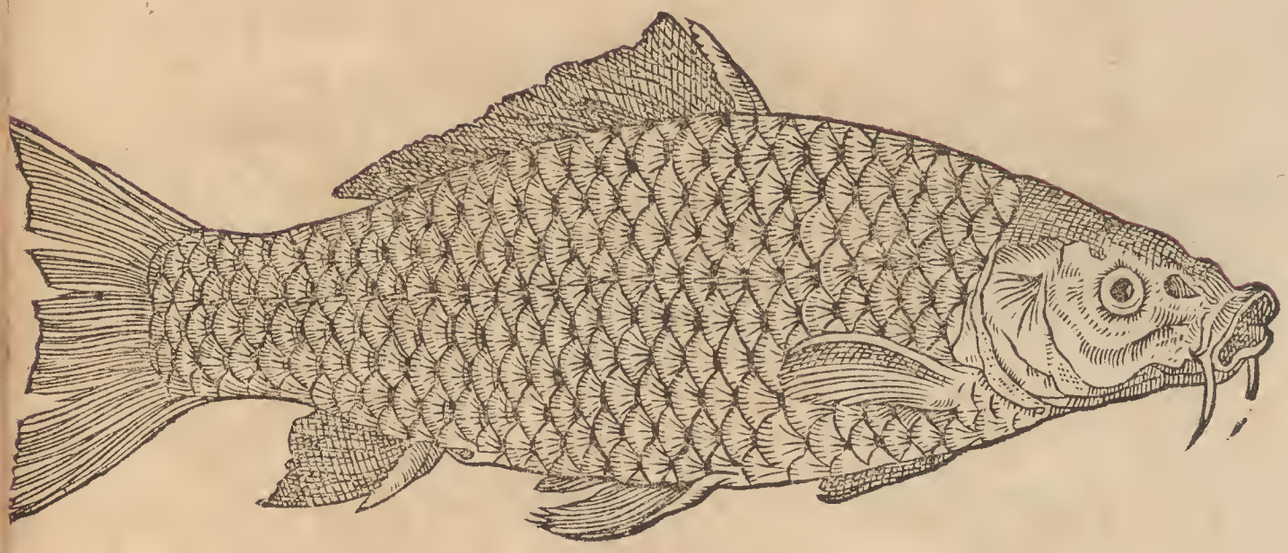


Chalcides effigie forma vultúq; propinquant
Sardinis, nam sunt haud dubiè assimiles.
Conditi muria totum seruantur in annum,
Nec sunt insipidi ventriculóue graues.

De altera Chalcide. Opp.

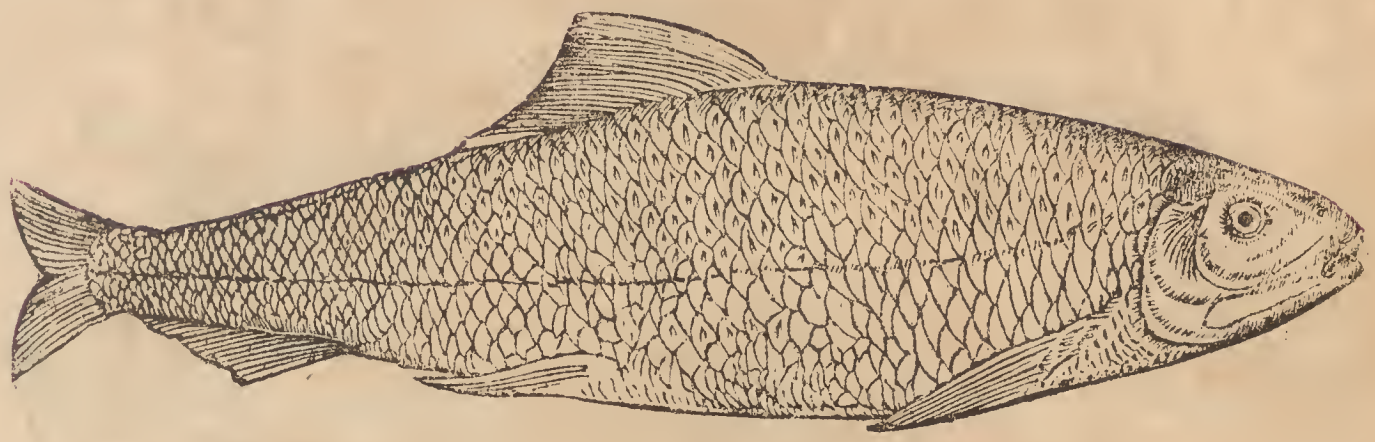
Χαλκίδες ἄυ θείσαι τε καὶ ἀβραμίδες φορέον).
Ἀθρόαι, ἄμμο τε δ' ἄμμον ἁλὸς πόρον ἢ περὶ πέζας
Ἢ πελάγη, δολιχοῖς τ' ἐπέδραμον ἀγκαλίδεσσι.
Chalcides & Trissæ simul Abramidésq; feruntur,
Sedibus & variis habitant, nam saxa frequentant,
Aut æquor medium, curua aut per littora currunt.

De Cyprino.



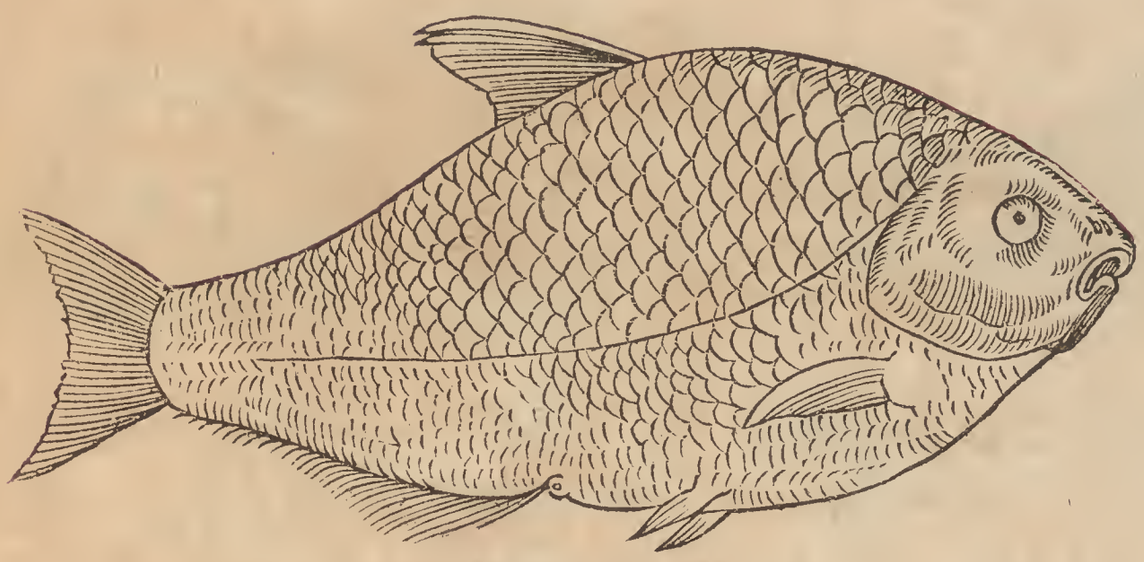
Humidiore quidem carne & molli insipidáq;
Constare hunc piscem nemo negare potest.
Nonnihil & lentoris habet, præstantior ille
In puris semper qui ferè degit aquis.
Nam pisces omnes qui stagna lacúsq; frequentant,
Semper plus succi deterioris habent.

De Cyprino clauato siue Pigo.



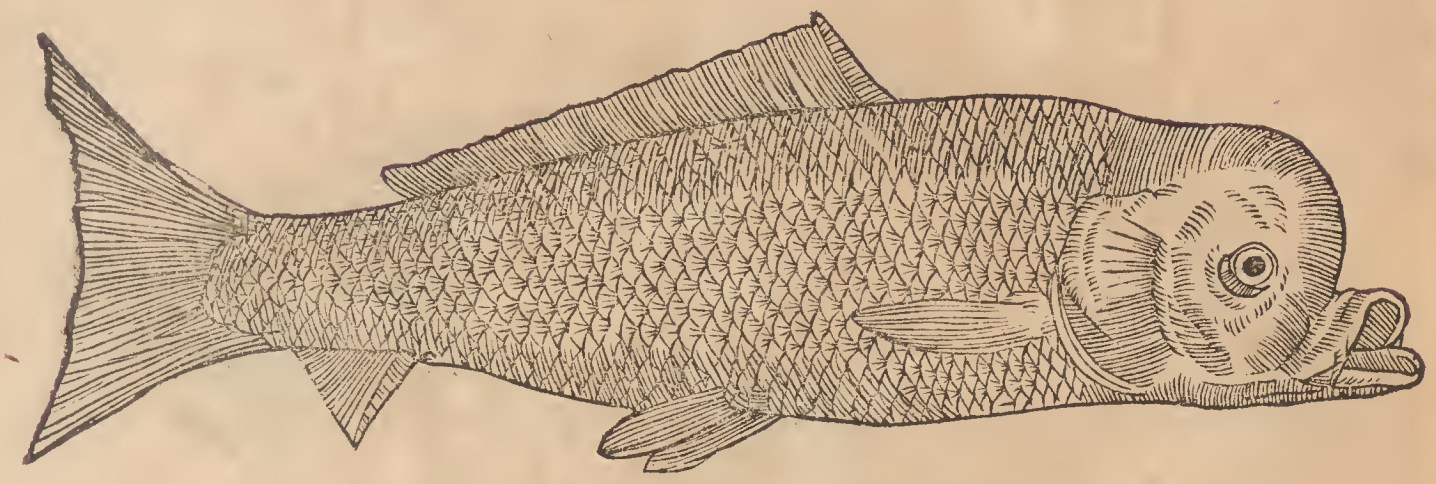
Pigus Cyprino forma effigiéq; propinquat,
Si clauos Squama dempseris è media.
Tantum in Verbenno capitur, Laryóq; palude,
Italiæ, nostros nec colit ille lacus.
Carne sua illi etiam par est, sed nomine differt
Pigus eo, succo quòd meliore siet.

De Cyprino lato siue Brama.



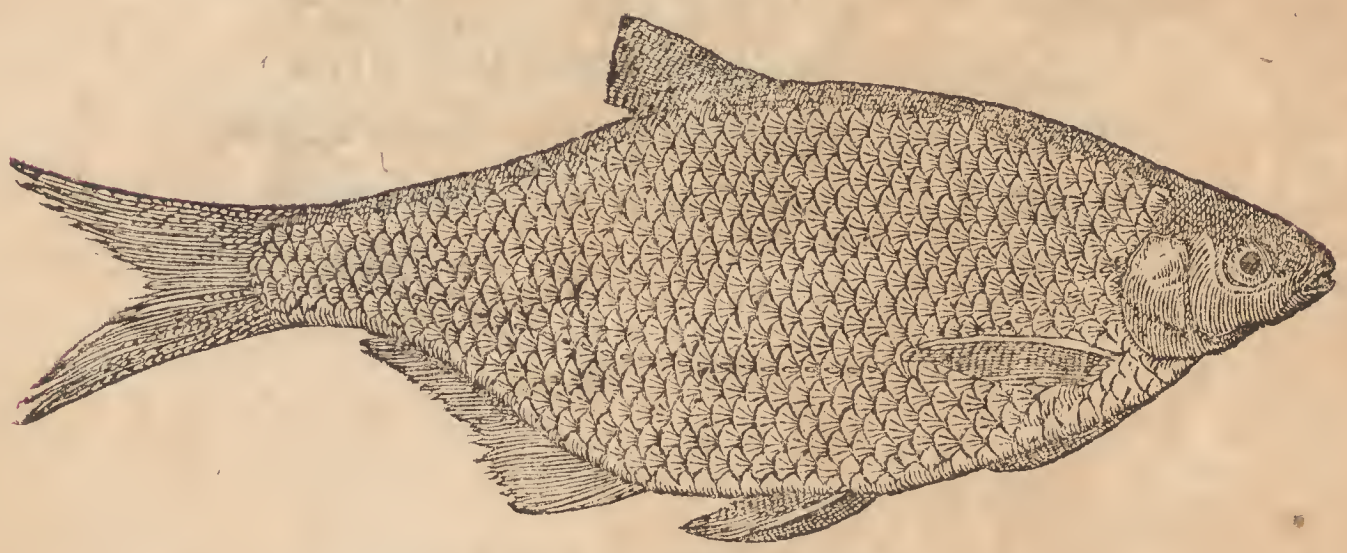
Et molli & pingui carne excrementitiáq; est,
Ergò mihi nusquàm Brama salubris erit.
Ast in craticula si quis tamen adferat assam,
Aut crusta inclusam, non erit illa grauis.

De Cyprini mira ſpecie.



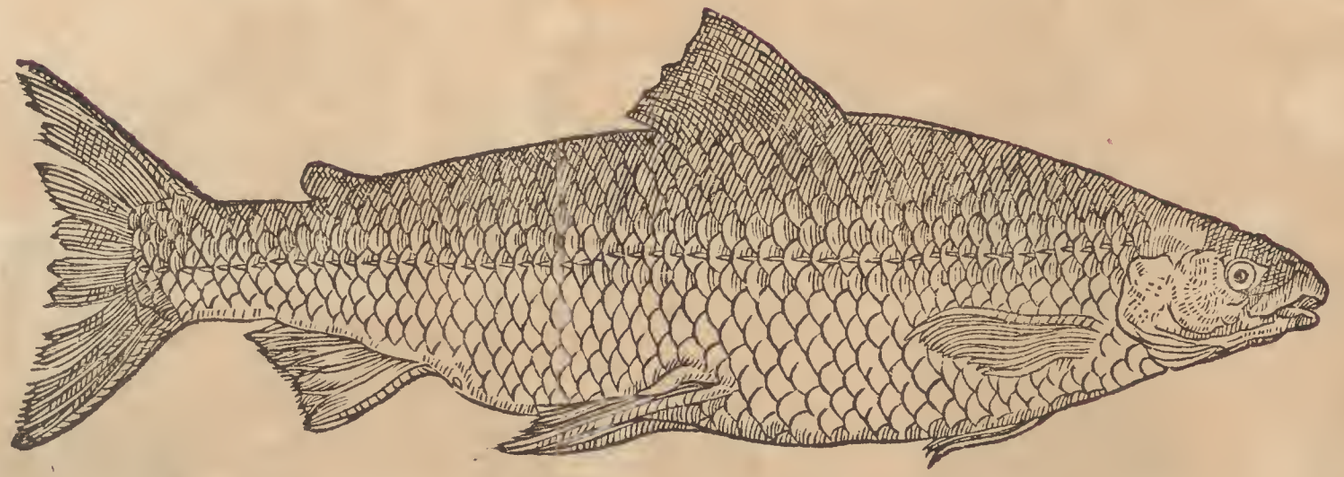
Si talem videas aliquando rete prehenſum,
Inter Cyprinos annumerandus erit.

De Ballero.



Vſq; adeò Bramæ effigie vultúq; propinquat
Ballerus, Bramæ vt nomine poſsit edi.
Non à Cyprino vita, vel moribus ipſis
Differt, Lugduni præda ſit iſta frequens

De Piſce ſuperiori ſimili.

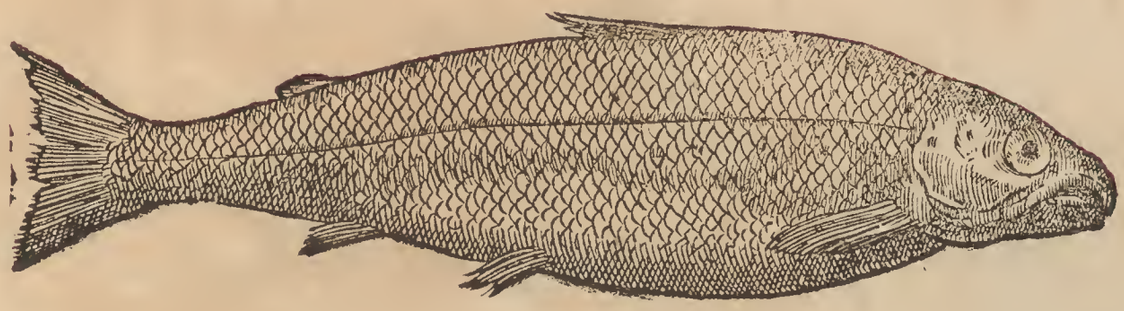


Corporis effigie Cyprino hic piſcis habetur
Aſs milis, necnon carne ſua, at leuis eſt.
Vilus enim, molli cum ſit ſubſtantia, habetur,
Propterea ad ſtomachum non facit ille meum.

De Tinca.

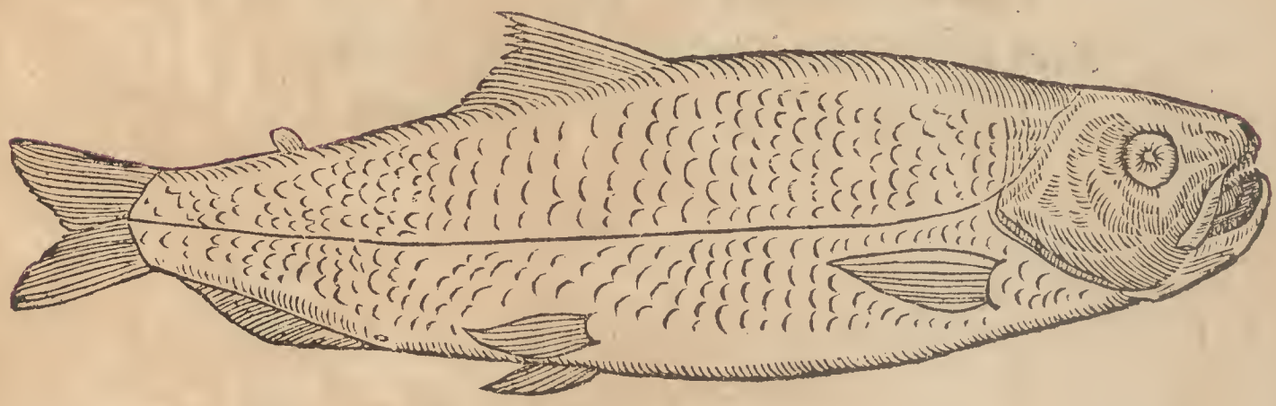
Excrementitio ſucco, craſſo atq; tenaci
Tinca eſt, propterea non placet illa mihi.
Lucius (vt perhibent) læſum ſe vulnere, Tincæ
Affricat, & mira tandem ope liber abit.
Per medium ſecta, & carpo plantiſq; quibuſdam
Attulit admota in febre frequenter opem.

De Carpione.



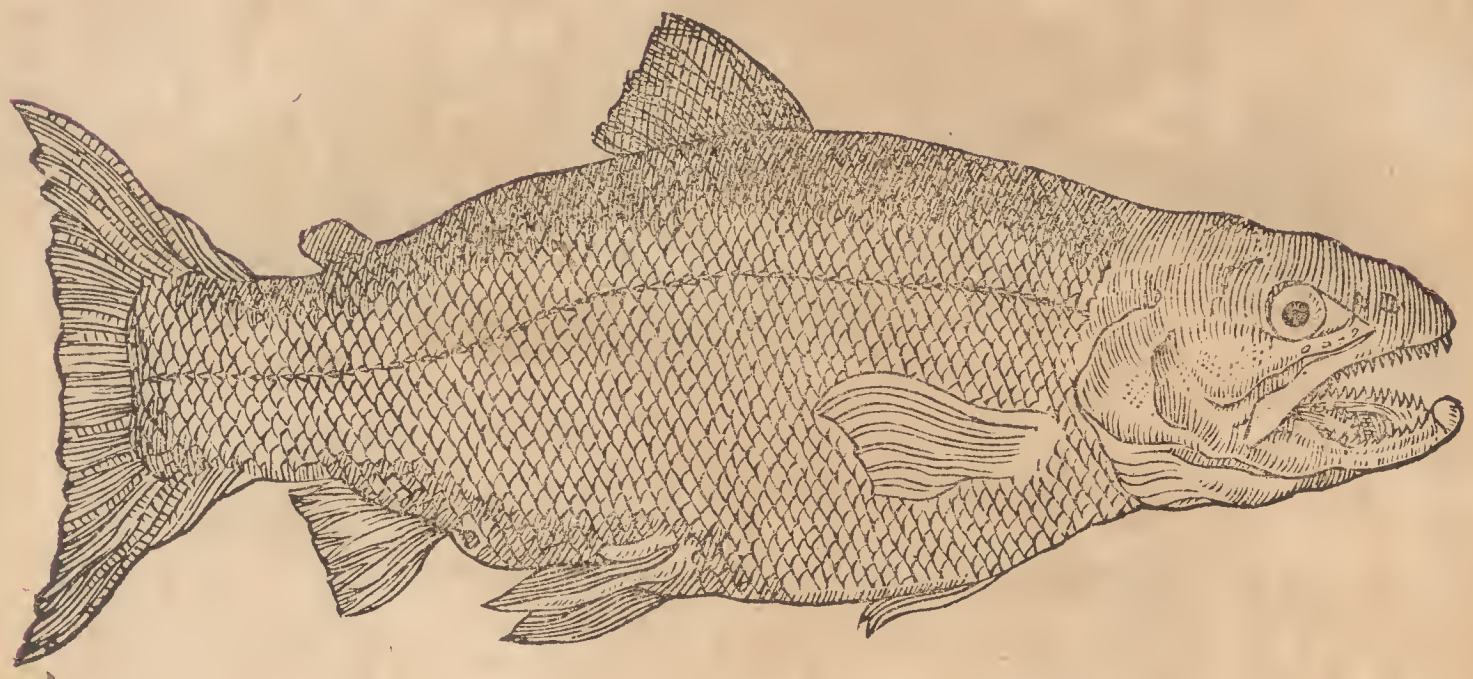
Carpio Salmonem & Truttam bonitate videtur
Ingeniti ſucci & carne referre ſua.

De Salmone Lemani lacus ſiue Vmbla.



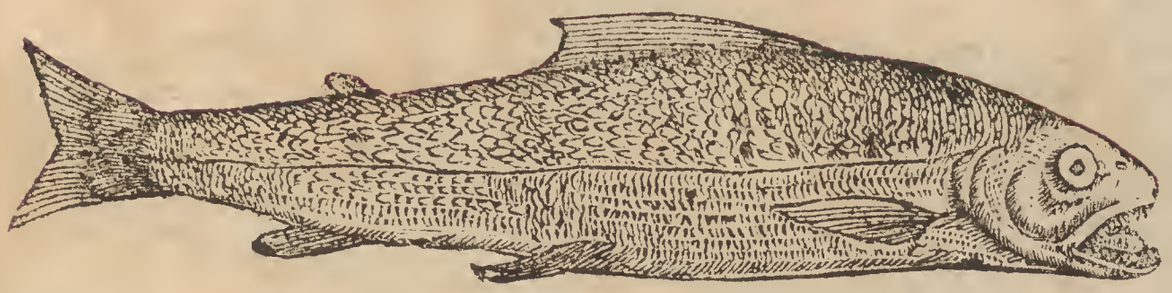
Carne quidem hic piſcis ſicca, dura atq; ſuaui eſt,
Truttis internis partibus aßimilis.

De altero Salmone Lemani lacus siue Vmbla altera.



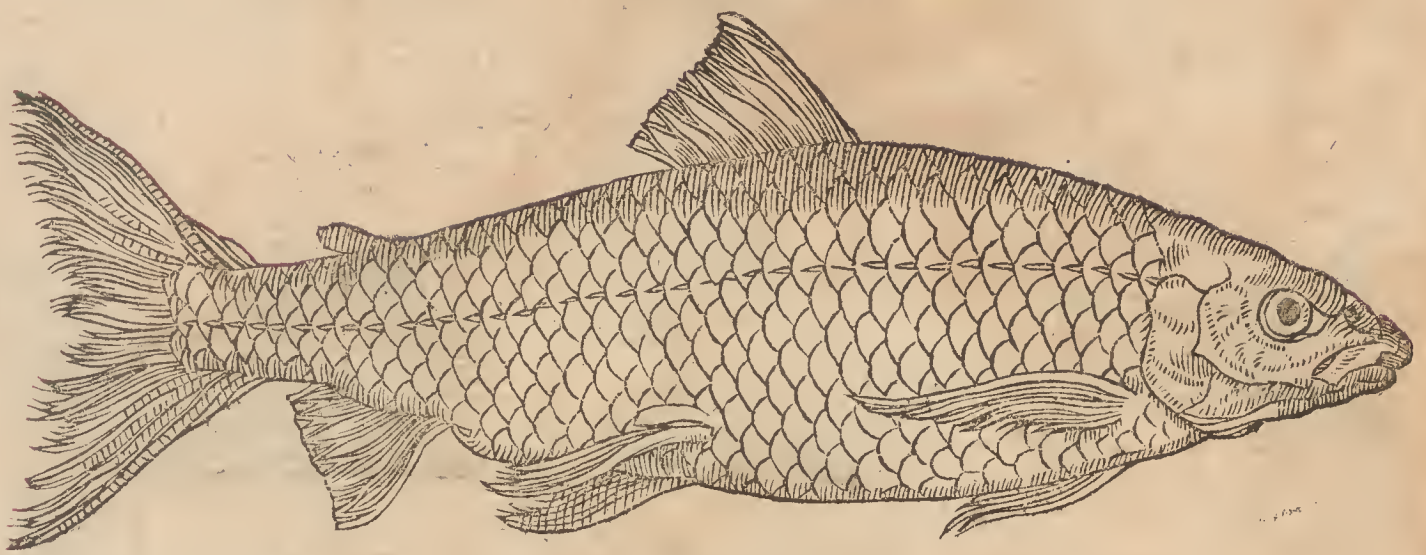
Præscripto hic etiam est similis, nam & dicitur Vmbla,
Dictus enim hoc piscis nomine vterq; fuit.
Sicca illi est & dura caro, Truttæq; paratur
In morem, & capiti gloria rara suo est.

De Trutta.



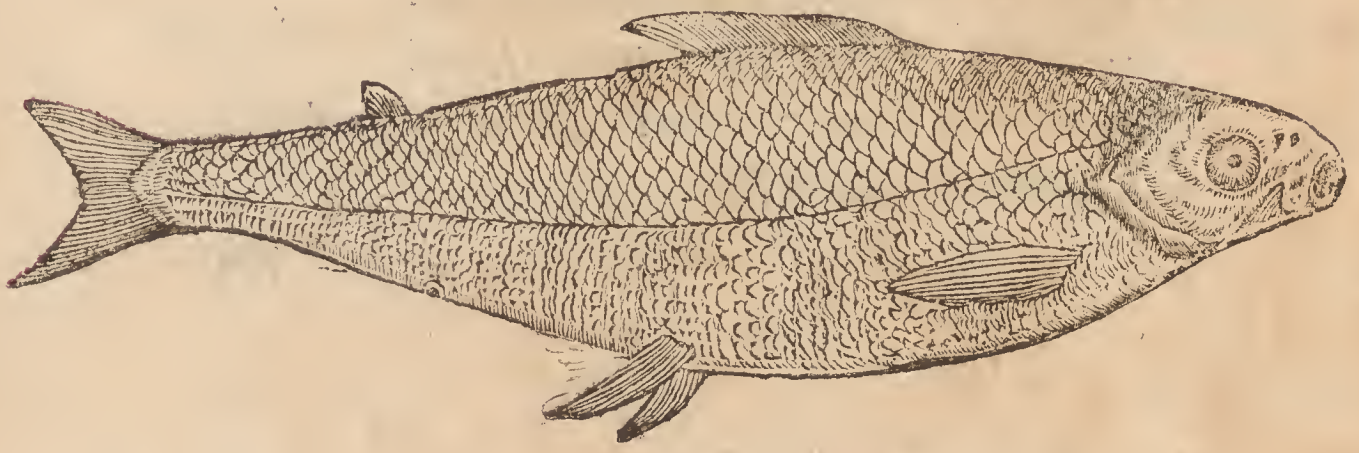
Effigiem Truttæ veram si fortè laboras
Nosse, oculis pateat picta figura tuis.
Cuius si vitam spectes, si deniq; mores,
Salmoni certè persimilem esse feres.
Quin veluti fluuij Salmo est, lentæq; paludis:
Lugduni qualem sæpius esse licet.

De Lauareto.



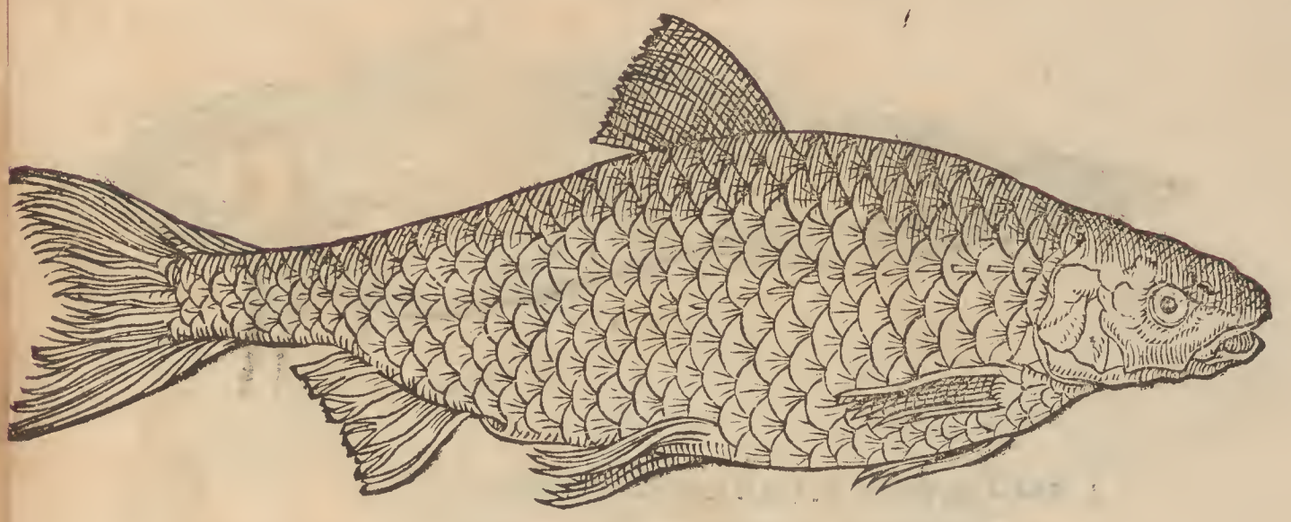
Carne Lauaretus molli est, alba atq; suaui,
Et benè sat nutrit. succi ideò ille boni est.

De Pisce Lemani lacus Bezola dicto.



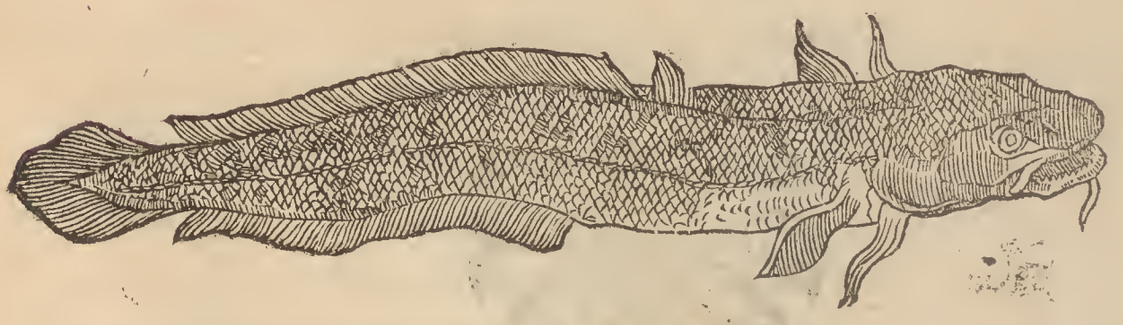
Bezola, sic vulgò fertur, bonitate priori
Cedit, vt est multò & mollior, & leuior.

De Alio piſce proprio Lemani lacus.



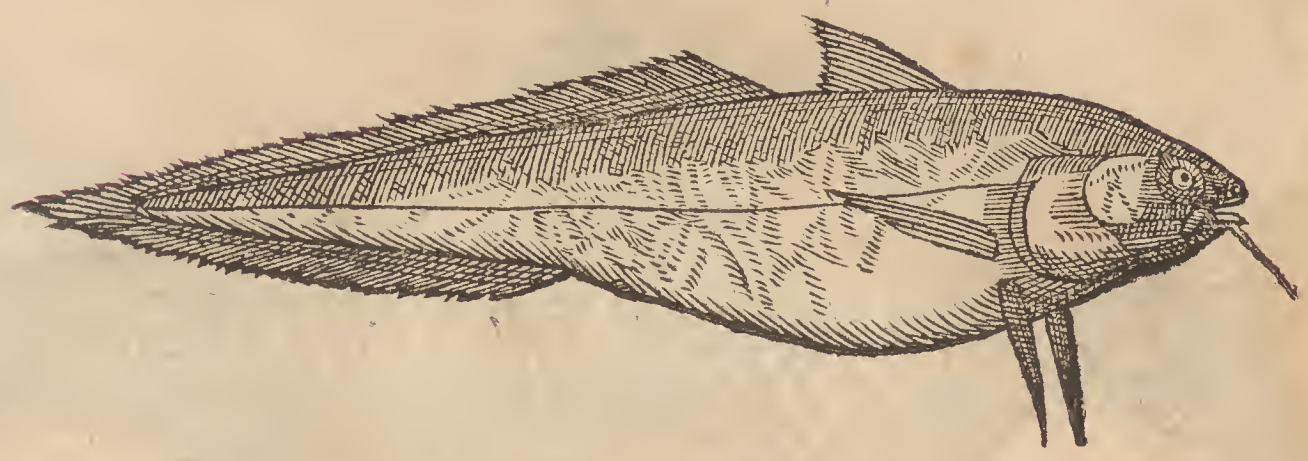
Alba quidam carne hic piſcis, multúmq; ſuaui eſt,
Nec Truttis cedit carnibus vſq; ſuis.

De Lota.



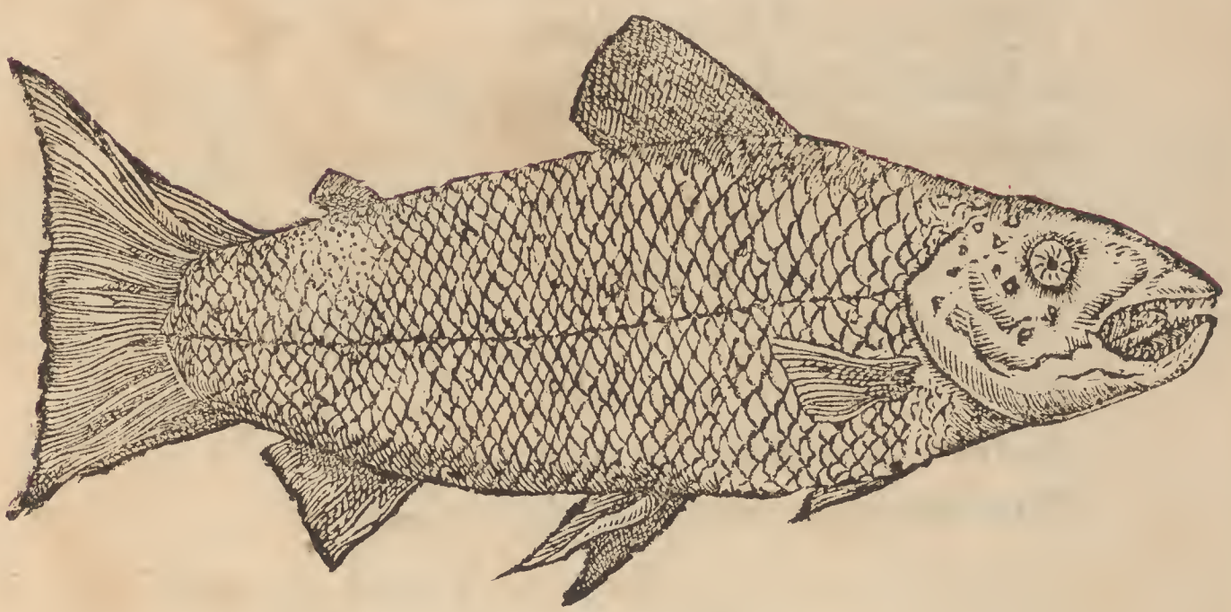
Tota caro Lotæ in precio eſt, valdéq; probatur,
Eiuſdémq; bonum dicitur eſſe iecur.
Nam tantum oua nocent, turbántq; frequentius aluum
Oua velut Barbi, ventriculúmq; mouent.

De Barbota vulgo dicta.



Lotæ barbotæ accedit, ſed leniorhæc eſt,
Nimirum mucco veſcitur atqꝫ luto.
Eſt hæc & Lotæ ſpecies, hæparáꝫ probatur
Eiuſdem, eſtáꝫ ingens illud idémqꝫ bonum.

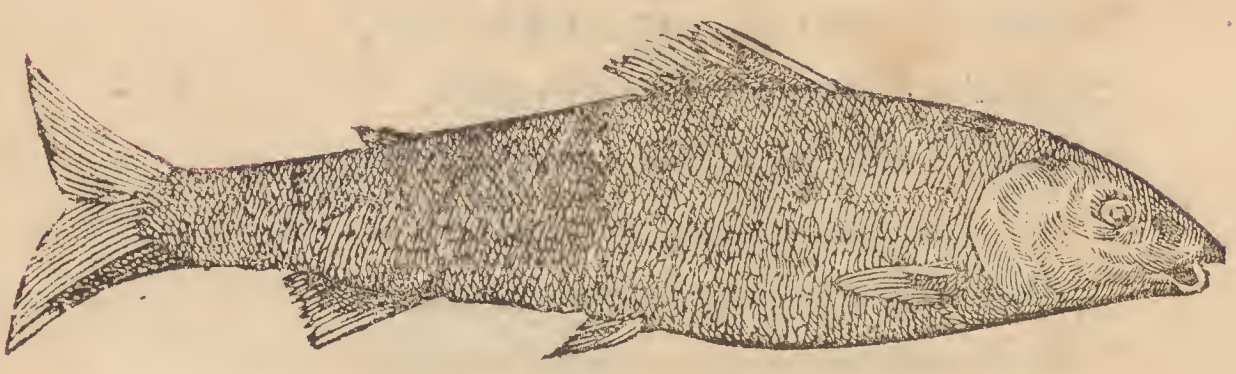
De Salmone.



Salmonis tenera vnáq; friabilis,
Prædulcísq; caro est, vsq; adeò vt citò
Ingesta exsaciet, præcipuè & caput,
Et partes aliæ, quæ stomacho adiacent,
Si coctas etenim sola in áqua ingeras,
Replent ventriculum, magnáq; nausea
Crebrò consequitur, propterea expedit
Asso in craticula, cinnamati addere
Moschatæq; aliquid, vel caryophyli.
In Rheno veniunt sæpius optimi,
Præcelluntq; alios, deteriore enim
Succo Anterpiæ eos esse fatebere,
Si illic esse licet, quos ea protulit.

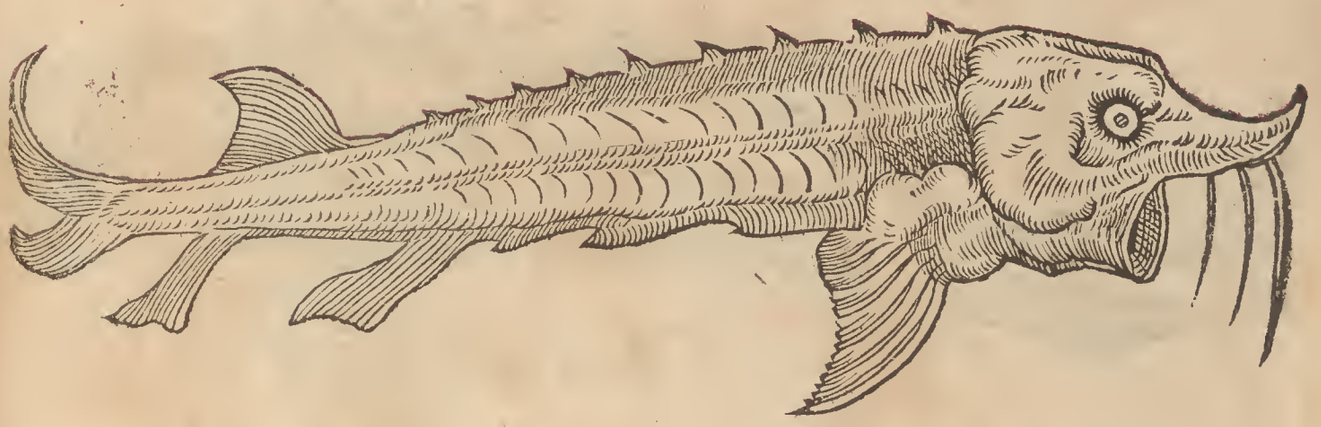
Quòd vicinia(opinor)maris accidit.
Horum tute oculis felle medeberis
Suffusis,& ijs si nocuæ adsient
Adnatæ maculæ,pure quoq; auribus
Obsessis aliquo sæpè salubriter
Per seseæ illinitur,nam vitium eximit.
Pinguedóq; dolorem excutit aurium
Ambarum vncta recens,idq; frequentius
Si factum fuerit.carne salita adhæc
Verùm vsta,in capitis nos vitiis,malis
Nimirum hulceribus,si fluida,vtimur.

De Vmbra fluuiatili.



Terra & aqua, fuluo simul auro vescitur Vmbra,
Fit magni à multis propterea precij.
Quippe huic alba caro, Truttarum more videnda est
Firma, suo stomachum quæq; sapore iuuet.

De Attilo.

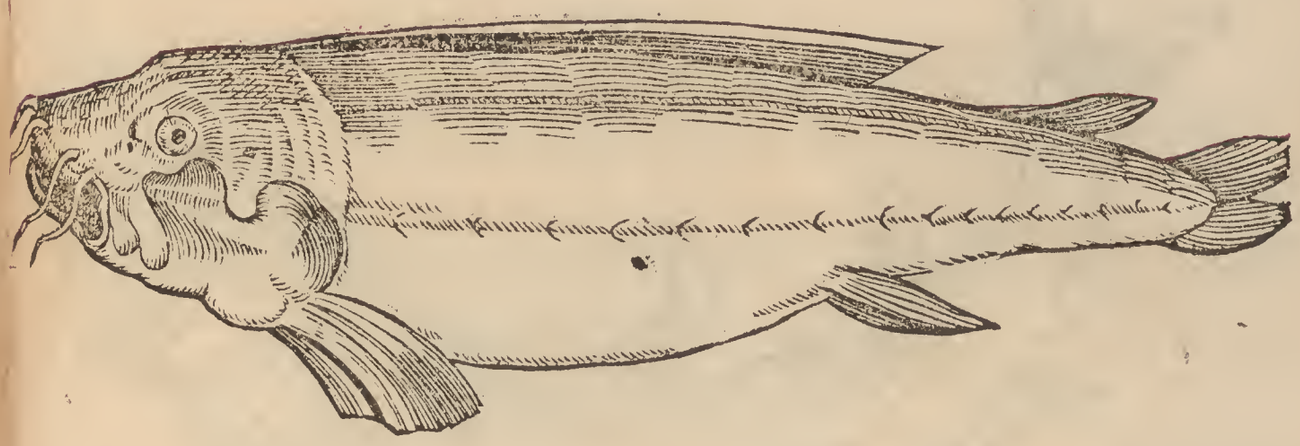


Carne parum ſuaui Attilus eſt, molliq; loco Hyccæ
Nonnulli hunc mandunt, ſuauior Hycca tamen.
Padus eum tantæ molis producit, vt æquet
Aut ſuperet libras corpore mille ſuo.

De Galeo Rhodio.

Huic caro durior eſt piſci, reſipítq; ferinum
Neſcio quid, quò ſit grata ſit eſa minus.
Hicq; ſua referat quamuis Acipenſera forma,
Eſſe tamen Vulpem lingua vel ipſa docet.

De Exoſſe piſce & Ichthyocolla.

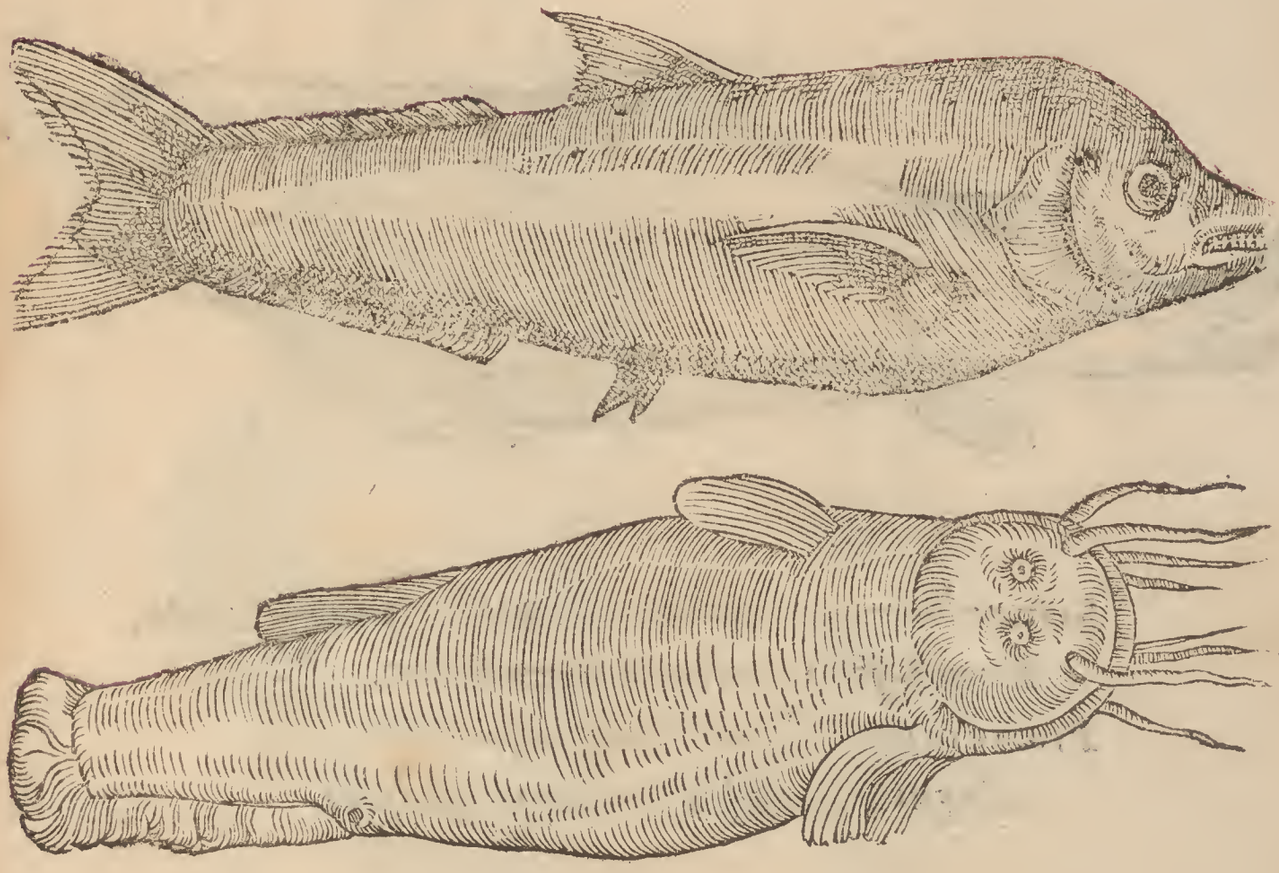


Carne hic prædulci eſt piſcis, lenta atq; tenaci,
Conditur ſale ſitq; hinc ideò melior.
Ex eius fieri pinnis, cauda, corióq;,
Coctura gluten, viſceribúſq; poteſt.

De Siluro Avsonivs.

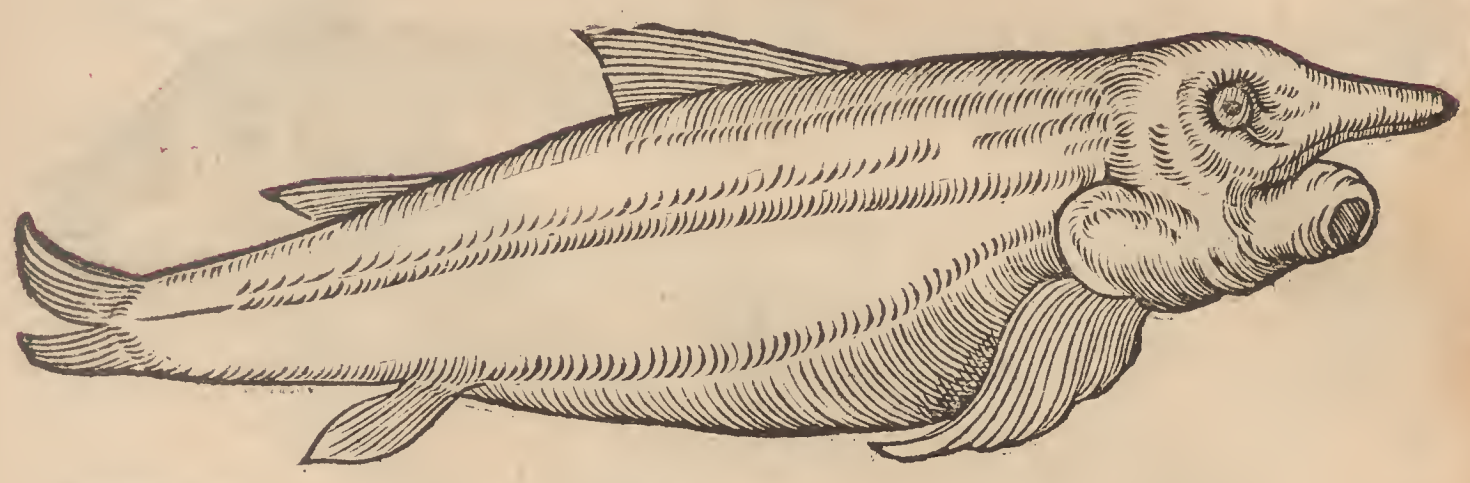
Nunc pecus æquoreum celebrabere magne Silure,
Quem velut Acteo perductum tergora oliuo
Amnicolam Delphina reor: sic per freta magnum
Laberis, & longi vix corporis agmina soluis,
Aut breuibus defensa vadis, aut fluminis vlnis,
Aut cum tranquillos moliris in amne meatus.
Te virides ripæ, te cærula turba natantum,
Te liquidæ mirantur aquæ: diffunditur alueo
Aestus, & extremi procurrunt agmine fluctus.

De Glanide.



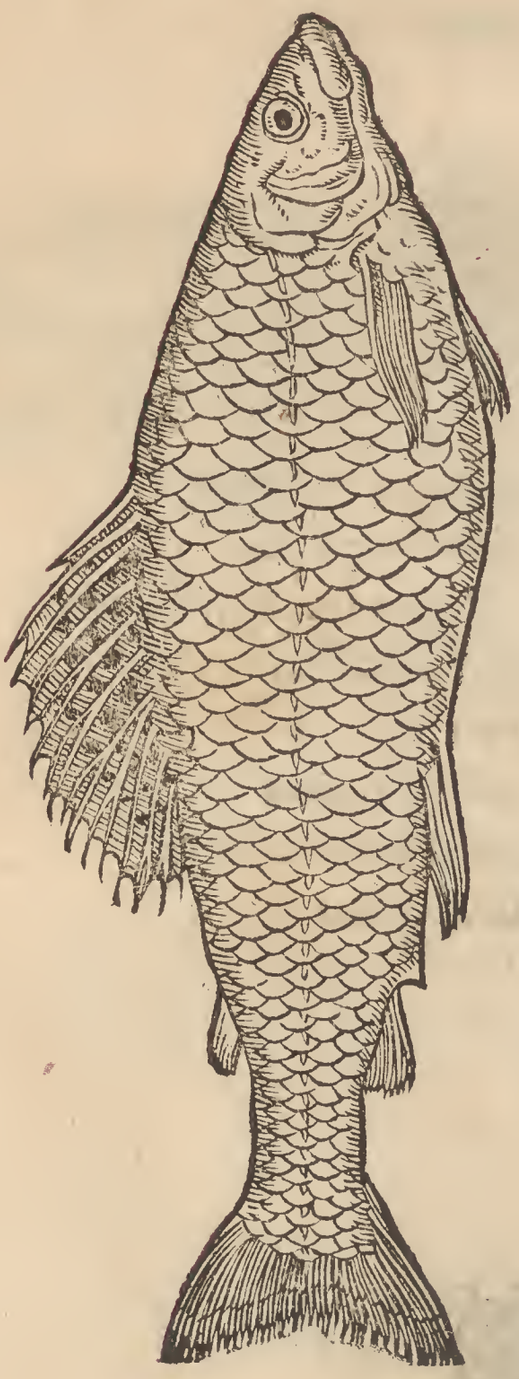
Glanis & insuaui carne est, & dura, ideóq;
Hunc piscatorum temnere turba solet.
Illum nanq; capi nullo sine turbine venti,
Sic tempestatem Glanida ferre putant.

De Borysthenis Antaceo.



Si in nullis vnquàm hunc innantem videris vndis,
Forma est hæc oculis subiicienda tuis.
Prome caput, reliquo cælato corpore toto,
Auguror, hoc piscis non caput esse feres.

De Thymo.



Iste Thymum piscis redolet, num vescitur illo?
Nutrit eum liquidis sæpè Ticinus aquis.

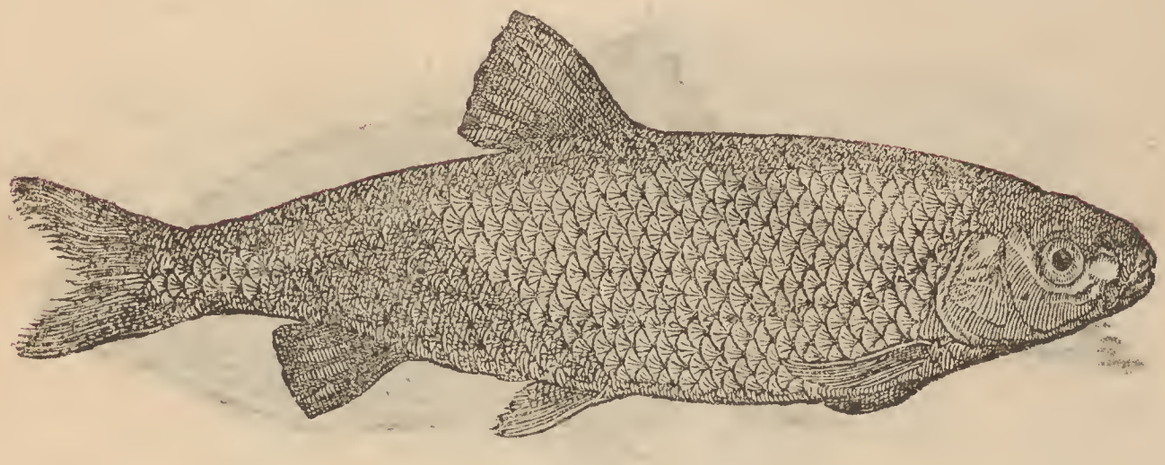
De Lucio.

Lucius obſcuris vitam qui degit in vndis
Peior eo in puris qui ferè degit aquis.
Nanq; mali ſucci eſt, qui ſtagna, lacuſq; frequentat,
At qui pura ſubit ſæpè fluenta valet.

AVSONIVS.

Lucius obſcuras vlua, cænoq; lacunas
Obſidet, hic nullos menſarum lectus ad vſus
Feruet fumoſis olido nidore popinis

De Cephalo fluuiatili.

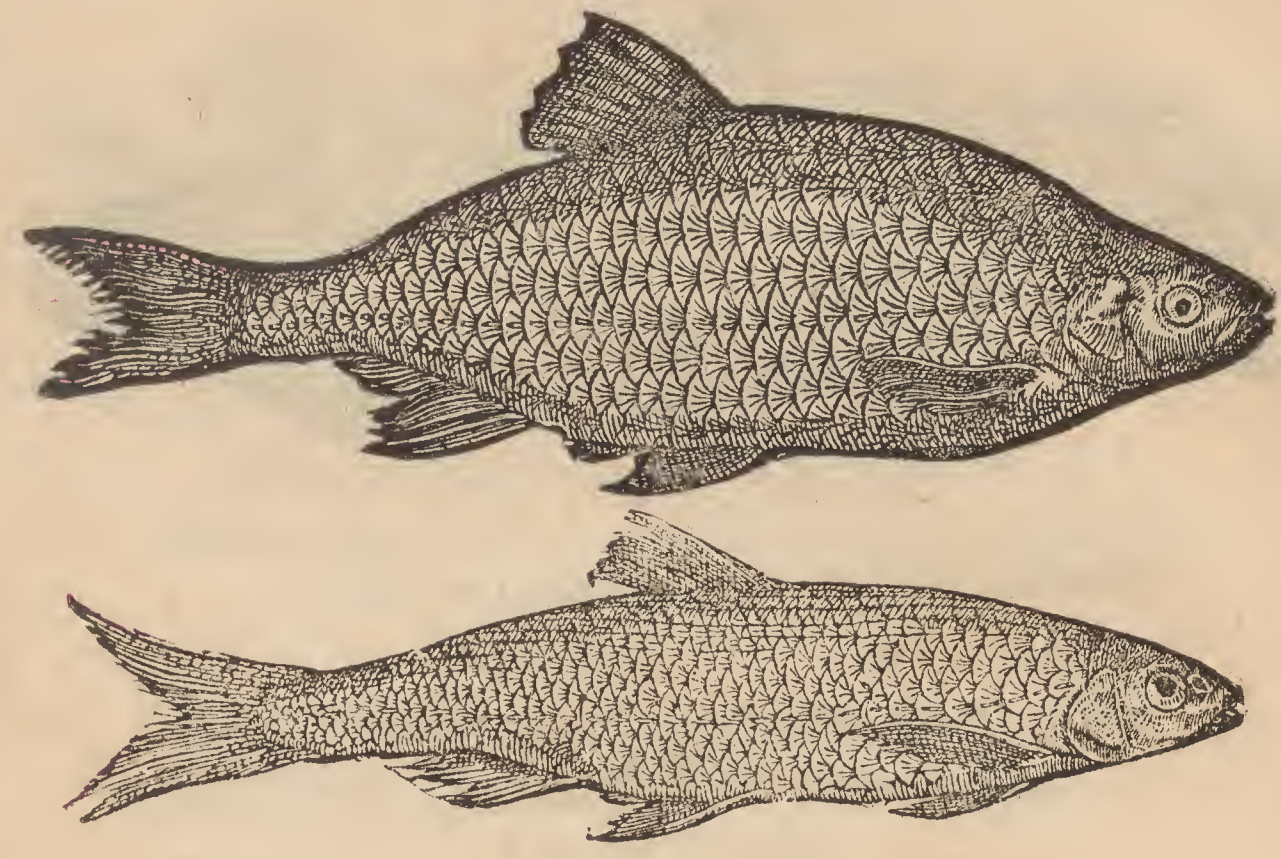


Innumeris Capito fartim congestus aristis
Carne est quòd cœno vescitur insipida.
Efficitur sale conditus se gratior vno,
Tumq; parum Cephalo distat ab æquoreo.

AVSONIVS.

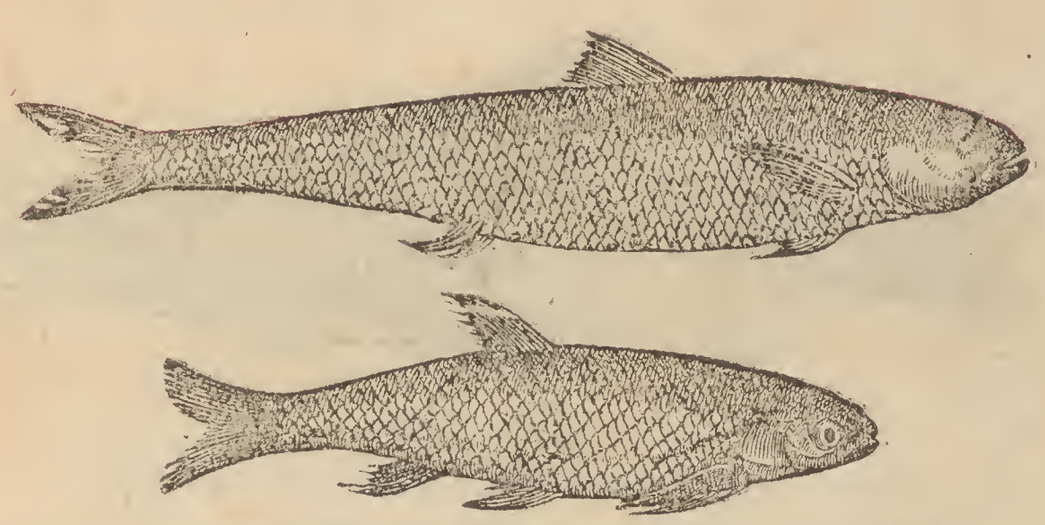
Squameus herbosas Capito inter lucet arenas,
Viscere præ tenero fartim congestus aristis.

De vtroque Leuciſco.



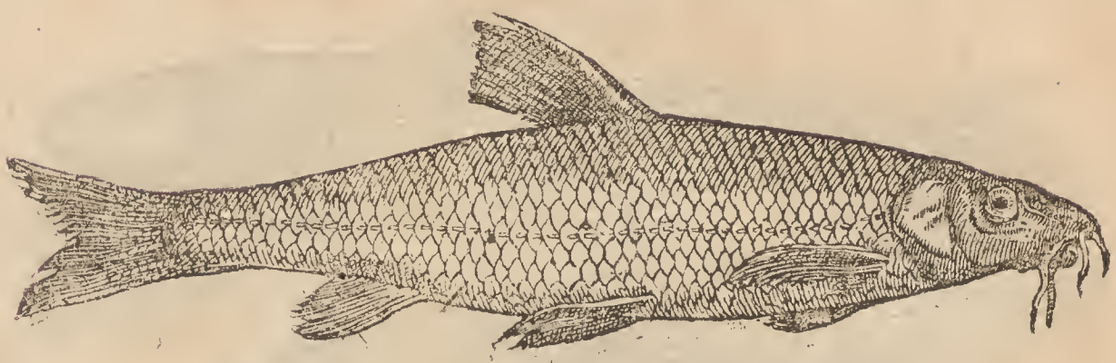
Carne quidem molli conſtat Leuciſcus & vda,
Hinc alit illa parum cum citò ſumpta fluat.
Aſt alter molli & ſuccoſa, & carne ſuaui
Non caret, hinc ſtomacho eſt vtilis atq; gulæ.
Eius pingue aures lenit quaſcunq; dolentes,
Claráq; permixto lumina felle facit.

De Mugilis fluuiatilis specie.



Leuciſco hi quoq; ſuccedunt forma effigieq;
Amborum, ecce, tibi vera figura patet.
Sæpè Araris placidis verſatur vterq; ſub vndis.
Appoſitus nobis ſæpè & vterq; fuit.

De Barbo. AVSON.

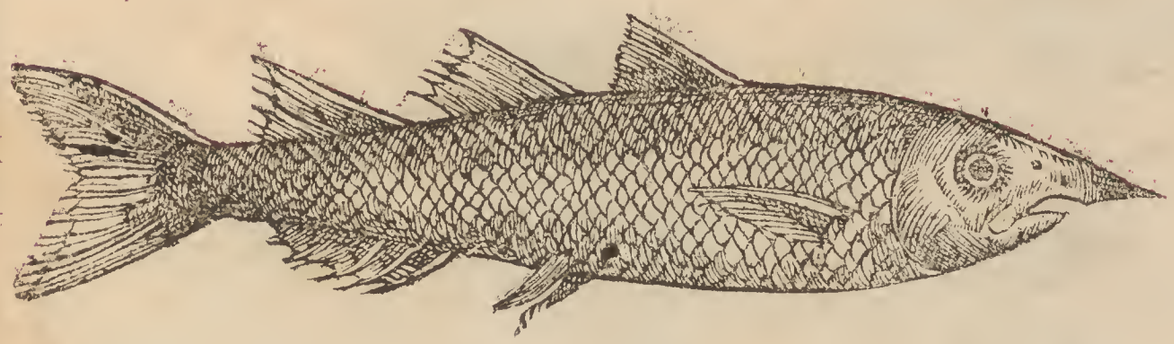


Sæpè per obliqui fauces vexate Saraui,
Qua bis terna fremunt ſcopuloſis oſtia pilis,
Cum defluxiſti famæ melioris in amnem,
Liberior laxos exerces Barbe natatus,
Tu melior peiore æuo, tibi contigit vni
Spirantûm ex numero non illaudata ſenectus.

De eodem.

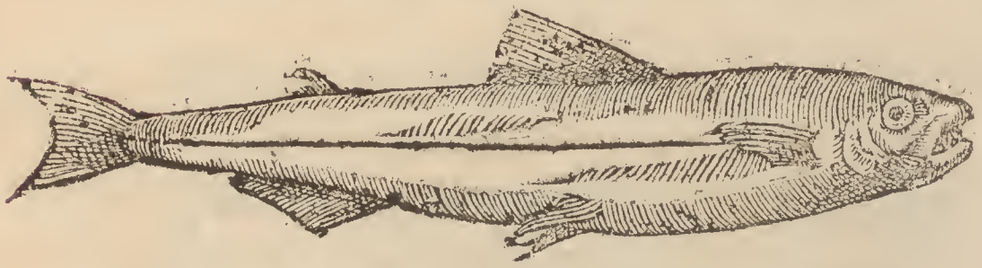
Carne quidem molli Barbo eſt, miniméq; ſapore
Inſuaui, illa licet plus ſatis vda ſiet.
Non pituitoſis erit ergo accommodus eſu,
Picrocholis potius conferet iſte cibus.
Quin huius licet eſſe quidem at non omnibus oua,
Quippe aluum turbant, ventriculúmq; mihi.

De Oxyrynchis piſcibus.



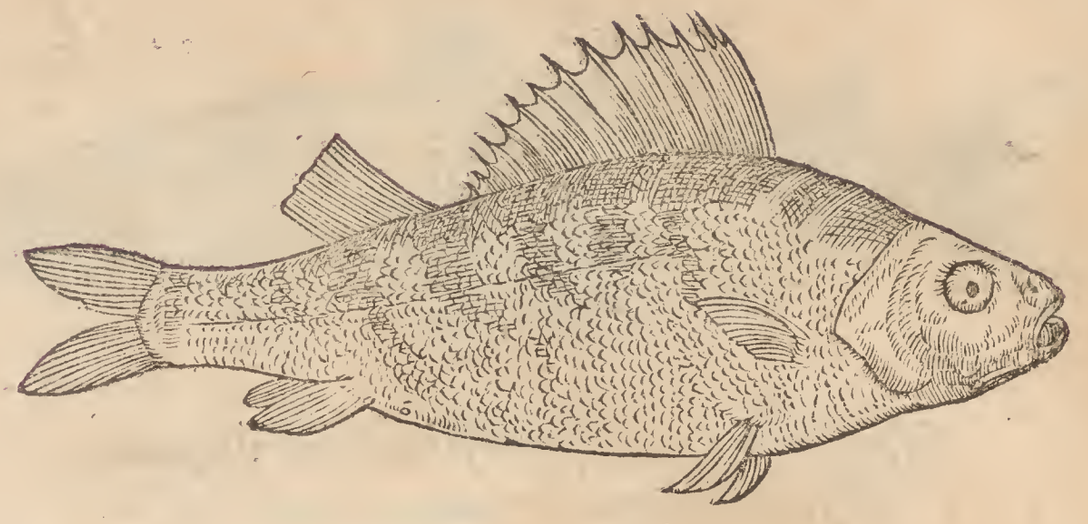
Effigie huic ſimiles piſces ſi videris vnquàm,
Sphyrenas illos iurè vocare queas.

De Eperlano.



Piſcis Eperlanus vulgari nomine dictus,
Et molli carne eſt, & violam reſipit.
Gemmas quas dicunt perlas, nitido vſq; colore
Mentitur: galli hunc ſic merito ergò vocant.

De Perca.

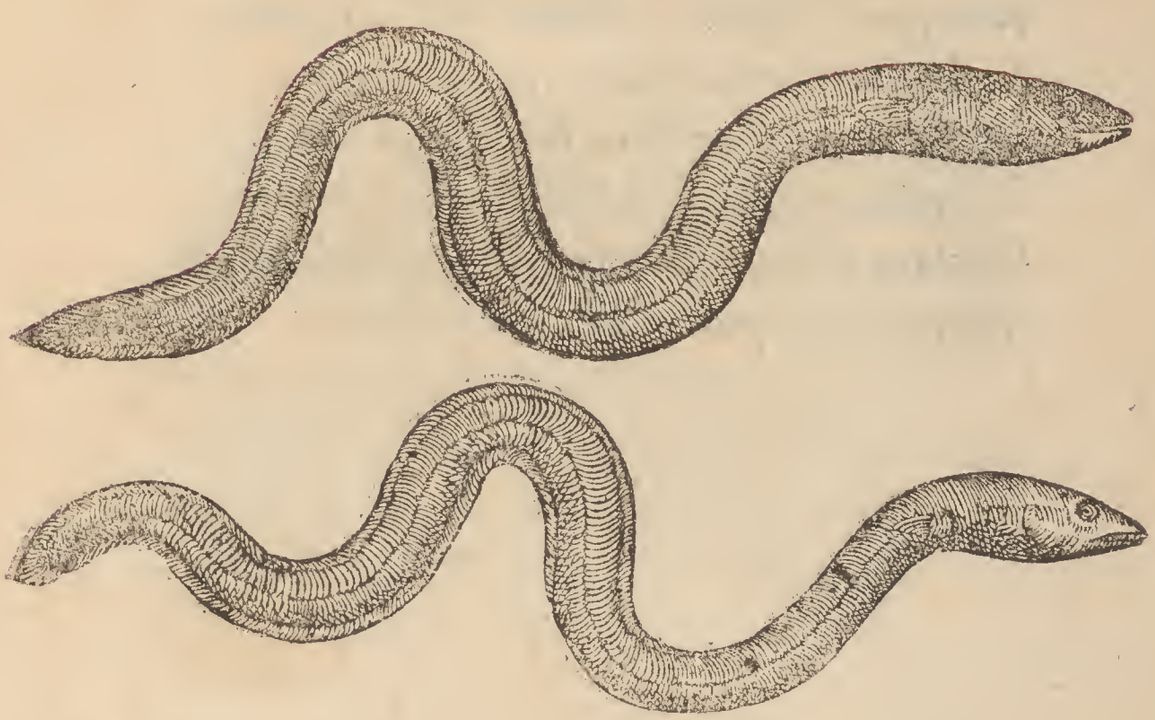


Piscibus ipsa licet non parcat Perca, videtur
Attamen à πέρκη nomine dicta mihi.

Ausonius.

Non te Delicias mensarum Perca silebo,
Amnigenos inter pisces dignande marinis,
Solus puniceis facilis contendere Mullis,
Nanq; & gustus iners, solidaq; in corpore partes,
Segmentis coeunt, sed à sociantur aristis.

De Anguillis.



Pblegmaticis epulum minimè eſt Anguilla ſalubre,
Huic lentoris enim copia, alitq; nimis.
Fit melior transfixa veru, móxq; ignibus aſſa,
Vt ſit enim aridior, ſic magè grata gulæ.

LIPPIVS.

Sæpè puer ludens vaſti propè littora ponti
Decipit Anguillas, longa inteſtina ſub vnda
Coniiciens, hami ſetis æquata videres,
Vt videt, vtq; ruit, longa inteſtina petentem

 Arripit,

Arripit, atq; citò sensit tumefacta perire.
Nanq; puer sufflans, anima intestina repleuit,
Et subitò ventus densus percurrit in ora
Anguillæ, & pueri flatu tumefacta laborat,
Et vento arctatur, strustráq; euadere tentat,
Inflatam penitus, & toto pectore anhelam,
Spiritus educit pueri ludentis in altum.

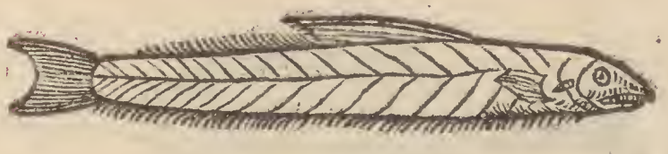
De Lampetra parua & fluuiatili.

Cum excrementicia, & molli carne, atq; tenaci
Lampetra sit, cur plus nunc satis illa placet?
Coeno etenim viuit, Limo gaudétq; palustri,
Illi hæc cum multis vermibus esca placet.

De Cotto.

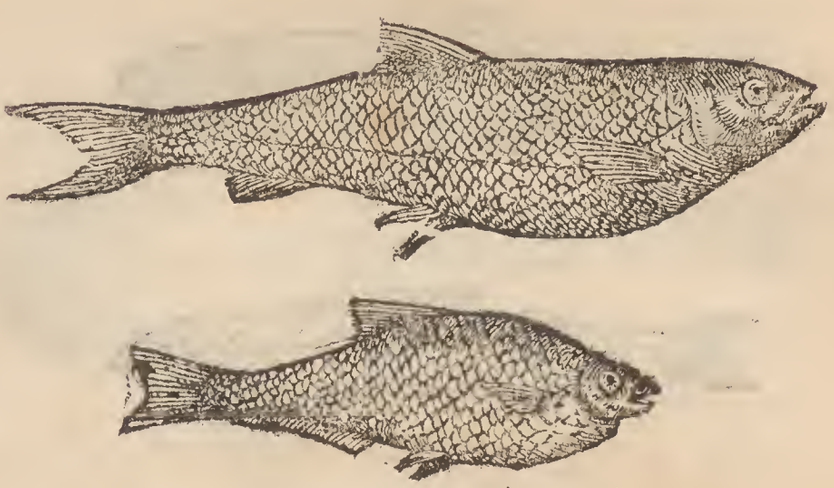
Cottus carne quidem molli, paritérq; ſuaui eſt,
Ille igitur nobis non renuendus erit.
Si caput ipſius ſpectes, ſi cætera, tali
Permultum cerebri in piſce ſubeſſe feres.

De Cobite fluuiatili & aculeata & Barbatula.



Fluminum ripis tenuis leuíſq;
Cobites piſcis, liquidíſq; in vndis
Victitans: vdam ſatis & tenacem
Obtinet carnem, precijq; parui eſt.
Altera at vero aſperior, minúſq;
Grata cenſetur, Reliqua vt puſilla eſt,
Sic quoq; exili precio eſtimatur,
Cobitum ſic tres ſpecies habentur.

De Phoxinis.



Corpore cæruleo Phoxinos eſſe putares,
Si videas, nam tantummodò cauda rubet.
Ventre gerunt ſimul ac nati ſunt oua; nec vllum
Tam paruum inuenias qui ſine iſce ſiet.

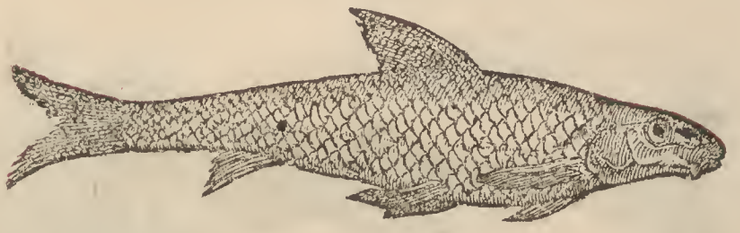
De Piſciculo Vario.

Piſciculus carne hic molli eſt, modicéq; ſuaui,
Nominaq; à Vario ſumpta colore gerit.
Sanguinerollam alij, quidam dixere Morellam,
Veronem plures, vt ſua cuiq; placent.
Vt lubet appella, non ſunt mihi nomina tanti,
In primis res ſit dummodò nota tibi.

De Piſciculis aculeatis.

Effigie Percas referunt è corpore ſpinis
Exemptis, quid iis ſpicula acuta valent?
Copia fluminibus magna in pleriſq; videtur,
Piſcibus hæc ergò eſt præda parata feris.

De Gobione fluuiatili.



Cadauerum carne & luto & viuunt aqua,
Riuos colentes Gobiones paruuli,
Obidq; nonnunquàm saporis sunt mali,
Quanquàm affatim molles suis sint carnibus

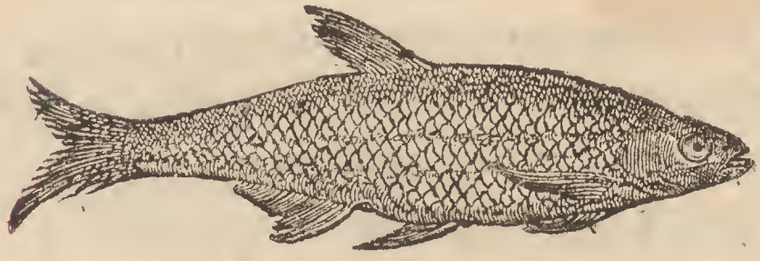
De eodem Ausonio.

Nobis flumineos inter memorabere cœtus,
Gobio, non maior geminis sine pollice palmis,
Præpinguis, teres, ouipara congestior aluo,
Propexiq; iubis imitatus Gobio Barbi.

De aspero piſciculo.

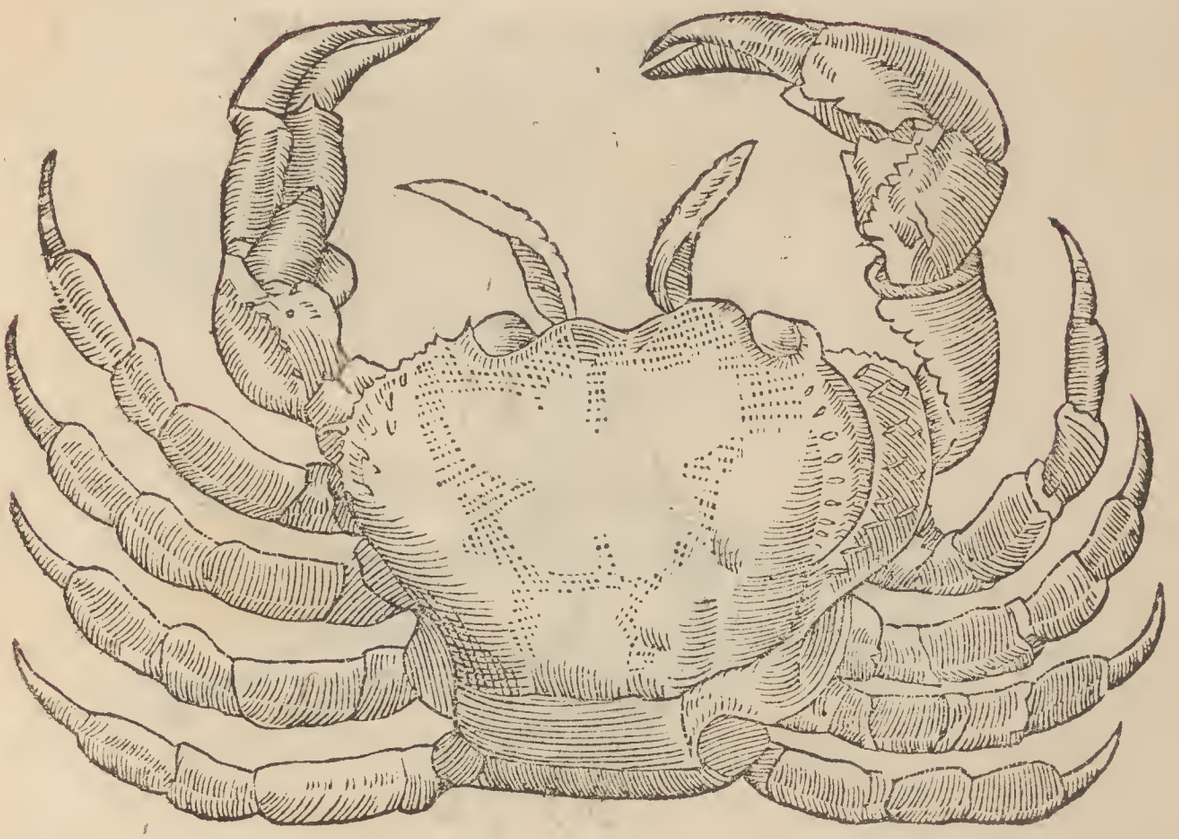
Auro hic piſciculus viuit, nanq; haurit arenas
In queis quædam auri ſemnia ſæpè latent.

De Alburno.



Carne parum pingui Alburni, & molli eſſe videntur
Felle carent, pueris præda fit iſta frequens.
Cum pauco à multis hodie manduntur aceto,
Sed modicum hortenſis nos apij adiicimus.

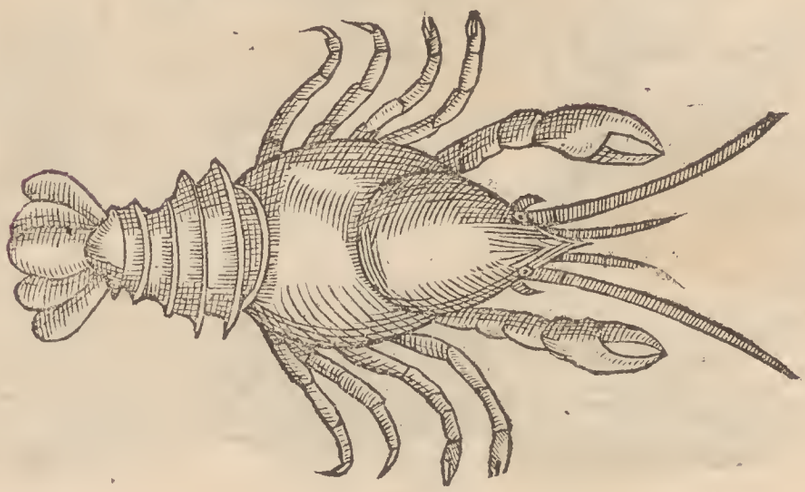
De Cancto fluuiatili.



Sat benè Cancer alit qui curua fluenta frequentat,
Humectátq; etiam corpora nostra satis.
Si partes igitur solidæ sunt febre prehenſæ,
Cuiuſquam, magno eſt hic ſatis auxilio.
Vi quadam valet occulta, canis ictibus atris
Fert magnam quamuis ſit rabioſus opem.
Seu per ſe cinerem ſumas, ſeu pane ſuillo,
Et thure immixtis, intrepido ore voras.

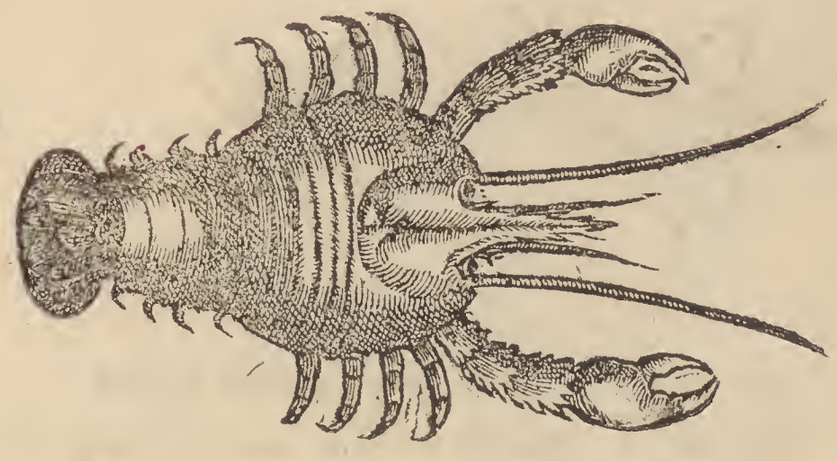
Aeschrion vrebat viuos, cineremq; parabat,
Antidotum veram cum ratioue datum.
Arida vis illi, cum præscriptísq; vigorem
Acquirit, quis opes has neget esse deûm?

De Astaco fluuiatili.



Astacus & molli carne est, & deniq; suaui
Preditus, hincq; ideo perfacilè excoquitur.
In capite ipsius siquis lapis inueniatur,
Discito quòd Renum comminuat lapidem.

De Aſtaco paruo.



Huic corpus rubrum eſt vni dum viuit, habétq;
Præſtantes carnes, vel bonitate ſua.
Quippe Elephantum ipſum ſuperat, vincítq; Locuſtam,
Aſtacus hinc propria laude ferendus erit.

De Squilla fluuiatili & Cicada & Libella.

Ecce tibi Squilla hîc veráq; Cicada figura
Pinguntur, geminis iuncta Libella quoq; eſt.
Has aliquis forſan certos reuocârit in vſus
Nos illas nondum nouimus eſſe aliquid.

De Musculis aquæ dulcis.

Carne concoctu haud facili malíq;
Musculi succi perhibentur esse,
Quò fit vt febres generent frequenter,
Affatim vtenti, sinito ergò abire hos.

De Cochleis fluuiatilibus.

Cochleas paruas fluuij atq; riui
Plurimas gignunt, similes figura his
Scipio quas vel sibi, Leliúsq;
Sæpè legerunt, veluti otiosi.
Nanq; dum ad riuos salientis vndæ,
Ambulant lentè, velut expediti
Acribus curis, tenues lapillos,
Cochleas, gemmásq; legunt intentes:
Atq; de Naturæ opibus loquuntur.
Rebus vt paruis etiam atq; honestis
Seq;, defessósq; animos relaxent.
Non enim semper pharetratus arcum.
Tendit in Ceruos, Leporésue Apollo.

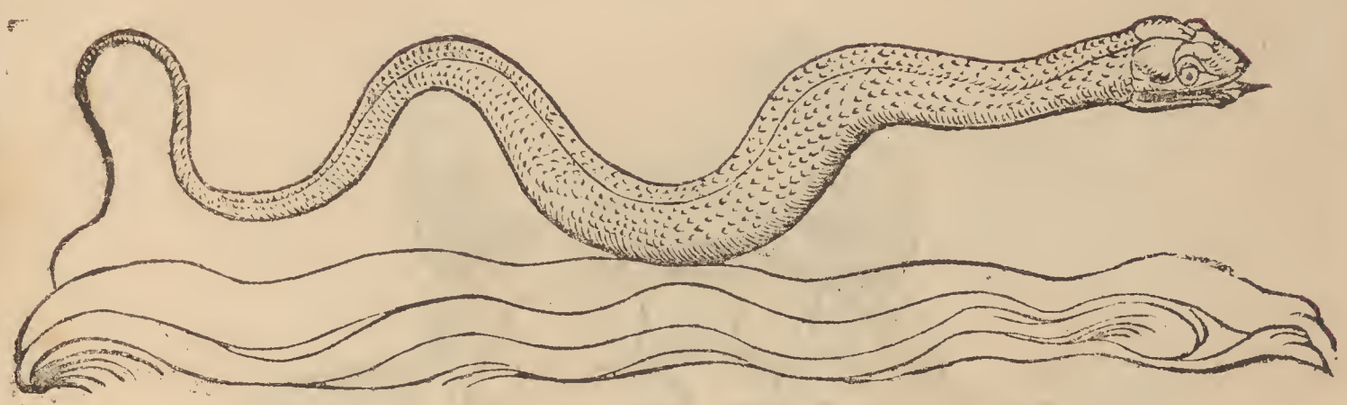
De Ranis.

Ranarum alba caro est sed durior esa recens, proin
Asseruata magis se tenera efficitur.
His confert quibus est phtisis quibus hectica noxæ,
Nec Testudo aliter sumpta iuuare solet.
Ex sale & ex oleo coctæ, si forsan edantur,
Iusue assumatur, prò antidoto esse queunt.
Vis illis siquidem serpentum in cuncta venena,
Quin cum melle cinis tollit Alopecias.
Ille idem quoniam euasit succissimus igni,
Compescit sanguen nare ab utraq; fluens.

De Rana paluſtri & Rubeta.

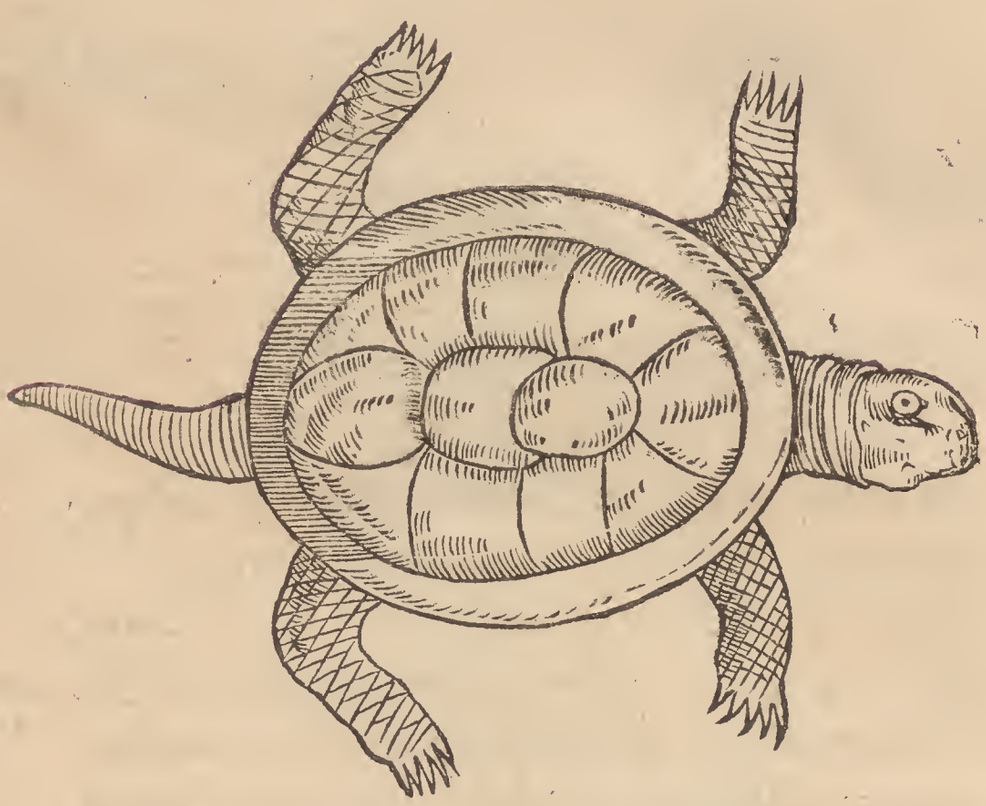
Buſonis toruum hîc vultum, aut pinxiſſe Rubetam
Quid prodeſt ſi ſit notus vterq; ſatis?
Contrà horum virus vomere expedit, atq; Cyperi
In vino dragmas exhibuiſſe duas.

De Serpente VERGIL.



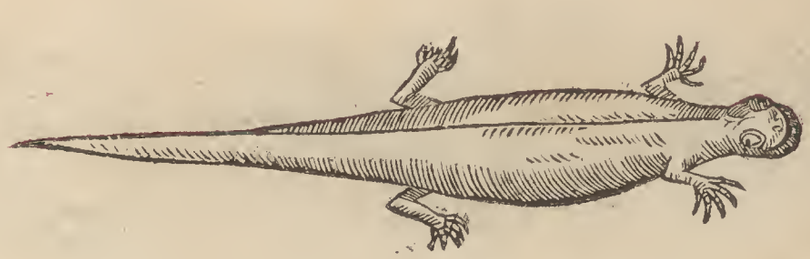
Est malus, estq́ ferox Calabris in saltibus Anguis,
Squamea conuoluens sublato pectore terga,
Atq́ notis longam maculosus grandibus aluum,
Qui dum amnes vlli rumpuntur montibus, & dum
Vere madent vdo terræ, & pluuialibus austris,
Stagna colit, ripísq́ habitans, hic piscibus atram
Improbus ingluuiem, Ranísq́ locacibus implet.

De Testudine lutaria.



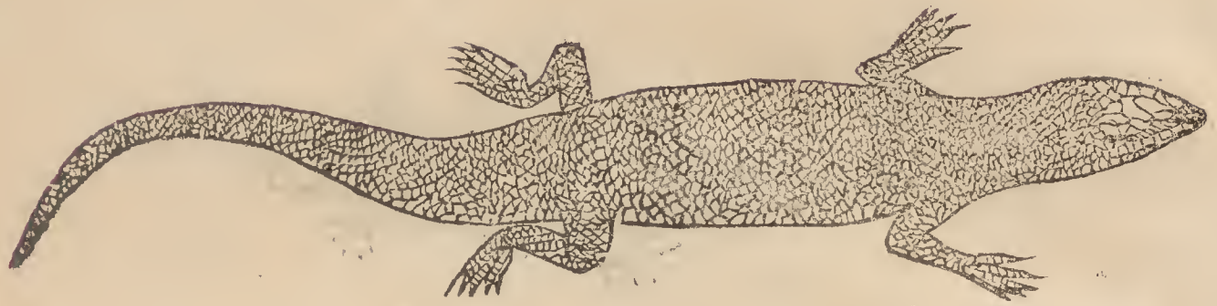
His confert quibus est phtisis, quibus hectica noxæ,
Testudo: siquidem sumpta valenter alit.
Cunq; etiam illius sanguis sit frigidus actu,
In phtisi haud dubiè præsidio haustus erit.

De Salamandra aquatili.



Serpentum ritu fontes, & ſtagna frequentat,
Corporis atq; aliqua parte venena gerit.
Exili quamuis igitur Salamandra ſit ipſa
Corpore, ſæpè poteſt ipſa nocere tamen.
Vtimur ad lepras illa ut vera Salamandra,
Sed noſtræ, haud dubiè, vis minor omnis ineſt.
Hanc malè pro Scinco quidam ſurpare ſuerunt,
Pſylotris potius miſta ſit ipſa ſuis.

De Scinco.



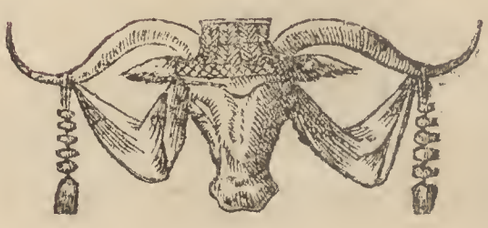
Ad Venerem Scinci partes ſtimulare feruntur
Eſæ, ſub Renum quæ regione manent.
Præſtat idem roſtrum atq; pedes, cum ſemine Rutæ,
Et Myrrha, inq; viris ſæpè medela fuit.
Poſſe in viroſas mortalia tela ſagittas
Appelles ſcripſit, ſi ſubitò ingeritur.
Tu verò pondus dragmæ ne exceſſeris vnquàm,
Credit enim id magno Seſtius eſſe malo.

De eodem.

Quæ circa Renum ſunt Scinci *in corpore partes,*
Creduntur caſtis ſemper obeſſe choris.
Nam potæ è vino Venerem *ſtimulare feruntur,*
Quantumuis etiam languida membra ſient.
Ebibitur contrà Lactucæ ſemen habétq;
Reprimere affectus, mage Cupido, tuos.

De Crocodilo.

Instantem fugit hæc fera, prosequitúrq; fugacem,
Et sæpè horrifico deuorat ore canes.
Hinc cursim Nili lambunt auido ore liquorem
Et saluos faciunt se leuitate pedum.
In terris agit illa dies, noctésq; sub undis,
Sic æquè Terræ est, atq; molesta Mari.



De Cordylo.

Cordylus effigie hîc talis depingitur ipſa,
Qualis & in terris, & fere degit aquis.
Inter quadrupedes rimam vnam ſiue foramen
Poſt oris rictum (Reſpice) ſolus habet.

De eodem.

Vis prædatorum eſt ingens vbicunq; locorum,
Hinc minus eſt tutum ſæpè abiiſſe foras,
Per maria & terras etenim, perq; aera latè
Viſuntur: nec ea eſt heu nota ſola feris.
Accipitrum per inane genus graſſatur, in vndis
Innumeri piſces innumeraq; fera
Terra malis vero patet omnibus haudq; videtur:
Sufficere è vasto præda petita mari.

De Castore.

Ancipitis vitæ Castor nunc viuit in vndis,
Nunc spretis terras ille frequentat aquis.
Sæpè ergò horrificis erosa dentibus Orno
Exsaciat ventrem fronde, repletq; suum.

Haudq; suos testes prædam sua terga sequentûm
Abiicit, esse sibi his quando videtur opus.
Castoreum dicunt, quod nunc vt cedit in vsus,
Sic fuit antiquis φάρμακον hocce frequens.
Afflictis confert neruis, chorionq; relictum
A' partu educit, menstrua idémq; mouet.

De eodem.

In Medicina ingens censetur Castoris vsus,
Nanq; potest omni ex parte iuuare sui.
Ergò tegi articulos fibrina pelle, podagræ
Quidam dixerunt esse salutiferum.
Obsistit mirè diris vrina venenis,
Et vera illorum creditur Antidotus.
Suffusis oculis molli medicabere felle,
Felle, statimq; aliquam sentiet æger opem.
Illud idem Venerem credunt stimulare sopitam,
Et noxæ esse tuo, casta Diana, gregi.
Quin etiam eiusdem plerunq; coagula prosunt
Illis, qui læsa mente animóq; cadunt.
Quósq; in diuersis Epilepsia distrahit horis,
Hæc etenim est multis prompta medela malis.
In morbis testes à frigiditate profectis
Prosunt: inq; illis quos parit humiditas.
Ictibus obsistunt dirarum sæpè ferarum,
Omniaq; aduersum mixta venena valent.
Quos paralisis habet pleriq; iuuantur ab illis,

Tam fuit in multis hæc medicina potens.
Quin & conuulsis prodest si pondere dragmæ
Aegris ê mulso: castoreum exhibeas.
Deforis illud item ex oleo si forsan inungas
Conferet, vt læsis grata medela locis.
In summa additur errhinis, fitq; vtile inunctum
Infestet miserum si pituita caput.
Hoc vno innumerisq; alijs nos possumus vti,
Quæ maria, & fluctus, stagna lacúsq; ferunt.
Quæq; parens rerum latè Natura profudit,
Ne sua gens, prompta deseereretur ope.
Sed tu ne pecces Medicis vteris amicis,
Perspectas tibi res non satis esse putans.
Noxa etenim plerunq; latet medicamine in ipso:
Ni fuerit certa cum ratione datum.
Causa mali varia hinc dispar, medicaminis vsus,
In morbis: aliis sunt alia apta malis.
Nec modus omnibus est idem seruandus vbiq:
Nec mensura, malo cuiq; medela sua est.
At leuibus per te poteris mediocriter vti
Si lubet, illa modò nil nocuisse queant.
Ergò diu vt valeas, & longo tempore dures:
Sint nostra in memori hæc scripta reposta sinu.

FINIS.

IACOBI SECVRIVAGI BELGAE Hendecasyllabi.

Franciscus sapit ille Boussuetus,
Qui Phœbum colit, & chorum sororum,
Musas quas celebres vocant Poëtæ:
Quarum numine fretus & diserè,
Et doctè canit: vt licet videre
His in codicibus lepore tinctis:
Quos lector studiosus & requirat.
Et crebro legat: Isq; tunc probabit
Hoc Authoris opus laboriosum,
Multis vtile quod sit & futurum,
Cùm sint plurima digna lectione,
Quæ vates canit ille Boussuetus.

IOAN. TVRNELLIVS IN AVthoris commendationem,

Artis Apollineæ præcepta salubria postquàm
Docto Bousseti carmine Musa dedit:
Estq; secuta malis magnum Paana medendo.
Atque arte innumeras traxit ab Orco animas,
Ipsa suo dixit vati, tu Helicona subitò,
Adférque ex altis optima quæq; iugis.
Inuento herbarum quouis genere ergò virentum,
Adscripsit vires ille quibúsque suas.
Nec contentus ijs sulcat maris antra profundi,
Adfértque innumeras inde regressus opes.
Illa reuèrtenti, Musæ hæc tibi dona rependunt,
E' Lauro capiti serta gerenda tuo.